"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Unsettled to-day; fair to-morrow; light to moderate north to east winds.
For full weather report see Page 11.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,327. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS

SCHMIDT READY FOR MORE DEATHS

Had Photographic Copies Made of the Death Certificate of One Robert Smith.

BLANK FORMS IN HIS TRUNK

Police Believe He Planned to Kill and Then Bury Victim with a Doctor's Aid.

HOLMES CRIMES RECALLED

"Dr." Muret Said to be Alfred Mueller, Priest's Cousin — Coroner's Jury Finds Schmidt Guilty.

Detectives under Inspector Faurot got evidence last night that Hans Schmidt, the priest who murdered and dismembered Anna Aumuller, had made preparations for accounting for the death of his victim, and perhaps for other deaths, by means of forged death certificates.

Photographs of death certificates and a number of the blank forms issued by the Board of Health were found in the priest's trunk. To dispose of the body of a dead person without arousing suspicion all that would be necessary would be the signature of a physician to a certificate stating a natural cause of death. This could be forged.

Detectives will question Ernest Arthur Muret, Schmidt's confederate, who prefixed "Dr." to his name, to see if Muret is willing to admit that he was familiar with any schemes of Schmidt to prepare fraudulent death certificates, and they will trace out his record with minute exactness if they can.

Made Copies for Schmidt.

Leon Beach, a photographer at 49 Manhattan Street, identified yesterday four photographic copies of a death certificate which he had made for Schmidt. The document certified the death of Robert Smith, a retired business man, whose age was stated to be 69 years and whose address was recorded as 215 West 123d Street.

The priest hurried into the photographic studio one day last April and said that he must have without delay two copies of the front and two of the back of the death certificate. He was vexed when told that he cold not get the photographs until the day following, but he left the order nevertheless.

Two copies of each side of the death certificate were found by Inspector Faurot's detectives in Father Schmidt's trunk. Schmidt wore his priest's garments on both trips to the photographic studio.

Inspector Faurot's men suspect that Schmidt had the death certificate photographed with the purpose of making several counterfeits in order to be able to forge false death certificates. Schmidt's record reveals numerous instances where he has committed forgery in the preparation of spurious documents. He obtained his connections with churches in this country by forged papers, was prosecuted in Germany for forgery, and was suspended from the priesthood by the Bishop of Mainz because he had forged certificates purporting to show that he had completed certain advanced courses of study.

Smith Died of "Heart Failure."

The theory started by the priest's photographic work on death certificates was that he may have intended to account in this way for a missing person who had met death at his hands. The detectives believe that he may have been preparing for the murder of Anna Aumuller as far back as last April.

Smith died on April 29 of heart failure. Before his death Father Schmidt paid two visits to him, on the last one administering extreme unction. Father Schmidt officiated at the funeral and received for his services $17 from Mrs. Smith. Mrs. Smith said last night that she did not know how the priest had obtained temporary possession of the death certificate.

The finding of the death certificates recalled the case of H. H. Holmes, alias Herman Mudgett, who was hanged in Philadelphia in 1895, after he had murdered eleven persons, and, in the case of several of his victims, collected large sums from life insurance companies by means of forged death certificates.

Detectives from the 125th Street Station were searching last night for a young woman to whom Schmidt had paid several visits. They located the place where she lived, but found that she was away temporarily.

Verdict of Jersey Coroner's Jury.

The Coroner's Jury in Jersey City, after an inquest over the remains of the parts of the body of Anna Aumuller which were recovered from the Hudson River, rendered a verdict last night that she had been murdered by Hans Schmidt.

The jury finds that Anna Aumuller met her death on or about Sept. 2, 1913, at the premises at 68 Bradhurst Avenue, in the City and County of New York, at the hands of Hans Schmidt. We recommend that action be taken by the New York authorities. We also recommend that the parts of the body in the possession of the Hudson County authorities, together with the paper, wire, and other articles of evidence, be turned over to the New York authorities.

Inspector Faurot told on the stand of the confession made to him by the priest when he was arrested last Sunday morning. Mary Hirt, who was formerly employed with Anna Aumuller as a domestic at St. Boniface's Church, told of identifying the body by a mark on the chest. Several other witnesses testified to the finding of various parts of the body and as to the cause of death.

Muret Complains of Third Degree.

Ernest Arthur Muret, the pseudo-dentist, of 301 St. Nicholas Avenue, who was arrested as an accomplice of Schmidt in counterfeiting, was sought by Scotland Yard men in 1911 on suspicion that he was connected with the white slave trade and with the circulation of indecent literature, according to dispatches from London. He was then operating under the name of Dr. Ernst, one of half

Continued on Page 3.

CONGRESS CHEERS WILSON.

Money Bill's Passage and Near Enactment of Tariff Pleases Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—President Wilson is a happy man to-night. The passage of the Currency bill by the House of Representatives to-day and the fact that the Tariff bill will soon be on the statute books has given him great satisfaction, which he showed in conversation with callers at the White House after he had been notified that the Currency bill was half way toward enactment.

To those who suggested that he might take a vacation while the Senate was wrestling with the currency problem the President said that he intended to remain here throughout the extra session. The President has nothing to suggest to the House as to how it can occupy itself while the Senate is considering the Currency bill, and it is not likely that he will interpose any objection to the proposal that the House take a recess of at least two weeks after it has passed on the conference report on the Tariff bill and that measure has been enacted into law.

PANAMA AND CHINA CLASH.

Central American Republic Returns Papers of Chinese Representative.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Sept. 18.—The Panamanian Government to-day returned to Owang King, the Chinese Consul General, his exequator, alleging that he has been unduly active in creating opposition among his countrymen to the provisions of the new tax law, which will cause many of them to be deported.

The Chinese Consul General here is well known in the United States. He is a graduate of Yale.

Panamanian officials charge that Owang King has advised the Chinese here not to comply with the new Chinese registration law and to refuse to pay the heavy head tax. The Chinese colony is united in the refusal to pay, and trouble is feared.

The Government has fixed Sept. 20 as the last day when the tax can be paid, and all who have not paid by that day will be expelled from the republic.

MGR. LAVELLE WAS ROBBED.

Helped by Newburg Station Agent, He Returns $5 Extra with Loan.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Sept. 18.—It has just become known here that Mgr. Lavelle of St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York, was robbed of $20 while in Newburg ten days ago attending the cornerstone laying of the Church of the Sacred Heart.

Mgr. Lavelle made a hasty trip here, arriving about 3.30 P. M. and leaving at 6 o'clock. The church has an unfinished rectory, and there he changed his street garments for the clerical robes. In his coat were two $10 bills. After the services he went to the station and was about to buy a ticket when he found the bills were gone, and only a little change, not sufficient to pay his fare, was left in his pocket. The prelate told his dilemma to the ticket agent, Opta Gaudette, who himself made up the price of

Mr. Gaudette has just received from Mgr. Lavelle a letter inclosing the amount advanced, with an additional $5 as a token of appreciation for the favor.

METZ NOT DEAD YET

But an Ambulance Is Sent to Meet Him at Pennsylvania Station.

When Herman A. Metz, member of the House of Representatives and the Tammany candidate for Controller, arrived in this city from Washington at 8 o'clock last evening, there were friends and newspaper men anxiously awaiting him, not to mention an undertaker's ambulance with a stretcher, ready either to rush him to a hospital or to carry his body home in case death had overtaken him before his arrival at the Pennsylvania station.

For in some manner rumor had been busy all the afternoon about him, and some had heard that he was very ill, and others that he was already dead. Even a telegram from Washington saying that the Congressman had started North in the best of health and spirits did not quiet the general alarm.

"If you are a live one, there is always some one who will try to make you out a dead one," was the philosophic comment of Mr. Metz, when he heard about it.

The ambulance from Frank E. Campbell's establishment in West Twenty-third Street went to the station, in response to a telephone order received about 7:30 o'clock. It purported to come from one Henry Jones. It was there to meet the 8 o'clock train, but the Congressman had been warned and managed to evade the crowd and slip away to Brooklyn.

Ignorant of his arrival, the ambulance waited for the Congressional Limited, due at 9 o'clock, but more than a half hour late. It came, but there was still no Mr. Metz. Then it occurred to some one to call up the Metz home in Brooklyn, and it was discovered that Mr. Metz was there enjoying his dinner. The waiting party disbanded, wondering whether it had all been the work of a practical joker.

AT 77 HE WEDS HIS PUPIL.

J. W. Selover Marries Mrs. Clary, 55, Member of His Bible Class.

John W. Selover, a retired farmer, 77 years old, and Mrs. Louise Clary, a widow, 55 years old, were married in Jamaica, L. I., where both live, on Wednesday night by the Rev. Dr. Frank D. Walter, pastor of the Jamaica Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Selover's home is at 79 Hardenbrook Avenue, and Mrs. Clary resided at Kenilworth Place.

Both were members of the Methodist Church, and Mrs. Clary was one of Mr. Selover's Tuesday night Bible class in the church. They have known each other for many years. The first Mrs. Selover died sixteen months ago. Mr. Selover has several children.

After the news of the marriage spread friends of the bridegroom went to Mr. Selover's home and decorated the porch with flags and paper streamers as well as old shoes for luck. Mrs. Clary's first husband died nine years ago.

DESTROYER TERRY ASHORE.

Runs Aground on Gardiner's Island, but Is Undamaged.

A wireless message received at the Brooklyn Navy Yard shortly after midnight reported the United States torpedo boat destroyer Terry ashore on the north end of Gardiner's Island, in Gardiner's Bay, Long Island.

She was undamaged, and it was expected she would be floated shortly.

The Terry, with others of the mosquito fleet, had been taking part in manoeuvres.

Lily Drinking Cups are inexpensive. Write Public Service Cup Co., Bklyn, for samples and prices.—Adv.

GAYNOR'S BODY HERE IN EARLY MORNING

Committee Meets Lusitania Off Quarantine, Where Coffin Is Transferred.

LANDING PLACE A SECRET

It Was Mrs. Gaynor's Wish That No Display Be Made—Will Lie In State at City Hall on Sunday.

The Lusitania, bearing to this city the body of Mayor William J. Gaynor, arrived at Ambrose Channel Lightship at 12:36 this morning and anchored off Quarantine at 1:12 o'clock.

Earlier in the evening the Department of Corrections boat Correction, steaming under sealed orders, was taken by Capt. Frederick W. Parkinson from the foot of East Twenty-fifth Street to Pier A, North River, where it was handed over by Commissioner of Correction Patrick C. Whitney to Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith, Chairman of the Committee on Funeral Arrangements, appointed by Mayor Kline.

The upper deck of the Correction was draped in mourning. In the centre of the upper deck compartment stood a catafalque, heavily draped, on which rested an empty coffin ready to receive the body of the dead Mayor. Down in the engine room and in the deck houses were the members of the crew, with their blue overalls replaced by black shirts and black bow ties. The flag was at halfmast.

The Committee on Funeral Arrangements, consisting of Commissioner Smith, Robert Adamson, the Mayor's secretary; Bridge Commissioner Arthur J. O'Keeffe, Water Commissioner Henry S. Thompson, Health Commissioner Ernst Lederle, Police Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo, and Commissioner of Corrections Patrick C. Whitney, after a meeting with Mayor Kline at the Waldorf last night to decide upon final arrangements for receiving the body of Mayor Gaynor, went with Norman Gaynor, the Mayor's son; Harry Vingut, his son-in-law, W. Seward Webb, and Charles Sumner of the Cunard Line, aboard the Correction and sailed down the bay to Quarantine to take the body of Mayor Gaynor off the ocean liner,

To avoid photographers and prevent a crowd from gathering there, the precise pier on the North River from which the boat sailed was not announced.

The Correction was held back until almost 3 o'clock, in order that the landing of the body, and its arrival at the Gaynor home in Brooklyn might not take place before daylight. On its way down the bay, the Correction was joined by the tug Manhattan, provided by Dock Commissioner Smith for the newspapermen. The Manhattan followed in the wake of the Correction down to the Lusitania.

The coffin containing the body of Mayor Gaynor was to be transferred from the Lusitania to the Correction by the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company, as the lead-lined coffin weighed 1,150 pounds, but the Lusitania's officers decided that the transfer could be made by the vessel's own cranes.

Preparations had already been made upon the Correction for transferring the body to a mahogany coffin aboard weighing only 600 pounds. Its interior was of bronze and its lining of black luris silk. Ten official pall bearers aboard the boat, five from the Fire Department and five from the traffic police, each man of them more than 6 feet in height, had been instructed by Lieut. William Kennel, the late Mayor's personal guard, in the handling of the coffin. Each of the ten wore his uniform, with a band of crêpe on his arm.

The Correction was instructed to take the Mayor's body to a pier in Brooklyn, the precise location of which was withheld by the Funeral Committee owing to the widow's wish to avoid a crowd. From there it was to be taken to the Gaynor home at 20 Eighth Avenue.

The Rev. Dr. Frank W. Page, formerly rector of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, which Mayor Gaynor attended in Brooklyn, will conduct a private funeral service in the presence of the Gaynor family to-morrow afternoon, and thereafter Mrs. Gaynor and the family and personal friends of the Mayor will take a last farewell of the dead.

Early to-morrow morning the body will be taken from the Gaynor home to the City Hall, to lie in state in the rotunda there, surrounded by a guard of honor of uniformed policemen and firemen all Saturday night, Sunday morning, and Sunday night. The position of the coffin, directly under the dome of the City Hall, is such as to permit two streams of visitors, using exits on either side, to pass by and look upon the face of the dead Mayor. Persons wishing to view the coffin will form on the plaza in front of the City Hall, ascend the steps, pass the tall black-velled columns into the black draped colonnade of the rotunda, and through the centre of the hall past the coffin, emerging in double lines at the north exit. The doors of the City Hall will remain open until sunset.

The Funeral Monday.

Monday will be the day of the funeral, in which the entire city will join in respectful mourning for its late Mayor. On that day, in accordance with a proclamation issued by Mayor Kline, all business in the city will be suspended for one hour, while the funeral procession and services are being held. The Courts of City Magistrates and the District Attorney's office will be closed from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. In the schools of the city all principals will conduct appropriate exercises, the children singing hymns and listening to readings illustrative of the ideals of personal and civic virtue and the most striking features of Mayor Gaynor's life and character. The exercises will begin at 11 o'clock and last about half an hour. Then the pupils will be dismissed until the afternoon session. The Stock Exchange will be closed for half a day, and a committee of its members will attend the funeral.

There also will be a committee in attendance from the Chamber of Commerce.

The funeral cortège will depart from the City Hall at 10:30 o'clock for Trinity Church. The coffin will be borne to and from the hearse by eight men, four from the Police Department and four from the Fire Department, all in uniform. Lieut. William Kennel, who has been the personal guard of every Mayor of New York since Mayor Strong, and the last representative of the city to leave the Mayor when he sailed aboard the Baltic, will walk beside the hearse. Military escorts, proffered by Gen. Barry, at Governors Island, and Gen. O'Ryan of the National Guard, have been declined in deference to the wishes of Mrs. Gaynor for as much simplicity as possible.

There will, however, be an impressive police escort in the funeral cortège. In addition to the police assigned to duty in the City Hall and at Trinity Church, Commissioner Waldo has made arrangements for one regiment of infantry and one squadron of cavalry. The infantry will be divided into four battalions of four companies each, each company to consist of 400 men. They will be commanded by Inspector John F. Dwyer. The cavalry will consist of four troops

Continued on Page 2.

Parnell Letter Throws Light on Tragedy.

A veteran diplomat, who was in close touch with affairs at that time, tells inside facts about the great Irish leader's downfall

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

MONEY BILL PASSES HOUSE, 285 TO 85

23 Republicans and 10 Progressives Vote for It—Three Democrats Among Minority.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—With an overwhelming record declaration in favor of the indorsement of the "gold standard" and an equally emphatic refusal to incorporate in the measure a prohibition against interlocking Directorates, the House of Representatives this afternoon passed the Glass Currency bill. The final vote on the bill was: Yeas, 285; nays, 85; present and not voting, 2; not voting, 58. Three Democrats voted against the passage of the bill. They were Walter Elder of Louisiana, Samuel A. Witherspoon of Mississippi, and Oscar Callaway of Texas. Twenty-three Republicans voted for the measure, which also commanded the votes of ten Progressives, including Representative Victor Murdock of Kansas their floor leader, and William Kent of California, the only member of the House who has shaken off all party allegiance and classifies himself as an "Independent."

The bill was sent to the Senate, where it was promptly referred to the Banking and Currency Committee. There its present prospects do not seem propitious, as the committee's hearings on the bill resulted to-day in a declaration of hostility to the measure by Senator Reed, giving the bill's opponents on the committee a majority of two, the alignment being five for and seven against. The situation in the open Senate also is not such that the measure's supporters appear confident of commanding a vote calling the bill from the committee. They are hopeful, however that the President's influence will overcome the difficulty the bill now faces in the upper chamber, especially as conditions there indicate that sentiment regarding the measure has not yet crystallized.

The Senate Committee's hearings on the bill may continue for several days at least. The committee is expected to take weeks in the discussion of the measure, although the Administration forces in the Senate hope to force an early report to the floor, where further extended debate is expected.

Republican and Progressive Votes.

The Republicans voting for the bill in the House were:

William J. Cary of Wisconsin, Henry A. Cooper of Wisconsin, Louis C. Crampton of Michigan, Charles H. Dillon of South Dakota, Joseph W. Fordney of Michigan, John R. Farr of Pennsylvania, Simeon D. Fess of Ohio, James A. Frear of Wisconsin, Gilbert N. Haugen of Iowa, Irl. T. Helgesen of North Dakota, Patrick H. Kelley of Michigan, A. W. Lafferty of Oregon, Irvine L. Lenroot of Wisconsin, Francis O. Lindquist of Michigan, James C. McLaughlin of Michigan, James Manahan of Minnesota, Carl E. Mapes of Michigan, John M. Nelson of Wisconsin, P. D. Norton of North Dakota, Stephen G. Porter of Pennsylvania, Samuel W. Smith of Michigan, George R. Smith of Minnesota, and W. H. Stafford of Wisconsin.

The ten Progressive Party members supporting the bill were Edward E. Browne of Wisconsin, William H. Hinebaugh of Illinois, M. Clyde Kelley of Pennsylvania, Charles A. Lindbergh of Minnesota, William J. McDonald of Michigan, Victor Murdock of Kansas, J. I. Nolan of California, A. R. Rupley of Pennsylvania, William D. Stephens of California, and Charles M. Thompson of Illinois.

The significance of the support given to the bill by certain Republicans is that many of them came from the States of Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and North Dakota, and is interpreted as disclosing the sentiment of the people of these States toward the Glass plan for Federal reserve banks, an elastic currency, means of rediscounting commercial paper, and establishing what the Democratic framers of the measure regard as a more effective supervision of banking.

The final vote, and the two roll calls that preceded it, were taken without debate, which had ended when the bill was reported from the Committee of the Whole last night.

The three roll calls consumed over two hours. As soon as the bill was laid before the House, Representative Wingo demanded a separate vote on the amendment adopted last night indorsing the gold standard. The House, dividing, voted Ayes, 298; noes, 69; present and not voting, 5; not voting, 58.

No other separate vote was demanded, but Representative Walters of Pennsylvania, a Progressive, moved that the bill be recommitted to the House Banking and Currency Committee, with instructions to report it back immediately to the House with an amendment to prohibit interlocking directorates, as follows:

No officer or director of any national bank, State bank, banking association, or trust company admitted to membership in a Federal reserve bank under the provisions of this act shall be an officer or director of any other bank or financial corporation or institution admitted hereunder who is an officer or director of any national bank, State bank, or trust company which is not a member of a Federal reserve bank, or who is a member of a firm or partnership of bankers in the business of receiving deposits.

Chairman Glass asked for the previous question, which was ordered by the House, and on a record vote the Walters motion was defeated by this vote: Ayes, 100; nces, 266; present and not voting, 3; not voting, 60.

A majority of the Democrats of the House is in favor of the principle of prohibiting interlocking directorates, but the proposal was rejected because the Democratic caucus had decided not to permit the bill to contain such a provision. The caucus some time ago adopted a resolution, offered by Mr. Underwood, referring the whole question of interlocking directorates to the House Judiciary Committee with instructions to prepare and report to the House a bill that will be comprehensive enough to cover a prohibition of interlocking directorates in financial, industrial and railroad corporations engaged in interstate commerce.

SENATE COMMITTEE HOSTILE.

Seven to Five Against Money Bill—Senate Action Difficult.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The passage of the Currency bill through the House was coincident with the most open expressions against the bill yet heard on the Democratic side of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency. After listening to adverse comments from William M. Berry, the new Democratic Collector of the Port of Philadelphia and former Treasurer of Pennsylvania, Senator Reed of Missouri said he saw little use in enacting the measure.

"What's the use of this massing of reserves as proposed in this bill?" he

Continued on Page 3.

PRINCESS A SUICIDE; LOVED A COMMONER

Sophia of Saxe-Weimar Shoots Herself Because of Forbidden Engagement.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.—A painful sensation has been caused here by telegrams from Heidelberg announcing that Princess Sophia of Saxe-Weimar committed suicide early this morning in her father's palace in that city. She was 25 years old, a great beauty, and much admired in Court society for her charming ways.

This morning, when the news of the Princess's death was first published, it was given out that she had died from paralysis of the heart, but to-night the truth became known.

The Princess retired to her room last night, apparently in her usual spirits. Shortly after midnight a shot was heard from her room. When a member of the household reached the room the Princess was already dead. She had shot herself through the forehead with a revolver.

Her death is doubtless in some way connected with the story some months ago which linked her name with that of Hans von Bleichroeder, son of the famous banker. It was then stated that the Princess and von Bleichroeder were engaged, but the announcement was speedily followed by an official statement from Weimar, where the head of the family reigns, that the report was groundless.

There were frequent family quarrels in consequence of the refusal of the family to countenance the marriage, but the matter was forgotten by the public until the tragedy revived the story.

It was stated at the time that the Grand Duke at Weimar would have given his consent to the marriage had the Princess voluntarily relinquished all her titles, but this she declined to do.

A brother of the dead Princess is the well-known Count Ostheim, who made a marriage beneath him in rank and became deeply implicated in financial troubles. He was deprived of his rank and titles.

The father of the Princess is Prince William, a cousin of the Grand Duke of Saxony.

HEIDELBERG, Sept. 18. — Princess Sophia was engaged to marry Hans von Bleichroeder of Berlin, eldest son of the senior member of one of the most powerful banking houses in Germany. When the engagement was announced prematurely some months ago, it was learned that the reigning Grand Duke, Prince William Ernest, prohibited the union unless the Princess renounced all her titles and dignities. This she refused to do.

Princess Sophia and her parents have been much beloved in Heidelberg for their interest in the poor and the general public welfare, although the father is by no means wealthy, and is living on an allowance from the Grand Duke. As head of the family, the Grand Duke objected to the union of the Princess with a man who occupies an inferior station in life. Her father, it is said, was inclined to accede to his daughter's wish, but was unable to take an independent stand owing to his financial relations with the Grand Duke.

While the Princess had been prevented from marrying young Bleichroeder, they were often seen together here after the engagement was announced. Von Bleichroeder studied for several years at Heidelberg and obtained a doctor's degree last Winter.

It is not known whether the pair had resigned themselves to the decision of the Grand Duke, but von Bleichroeder, it is reported, started from Berlin for Heidelberg yesterday.

DR. HILLIS SUES FOR $8,760.

Plymouth Church Pastor Seeks to Recover from Lumber Company.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—The Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, began a suit today in the Municipal Court here, in which he seeks to recover $8,760, which he says is due him on a contract from the Western Timber Holding Company of Portland, Me.

It is asserted in behalf of Dr. Hillis that on Dec. 13 he sold to the company a tract of timber land in Alberta, the contract calling for the payment to Dr. Hillis of $2,000 monthly. On the strength of this contract, which Dr. Hillis gave as part security, he negotiated a loan of $17,713.25 from the Orange (N. J.) National Bank.

According to the papers filed, payments on the contract were not made by the timber company, so that he was held responsible by the bank for the amounts due.

ACCIDENT TO RIVADAVIA.

Thirty-Hour Run Test Stopped by Injury to Turbines.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—The super-dreadnought Rivadavia, built for the Argentine Republic, did not complete her thirty hours' run, which was begun at Rockland, Me., yesterday morning. She anchored to-day in President Roads, Boston Harbor, for repairs.

The accident, according to her builders, is an unimportant one, and was due to the fact that some of the battleship's boilers made too much steam, so that some buckets on the starboard turbine began to curl under the great pressure, causing a loss of efficiency.

Similar trouble, which came to light during the Rivadavia's trip to New York a month ago, delayed the trials for two weeks. The Rivadavia is expected to be ready to put to sea again next Saturday.

Cut fruits, jellies, water-ices made delicious with Dr. Siegert's ANGOSTURA BITTERS.—Adv.

SULZER COURT OF IMPEACHMENT MEETS; ASSEMBLY ARRESTS AGENT OF GOVERNOR

Sends James C. Garrison to Albany County Penitentiary.

HE ACCUSED LEGISLATORS

Then Refused to Testify About Alleged Buying of Impeachment Votes.

CAPTURED IN THE CHAMBER

Rushed to Bar of House After Vote of 80 to 10 Ordered His Arrest for Contempt.

DEFIANT UNDER JAIL THREAT

Governor's Press Agent May Be Kept In Custody Until the End of the Legislative Session.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Friday, Sept. 19.—By vote of the Assembly at 2:30 o'clock this morning James C. Garrison, formerly managing editor of the New York Press and recently William Sulzer's press agent, was ordered committed to the county penitentiary. This action followed the action of the Assembly in adopting at 12:20 o'clock a resolution offered by Majority Leader Levy, putting Garrison under arrest for alleged contempt in refusing to answer questions before the Judiciary Committee concerning his statements that money was used to influence votes of certain members in bringing about the impeachment of Sulzer.

Brought before the bar of the House wherein he had been held virtually a prisoner for several hours, he declared his willingness to appear before the committee and testify on twenty-four hours' notice, provided he was permitted to be represented by counsel.

But he refused to repudiate his alleged statement or speak without the advice of counsel, finally remarking that the question was for the Assembly to clear itself, not him.

Thereupon he was remanded to the custody of the sergeant-at-arms and left the chamber amid threats of Levy that he would be kept a prisoner until he answered.

At 2:30 o'clock in the morning the Assembly by a vote of 89 to 3 committed Garrison to the County penitentiary for the rest of the legislative session, or until his release should have been advised by the Assembly. After the comitment resolution had been adopted, Garrison, who in the meantime had been held in the clerk's room, was at once taken to the penitentiary. When this was accomplished the Assembly adjourned.

Quick Action to Catch Garrison.

This dramatic incident came at the end of a day of wearisome waiting on the part of the Assembly for votes to adopt the new articles of impeachment drafted by the majority leaders.

The Judiciary Committee had been anxious to get hold of Garrison ever since he appeared before them early this month and refused to make good charges against Assemblymen or withdraw them.

In fact he refused to answer any question put to him, and the meeting of the committee broke up in a row.

Last night Mr. Garrison felt secure enough to stroll nonchalantly into the Assembly Chamber. The majority leader, Mr. Levy, at once directed the Sergeant at Arms to close the doors and not permit Garrison to leave the Chamber. Garrison made three attempts to escape, but in each instance was turned back by the doorkeepers.

The quick decision to take action against Garrison for his aspersions on members of the Assembly was due to the fact that at a previous session of the Assembly resolutions were passed ordering the arrest of Louis A. Sarecky and Frederick L. Colwell for refusing to testify before the Frawley committee, but they "could not be found thereafter" and are still "at large" so far as the committee is concerned.

A resolution was promptly introduced by Mr. Levy for the arrest and arraignment of Garrison at the bar of the House. After a bitter debate this was passed by a vote of 80 to 10.

An amendment, offered by Assemblyman Hinman, the minority leader, who would give Garrison a chance to appear before the Judiciary Committee and purge himself of this contempt by answering the questions he had previously declined to answer, was voted down with only twelve votes in its favor.

Prisoner Defiant.

When Garrison was brought up to the bar Speaker Smith said: "I will ask you a question. Did you say to any man that to your knowledge votes were purchased for the adoption of the impeachment resolution?"

"I am sorry that I can make no statement on the subject," said Mr. Garrison. "I will make no statement until I have my counsel here."

"This is a simple question. It will give you a chance to clear yourself without making trouble," said Speaker Smith.

With a dogged and defiant air, Garrison retorted:

"The question here is for the Assembly to clear itself, not me."

A storm of ejaculations from the members broke out all over the Assembly Chamber.

"Do you hear?" "Just listen to that." "This is another case of contempt."

These were some of the utterances with which Garrison's sally was received by members, who crowded into the well of the chamber and seemed on the verge of attacking the prisoner.

Assemblyman Levy, who did not seem to have caught the significance of Garrison's retort, moved right into the well and stood beside the prisoner.

"I move that this man be held in the custody of the Sergeant at Arms awaiting the return of the House," said Mr. Levy. This motion was adopted with vociferous approval.

"Take him to jail and keep him there until we want him," shouted Levy, as the prisoner was hustled from the chamber. "I will pass a resolution immediately to authorize such action."

Under the legislative law, Garrison, unless he purges himself, can be kept locked up for the rest of the year or until the end of the present legislative term.

Seek Votes to Pass New Articles.

The ostensible business of the Assembly yesterday was to adopt the five additional articles of impeachment which had been drafted by the Democratic leaders.

Wednesday's roll calls showed 102 members present—80 Democrats, 20 Republicans and 2 Progressives. Yesterday there were not over eighty members all told here, and these complained bitterly of being compelled to wait around because those in authority did not seem to know how to proceed.

There was a conference of the Democratic leaders Wednesday night which lasted well into the morning, and then the matters considered—that of final adjournment and new articles of impeachment—were laid over for further discussion. The questions were taken up again after breakfast, and were discussed until the court convened.

One of the questions which bothered was whether evidence discovered since the adoption of the articles of impeachment could be submitted to the court. This was decided in the negative, since the indictment was on specified charges, and the court could consider none but those presented. Therefore amended articles were necessary, and they must be passed by the Assembly.

Then another question arose whether twenty days' notice was not necessary before these additional charges could be considered by the House to be formulated into amended articles of impeachment. This was settled temporarily by the information that the question of the twenty days' notice would be waived by the counsel for Sulzer.

Then came up the greatest problem—to get the necessary number of votes to pass the new or amended articles of impeachment. This would require 76 votes.

The Assembly contains 147 members, of which 101 are Democrats. Eighteen of these Democrats failed to show up Wednesday night, and when noses were counted yesterday it was found that the majority was 30 short of the number required to pass the new articles.

By 11 o'clock in the evening, however, a sufficient number of members had gathered in the Assembly Chamber to permit a start on the regular business. The sinking fund bills received from the Senate were taken up. Mr. Hinman raised objections to a rapid roll call on the same ground that was raised last night to the passage of bills—the question of the regularity of making Lieut. Gov. Glynn Acting Governor.

A slow roll call resulted in the passage of the bills by the vote of 78 to 13. Bovie, Schwartz, and T. D. Taylor, Democrats, voted with nine Republicans and one Progressive in the negative.

DETECTIVES SEEK SARECKY.

Search Buffalo and Cleveland for Sulzer's Former Clerk.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 18.—Soon after the High Court of Impeachment had convened to-day the Capitol was stirred by a report that Louis A. Sarecky, formerly Mr. Sulzer's confidential clerk, who was to have been an important witness at the trial, had turned his back on his familiar haunts and vanished. A warrant was issued for his arrest for contempt of the Legislature, and all day agents of the lawmaking body, assisted by Pinkerton detectives, kept up a search for him.

There was a report early to-day that Sarecky had gone to Buffalo with John A. Hennessy. To-night word was received here that Pinkerton men who had been searching for Sarecky in Buffalo had failed to find him. The detectives thought he had gone to Cleveland or to Canada, and that, in any event, he was out of the jurisdiction of the Legislature.

It was understood that Sarecky was to be one of the most important witnesses for the defense. The Board of Impeachment Managers also had figured as heavily on the result of his cross-examination to establish the charges against Mr. Sulzer, growing out of the administration of the Sulzer campaign fund and the stock transactions. The contempt charge against Sarecky grew out of his refusal to tell the Frawley committee what he knew about the Sulzer campaign fund.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 18.—Private detectives are making a search in the city for Louis A. Sarecky, formerly William Sulzer's confidential secretary, in response to word from New York State authorities asking that he be detained if found here.

According to the word received by the detective agency here, Sarecky was thought to have left New York State and either stopped here or passed through the city on his way West. It was thought that Sarecky might visit Cleveland relatives of Mrs. Sulzer, but they say they have not seen him and do not expect him.

Latest Shipping News.

By MARCONI WIRELESS.

SS California, Glasgow to New York, was 1,142 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 1 P. M.; due 21st, 8:30 P. M. Anchor Line.

Counsel for Sulzer Challenge Legality of Proceedings.

TO BE FOUGHT OUT TO-DAY

Forty-eight Senators and Nine Judges, Sworn In, Organize as a Court.

CHALLENGE FOUR SENATORS

Frawley and Two Other Investigators, with Wagner, Objected To as Trial Judges.

SESSION LESS THAN HOUR

Designated Judges Sit In Tribunal —Committee to Formulate Procedure.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 18.—The High Court of Impeachment to try William Sulzer for "wilful and corrupt misconduct" while Governor, and for "high crimes and misdemeanors," convened in the Senate Chamber at noon to-day. Involved in the trial is not only Mr. Sulzer's right to the Governorship but possibly also his right to hold any position of honor or trust in this State at any time in the future.

It is the first time in this State since 1874 that such a solemn and exalted tribunal has been called upon to administer justice in the case of a public official accused of being derelict in duty. In 1874, George G. Barnard, a Justice of the Supreme Court, was the respondent on charges of official misconduct growing out of disclosures made in THE NEW YORK TIMES in connection with the scandals of the Tweed regime. Justice Barnard was convicted, removed from office, and disqualified from holding public office in the future. In one sense, the present case stands without precedent in this State. In all its history no emergency has arisen before to call for the appearance of the Chief Executive before a High Court of Impeachment.

Session Less Than an Hour.

At its brief opening session the High Court of Impeachment busied itself with purely preliminary matters. It organized as a court. Its members took an oath to try and determine truly and on the evidence alone the charges presented against the Governor. It appointed a committee to formulate rules to govern its proceedings. Then it adjourned until 10 A. M. to-morrow. The opening session lasted less than an hour, and fully half of that time was occupied in swearing in the members.

At no time did Mr. Sulzer appear in court. Figuratively speaking, it was a performance of "Hamlet" with Hamlet left out. At one stage of the proceedings the members of the court, the visitors who filled the galleries, and the large assembly of newspaper correspondents sat up and gazed steadily for a breathless moment at the open space in front of the rostrum rail surrounding the tribune where Chief Judge Edgar M. Cullen of the Court of Appeals held forth as Presiding Judge of the High Court of Impeachment. That was when, at the direction of Judge Cullen, Patrick Edgar McCabe, Clerk of the Senate and, under the Constitution, of the High Court of Impeachment also, called loudly for William Sulzer to appear in court.

To Clerk McCabe's summons there was no immediate response. And when the response came it was not from Mr. Sulzer, but from D Cady Herrick, who sat at the head of the counsel table assigned to the lawyers representing the respondent. Judge Herrick announced that he and his colleagues appeared at that time merely to challenge the organization of the court and its jurisdiction over their client.

Mr. Sulzer Absent.

Mr. Sulzer did not even go to the Capitol on this most eventful day of his career. Nor did Judge Herrick's brief statement to the court shed any light on the questions uppermost in the mind of every person present: Will William Sulzer stand trial or resign before the issue has been joined before the High Court of Impeachment? And if he should surrender himself to the mercies of a tribunal which, according to the repeated statements of his friends is dominated by Tammany Hall, will he sit through the trial with his counsel in court?

The power of sequestration of an impeached official, exercised by the House of Lords in England, where this form of judicial procedure originated hundreds of years ago, has been applied in only one or two of the early impeachment trials in this country, held before the United States Senate. In Arkansas, where Gov. Powell Clayton was impeached in 1871, the members of the House of Representatives, resorting to force, locked the impeached Governor into the Executive Chamber and nailed the door fast to prevent him from escaping and summoning the militia. But in nearly all other impeachment proceedings in this country the respondent has been left at large. Out of this practice has grown an unwritten law under which impeached officials, even though not permitted to perform the functions of their office, are suffered to come and go as they please and to attend or stay away from the trial of the charges against them as they see fit.

There is no doubt at the Capitol that William Sulzer will follow the example

of Andrew Johnson and fail to appear in person before the court. On two occasions, though, it will be incumbent upon him, to appear before the bar of the court. The first occasion will come immediately after the Articles of Impeachment have been read, following the disposal of the preliminary motions. Then he must enter his plea, either orally or in writing. The other occasion will be at the end of the trial when a verdict has been reached.

Curtain Rises on the Trial.

A host of workmen barely had time to pick up their tools and depart, to give way for the sitting of the High Court of Impeachment. The workmen had been at work all night and far into the forenoon putting the finishing touches to the setting of the Impeachment stage. It is the first trial of its kind to be held in the present Senate Chamber. The trial of the impeachment filed against Justice Barnard was held at Saratoga.

When the curtain rose on the impeachment trial it was seen that the stagecraft of State Architect Pilcher had had full play. On the west side of the Senate chamber the temporary rostrum from which Chief Judge Cullen was to conduct the trial had been erected. Back of it the entire wall had been hung with a canopy of deep red velour, on which the coat of arms of the State was emblazoned in gold and softer tints. The canopy was surmounted and flanked with tasseled shields which bore the national insignia. In semi-circular rows, after the style of an amphitheatre, rose the seats and desks of the fifty-seven Judges of Impeachment. On the right of the rostrum were placed seats for the three Assembly Managers of Impeachment, the prosecuting body. On the left were forty seats for the newspaper correspondents.

The Senate lobbies had been shut off to all visitors, as had the Senate parlor. Temporary partitions had been erected in the corridors of the Capitol just beyond the Senate precincts, where alert custodians blocked all comers not provided with the badges giving the privilege of the Senate floor. To an extra guard of police had been assigned the task of maintaining order and quiet there. Visitors were restricted to the limited space in the galleries, and no crowding was tolerated.

For a few moments in the forenoon the impeachment stage was pre-empted by the Senate. It was merely a curtain-raiser. The Senate met and immediately took a recess.

Tammany Elation Absent.

In the interim all was bustle and excitement in the onyx chamber. Lawyers for both sides arrived, attendants carrying piles of law volumes. Ex-Senator Edgar Truman Brackett, one of the pillars of the prosecution, was accompanied by two men carrying a steamer trunk full of documents and law books. The bustle was mingled with a certain solemnity, and there was a complete absence of any apparent elation among the Tammany members of the Senate and Tammany's numerous henchmen filling positions at the Capitol.

Promptly at 11:45 the wheels of the impeachment machinery were set in motion. Senator Robert F. Wagner, temporary President of the Senate, ascended the rostrum. His gavel fell three times. As yet, it was merely the Senate that met. At the direction of Senator Wagner, Patrick E. McCabe, as yet acting only as Clerk of the Senate, called the roll. The roll call revealed only one absentee, Senator John C. Fitzgerald, who represents the district which for years sent the late Timothy D. Sullivan to represent it in the Senate. Mr. Fitzgerald is ill.

Senator John F. Murtaugh of Chemung, chairman of the Judiciary Committee, presented a resolution for the appointment of a committee to notify the Court of Appeals that the Senate was prepared o go on with the trial of William Sulzer. It was referred by the Assembly and to escort the members of the court to the Senate Chamber.

Upon the adoption of this resolution Senator Wagner appointed Senator Murtaugh and Senator Henry M. Sage, Republican, as the committee. These Senators left the chamber. Soon three loud knocks at the centre doors were heard. There was a circumstantial clang of metal as the brass bolts were drawn and the brass bars lifted to swing open the big doors.

Then the committee entered, followed by nine Judges of the Court of Appeals, Chief Judge Cullen and Judge Werner in the lead. All in the courtroom rose and a hush fell.

The Judges of the Court of Appeals wore their judicial robes, and these black habiliments contrasted somberly with the gay attire of the many women among the spectators in the gallery.

High Court Is Opened.

It tok only a moment to escort Chief Judge Cullen to the seat on the rostrum and to usher the Associate Judges to the places reserved for them in the front row of the space allotted to the Judges of the High Court of Impeachment. After the Chief Judge had received the gavel from Senator Wagner, he addressed the assemblage, all present remaining on their feet until he had concluded.

"The Assembly of the State having presented to the Senate Articles of Impeachment against William Sulzer, Governor of the State, the President pro tem of the Senate in accordance with law, summoned the Senators of the State and the Judges of the Court of Appeals to convene at this time and place as a Court of Impeachment," said Judge Cullen. The ceremony had been so precisely timed that as these words were uttered the hands of the Senate clock pointed to the hour of noon.

Chief Judge Cullen then directed Clerk McCabe to call the roll of members of the High Court of Impeachment. It was then found that the arrangement by which the names of all the Court of Appeals Judges took precedence over the Senators on roll calls had been changed. As Clerk McCabe called the roll it was seen that all the names had been placed in alphabetical order, regardless of whether Senator or Judge.

The roll call revealed forty-eight Senators and nine members of the Court of Appeals present. That meant that there were only two absentees—Senator Fitzgerald, who had been excused from sitting, and Judge John Clinton Gray, who is abroad.

A majority of both branches of present," announced the clerk after he had completed the roll call.

"There being a majority of the members of the Senate and also of the Court of Appeals in attendance, this court is duly convened," declared Chief Judge Cullen. Then he turned to a gentlemanly person standing at the foot of the rostrum within the railing.

"Crier," he directed, "make the great proclamation."

A Gentle-Voiced Crier.

The crier lifted up his voice, but with a softness that compelled those sitting far away to strain their ears to catch the words of his formula.

"Hear ye, hear ye, hear ye," said the crier in his subdued, well-modulated voice. "All persons having any business before this High Court of Impeachment, held in and for the State of New York, may now draw near and give their attention, and they will be heard."

Chief Judge Cullen arose and directed Clerk McCabe to administer to him the oath, which followed this formula:

You, Edgar M. Cullen, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, do solemnly swear to truly and impartially hear, try and determine the impeachment of the Assembly of the State of New York against William Sulzer, Governor of said State, so help you God.

Chief Judge Cullen took the oath and then in turn administered it to each individual member of the Court. As the names were being called by the clerk, the members in turn advanced into the open space in front of the presiding Judge and with uplifted right hand swore, or affirmed, as the case might be, to do all that the presiding Judge had promised to do in the trial of William Sulzer. This function occupied a little more than half an hour.

The first moot question before the Court came up before the ceremony of swearing in the members was completed. It had to do with the right of the three Associate Judges who occupy their places on the Court of Appeals Bench by designation from the Governor to sit as members of the High Court of Impeachment. The other seven members of the Court of Appeals hold office through election. The three designated Judges are Messrs. Hiscock, Chase and Miller. None of the three was designated by Mr. Sulzer.

Designated Judges Seated.

Chief Judge Cullen said that he had no doubt regarding the standing of these three Judges. He declared that the Constitution left no doubt as to their having ceased being Justices of the Supreme Court from the day they were designated. He said that four designated Judges of the Court of Appeals sat under the Constitution of 1846 as members of the Court of Impeachment, which tried Robert Dorn, a Canal Commissioner, in 1868.

"I am entirely clear that these Judges who sit by designation with the Court of Appeals are in every respect as fully Judges of the Court of Appeals as those that have been elected," said the presiding Judge.

"Still, that is only my individual opinion, and if any member of the Court entertains a contrary opinion, he will please rise and object to their being sworn, in which case I shall pass their names and after the other members have been sworn submit the question to the Court to determine whether they are members of the Court or not."

At this point counsel had their first hearing. Alton B. Parker, head of the array of counsel retained by the impeachment managers, arose and said he did not wish any doubt to remain regarding the views for counsel for the Board of Managers and the managers themselves as to the desirability of having these three Judges sit with their colleagues at the trial. D Cady Herrick, representing Mr. Sulzer, said counsel on that side had considered the question and had no doubt as to the legality of admitting the designated Judges as members of the court.

None of the Judges was challenged and they were all sworn in as their names were called.

Object to Four Senators.

All the members of the Senate were not sworn unchallenged. When the Clerk called the name of Senator James J. Frawley, who, as Chairman of the Legislative Investigation Committee unearthed a great portion of the testimony that is to be used against the respondent, Alton B. Parker filed an objection to taining objections to admitting him and Senators Sanner of Brooklyn and Ramsperger of Erie, his Democratic colleagues on the Frawley Committee, as members of the Court of Impeachment on the ground that they had committed themselves regarding the accusations against Mr. Sulzer. No challenge was heard when Senator Elon R. Brown of Jefferson, minority leader of the Senate, only Republican member with a place on the Frawley Committee, was sworn in. Senator Brown had attended none of the meetings of the committee.

Chief Judge Cullen ruled that the challenges were not in order until after the members of the court had been sworn in and rules for its procedure had been adopted.

"It is very evident," said Judge Cullen, "that if there was to be allowed a challenge at this time and the challenged members were temporarily set aside the court might be without a quorum."

Chief Judge Cullen added that he made this ruling without any prejudice to the right of counsel to challenge the three Senators later in the proceedings. It is likely that all these challenges will be renewed and the questions involved thrashed out when the court meets tomorrow.

When the name of Senator Ramsperger was called, Mr. Herrick again was on his feet.

"I would like to reserve our right to challenge Senator Ramsperger also, and in order not to further annoy the court we also reserve the right to challenge Senator Sanner and Senator Wagner at the proper time."

Senator Wagner was not a member of the Frawley Committee, but as temporary President of the Senate has led the various fights on the Sulzer programme in the upper house. He is generally regarded by Mr. Sulzer's friends as the spokesman of Charles F. Murphy in the Senate.

Among the witnesses subpoenaed by the Assembly managers are Senators James A. Emerson of Warrensburg, and Seth G. Heacock of Ilion, Republicans, who testified before the Frawley Committee concerning interviews they had had with the impeached Executive about legislation in which they were interested. These Senators said to-night they would ask to be excused as judges at the trial on the ground that they could not well serve as both judges and witnesses.

William Sulzer Called.

After all the members of the court had been sworn in, Chief Judge Cullen directed the Clerk to call the parties to the trial. When the board of Managers was called, Chairman Aaron J. Levy happened to be absent, and Assemblyman Patrick J. McKeehon, ranking member of the board, replied, giving the names of counsel appearing for the Managers. He named Alton B. Parker, John B. Stanchfield, Edgar Truman Brackett, Eugene Lamb Richards, Isidor J. Kresel, and Hiram C. Todd.

"Mr. Clerk, call the Governor," directed Chief Judge Cullen.

"William Sulzer," called Clerk McCabe, one of the impeached Governor's bitterest foes. Everybody seemed to expect to see Mr. Sulzer appear. After a moment of silence, Judge Herrick arose.

"We desire to appear for the special purpose of challenging the organization and the jurisdiction of this court at this particular time," he said.

"Gentlemen," said Chief Judge Cullen, addressing the court, "it does not appear that any further proceedings can be taken by the court until rules are adopted for its guidance."

"With the permission of the court," interposed Judge Parker, "do I understand that the counsel decline to enter any general appearance?"

"There will be an opportunity for that to-morrow," said Chief Judge Cullen.

The counsel for Mr. Sulzer in court to-day included D Cady Herrick, Irving G. Vann, Harvey D. Hinman, Louis Marshall, Austen G. Fox, Elihu Root, Jr., and James G. Gerdon, the latter a prominent practitioner at the Pennsylvania bar. With the counsel of Mr. Sulzer sat also his former law partner, Samuel S. Frankenstein.

The last business transacted by the court at the session to-day was the appointment of a Committee on Rules, composed of Senators Wagner and Brown, the leaders of the Senate, and Associate Judge Willard Bartlett of the Court of Appeals. This done, the court adjourned to meet again at 10 o'clock to-morrow forenoon.

Precedents to Meet Challenges.

As soon as rules governing the procedure of the High Court of Impeachment have been adopted at to-morrow's session counsel for Mr. Sulzer will proceed to challenge, as foreshadowed by developments at the session to-day, the Senate members of the Frawley Committee—with the exception of Senator Elon R. Brown, the Republican member—and Senate Leader Robert F. Wagner, who has led the fight against Mr. Sulzer in the Senate and bitterly assailed him in speeches on the Senate floor.

The lawyers for the Board of Impeachment Managers will meet these challenges by citing a long line of precedents, running from the early English impeachment trials to the more recent trials of Canal Commissioner Robert C. Dorn and Supreme Court Justice Barnard in this State.

In the Dorn case Senator Charles Stanford of Schenectady was challenged because as Chairman of an Assembly committee the year before he had signed a report virtually adjudging the respondent guilty of the charges on which he was being tried. Senator Stanford asked to be excused from sitting at the trial because of his prior connection with the investigation, but was retained as a member of the court by a vote of 23 to 5.

Judges Allen and Peckham, who sat as members of the Court of Impeachment that convicted Justice Barnard, asked to be excused, the former because he had appeared as counsel in some matters before Justice Barnard, and the latter because he had rendered decisions adverse to the impeached Judge in some matters. Neither, however, was excused and both participated in the vote that convicted Justice Bernard.

May Begin Testimony Monday.

It is expected that the preliminary motions challenging the organization and jurisdiction of the Court of Impeachment will be argued to-morrow, when the court will sit from 10 to 1 and from 2 till 5, and that the taking of testimony in the court should decide that the trial is to go on, may begin on Monday. The lawyers representing Mr. Sulzer declined to-night to discuss a report that wholesale challenges would be made in an effort to unseat thirty-one Senators, members of the court on the ground that their accounting for campaign contributions was irregular, as Sulzer's are alleged to have been. The report, in the absence of any confirmation, is receiving little credence here. Everybody favored on hand clamoring for admission to the Senate galleries before the trial opened to-day, but the expected large influx of distinguished visitors from far-away parts of the country did not materialize. It was said that the slim prospect of getting in had discouraged them. About 1,000 men, women, and children were in line when the doors of the Senate galleries were thrown open, and about half of these were left in the east gallery, the other having been reserved for members of the Assembly. It was a quiet, decorous, and undemonstrative crowd.

Mr. Sulzer's attorneys to-night refused to explain why they proposed to insist upon challenging Senator Wagner, and the opposing counsel said they were in the dark concerning it. The Senator himself suggested that it might be claimed that he had assumed the prerogatives of the Lieutenant Governor since the impeachment of Gov. Sulzer.

The constitution plainly states that the Lieutenant Governor shall not sit as a member of the Court of Impeachment, but Senator Wagner asserted to-night that he had laid no claim to the office and had not attempted to discharge any of its functions except as presiding officer of the Senate, a duty which he performed, he said, as temporary President.

The suggestion was also made that in the event of the conviction of Mr. Sulzer, Senator Wagner would become Lieutenant Governor, in fact, and that therefore it would be improper for him to sit in judgment.

Scores of witnesses are under subpoena to testify. At least fifty will be called to establish the case of the prosecution, the managers assert, and it is believed that as many will be called by the defense. Whether Mr. Sulzer himself would be put upon the stand in his own defense, or whether Mrs. Sulzer, who is reported to be able to explain many of her husband's questioned stock transactions in Wall Street, would be—these were secrets which Mr. Sulzer's counsel to-night still refused to divulge.

Mr. Sulzer remained in the "people's house" all day, but closely in touch with the proceedings at the Capitol. After the morning steal he was closeted alone with Mrs. Sulzer for half an hour when the various possible developments of the day were discussed.

Later he participated in a conference with his legal advisers. In the afternoon, in spite of the urging of his wife, he declined to take his customary automobile ride. Other conferences with counsel followed in the afternoon and evening. By all who saw him the impeached Executive was reported in good health and spirits.

SENATE HAS SHORT SESSION.

Passes Appropriation Bills and Discusses Judge's Pay.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 18.—The Senate held a brief session to-night and passed six bills, making the annual appropriations to the various sinking funds, which were overlooked on Wednesday night. The sum required to meet the interest on the several classes on bonds outstanding is $3,000,000. Of this sum $7,008,000 will be raised by direct tax under the act passed last night, and $2,000,000 will be taken from the general fund.

Senators Brown and Blauvelt were designated to ask Attorney General Carmody's opinion as to the compensation to be paid the Judges of the Court of Impeachment. The Constitution provides $10 a day, the code the same as the Court of Appeals Judges, about $40 a day. Those Senators who sat in the Impeachment Court of Judge Barnard in 1872 received about $40 a day.

SULLIVAN COUNTY FOR SULZER

Retiring Assemblyman and New Candidate Are Strong Supporters.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Sept. 18.—The primaries held in Sullivan County Tuesday nominated ex-Judge George H. Smith for the Assembly on the Democratic ticket. Smith is a personal friend of William Sulzer, but was not selected because of his views. John K. Evans, Democrat, who had served four terms in the Assembly, refused a renomination. He was one of Sulzer's stanchest supporters.

There is a strong Sulzer sentiment among the voters of all parties in the county. The Democrats are almost unanimously for him, and many Republicans and Progressives say that, while they did not vote for him before, they will if they have another opportunity.

SHOOTS HERSELF IN CROWD.

Young Woman Attempts Suicide After Quarrel at Matinee.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 18.—Mrs. Catherine McDonald, 27 years old, quarreled with Joseph Netterville, formerly a Vanderbilt University student, and shot herself through the breast in the midst of a matinee throng at Wabash and Delaware Streets this afternoon. She is dying at the City Hospital to-night. The shooting was the climax of a love affair between the young man, who is a son of Senator J. J. Netterville, and the young woman, who had been living at a local hotel since her separation from her husband.

Mrs. McDonald went to a theatre today with Netterville and another young couple. After the performance Netterville and Mrs. McDonald strolled over some letters she had found in his pocket. A few moments later Mrs. McDonald ran into the hotel, got a revolver and, returning to the street, shot herself. Hundreds of persons saw her fire the shot and sink to the pavement.

"BIG TIM'S" IDENTIFICATION.

District Attorney's Office Investigating Tardy Work of Police.

It became known yesterday that the attention of the District Attorney's office has been called to the death of "Big Tim" Sullivan and that an investigation has been ordered. Assistant District Attorney Groehl will direct the inquiry. Neither Mr. Whitman nor Mr. Groehl would disclose the nature of the information laid before them.

Police Commissioner Waldo announced yesterday that he had preferred charges against Police Lieutenant Edward Wines and second grade Detective John J. Clark of the Westchester Station for neglect of duty in connection with the identification of "Big Tim's" body. Both detectives were transferred from the detective bureau and placed on patrol duty. No date has been set for the hearing of the three men.

WIFE SUES A. G. REID.

Divorce Sequel to Runaway Match of New York Girl.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 18.—Mrs. Marian Lindsay Clark Reid filed suit here to-day for absolute divorce from Archibald Graham Reid, on the ground of abandonment. They were married on Jan. 17, 1910, in Washington, D. C., and lived there until July 17 of the same year, when Mr. Reid left his wife and returned to Baltimore.

Mrs. Reid was Miss Marian Lindsay Clark of Flushing, Long Island, and New York, was about to be introduced in Baltimore society, after having been presented in New York, when her runaway marriage to young Reid surprised the friends both here and in that city. Neither bride nor bridegroom were out of their teens. Mrs. Reid inherits much of the beauty that made her mother, who was Miss Lindsay Poor, the daughter of the late Major Poor, one of the great belles of Baltimore.

Mr. Reid is connected with many prominent families. He is a broker. Mrs. Reid has been residing with her mother at Flushing.

SAVED BY SISTER'S BLOOD.

Pint of It Transfused Into Little Boy's Veins Keeps Him Alive.

Through the self-sacrifice of his fourteen-year-old sister, Annie, twelve-year-old Samuel Bernberg of 611 East Eleventh Street is on the road to recovery in the Har Moriah Hospital, Second Street and Avenue A. The children are pupils of Public School 61, at Twelfth Street and Avenue B, and are devoted to each other.

A week ago the boy was taken to the hospital suffering from pernicious anaemia, and the physicians decided that only by transfusion of blood could the little fellow be saved. When no one else could be found to make the sacrifice Annie volunteered to give a pint of her blood to save her brother's life.

Yesterday the transfusion was accomplished by Drs. Henry Roth and Louis Sternberg, and last night the children were resting comfortably side by side in the hospital. This is said to be the first time that so young a subject has been permitted to give blood in an operation of this kind.

NOT A BRICK TRUST.

Grand Jury Dismisses Complaint Against Hudson Valley Associations

The Grand Jury which for two weeks has been investigating the so-called "Brick Trust" decided yesterday that the combination was not one in restraint of trade, as alleged, and dismissed the complaint against the Greater New York Brick Company and the twenty-nine Directors of that corporation.

The investigation of the brick company has been in progress since December, 1911. First the complaint, which was lodged against the corporation by Frankenfeld, Weeks of the B. G. Weeks & Son Company of 1,128 Broadway, was made to Attorney General Carmody. Frank M. Patterson of 66 Liberty Street, who organized the corporation, which comprises 100 Hudson Valley brick manufacturing concerns, appeared for the company from the beginning to the end of the proceedings.

JERSEY MAGISTRATE DIES IN AUTO SMASH

Arthur Greenfield of East Newark Dead and Wife Badly Injured in Massachusetts.

CAR UPSET BY BIG MACHINE

Dead Man, Touring New England, Had Just Written Friends Trip Had Been Free from Accidents.

SPENCER, Mass., Sept. 18.—Arthur Greenfield of East Newark, N. J., was killed and Mrs. Greenfield seriously injured to-day when their small touring car was tipped over near Moose Hill Farm, just outside this town, by a larger automobile which was trying to pass them.

Two other occupants of the car, Mr. and Mrs. Harry C. Greenfield of Newark, nephew and niece of the man who was killed, were thrown into the brush by the roadside, but suffered only minor injuries.

The chauffeur of the larger car, Lewis Almond of Baltimore, was arrested and charged with reckless driving and assault. He was released on a $500 bond furnished by the owner of the car, Douglas H. Thomas of Baltimore. The chauffeur and owner, together with the other occupants of the car, members of the Thomas family, were ordered to appear in court to-morrow morning, when Almond will have a hearing.

Mr. Greenfield was taken to the home of a physician near by, but died soon after reaching there. His wife was hurried to the Worcester City Hospital, suffering from an injury to the left hip, and it was feared from internal injuries, but she is expected to recover.

Arthur C. Greenfield, who was 50 years old, was prominent in business and public life in Harrison and East Newark, N. J., where he was a Police Magistrate. He had formerly served in the Common Council and at one time was Fire Commissioner in East Newark. He was Vice President of the First National Bank there, was Superintendent of the Chemical Charcoal Works and was interested, with his brothers, William and George Greenfield, in the Greenfield Machine Warks at Harrison.

With his wife, Catherine, and a nephew, Harry Greenfield, and the latter's wife and daughter, Laura, 8 years old, Mr. Greenfield left his home at 402 North Second street, East Newark, to make a tour of New England in his automobile. William Greenfield, brother of the dead man, went to Spencer last night to bring the body home and to aid the other victims of the accident.

Mayor Cornelius Mcdermon of East Newark received a post card from Arthur Greenfield last night at the moment he received news of the accident over the telephone. The card was dated Spencer, Mass., and stated that the pair had been on a splendid trip, had "met with no accidents," and was on the way home.

THINK MRS. CENTER INSANE.

Women Held in Philadelphia Formerly at Ward's Island.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18.—Mrs. Martha Center, who was placed under observation in the Philadelphia Hospital yesterday at the instance of the management of the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, in the belief that she is insane, recently was released from Ward's Island, New York, where she was held as a pauper, according to a report received here today from Manchester, N. H.

Mrs. Center, who said she was the daughter of a wealthy Boston man, came here with Albert Gascoigne of this city, who obtained her release from Ward's Island. Gascoigne said he tried to get her father to care for her, but he refused to do so. Then he brought her to this city.

From other sources it was learned that Mrs. Center was the widow of Charles Center of Manchester, N. H. Center inherited a large fortune, but went through it speedily and died four years ago at Martin's Ferry, Md. Upon her arrival here Mrs. Center aroused the suspicions of the hotel management by her strange actions. She purchased flowers and ordered meals and a variety of articles sent to her room, but had no money.

Physicians say Mrs. Center's mental condition is the result of an attack of typhoid fever.

LEAPS IN LIMITED'S PATH.

Tarrytown Commuters See Man Killed by Twentieth Century Train.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 18.—In the sight of scores of commuters who had just left the train about 3:30 o'clock this afternoon an unidentified man leaped from a passing freight train directly in the path of the New York Central Twentieth Century Limited on the next track, and was cut to pieces. The freight had just left the yards and was nearing the station slowly when the man leaped. The noise of the freight train drowned the sound of the approaching express, which was making more than fifty miles an hour. Parts of the man's body were thrown 150 feet away.

The man was evidently a mechanic. His clothes bore the marks of Yonkers dealers, and he had two Yonkers theatre tickets in his pocket.

NEW COUNSEL FOR BECKER.

A. T. Clearwater to Make Appeal in Place of Van Amee, Now Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Because the health of William Van Amee of Newburg has failed and he is no longer in condition to give his time to the case of Becker and the convicted gunman in Sing Sing Prison, the appeal in their behalf will be argued by A. T. Clearwater of Kingston.

The matter was set by the Court of Appeals for argument on Monday, Oct. 13. Mr. Van Amee, who has done considerable work of preparation, will turn the results over to Clearwater.

There Is No Substitute.
At Better Class Stores.
GODFREY S. MAHN,
1169 Broadway.

Smoky Fireplaces
Made to Draw
Cooking Odors
Carried Out of the House
Payment Conditional on Success
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor
Heating—Ventilating—Air Filtration

NEW DEPARTURE

When haste is necessary, we will, on request, immediately bond employes on receipt of application and investigate the risk afterward!

In Greater New York, our bond will be on the desk of the employer three hours after we receive the application!

You can put a new man to work at once—
"WE CARRY THE RISK."

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY

Capital and Surplus, $3,500,000
"AMERICA'S LEADING SURETY COMPANY"
115 Broadway
We bond more people than any other Company in the world.

GAYNOR'S BODY HERE IN EARLY MORNING

Continued from Page 1.

of 400 men each, commanded by Inspector Thomas Myers.

Twelve men, selected by Mrs. Gaynor, will serve as honorary pallbearers. They are former President William H. Taft, Mayor Adolph L. Kline, Justice M. F. Keogh, Herman Ridder, Jacob H. Schiff, Robert Adamson, Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith, James Creelman, Corporation Counsel Archibald R. Watson, Edward M. Grout, Police Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo, and John D. Crimmins.

Following the honorary pallbearers will come the coaches containing the Gaynor family.

A committee of 100 leading citizens, appointed by Mayor Kline as an honorary escort, will take part in the funeral procession down Broadway from the City Hall to Trinity Church. In this committee there will be two former Presidents of the United States, Theodore Roosevelt and William H. Taft, and two former Mayors of New York City, Seth Low and George B. McClellan.

This committee has been asked by Mayor Kline to arrange after the funeral for a great memorial meeting in honor of the late Mayor.

The Monday it will assemble in the Board of Estimate room at the City Hall and will form in line in the place assigned to it in the funeral procession. There will also be a committee from the Board of Aldermen.

Civic Organizations in Line.

So many applications for cards of admission to Trinity Church have been received by the committee in charge of the funeral arrangements that the limited space could not possibly accommodate half the applicants. Mayor Kline has, therefore, decided instead to allow all civic and other organizations desiring to pay fitting tribute to the late Mayor's memory to unite in a procession to escort from the City Hall to Trinity Church, and thence, after brief services in the church, to the Borough Hall in Brooklyn.

Requests for tickets of admission to the services in Trinity have been received from all parts of the country, and seats will be reserved for them. The Mayor was President of the Sons of Oneida, the Oneida County Association in New York, and a delegation of twenty-five from that organization will attend the funeral services. The Justices of the Supreme Court and the Appellate Division of this and the Second Division, the Board of Estimate, heads of city departments and other city employes will also attend the church services.

The funeral services in Trinity will begin at 11 o'clock Monday morning. Bishop David H. Greer will officiate, assisted by the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, and Bishop S. Burch, the Rev. L. E. Holden, pastor of the Episcopal Church at St. James, and the Rev. Dr. Frank W. Page, former pastor of St. James's Episcopal Church, which the Gaynor family attended in Brooklyn. This is the order of the services:

Sentences.
Burial Psalms.
Lesson, I. Corinthians, 15:20—end.
Anthem, "Jesus, Though I Walk." (Barnes.) Trinity Choir.
Hymn, "Lead, Kindly Light."
Committal.
Hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee."
The hymns to be sung were chosen by Mrs. Gaynor.

Bridge Street Car Traffic Stops.

After the church ceremonies, the funeral procession will go across the Brooklyn Bridge and will disband at the Borough Hall, Brooklyn. The burial will be in the Gaynor plot in Greenwood Cemetery.

Orders were issued yesterday by J. F. Calderwood, Vice President and General Manager of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, that all street car traffic on the north roadway of the Brooklyn Bridge should be stopped tomorrow when the body of Mayor Gaynor is being carried across from Brooklyn to the City Hall. On Monday, when the body will again be taken across the bridge after the funeral services in Trinity, the street car traffic on the south roadway of the bridge will again be halted.

The flags on the Sub-Treasury Building, the Custom House, and the Post Office were lowered to halfmast yesterday out of respect to the memory of Mayor Gaynor. Orders directing that flags on all Government buildings in the city be placed at halfmast were received here yesterday from Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, following a letter written by Collector Mitchel suggesting it. It was explained that the flags on Federal buildings had not been placed at halfmast earlier because the regulations explicitly provide that only on one day in the year—Memorial Day—shall the colors on Federal buildings be lowered, unless by special orders from the department.

All flags on city buildings will remain at halfmast until after the funeral.

The Justices of Special Sessions adopted resolutions at a special meeting yesterday extolling the work of Mayor Gaynor and paying tribute to his high character and simplicity of life.

A wireless message from the Lusitania received yesterday announced that on Wednesday night, at a gathering at which the usual collection was made for the Seamen's Charities, under the Chairmanship of Walter Price, resolutions offered by Capt. Philip Lydig were adopted, expressing the sympathy of the ship's company with the family of Mayor Gaynor and paying tribute to his fearless conduct in public office.

The September meeting of the Board of Estimate called by Mayor Kline yesterday was put over until next Thursday, owing to the death of Mayor Gaynor.

Resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Mayor and his conduct in office were adopted at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Automobile Club of America, and a committee was selected to represent the club at the funeral.

Directors of the North Side Board of Trade also passed resolutions expressive of profound sorrow.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—All Federal Customs and Quarantine regulations were waived by Secretary McAdoo today to facilitate the entry of Mayor Gaynor's body to New York to-morrow. The Secretary sent the following telegram to Customs Collector Mitchel to-night:

Please extend every facility and courtesy to Mayor Gaynor's family and the Committee on Arrangements to meet the body at Quarantine upon the arrival of the steamer Lusitania this week. Permit transfer of remains from Lusitania to another steamer at Quarantine."

TAFT URGED FOR YALE DEAN.

But ex-President Says He Does Not Want Place Rogers Will Vacate

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 18.—Confirmation of Dean Henry Wade Rogers of the Yale Law School as Judge of the Federal Circuit Court, for which he was nominated to-day by President Wilson, will leave the Deanship vacant.

While no statement was made at the university to-day as to a successor to Dean Rogers, the name of ex-President William H. Taft, now Kent professor of law, was mentioned on all sides.

Mr. Taft, however, made the definite statement, this afternoon, that he was not a candidate for the deanship. He added: "I am not fitted for the place and am quite content with the place I am in."

Of the appointment Mr. Taft said: "Dean Rogers has the tastes and attainments for the position, but Yale will be sorry to lose him. His appointment will be a loss to Yale and the law school."

It is expected that Dean Rogers will offer his resignation as head of the law school at the corporation meeting, Monday.

ASKS $600,000 COMMISSION.

R. A. C. Patterson Begins Suit Against Colorado Mines Corporation

Robert A. C. Patterson began suit yesterday in the Supreme Court for a $600,000 commission against the Colorado Mines & Utilities Corporation, a $25,000,000 enterprise. He acted, he says, as emissary of the corporation on the request of Joseph Walker, Joseph Walker, Jr., Clarence Young, George W. Stewart, Allen L. Brown and Oakley S. Vanderpool, in arranging the purchase of the Golden Cycle Mine from John T. Milliken, the St. Louis capitalist. He said he had been assured that he would receive 10 per cent. commission on the purchase price, and with this understanding he obtained an option from Milliken for $6,000,000.

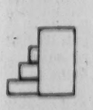
Mr. Patterson alleges that the new corporation aims at gaining possession of every paying mine in Colorado, and that the purchase of the Golden Cycle Mine was necessary to it. Patterson has also brought suit for 10 per cent. of the property of the El Paso Consolidated Mining Company of Colorado in return for arranging its merger with the larger corporation. In this suit he has named the Walkers and others as co-defendants.

Dispatches from St. Louis quote Mr. Milliken as denying that he knows Patterson or had ever given any one an option on the Golden Cycle Mine.

Will the drawers bind ?

Take an L. B. Steel Filing Cabinet—with every drawer filled—and tilt it sidewise.

Will the drawers bind, stick, or get out of true? On your life, they will not. They will slip in and out as smoothly as if the cabinet rested squarely on the floor. If you want additional proof of the strength of L. B.'s steel equipment, take that same cabinet, pull the drawers out like steps—so



—and ask one of your clerks to walk up them. Will they bend? Will they buckle? Not a bit of it.

For nearly thirty years we have been making the finest line of office equipment, of wood, that ever saw the light of day. And now we are doing that same thing in steel as well as in wood.

Filing and card index cabinets; solid, counter-height units and record safes are some of the things we make in steel.

Library Bureau
Manufacturing Distributors of
Card and filing systems, Office, library and bank equipment.
Unit cabinets of wood and steel for cards and filing
316 Broadway, New York
Telephone, 100 Worth

The Well Dressed New Yorker
Edited by Beaumash.

THE pivotal point of Men's Dress this Autumn is *West Point*—that soldier-alim air of chest out, "tummy" in, chin high, shoulders squared, heels clicking. It's the *lean, lithe, long-limbed* figure which marks even the "plebe" in his first year, whether he wear cadet gray or "cits" dress.

Expressly for us, Stein-Bloch, the Stylist Incomparable, has drafted Lounge-About Suits which bestow the *lean-and-lithe* figure so coveted by youngsters and by oldsters, too, whose hearts beat time to the carol of Youth.

Here, and here only, you'll meet ready-for-duty Suits and Topcoats with that superlative softness and intensity of individuality which are the vaunted prerogatives of "Tailors' Row."

Tailored by Stein-Bloch
$20 to $45

JOHN DAVID
Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
Broadway at 32nd Street

SHANLEY'S

Highest Ceiled, Best Ventilated Restaurant

SPLENDID MID-DAY LUNCHEON 75c—(Music)

CABARET EXTRAORDINAIRE

TWENTY ACTS every evening SEVEN TO ONE

BROADWAY, 43d TO 44th STREET

Our Popular Lunch and Dinner Resort of the Shopping Zone
Broadway, 29th-30th Street

WINE TAX A SNAG IN TARIFF FIGHT

Senator Pomerene Reopens Contest Against Exemption of California Product.

CONGRESS TAKES A RECESS

Conferees Finally Agree on Countervailing Duty on Wheat and Flour.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—In despair of receiving the conference report on the Tariff bill this week, both houses of Congress adjourned to-day, to meet again on Monday. While the conference report, when finally made, is certain to be adopted, there will be some obstacles to overcome. Chairman Underwood of the House Committee on Ways and Means told his partisans this morning that they must remain in Washington for the next ten days to prevent mishaps to the Tariff bill. Chairman Simmons of the Senate Committee on Finance is prepared to have his full party strength in attendance.

Senator Pomerene of Ohio, a Democrat, practically gave notice to-day that he would try to recommit the bill to the Conference Committee by moving to instruct the Senate managers to insist upon the internal tax of $1.10 a gallon on wine spirits and 25 cents a gallon on fortified wines. The conferees already have decided to drop the provisions temporarily and refer the whole subject to a joint sub-committee for report at the next session.

Mr. Pomerene, who voiced the antagonism between the Ohio and Missouri wine growers on the one hand and the California and New York growers on the other, told the Senate that through the exemption of the California vineyards from the $1.10 tax the Government had lost $65,000,000. The loss in the last fiscal year, he said, was $6,544,000. The sweet California white wine, he said, contained 22 per cent. pure alcohol, and that a woman sipping a glass of it in her home took in more alcohol than a man taking a highball at a bar. When Mr. Pomerene's motion is defeated he will vote for the conference report.

The Tariff Conference Committee reached the controversial points of difference between the two houses to-day and little progress was made. The metal schedule was disposed of with the exception of the rates to be imposed on ferromanganese and lead and zinc ores. Two hours were devoted to a discussion of the duty on burlaps, but no agreement was reached. The House provision that cans, boxes, or other containers holding less than five pounds of tea should be subject to the same duty that would be imposed on them if imported empty was finally adopted by the conference.

The most important decision at to-day's conference was to retain the countervailing duty on wheat and wheat products. While the phraseology has been modified, the rates practically are those of the Senate, imposing a levy of 10 cents a bushel on wheat, 45 cents on a barel of 196 pounds of wheat flour and 10 per cent. ad valorem on semolina and other wheat products, when imported directly or indirectly from any country that imposes duties on similar products from the United States. The House countervailing duty was a flat 10 per cent. impost.

Representatives of New York exporting manufacturers are pleading with the Conference Committee against an amendment increasing from 1 to 3 per cent. the drawback fee on articles manufactured in the United States from imported raw materials. The House retained the provision that the full duties on the imported raw material, less 1 per cent., should be refunded upon export.

This 1 per cent. was intended to cover the cost of clerical work and inspection involved in protecting the Treasury against fraud. The Senate increased it to 3 per cent.

TO PUSH ARGENTINE BEEF.

Delegate Admits Drawbacks Before Refrigeration Congress.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—The Refrigeration Congress, which organized here yesterday by choosing Presidents to preside over the meetings of its six sections, began serious work to-day. The South American delegates show deep interest. They realize that the United States and Europe expect to import South American cattle heavily.

Señor M. A. Pasman said the shipment of a cargo of beef from Argentina to New York had not been a complete success as the meat had been permitted to deteriorate in transit. He added that undoubtedly the experiment would be continued and defects in method remedied.

E. F. Miller of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology said that owing to the demand for refrigeration experts a course on that subject had been added in his school.

J. A. Ruddick, Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner of Canada, explained the Government subsidy feature of the cold storage system in the Dominion. The law there encourages cold storage warehouses in the smaller cities, to prevent concentration in the big centres, and check speculative manipulation.

The Russian delegates extended an invitation to hold the next congress in their country. Col. J. N. Nickerson, Secretary, said it probably would be accepted.

SCUDDER INVITES A SUIT.

Justice Tells Burr He Would Defend an Action for Libel.

In an open letter yesterday Justice Townsend Scudder of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, urged Justice Joseph A. Burr of the Appellate Division, Second Judicial Department, to sue him for libel as a private individual to determine the accuracy of charges made by Justice Scudder in a recent memorandum to the effect that Justice Burr unlawfully sat as a Judge in a case in which he once had appeared as attorney.

A few days ago Justice Burr replied to his brother Justice branding his charges as false. At that time Justice Burr said he did not know of any method of determining judicially the truth of Justice Scudder's accusations. Justice Scudder, reiterating "to be true every fact set forth" in his opinion of Sept. 5, said yesterday that he would waive to-day, and that Col. Roosevelt will immediately give his answer."

BRYAN SUGGESTED ROOSEVELT AS ENVOY

Wilson Is Sympathetic, but Thinks Fair Managers Should Ask Ex-President First.

COLONEL IS NON-COMMITTAL

His Secretary Says He Has Not Yet Been Invited—Will Answer Quickly, If Asked.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Cordial sympathy was expressed at the White House to-day with the suggestion that ex-President Roosevelt be designated as a special commissioner of the United States to the Governments of Great Britain and Germany to induce them to reconsider their declination of the invitation to participate officially in the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

It was admitted that the suggestion had been under consideration and that President Wilson would be glad to cooperate with the managers of the exposition in their desire to have Col. Roosevelt accept the proposed mission. As far as the Administration knows the suggestion has not been laid formally before Col. Roosevelt.

In the opinion of high officials the overtures to the Colonel should be made by the exposition authorities and if he is willing to consider the matter President Wilson and Secretary Bryan will lend their aid to induce him to accept.

After that the Government will do everything within its rights to give Col. Roosevelt an official status so that the mission, should he go to Europe, will be surrounded with a dignity that should surround a former President of the United States.

The suggestion was originally made to Secretary Bryan, who laid it before the President and found Mr. Wilson in accord with it. Officials said this evening that something definite concerning the suggestion might be expected soon.

The Administration is of the opinion that it will not be necessary to appoint Col. Roosevelt a special ambassador, should he agree to undertake the special mission. Doubt has arisen as to the President's right to commission the Colonel in such an official capacity for the business he would undertake in behalf of the exposition.

Concerning reports that Col. Roosevelt would be asked to become a special envoy to England and Germany to induce them to exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition the Ex-President's Secretary said yesterday:

"Colonel Roosevelt has not been requested to serve as a special representative of this Government for the purpose mentioned, or for any other purpose. If any such offer is put up to him, however, I imagine that it will be done late to-day, and that Col. Roosevelt will immediately give his answer."

ROOSEVELT'S TRIP SOUTH.

Colonel to Start Speaking Tour in Rio Janeiro on Oct. 22.

Theodore Roosevelt will deliver at least three formal addresses during the first month of his South American tour, Frank Harper, his secretary, said yesterday that at Rio Janeiro, his first stop after leaving New York, Mr. Roosevelt would speak on "American International Affairs." The probable date of the address is Oct. 22. At Sao Paulo, Brazil, on Oct. 27, he is to speak on "Character and Civilization," and on Nov. 8 in Buenos Aires he is scheduled to deliver an address on "Democratic Ideals."

Col. Roosevelt will sail on Oct. 4 on the steamship Van Dyke. He should reach Rio Janeiro on Oct. 21. He is due at Sao Paulo on Oct. 25. On Oct. 31 he will sail from Santos, the seaport of Sao Paulo, and should reach Buenos Aires on Nov. 4. After leaving Argentina he will visit Valparaiso and Santiago, Chile. His itinerary from that place has not yet been announced.

$300,000 FILM TRUST SUIT.

One Company Files Action Against Three Others Under Missouri Law.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 18.—A damage suit for $300,000 was filed in the Circuit Court here to-day against the Film Exchange Corporation of Virginia, the Mutual Film Corporation of Delaware, the Mutual Film Corporation of Missouri, and Frederick A. Keller, St. Louis agent for the companies.

The suit was brought by the Swanson-Crawford Film Company under the Missouri Anti-Trust law, which prohibits combinations in restraint of trade and authorizes the recovery of threefold damages.

The Swanson-Crawford Company, which conducted a rental exchange in St. Louis, it was alleged, began buying films from the Mutual Film Corporation of Delaware and the Film Exchange Corporation, which controls eight film manufacturing plants. Later the Mutual Film Corporation and the Film Exchange Corporation tried to buy the rental exchange of the Swanson-Crawford Company, and, failing in that, tried to get control of the capital stock.

TO RELIEVE THE TOMBS.

Justices in Criminal Courts Work Late to Dispose of Calendars.

To relieve the overcrowded condition of the Tombs prison caused by the delay in bringing to trial prisoners held for General Sessions, afternoon sessions were held yesterday in all of the parts of that court which are running. Judge Mulqueen adjourned Part I. at 4 o'clock after a session of five hours in which 15 cases were disposed of. Judge Rosalsky in Part II. adjourned court at 4:30 after five hours and a half of work on a single case. In Part III., Judge Swann sat for four hours and a half until 4 o'clock, disposing of four cases.

District Attorney Whitman put the regular Winter schedule in effect yesterday for all of his office employes. The office now closes at 5:15 instead of 4 o'clock.

BITTER AGAINST DAUGHTER.

Mrs. Heubner Ordered That Mrs. Pross Be Kept from Her Funeral.

Mrs. Johanna Heubner, who died on Aug. 20, left instructions to her executors in her will, filed for probate yesterday, to prevent her daughter, Mrs. Johanna Pross of 335 Pennington Street, Passaic, N. J., from attending her funeral. The only legacy to her daughter was $5. This she did, she explained, because her daughter for the last few years of her life had been unkind and disobedient to her.

She gave $1,000 each to Richard Heitner, Herman J. Van Kamp, and Helen Brandstetter because of their kindnesses to her. For the same reason she left Helen Bicker $2,000 and her residuary estate. To her granddaughter, Pauline H. Jacobs, she gave $5 only, because of her belief that she was in comfortable circumstances.

MONEY BILL A STEP AHEAD, SAYS BRYAN

Means Better Distribution of Financial Resources, He Tells Institute of Banking.

SHARPLY OPPOSES BURTON

Ohio Senator Had Condemned the Regional Reserve Plan Before Richmond Gathering.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 18.—Secretary William J. Bryan and Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio voiced sharply divergent views on the merits of the Owen-Glass Currency bill when addressing the American Institute of Banking here to-day.

Mr. Bryan arrived in the city at 12:50 P. M., was taken to the Jefferson Hotel Auditorium in an automobile, spoke fifty minutes, and was then hurried to the Chesapeake & Ohio station, where a train for Charlottesville had been held fifteen minutes, so that he might fill a Chautauqua engagement in that city to-night.

Mr. Bryan devoted his entire address to financial questions, sounding the keynote at the outset by saying that banks existed for the accommodation of the public, and not for the control of business.

Senator Burton in his morning speech before the Institute had condemned the regional reserve bank plan proposed in the Currency bill now before Congress. Secretary Bryan, on the other hand, indorsed the plan heartily, saying that it was a step toward the more equal distribution of the money of the country. He added:

"The Owen-Glass bill was not drawn with the idea of centralization. There has been too much centralization. There has been too much Wall Street. I am in favor of this system of regional banks, for in it I see help for the smaller institutions.

"It has been objected that the Government should not issue the money of the country. We hear such objection only in times of peace. In times of war there is no question who should issue the money. It must be the Government."

Mr. Bryan closed by congratulating the State of Virginia on having given birth to a President who had at heart the reformation of the currency system.

In his address Senator Burton especially condemned the provision authorizing the Federal Reserve Board to control the issuance of currency.

"It is based on an erroneous idea," he said, "namely, that a government or political organization may properly assume the providing of a supply of paper currency, directly or indirectly."

He held that the duty of redeeming all circulating notes should be left to the banks exclusively.

Negro Woman as Church Delegate.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Mrs. Julia Folk of Burlington, Iowa, the first woman ever chosen as a delegate, was officially received and seated at the conference of the Fourth Episcopal District of the African Methodist Episcopal Church in session here to-day. Bishop Benjamin F. Lee issued instructions that she be received as a lay member of the conference.

PERFECT DAYS NOW
AT
DELAWARE WATER GAP

The maples, poplars, and sycamores clothe the mountain sides in scarlet and gold. Golf and all other outdoor sports reach the pinnacle of enjoyment in the keen, dry mountain air. The roads are in ideal condition for automobiling. Crackling log fires, in addition to steam heat, furnish an atmosphere of cheerfulness to which the strains of the orchestra make a pleasant addition. The hotels and casinos, all fully open until December, offer especially reduced rates during this delightful season.

Lackawanna Railroad

Illustrated Resort Book with full information about this delightful Autumn Resort, free at Information Bureaus:

NEW YORK: BROADWAY { Cor. Wall Street, Cor. Howard Street, Cor. 28th Street, Cor. 42nd Street
BROOKLYN: 505 Fulton Street
NEWARK: Broad and Market Streets

MONEY BILL PASSES HOUSE, 285 TO 85

Continued from Page 1.

asked. "Where will be the water in this reservoir for the people to drink in time of drought?"

"There will be none," said Mr. Berry.

"That's what has been working through my head," commented Mr. Reed.

Mr. Reed's declaration against the bill makes a clear majority of the committee opposed to the measure. Mr. Hitchcock of Nebraska has been outspoken all along against any legislation at this session, and his opposition alone would have prevented affirmative action by a tie vote of six to six. Mr. Reed will make the alignment five for and seven against the bill.

When the Currency bill reached the Senate this afternoon Mr. Owen of Oklahoma at once moved its reference to the Committee on Banking and Currency, and that motion was adopted without debate.

The difficulty before the friends of the measure will be to get the bill back into the Senate. The Administration undoubtedly hopes that the overwhelming support the bill received in the House may serve as a recruiting agency in the Senate, but it is difficult to see where a majority can be found unless President Wilson brings sufficient pressure to bear on Democrats now not in favor of the bill.

If the committee stands firm in its present opposition the only way to get the measure before the Senate will be to instruct the committee by resolution to report the measure. This has been done in regard to tariff bills in the last few years. But the measure of Democratic control is slight that such a course would have doubtful hope of success. The same two Democrats who at present oppose the bill in committee would reduce Democratic control on the floor of the Senate to a margin of one, and there is reason to believe that several Democrats not on the committee are opposed to the bill.

In the face of those conditions friends of the Administration continue to hope that all will yet be well. They point out that opposition in the Senate has so far failed as completely as it did in the House to centre on any definite proposals. Still less has there come from the opposing Senators any counter proposal. The feeling seems to be that with the deadlock has reduced most Senators to weariness the Owen-Glass bill, as the only affirmative proposal pending, will be adopted.

Sees $2,000,000,000 Credit Decline.

Mr. Berry told the Senate committee that the inauguration of the monetary system contemplated by the bill would work a decrease in the country's credit of nearly $2,000,000,000. That statement was in general accord with an argument as to the bill's possible effect recently made by James B. Forgan of Chicago. But Mr. Berry went further than Mr. Forgan in saying that the proposed retirement of national bank notes would so increase this shrinkage that in its supply of available money the country would be worse off by many millions under the operation of the new law than it is now.

The provision for the subscription of stock by banks in the regional reserve banks, said Mr. Berry, would mean withdrawing from the banks cash holdings of $382,127,000. Of this sum the regional reserve banks would need $127,000,000 for reserves, while only $244,000,000 would be left available for rediscount and other operations. The withdrawal of $382,127,000 in gold from the banks, said Mr. Berry, would contract their credit facilities by $2,100,000,000, which would be offset only to the extent of about $105,000,000 by the bill's more liberal reserve requirements.

Mr. Berry seemed to think that what increased facilities arose from the rediscounting of commercial paper would rapidly be absorbed by the country. Even taking the increased gold supply into account, Mr. Berry thought that after two or three years the country would again be confronted by the present necessity for expanding its credits. The net result of the proposed system, said Mr. Berry, would be that instead of supplying additional currency it would be found that its provision lowering the reserve limit would be its only material change.

"Then I don't see the use of passing it," said Senator Reed.

"Unless the new Treasury notes," said Mr. Berry, "are to be made acceptable as bank reserves, they will be no better than national bank notes. It will be the same chasing around the barn. My plan simmers down to making the Treasury notes available as bank reserves."

"There is no question about that," said Chairman Owen, and Senator Sharroth of Colorado also expressed his agreement.

Both these Senators have introduced bills providing for the retirement of outstanding paper money and its replacement by Treasury notes with a gold reserve. These bills, while widely differing from the principles of the Owen-Glass measure, have been regarded as supplemental to that measure rather than hostile to it.

Senator Reed visited the White House to-night and for nearly three hours was in conference with President Wilson and Secretary McAdoo. When the conference ended near midnight neither the Senator nor Mr. McAdoo would discuss it.

It is understood that the provisions of the currency measure, to which Senator Reed objected, were gone over carefully.

The President is confident that when the time comes the Democratic majority will work in harmony, but, in the meantime, as consideration of the bill is beginning in the Senate, it is said that he proposes to aid actively in smoothing out differences of opinion and paving the way for virtually unanimous action by the party in the end.

OBJECT TO TAXING ALIENS.

Bankers' Counsel Plead for Exempting Foreign Bondholders.

Caldwell, Massilch & Reed, counsel for the Investment Bankers' Association of Amelca, telegraphed yesterday to Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Finance Committee, protesting against the deduction of the income tax from interest due foreign bondholders, and quoting William L. Wilson, author of the income tax of 1894, as saying that a nation that seeks to make a foreigner pay a tax is a mendicant nation, and if the collection is made by force, a pirate nation.

They followed up the telegram by a letter in which they said:

"Whatever may be one's first impression of the matter, we think that due reflection is convincing of the proposition that the American Government has no right, under the guise of a tax, to take money that represents a loan by foreign bondholders to American citizens. This is clear if we assume the simple case of an American citizen loaning money to a corporation in Panma, and the Panama Government turning around and saying to its subject, 'You eed not pay all this loan to the man you borrowed it from; you can pay part of it to us, and our tax receipt will constitute a defense to any action he may bring against you to recover the debt.'

"We can, of course, tax the property which the American citizen buys with the money. That is a very different thing from taxing the debt which he owes to the foreign bondholder.

"We are putting this matter on what we deem to be its merits. The business interest of the association, of course, is that of protecting the foreign market for American loans. This in itself is a very important consideration, in its effect upon the welfare of the country. Investment houses have sold the bonds now held by the foreign bondholder, and for this reason also feel a duty to protect him."

Another Ghent Exposition Fire.

GHENT, Sept. 18.—Three pavilions of the International Industrial Exposition here were destroyed early this morning by a fire which started in a German restaurant. This is the fifth fire since the opening of the Exposition. Altogether property valued at upward of $200,000 has been burned.

DEAF TO LEISHMAN'S PLEA.

Ex-Diplomat's Son Unable to Save Speeding Chauffeur from Jail.

J. Alexander Leishman, son of the former diplomat, John G. A. Leishman, failed yesterday to induce Magistrate James J. Conway in the Long Island City Court to remit a fine of $70 which had been imposed on John Galbo, a chauffeur for A. T. Demarest of Fifty-seventh Street and Broadway, Manhattan.

Galbo later in the day was taken to the Queens County Jail, where he will serve a sentence of three days' imprisonment unless the fine is paid in the meantime. Policeman William H. Eynon arrested Galbo on Monday morning as his car went across the viaduct at Diagonal Street and on the Long Island City Plaza of the Queensboro Bridge at a speed of thirty-six miles an hour.

It appears that three weeks ago Galbo was arrested at the same place by Lieut. Henry P. Shelly in charge of Traffic Squad C in Queens, charged with running his automobile at the rate of fifty miles an hour. He was fined $40 by Magistrate Conway and paid the fine. Young Leishman also was a passenger in the automobile on this occasion. Policeman Eynon at the hearing on Tuesday testified on the witness stand that Leishman informed him that he had Lieut. Shelly transferred for making the arrest of three weeks ago and that he would do the same thing to Eynon.

Magistrate Conway found Galbo guilty and fined him $70. Young Leishman then requested time to take an appeal and the case was adjourned until Wednesday morning, when Leishman, in company with Galbo, appeared in court and asked for another delay of forty-eight hours. Magistrate Conway refused to grant this request and ordered Galbo taken in custody. Leishman lives at Great Neck, L. I., and Galbo drove him to court in a high-powered car. Leaving Galbo in custody, Leishman started to get the money to pay the fine, but he was unable to start the big automobile. He told a crowd of sympathetic bystanders that he broke one of his wrists some time ago cranking a car and his arm was still weak. Several of the bystanders took turns in cranking the car, but they were unable to start the engine. Finally in answer to a telephone message a mechanician arrived from a garage and started the machine. Leishman then drove away. Galbo was confident that Leishman would return some time during the day and pay the fine, but he had failed to appear when court closed last evening, so Galbo was taken to the Queens County Jail.

In order to convince young Leishman that he was mistaken concerning the extent of his influence in the Police Department in obtaining the transfer of Lieut. Shelly, who made the first arrest three weeks ago, Lieut. Shelly appeared in court yesterday when Galbo was committed.

SCHMIDT READY FOR MORE DEATHS

Continued from Page 1.

a dozen aliases assumed by him. The story of his flight to this country was told in letters signed "Your loving wife, Vera," which were found in his St. Nicholas Avenue apartment.

In a written statement sent out from his cell in reply to a note from reporters Muret last night denied that he had a wife and qualified as a witness to support Schmidt's insanity defense by saying that he had parted from Schmidt because of his wild talk of being directed by St. Elizabeth. He added that he was too weak to write any more because of the "third degree" he had been put through at Police Headquarters. His note in full follows:

I have only read The World to-day, and found it full of untrue statements. First, I have never been married; second, I never asked Assistant District Attorney Murphy before I made my statement that no questions should be asked regarding the murder or the counterfeiting.

I readily answered all these questions, but, of course, I could not make statements implicating Schmidt, because I simply do not know anything. Regarding the rest, time will show everything, and you can rest assured that I do not need to worry.

The newspaper accounts contain no statement why Schmidt and I quarreled in August, when, practically speaking, Schmidt began then already to show signs that St. Elizabeth was with him, and he wanted to become a second Jesus. I called him crazy and he was sore at me.

I cannot see anybody of you at present because I am, on account of maltreatment at Headquarters, ill.

I am coughing blood. This is enough for to-day. I shall be pleased if you will send me a good fountain pen. I am without funds to buy one.

I was hit against chest and back when I denied that I knew anything about the murder or counterfeiting. Torturing prisoners has not yet been abandoned by the New York police. The hissing between the teeth of Detective Cassassa—"I knock your head off before I get through with you" is still ringing in my ears.

Counterfeiting Case Complete.

The police learned yesterday that the copper plates used by Schmidt in his photo-mechanical process of counterfeiting had been cut by A. G. Hauver, dealer in photographic supplies at 126 West 130th Street. Hauver telephoned yesterday to Inspector Faurot that he had discovered from newspaper photographs that Schmidt and Muret were two men who had called at his shop some time ago with a strip of copper 36 inches long and 12 inches wide. Schmidt, according to Hauver, instructed him to cut it into plates 8 by 4 inches.

Hauver said it occurred to him that pieces of copper this size could be used in counterfeiting and that he asked the priest to what use they were to be put. The priest evaded the question. Hauver then asked if they were for making a sign and Schmidt replied eagerly:

"Oh, yes, that is what I was going to use them for."

According to Hauver, Schmidt paid several visits to his shop, and sometimes was accompanied by Muret.

Muret pleaded guilty yesterday in Special Sessions to the charge of having a revolver in his possession without a permit, and was remanded until Oct. 2 for sentence. He acted as his own counsel. The revolver found in the desk in Muret's office was a .22 calibre weapon of foreign make. Muret said that he had purchased the revolver in Hamburg eight years ago and that it had not been discharged from that day to this. It was brought to his attention that two of the six cartridges in the revolver had been discharged.

"That was when I fired it the day I bought it eight years ago," said Muret. "It is useless now. I have tried several times to fire it, but it would never go off."

Inspector Faurot denied that Muret had been maltreated, and asserted that neither himself nor any of his detectives had laid a hand on the man.

"It looks to me like a dangerous weapon," said Justice McInerney. "It can be concealed in the palm of the hand or in the vest. I would not want any one to practice on me with that revolver."

"I am willing to have any one practice on me with it," said Muret.

Anna Aumuller's Nightgown Found

The nightgown believed to have been worn by Anna Aumuller when she was murdered by Schmidt in the apartment in Bradhurst Avenue was found yesterday afternoon in a vacant lot on the north side of 165th Street, between Fort Washington Avenue and Riverside Drive. It was wrapped in a section of a newspaper dated Aug. 31. A portion of the same paper was in the bundle containing the lower part of the torso of the murdered woman.

The sleeves had been ripped from the gown, and it had been cut in several places. The garment was taken to the cell of Father Schmidt by Deputy Sheriff T. J. Corrigan, Jr., who found it. He was accompanied by Detective Hyman of Headquarters.

Schmidt would not say whether it was the one worn by the murdered girl, but he admitted that he had dismembered her without removing the gown.

Inspector Faurot telegraphed to the police in Chicago yesterday, but could obtain no information regarding "Helen Green," the woman who went to Chicago after writing a letter to Schmidt telling him that she could not live without him. She lived in the city at Hiltel Hall, 201 West 100th Street, but nothing could be learned there about her. When Schmidt was asked about her by his lawyer, he said:

"She was just a woman I knew, just a casual acquaintance. We were not on intimate terms. She has no connection with this case."

Van Dyke Another Schmidt Alias.

Schmidt admitted that he had gone by the name of A. Van Dyke and had rented a room at 124 West Eighty-fourth Street under that name. He told his lawyer that he did not remember why he had engaged this room. Mrs. Mary Manzer, who has the apartment on the ground floor at that address, said:

"The man who called himself Van Dyke had a room here for two weeks last January, but he never lived here. He was in a few times during the day, but never at night, and always alone.

"I had put an advertisement in the paper that the room was for rent at $2 a week, and the low figure attracted him. He said he was a traveler, and that, being in and out of town a good deal, he did not know when he would sleep there.

"I remember that once he brought a box here with a pair of shoes. My little girl asked him if it was a doll. He laughed and said—No." But he came a day or two later with a handsome doll, which he gave to her. The man looked like the pictures of Schmidt, but I could not be sure unless I saw him face to face."

Schmidt admitted last night that he had loaned $300 to Muret and taken his I. O. U. for it, but said the loan was made in April of the present year. When told that the note had the date of April, 1911, he said it must have been accidentally misdated. Both Schmidt and Muret insist that their acquaintance is only of ten months' duration.

Muret May Be Schmidt's Cousin.

Inspector Faurot, however, still insists that they are near kin. Their facial likeness and the fact that a picture of Muret bore the imprint of a photographer of Mainz, Germany, where Schmidt was a priest, support this belief, and it was strengthened yesterday by the receipt of telegrams from Aschaffenburg, Germany, the native town of Schmidt, that Muret is there believed to be Adolph Mueller, a cousin of Schmidt.

Alphonse G. Koelble, Schmidt's lawyer, yesterday asked his client where he had got the money to pay for the counterfeiting equipment, to lend $300 to Muret, and to rent several flats at the same time. Schmidt said that it was money which he had been accumulating for years. He said that Muret had borrowed the money to tide him over when his New Jersey real estate deals had pecuniarily inconvenienced him.

Schmidt refused to write any notes yesterday in reply to questions. He was sick on Wednesday night and required the attention of the Tombs physician. Yesterday he was feeling badly, he said, but, according to his lawyer, he showed more mental alertness and interest in his own situation than at any time since his arrest. Yesterday for the first time he read newspaper accounts of himself.

Attorney Koelble said yesterday that he was looking for an alienist who would serve free of charge as a witness for Schmidt.

"There is one point the prosecution should worry about a little," said Mr. Koelble. "They have not yet established the 'corpus delicti.' They have not yet the means of proving that the body in the morgue in Hoboken is that of the girl that Schmidt murdered.

"The identification of the girl by Mary Hirt is worth nothing. She did not remember seeing on Anna Aumuller the blue birthmark which is on the back of the body in the morgue. She could only say that a mole on the body resembled one she had seen on Anna Aumuller. Thousands of people have such moles."

May be Impersonating Schmidt.

Inspector Faurot mailed to the authorities in Hamburg, Germany, yesterday finger prints of Schmidt and Muret, with the request that it be determined if either has a criminal record. He said:

"I am at present investigating a report that Father Schmidt died, and that it was in the Tombs simply impersonated him. I am not at liberty at this time to tell the source of my information, but I consider that there is a strong warrant for the investigation."

Inspector Faurot refused to tell anything more about the letters found in possession of Schmidt and Muret. They form a large bundle.

District Attorney Whitman said that he thought the Coroner's inquest would be a long one, and that it would be impossible to place Schmidt on trial this month. Attorney Koelble said yesterday that the defense would not ask for a day's delay, and would be ready to proceed as soon as the prosecution was. He added that Schmidt did not appear to have a friend in the world.

MURET HUNTED FROM LONDON

Vera Harris Has Disappeared from Home There Since His Arrest.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—"Dr." Muret has been a fugitive from British justice since April 29, 1911, when, under the name of "Dr. Ernst Stein" and "Frances" he escaped a summons to answer a charge of falsely representing himself as a medical practitioner.

As Stein he was investigated by the British Medical Defense Association and ordered to appear before Magistrate De Ruthven at the Bow Street Court. Instead he sent a letter stating that he was suffering from influenza. A warrant for his arrest was then issued, but he has not since been within British jurisdiction.

Dr. Bateman, Secretary of the Defense Association, informed THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-day that Stein was also known to the association as Muret. From the end of 1910 to January, 1911, he was employed under the name of Stein by Hugo's Language Institute, at 64 Oxford Street, as a teacher of German. He had a good reference, but was dismissed for dishonesty in falsifying commission accounts for lessons given.

Illegally Practiced Medicine.

The managers of the school say they heard that he used the name of Muret; that after his dismissal he still said he was in their employ, and that shortly after he left them he was accused of practicing medicine without a license.

When employed at the Hugo establishment Muret boarded at 14 Downshire Hill, Hampstead, but the place has since changed owners and no record is available as to the name he used there.

Prior to working at Hugo's he had an office, using the name "A. Ernst," at 21 Compton Terrace, Upper Street, Islington, where a brass door sign read: "Modern School of Languages: the Only System by Which a Fair Knowledge of a Language Can Be Obtained in a Month. Lessons from One Shilling." He then boarded at 12 Dorset Square, where he was known as a doctor who was not practicing. At Compton Terrace he had few pupils and was apparently in needy circumstances.

From these addresses Muret was traced to 19 Westmoreland Place, a boarding house kept by a Mrs. Evans, who said she believed she saw him in London a few months ago. From there he was traced to Gloucester Chambers, Gloucester Street, Queen's Square, where he used the name Muret. The landlord there said he asserted he was employed at Hugo's. He was believed to be married.

A girl named Vera Harris, who may be the one whose letters were found in Muret's New York apartment, boards at 13 First Street, Chelsea, with her mother. Vera is 17 years old. The mother is about 36 years old and is good looking. Both are out of London. The landlord does not know the mother's first name. He says the couple have lived there two years. He believes the mother was a widow, as when she first arrived she seemed to be suffering great grief and said she had lost her husband.

The landlord does not know whether she received mail from America. He never heard the names Muret or Stein. Both mother and daughter are employed, he does not know where, but they departed on what they said was a fortnight's vacation last Monday and asked him the times of the trains for Dover. The mother gave no address, but left a card on the mantel reading, "12 Ship Street, Dover."

The police at Dover say there is no such street or any street of similar sound. The woman retained the rooms in Chelsea and left considerable belongings there.

Scotland Yard has received no request on the subject from the New York police. Officials there say they never directly investigated the doings of Stein, the entire prosecution being in the hands of the Medical Defense Association.

MURET SCHMIDT'S COUSIN?

German Friends of Family Believe That He Is Adolph Mueller.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.—Despite denials made by the relatives of Hans Schmidt that the murderer of Anna Aumuller and Dentist Muret are blood relations, persons who have known the family for years insist that Muret in all probability is Adolph Mueller, Schmidt's blood cousin. Schmidt's mother was born Gertrud Mueller. Schmidt and Mueller were close friends in Mainz, where both were interested in hypnotism and Spiritualism. They quarreled, and then Mueller left Mainz. It is supposed there that he went to America.

When interviewed to-day in Aschaffenberg by THE TIMES correspondent, Schmidt's father stated positively that the dentist Muret was not a brother of Hans. He has two other sons, but they are respectable Government employes in Germany. The father says that Hans was melancholy in his youth but diligent in his schoolwork, and acquitted himself well both in the priesthood and in the seminary. He never got into trouble, his father says, until he went to Munich, where the prosecuting authorities found that he was mentally unbalanced and turned him over to his father's care.

"Then," said the father, "he fled from the insane asylum where I put him and wandered to America in 1908. I received his last photograph only on Monday of this week, the very day the world was shocked by his terrible crime. The picture is inscribed 'In expectation of our happy reunion. I have God always before me.'

"While performing his offices as chaplain Hans once perpetrated a mad deed on the altar and in the sacristy. His mother and I always feared that something terrible would come from his mental condition. In our family in the past five years there have been four suicides and two attempts at self-destruction."

THINKS MURET AND HELD ONE

Chicagoan Identifies Him as a Doctor Who Swindled His Friends.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 18.—Unless the identification made here to-day from a photograph is false, the Ernest Muret now in the Tombs Prison with Father Hans Schmidt is no other than the "Dr. Arnold Held" who four years ago practiced medicine at 476 North Clark Street and at 1,233 North Clark Street, Chicago. Paul Valy, a notary public, of 721 Briar Place identified a photograph of the New York prisoner. He added that Muret was wanted in Germany for alleged fraudulent banking methods.

Valy asserted that "Dr. Held" was at one time a close friend of his. "He came to me for an affidavit of identification," said Valy. "He brought with him his photograph. So, you see, I would recognize his photographed like-ness as quickly as I would him in the flesh. He always seemed a most pleasant gentleman and acted as physician for my family as well as for a number of my friends.

"He gave no one his confidence, so far as I could learn. I suppose, from what we have learned of him lately, that is not surprising. Once he came to me and said he had received information that called for his immediate presence in Hamburg, Germany. He asked for letters of introduction. I gave him letters to a relative and some friends. Later I learned that he had opened a bank, and still later that the bank had failed under circumstances that were irregular."

Mrs. Valy, who has wealthy relatives in Hamburg, also wrote letters of recommendation in behalf of "Dr. Held." With two other men, according to information received lately by Valy through her aunt, Mrs. Caroline Falkenburg, a resident of Hamburg, "Dr. Held" started a bank in the German city. This later failed suddenly. "Dr. Held's" two partners were arrested, but he disappeared, and has not been heard of since by Chicago acquaintances.

Dr. William Schulze, President of the American College of Mechanico-Therapy, produced to-day a record of "Arnold Held's" attendance at that school. He studied there in 1908 and the Spring of 1909.

A picture of Muret was to-night shown to Dr. Schulze. He expressed himself as positive that it was a likeness of the man he knew under the name of "Held."

"Held came to our school in the Winter of 1908, and I heard his application," said Dr. Schulze. "He said he was a physician and that he had been graduated from the Gymnasium at Konigsberg, Germany.

"He was a brilliant man and one of our best students. He got his certificate of graduation on May 18, 1909, and we never heard from him after that. He owed us a balance on his tuition fee and the many letters sent to him were returned unclaimed."

Muret or "Held" also appears to have taken a portion of a course in criminal law at the La Salle Extension University, 2,717 South Michigan Boulevard, for he was enrolled as a student of the institution on Jan. 15, 1912, and is still on the books. After a preliminary payment of $20, which entitled him to receive a library containing works of reference, several of which dealt directly with criminal procedure, Dr. Muret ceased interest in his studies. In his application to the school Dr. Muret gave his address as 301 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York.

DENVER RECOGNIZES SCHMIDT.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 18.—Government officials here have positively established the fact that counterfeit money made in New York by Hans Schmidt was passed here in June by a man whose description tallies closely with that of the priest. The Schmidt counterfeits were circulated in Chicago and Kansas City about the same time.

The spurious $10 and $20 notes were passed on Denver people by a man five feet ten inches in height, whose left shoulder sagged, whose cheek bones were prominent, and who was fairly stout, with black hair and dark complexion. The man was slow in motion and speech.

Denver officers are almost positive Schmidt was here in June and have telegraphed to the New York Police Department to learn if he was out of New York in that month.

GO TO
Atlantic City
SUNDAY, September 21
Round $2.50 Trip
SPECIAL TRAIN LEAVES
New York, Pennsylvania Station....7.05 A. M.
Hudson Terminal.....7.00 A. M.
Jersey City .....7.09 A. M.
Newark (Market Street) .....7:27 A. M.
Elizabeth .....7:37 A. M.
New Brunswick .....8.00 A. M.
RETURNING
Leave Atlantic City.....7.00 P. M.
Tickets good only on special train in each direction.
Pennsylvania R. R.

BLOOMINGDALES.
QUEEN'S APPROVAL

is never granted to the bizarre, and London society does not expect to see the exaggerated slit or outre minaret skirt appear in Buckingham Palace in this reign. The skirt worn by the lady in the picture is shown in Bloomingdales' because fashion wills it, and along with it are all the manifold fancies in women's apparel for Fall and Winter,

TAX DAY, OCT. 1ST

You are taxed upon the money you have in bank on Oct. 1st.

BUY TAX EXEMPT GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES and you will be relieved of this burden.

We have first mortgages on New York City property netting 5 per cent. and a few netting 5½ per cent.

New York Mortgage & Security Co.
Clinton R. James, President
135 Broadway, New York
Capital and Surplus.....$3,500,000

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions are their Low Prices

Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

A propos de la Mode du Jour

Copy of Suzanne Talbot's Chapeau Vivienne de Creil.

One of the greatest milliners of Paris was asked how long it would take to learn the millinery business thoroughly. She answered that she could not tell as she *"only started 15 years ago"*.

It takes years of careful study and the application of artistic temperament to be able to produce numbers of Hats of genuine merit and *chic*.

You will find a few Hats of good lines and taste in almost any shop.

There are few places in town where the overwhelming majority of Hats are flawless as to style, becomingness and careful handiwork.

OUR NEW MILLINERY SALONS—under the direction of a "Paris-trained" expert—will prove to you that it is possible to show a large variety of Chapeaux (over a thousand) and to keep them all up to the highest standard of originality, refinement and good taste.

And, what is quite as meritorious, at prices that permit a woman to buy several Hats a season.

Second Floor, 34th St.

TO PACIFIC COAST $55

Lackawanna Railroad

TICKET OFFICES:
Broadway Cor. Wall St.
" Howard St.
" 28th St.
" 42nd St.

Monday.

The man who advertises his "Want" in The New York Times on Monday places himself right in line for a banner week of returns. Monday is the day of the revival of activity in the business and domestic world. It is a good day for advertising. Try a Want advertisement next Monday.

BY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

ALL LONDON TRAFFIC MAY BE TIED UP

Men Not Satisfied with Concession Originally Demanded —Conference Fails.

NO NATIONAL STRIKE YET

Railway Union's Executive Board Fails to Order It.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Despite the intervention of the Lord Mayor, which led to the concession by the Tillings Omnibus Company of the right of the men to wear union badges, a general strike of the London traction employes is still imminent on the clear-cut issue of recognition of the union.

Explaining the failure of a conference held at the Mansion House to-day, Ben Smith, the organizer, said at a meeting of the strikers to-night:

"We are preparing to stop every passenger-carrying vehicle in London before we will lose the fight. Tillings will come first; then the General Omnibus Company, then the tubes, and after that, if we are forced to it, the street cars."

The strikers declare that the Tillings Company's concessions with regard to wearing badges are not enough, that the union must be recognized, and the grievances with reference to wages and hours adjusted.

Mass meetings of employes of the omnibus companies have been called for to-morrow night. The Tillings service was badly crippled to-day and will probably be suspended to-morrow.

The recent amalgamation of the London underground railways and tubes and omnibuses and privately owned street car companies forms one of the most powerful traction combinations in existence. The unionizing of the employes of these interests has proceeded with equal success. Therefore the execution of a general strike order means the practical stoppage of all passenger-carrying traffic except the municipal street cars. Even the municipal employes might join in a sympathetic strike.

The failure of the Executive Board of the National Railway Union either to indorse or to repudiate the strike of the freight handlers has relieved the danger of a national railroad strike for the moment, but this action has brought about a worse situation at both Liverpool and Birmingham.

A report circulated at Birmingham to-day that the governing body of the union had indorsed the demand for a national strike was hailed by the strikers there with wild delight. This turned to intense anger when a denial of the report was received. The strikers adopted a resolution condemning the Executive and reiterating their demand for a national strike.

The freight paralysis at Birmingham is affecting other points in the Midlands. The London & North Western Railway is not accepting any freight for Birmingham.

Negotiations between the strikers and the railway officials at Liverpool are suspended because the latter declined to discuss the refusal of the men to handle goods from Dublin. The companies will reinstate the men only on condition that they handle all freight without discrimination.

In Dublin more firms closed down to-day. What little work was done at the docks was under police protection. Profiting by the experience of yesterday's riots, the authorities diverted the street cars from the routes followed by the processions of strikers. Many strikers are on the verge of starvation, and the belief is becoming general that the workmen will be starved into submission. The opposition of the Catholic clergy to the Transport Workers' Union is growing.

James Larkin, the leader of the union, denies the reports of threatened starvation and asserts that food and coal are being sent to the strikers in increasing quantities from England and Scotland. The situation is becoming graver in Manchester. If the carters fulfil their threat to strike the traffic of the port will come to a complete standstill.

The only item to the credit of industrial peace to-day was an agreement on the basis for a settlement of the London building trades strike.

DUBLIN, Sept. 18.—The strike of the transport workers here is believed by some observers to indicate the birth throes of an Irish Labor Party, destined to wipe out many of the traditional lines of cleveage in the political, religious, and industrial life of Ireland.

The master mind of the carmen's side of the controversy, James Larkin, is a picturesque character, who imbibed his union principles while working in steel mills in the United States. When he began his work of organizing transport labor in Ireland he found practically a virgin field for his efforts. Larkin is not even an Irishman, having begun his career at the Liverpool docks. He believes in Continental and American methods of conducting strikes, and has no sympathy with the Nationalist aspirations which are so dear to the hearts of many of his followers.

He had little patience with the slow and conservative methods introduced into Ireland by men who had obtained their labor union training in England, so he soon broke from these leaders and proceeded to organize the transport workers of Dublin on the basis of similar organizations in the United States. His efforts met with bitter opposition from the employers.

The leader of the capitalists in the Dublin fight, William M. Murphy, was formerly a Nationalist Member of Parliament for Dublin and is a man of extensive financial interests. He resisted the strike with uncompromising vigor, and the other capitalists of Dublin joined him to a man. He believes in fighting fire with fire, and his favorite weapon is a lockout of every laborer believed to have connection with the Transport Workers' Union.

The old rallying cries incident to the question of home rule were forgotten when the strike began, and Nationalist Catholics and anti-home rule Orangemen found themselves allied on one side against a similar alignment on the other.

Larkin is boycotted by all the Irish press and by several of the powerful organizations which put home rule above everything else, but in spite of this opposition he has rallied about him a force which promises to develop into a political party.

Should home rule for Ireland become an actuality far-seeing Irish politicians believe the new Government will find a fresh alignment of parties, organized on the basis of economic differences instead of, as hitherto, the sharply divided Protestants and Catholics, Nationalists and Orangemen.

DUBLIN SCHOOLBOYS STRIKE.

Books Supplied by Firm Objectionable to Transport Workers.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

DUBLIN, Sept. 18.—Schoolboys to-day engaged in a "sympathetic strike" on behalf of the Dublin strikers.

A number of scholars of the Pro-Cathedral Catholic school, in the middle of the city, struck work this morning, and, with cheers for Larkin, the strike leader, made a demonstration outside the school. The masters closed the doors and kept in the scholars already inside, but the young strikers smashed windows and tried to get into the school by scaling the back wall.

Parents came running up to the school, and the police were sent for and ended the disturbance.

The books used at the school are supplied by a firm with which the Transport Workers' Union has a quarrel.

KAISER BUYS CANADA LAND.

He and Other Eminent Germans Obtain British Columbia Property.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.—THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent understands that the Kaiser has become an extensive investor in land in Vancouver and elsewhere in British Columbia. His reported investments are purely personal.

Other eminent Germans are said to have followed the Emperor's example and to have purchased land in British Columbia, chiefly farming and forest land. The business has been carried on for them by Count von Alvensleben, who lived in Vancouver for several years and interested wealthy fellow-countrymen in what has been called "a region of unlimited possibilities."

Several German syndicates are conducting an active propaganda for the investment of funds in property in British Columbia.

JAPAN ENVOY GOES OVER BRYAN'S HEAD

Viscount Chinda Visits the President to Urge Reply to Alien Land Bill Protest.

STIRS RUMOR OF FRICTION

Bryan's Trips Blamed in Some Quarters for Delaying the Negotiations—Moore Also Away.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Viscount Chinda, the Japanese Ambassador, had a conversation with President Wilson to-day regarding the controversy between the two Governments over the anti-Japanese land law enacted by the California Legislature.

While an Ambassador, as the personal representative of his sovereign, has the right to go to the head of the nation to which he is accredited, interviews between the President of the United States and Ambassadors of foreign countries on pending diplomatic questions are unusual, and for that reason the Japanese Ambassador's call at the White House has attracted considerable attention here.

There were reports that the Ambassador visited the President because from the Japanese viewpoint his intercourse with Secretary Bryan had not been satisfactory. For a week or more it has been said that Mr. Bryan's frequent absences from the Capital had interfered with the progress of the negotiations between Japan and the United States. To-day, however, it was denied that any dissatisfaction with Mr. Bryan had been responsible for the action of Viscount Chinda in going to the White House.

After the conference it was authoritatively announced that the interview had been entirely satisfactory and that the President had let the Ambassador know that as soon as possible Secretary Bryan would respond to the latest Japanese note which was delivered at the State Department several weeks ago It has been reported here that Japan was impatient over the failure of Mr. Bryan to answer this note and was pressing for a reply.

It is believed that the explanation of the Government's failure to answer the note is due to the absence of John Bassett Moore, the Counsellor of the State Department, who is on a vacation.

No Harm in Present for Manuel.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LISBON, Sept. 18.—The box containing a wedding present for ex-King Manuel which has been detained by the customs officials was opened this morning in the presence of the Custom House Director. He found the contents to be a jewel box in the shape of a sixteenth century ship. The jewel case was handed back to its owners free of duty, to be sent in the first Royal Mail steamer leaving here for England.

Japanese Airman's Escape.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

TOKIO, Sept. 18.—Lieut. Takeda was descending after a flight in a Maurice biplane at the aerodrome at Tokorozawa this morning when an explosion occurred. The machine caught fire and was soon ablaze, but it landed safely. The airman was burned, but not seriously. The machine was destroyed.

PEARL NECKLACE IN COURT.

Crowd at Bow Street at Hearing of Case Against Alleged Thieves.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The celebrated stolen pearl necklace was produced at the Bow Street Police Court to-day at the hearing of the case against the four men charged with the robbery. It was produced from a small brown bag and was admired by the crowd which thronged the court and handled affectionately by Max Mayer, the owner. No word of how it came to be there was offered.

After the identification of the necklace Mr. Spanier described his negotiations for the purchase of three of the pearls. He stated that his instructions were not to purchase the whole necklace, but only three pearls forming part of it. He offered this as an explanation of why, when the pearls were produced for his inspection, he gave no information to the police.

A long queue waited for admission to the court from an early hour in the morning. Several messenger boys reserved places for those either unable or unwilling to wait themselves.

POST WHEELER GUILTLESS.

Italian Minister Exonerates Diplomat on Gasoline Import Accusation.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, Sept. 18.—Reports from Washington, which say that Post Wheeler, Secretary of the American Embassy here, is accused of violating the rules regarding gasoline which the Italian Government admits free of duty to diplomatists, have caused much surprise in Rome.

The Italian Minister of Finance, concerned with the question, has exonerated Wheeler from even the smallest infraction of the law.

Mr. Wheeler received in September, 1912, from the Ministry of Finance a warrant, permitting him to import fifty quintals of gasoline. He has data on how much he consumed each month and still possesses nearly half the amount of gasoline allowed, while Ambassador O'Brien, with a less powerful automobile, consumed about fifty quintals monthly.

The Ambassador has himself cabled to the department in Washington, asserting that Wheeler is guiltless in this matter.

NEW PLAY BY H. A. JONES.

"Mary Goes First" Another Satire on the Middle Classes.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—"Mary Goes First," a new play by Henry Arthur Jones, was produced at the Playhouse to-night.

According to the critics, the play is not one of Mr. Jones's best, but it is certainly one of his most ingenious productions. The theme is very slight, but is cleverly spread over four acts, with many amusing situations, keeping the audience in a continuous ripple of laughter. The piece is a typical Jonesian satire on the hypocrisy and snobbishness of provincial society.

Marie Tempest gave a fine performance in the rôle of Mary.

TRIBUTE TO F. R. BENSON.

Sure to be Welcomed Here, Sir Sidney Lee Tells Actor at Luncheon.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—A striking tribute to F. R. Benson's popularity as a Shakespearean actor was given to-day when representatives of the church, literature, and the stage entertained him at luncheon prior to his departure for his Canadian and American tour. The Duke of Connaught and Ambassador Page sent appreciatory messages.

Sir Sidney Lee in a speech assured Mr. Benson that he would be warmly welcomed in the United States, and that American men and women had often told him that while they found poetry wearisome and distasteful they never tired of Shakespeare, in whose works they were always discovering rich and rare fruit.

Sir Johnson Forbes Robertson said Mr. Benson was going as "the ambassador of the Shakespeare lovers of the Old World to those of the United States and Canada."

GETS COLOMBIAN OIL FIELD.

Canadian Syndicate Controls Over 1,200 Square Miles of Territory.

BOGOTA, Sept. 18.—The control of a petroleum field over 1,200 square miles in extent in Colombia has been obtained by the Colombian Syndicate, Limited, of Canada.

¶ If you have $100 to $1000 or more earning less than six per cent. interest, write us to-day.

¶ Just ask for Booklet 1.

NEW YORK REAL ESTATE SECURITY CO.
Assets over $17,000,000
42 BROADWAY NEW YORK

Come and See our New Fall Styles in

Suits and Overcoats

1913-14

$15 to $45

Worth Ten Dollars More

You Save Wholesaler's Profits

The whole force of our many years of experience as **shrewd fabric buyers** and fashionable tailors for **particular men,** appears in the new fall and winter styles now on exhibition in our stores. It **costs** nothing to see them and when you buy you will **never regret it.**

Positively the *newest* patterns in New York today—cheviots, worsted serges—in English cut lined and unlined models displaying an unusual degree of *fine workmanship*—at wonderfully *low prices.*

Last 2 Days

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

"Schedule K" Sale

Fine Woolens Tailored to Your Measure

Suits and Overcoats

That sold at $35, $40, $45, now

$26.50

Smith Gray & Co.

NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST
5TH AVENUE ABOVE 27TH ST.

4 STORES

BROOKLYN
FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV.
BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-66-68 FIFTH AVENUE 46th & 47th STS.

The Vogue of Fur Trimming is fully exemplified in the wide scope of Fur-trimmed models on display throughout this establishment—

We have eliminated the too-much popularized styles, and present ONLY individual effects for the woman of discriminating taste.

Fur-trimmed Suits—a wonderful range of models in newest French styles and adaptations; of velvet, corduroy, suede-cloth, velour de laine, duvetyn, etc., trimmed with skunk, raccoon, fitch, leopard, mole and seal. *$58, $65, $85, $95, up*

Fur-trimmed Coats & Wraps—Motor, Street, Afternoon and Evening Styles, of velour de laine, chenille-velour, pluche-de-laine, broadtail-cloth, English corduroy, velvet, brocaded textures and metal-cloths—
Fur-trimmed Cloth Coats, $58, $65, $85, up. Velvets & Brocades, $65 to $575

Fur-trimmed Gowns & Dresses—Day and evening styles, of broadcloth, peau de peche, velvet, charmeuse, chiffon and metal tissues. *$55, $75, $95, $125, up*

Fur-trimmed Hats—Chic Parisian effects in Tailleur Hats of velvet or peau de peche, trimmed in skunk, fitch, raccoon, brindicke, dyed mole and all leading furs. *$20, $25, up*

Furs trimmed in contrasting fur—Handsome combination styles in Coats, Coatees, Sets and Separate Pieces; in combinations of seal-with-ermine, seal-with-fitch or fox, broadtail-with-chinchilla, brindicke with seal, and many other combinations of black, with white or colored furs.

Andrew Alexander

School Shoes

Boys and girls completely outfitted with shoes for school and college. Our salespeople are competent to assist in making selections and our force is large enough to ensure quick service. Prices are reasonable.

Sixth Avenue
At Nineteenth St.

548 Fifth Avenue
Above Forty-fifth Street

STERN BROTHERS

Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

Motor and Carriage Entrance on Forty-third Street

Superior Clothes for Men and Young Men

ON THE FOURTH FLOOR—SIXTH AVENUE SECTION

comprising all the favored weaves and colorings for Autumn, faultlessly tailored, in styles to meet varying tastes and physical proportions. Suits range from $20.00 to 40.00. Fall Overcoats from $25.00 to 40.00.

As a Special Offering, we have arranged for To-day and Saturday

New Fall Suits, for Men and Youths, in conservative and English Sack Models, of the latest weaves and colors, lined with silk, serge or mohair, sizes 32 to 48 in regular or stout proportions. Actual $30.00 to 32.50 Values, **$24.50**

Men's Hats are shown in correct Fall styles for all occasions at popular prices

Another Exceptional Value for To-day and Saturday:

Men's and Youths' London Cloth Caps, of soft English Tweeds, in a variety of checks and mixtures, $1.50 to 3.00 Values, **95c, 1.85**

Men's Shoe Department - (Fourth Floor)

Particular attention has been given to our line of Men's Shoes at **$5.00**

At this popular price are offered many styles in Dress and Walking Shoes of Patent Leather, Wax Calf, Black and Tan Russia Calf, also Tan English Grain Leather, designed after the latest custom lasts.

The department is prepared to meet every demand for fine footwear, including Dancing Pumps, Dress Shoes, Riding Boots, Sport Shoes, House Slippers, Etc., at prices exceptionally reasonable.

School and Theatrical Trunks - (Fourth Floor)

The following Attractive Values are offered for To-day:

School Trunks, made in three sizes—32, 36 and 40 inch; keratol covered, hickory slats, fibre bound and riveted throughout; two trays, the top a hat compartment with removable hat crown, choice of sizes, at **$15.00**

Theatrical Trunks, B B. & B. make—recognized by the profession all over the world as the best. Size range begins at 24 inch, at **12.50**
Add $1.00 for every two inch increase, making the 40 inch size $20.50
No extra charge for marking.

"Innovation" Wardrobe Trunks, all styles, 45 inches high, (within Interstate Commerce ruling) **$25.00, 45.00, 65.00, 75.00**

Kodaks and Supplies

ON THE FOURTH FLOOR

We have complete lines of Eastman Kodaks and Supplies, "Graflex" and "Premo" Cameras, and are prepared to fill all requirements of professional as well as amateur photographers.

Orders for Developing and Printing executed at lower than usual prices, all work guaranteed.

3a Folding Pocket Kodak, 3¼x5½, **20.00**
Photo Album, seal cover, 7x11 ins., **1.50**
Daylight Developing Tanks, 2.50 to 6.00

Athletic Goods Dep't

ON THE FOURTH FLOOR

Offers a full assortment of standard Athletic Goods, including Men's Sweaters, Gymnasium Suits, Footballs and Accessories, Boxing Gloves, Punching Bags, Exercisers, Roller Skates, Tennis and Golf Supplies.

In our Golf Section we specialize

Drivers and Brassies, at $2.25 to 3.00
Irons, " 2.00 " 2.50
Golf Bags, " 1.75 " 8.00

Arnold Constable & Co.

STORE OPEN TILL 6 P. M. DAILY.

Sale of Men's Fall Shirts

To-Day (Friday) and Saturday

We place on sale two special lots of Silk and Taffeta Flannel Shirts —the most practical kinds for Fall wear. Exquisite in quality and strictly tailor made—perfect in shape and every detail.

NEW FALL SILK SHIRTS—An entirely new and choice lot just from the factory. Unusually neat designs on white grounds. A firm and crisp pure silk shirting suitable for year round use. *Regularly* $5.00 **2.95**

FALL TAFFETA FLANNEL SHIRTS—Most comfortable shirt for all round use. Recreation or for business wear. Regular shirting designs produced in a light-weight non-shrinkable flannel. All sizes. *Regularly* $2.50 *and* $3.00 **1.65**

Men's All Silk Umbrellas

A special lot of 150 Umbrellas of good weight, close rolling, with imported handles in Natural or Sterling Silver trimmed; many Prince of Wales handles. *Regularly* $4.00 **2.50**

Special Sale of Women's Glace Gloves

An entirely new stock, perfectly selected skins of unusually fine grades at the following very special prices:

20 BUTTON LENGTH—White only. . . . *Value* $4.50 *pair* **3.25**
16 BUTTON LENGTH—White only. . . . *Value* $3.75 *pair* **2.65**
16 BUTTON LENGTH—White only. . . . *Value* $3.00 *pair* **1.95**

Broadway & 19th Street

STUDENT DELEGATES HEAR PEACE PLEAS

A Remarkable Cosmopolitan Gathering at Dinner to Foreign Visitors.

MANY LANDS REPRESENTED

Japanese Student Tells How Dependent His Countrymen Are on America for Comfort.

More than 300 persons, including many women, attended the dinner given at the Hotel Astor last night in honor of the foreign members of the Eighth International Congress of Students, by the Board of International Hospitality of the New York Peace Society. This body had the co-operation of the Alliance Francaise, the American Scandinavian Society, the German-American Peace Society, the Japan Society, the Mexico Society, the Pan-American Society, the Verein Alter Deutscher Studenten in Amerika, and the Verein Deutscher Schriftsteller in Amerika.

The dinner was said to be one of the most cosmopolitan gatherings ever held in this country. Among the guests of honor present were student delegates from Argentina, Bohemia, Brazil, British India, China, Cuba, Denmark, England, Germany, Guatemala, Hungary, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Peru, Porto Rico, Russia, Siam, South Africa, Spain, Switzerland, and the United States.

Prof. William M. Sloane of Columbia University acted as toastmaster, in place of State Commissioner of Education John H. Finley who was unable to be present. Among those who spoke a good word for the brotherhood of nations were William Frederick Dix, Chairman of the Board of International Hospitality of the New York Peace Society, who introduced the toastmaster; Dr. John Mez of Munich, President of the Central Committee of Corda Fratres, the International Federation of Students; M. A. Munoz of Porto Rico, Secretary of the Central Committee of Corda Fratres; N. B. Langdon-Davies, M. A., of Cambridge, representing the International Polity Club and the Garton Foundation; Jiuji G. Kasai of Japan, Secretary of the Chicago Cosmopolitan Club; Dr. Suh Hu of China, President of the Cornell Cosmopolitan Club; Hamilton Holt, editor of The Independent; Walter A. Berendsohn of Germany, representing the Independent Students' Movement of Germany; and Dr. George W. Nasmyth of Ithaca, member of the Central Committee of Corda Fratres, and Director of the International Bureau of Students.

The north ballroom of the Hotel Astor, in which the dinner was held, was decorated with the flags of almost all nations in honor of the foreign delegates, who represent 60,000 students, members of the world-wide Corda Fratres the International Federation of Students founded 15 years ago by an Italian student for the purpose of promoting world-wide brotherhood among students with its corollary of world-wide peace.

These foreign delegates, 208 in number, had attended the Congress of Students held at Cornell University from Aug. 29 to Sept. 3. In addition to the Congress at Ithaca, their itinerary included a visit to Boston and other New England points, a trip on the Hudson River, visits to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Philadelphia and Washington, and finally a few days of sightseeing in New York.

Hamilton Holt, who outlined for the benefit of the foreign delegates the chief problems now facing the people of the United States, said in part:

"There are four great problems of vital interest. The first is the economic problem—the just distribution of wealth. The second is the woman problem—the new relation of woman or the relation of the new woman to the home, politics, eugenics and all that sort of thing. And the third is the race problem, the most insoluble of all our problems. The fourth is the problem of international peace. These problems must be solved by an appeal to justice.

"The peace movement is a movement for the substitution of law for war, not an anti-war but a pro-law movement, constructive not destructive. International law is to-day in the same state as private law in the tenth century. The best men of the United States in all walks of life belong to the peace movement. The last four Secretaries of State, Hay, Root, Knox and Bryan, have made their great records on their work for peace."

Dr. Mez of Munich, pleading for peace and the uplift of humanity, said:

"The human race is staggering under the heavy burden of armament. In Germany the cost of armament retards the social reforms so much needed there, and it is the same in France, and England, and Italy, and Austria. And it vitally concerns you of the United States, too. For the more money we in Germany spend for armament the less we can buy from you Americans. I firmly believe that the great uplift of humanity will come from the United States."

Mr. Munoz of Porto Rico first told of his great friendship for the United States, and then spoke rather bitterly of the way in which the United States had seized the Panama Canal strip.

"The Latin-Americans distrust you because you took Panama. That is the greatest cause for ill feeling between South and North America," he said.

Mr. Kasai of Japan pleaded for peace and friendship between his country and the United States, and for fair treatment of the Japanese here, protesting that the Japanese were a peaceful people and were bound by ties of friendship and gratitude to the United States, not to speak of strong commercial ties.

"To-morrow morning," he said, "my countrymen in Japan will rise from beds covered with sheets made from Texas cotton; for breakfast they will eat bread made from Minneapolis flour; they will eat fruit from California, eat salmon from the Columbia River, smoke tobacco from Virginia and Kentucky, and, finally, when they go to bed at night again their paths will be lighted by oil from Texas and electric lamps made in Schenectady.

"Stop this nonsensical war talk of demagogues and yellow journalists. Surely you will not deny us now fair play and justice. Thus may we be not enemies but friends."

After the dinner the foreign delegates and their friends attended a special performance of "When Dreams Come True," that began at midnight. They were guests of the author, Philip Bartholomae.

DOCTOR HAS HER ARRESTED

Neighbor Often Raps on Dividing Wall for 18 Hours, He Says.

The troubles between Mrs. Frances Babb of 337 Willis Avenue and Dr. Alfred Joseph of 335 Willis Avenue, the Bronx, culminated yesterday when the physician had his neighbor arrested on the charge of having annoyed him. She appeared before Magistrate Breen in the Morrisania Court and was released on her own recognizance for examination on Sept. 25.

According to the physician, when he applied for the summons, Mrs. Babb had been annoying him for two years by rapping on the wall which separates his home from hers. He said the rapping often began as early as 5 o'clock in the morning and continued until 11 o'clock at night. As witnesses to support his charge, Dr. Joseph had Herman Hoenes of 331 Willis Avenue and Louis Greenwald, a brother-in-law, who lives in the physician's home, appear. Both said that they heard the rapping at various times, and that it was annoying. The case was then adjourned for a week.

Reservoir Bursts, Floods Village.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Sept. 18.—A million and a half gallons of water from a collapsed reservoir rushed down one of the side streets of Pittston, near here, to-day, causing a small panic among the residents. The cellars of all the houses were flooded, but otherwise little damage was done and no one was hurt.

CAMPAIGN FUND LAW BROKEN, SAYS MANN

Republican Leader Presents a Resolution for an Inquiry Into Democratic Appeal.

MAJORITY SHELVES MOTION

But Party Foes Will Push for Investigation of Doremus's $100 Assessment Letter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Charging that the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee had violated the law when calling upon each Democratic Senator and Representative to contribute $100 for campaign purposes, Representative James R. Mann of Illinois, the Republican leader, caused a stir in the House to-day when he offered a resolution demanding an investigation.

Though taken by surprise, the Democrats stopped discussion of the matter by ordering the previous question on the resolution by a vote of 207 to 89, and then by a vote of 208 to 97 referring it to the Committee on the Election of President, Vice President, and Members of Congress. This was regarded by the Republicans as an attempt to bury the resolution, but they said they would not allow it to be sidetracked.

Representative Mann rose to a question of privilege, in offering the resolution, and as it has a privileged status under the rules it may be called up daily after the expiration of seven days without a report from the committee to which it has been referred.

The Mann resolution calls for the appointment of a special committee of seven to investigate and report to the House "whether any members of this House have been guilty of violating any of the provisions of the criminal code by soliciting or receiving or by being in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription, or contribution for any political purpose whatever from any person receiving any salary or compensation from moneys derived from the Treasury of the United States, and particularly members of this House, to the end that it may be ascertained whether the members of this House, constituting in part the law-making branch of the Government, are above the law."

The Mann resolution quotes the letter sent out by Representative Frank E. Doremus of Michigan, the new Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, which read as follows:

Washington, Sept. 15, 1913.

At a meeting of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee on Aug. 28, 1913, the following resolution, presented by Senator Thomas of Colorado, was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That an assessment of $100 be made on each Democratic member of the House and United States Senate, to be paid to the Chairman of the Congressional Committee, as follows: Twenty-five dollars at once, $25 on or before Jan. 1, 1914, balance on or before July 1, 1914."

The committee is in debt to the extent of nearly $4,000, and has no money in the treasury. The object of the foregoing resolution is to secure funds with which to pay the debts of the committee and begin the work of the approaching campaign. Checks should be made payable to the Hon. William G. Sharp, Treasurer, and handed to ——, member of the committee from your State, who will make return thereof to the Treasurer. The amount may be paid at once or in installments provided by the resolution. Trusting that you will favor the committee with an early payment, I beg to remain, very sincerely yours, FRANK E. DOREMUS.

Mr. Mann recited in his resolution that the new Criminal Code provided that no Senator or Representative "shall directly or indirectly solicit or receive or be in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription, or contribution for any political purpose whatever" from any person receiving any salary or compensation from moneys derived from the Treasury of the United States.

It was also pointed out that another section of the same code provided that no person should in any room or building occupied in the discharge of official duties by any officer or employer of the United States solicit or receive any contribution of money or other thing of value for any political purpose. Another section of the code provides that any person violating either of these sections shall be fined $5,000 or imprisoned not over three years, or both.

AUTO BANDITS CAUGHT.

Hold Up Motor Party and Shoot Sheriff, but Are Captured.

TOLEDO, Sept. 18.—Motoring from Toledo westward, Herman C. G. Luyties of St. Louis and five friends were held up by three men, armed with revolvers, in an automobile six miles east of Bryan, Ohio, at 12:30 this morning. The thieves secured $2,000 in cash, a gold purse carried by a woman in the party, several diamonds, and other jewelry.

The brigands drove away with the two cars, leaving the Luyties party in the road. They walked to a farm house and then were driven to Bryan, where they aroused Sheriff Samuel Weinland of Williams County. Following the tire tracks, Weinland found the two automobiles out of gasoline at a farm house. As he approached, Weinland was shot in the left arm and another bullet inflicted a flesh wound in his head. Both wounds were slight. He grappled with one man and arrested him. The prisoner gave his name as R. W. Duffy of Toledo. Two other suspects were taken later from a passenger train at Wauseon, Ohio.

With Luyties in the automobile which was held up were Charles Bye, St. Louis; W. E. Cregier, New York, and two women who gave their names as Mrs. Smith and daughter of St. Louis.

Two men were arrested later in the day at Montpelier by Sheriff Weinland and Deputy Sheriff Boone, who scoured the country in an automobile, and from them much of the plunder was recovered. This included two gold watches, one diamond ring valued at $500, $50 in cash, and other articles of jewelry. The prisoners confessed, and gave their names as Arthur Gerow, 20, of 1,216 Evergreen Avenue, New York, and William Justice, 20, of Philadelphia. They said the man who gave the name of Duffy was Robert Dwyer, 22, of New York.

DETROIT, Sept. 18.—A gray touring car, wrecked and unidentified, lying in a ditch fifteen miles south of Mount Clemens, with no traces of the party which drove wildly through Detroit early to-day exchanging revolver shots with the local police, has halted Detroit and Mount Clemens police officials in their attempt to apprehend the mysterious occupants of the car, at first believed to be the Bryan, Ohio, automobile bandits.

The automobile has not been identified, but with the reports of the apprehension of the Bryan robbers confirmed, the police now believe that the automobile carried a party of joy riders, perhaps with a stolen car, taking desperate chances to avoid arrest.

WOMAN FORGER SENTENCED

She Gets 4 Years in Auburn Prison —Thefts May Total $9,000.

Harriet Cohen, a stenographer, who on Saturday pleaded guilty to forgery in the second degree before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions, was sentenced yesterday to serve four years in Auburn Prison.

Judge Mulqueen has had the case under advisement for several days. An investigation disclosed that, although the prisoner was regarded as an efficient employe, she craved luxuries inconsistent with her income and forged indorsements to checks made out to her employers, the Standard Steam Specialty Company of 542 Broadway. It is said that her thefts may total $9,000.

KILLED IN BALCONY CRASH.

Albert Gates Meets Death in Olympic Country Club Building.

BABYLON, L. I., Sept. 18.—Albert Gates of Bay Shore was killed at the Olympic Country Club this afternoon when the balcony of the clubhouse gave way while he was standing upon it. He landed on his head on the ground below and fractured his skull. Dr. George F. King of Bay Shore was summoned, and although he resorted to the use of the pulmotor he was unable to revive the injured man.

Gates, who was 46 years of age, two weeks ago bought the furniture of the club when it disbanded, and he was to have sold the goods at auction on Monday. He went to the clubhouse to-day with his father-in-law to set things in order. He was in the act of removing a washstand from one of the rooms on the upper floor when he met his death.

ROBBERS KILL TWO IN JEWELRY STORE

Wound Another Fatally When He Refuses to Put Up His Hands—Murderers Escape.

SHOTS HEARD BY POLICEMEN

Many Persons Passing Shop Near Centre of Business District as Clerks Are Attacked.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 18.—Two robbers with revolvers in their hands entered the jewelry store of J. J. Thompson early to-night, commanded the clerks to put up their hands, and, when the employes refused, opened fire. John A. Thompson and Edward Smith fell dead, and Paul Townsend was wounded probably fatally. The bandits escaped.

The three victims were alone in the store when the robbers entered. Townsend, who was taken to a hospital, was able to tell the authorities only a few words concerning the tragedy.

The clerks were placing watches and jewels in their cases for the night when the men, masked, entered and demanded that Townsend, the watch repairer, raise his hands. Townsend refused, tried to grapple with the men, and was shot down. A bullet penetrated his neck. He believes the other employes then rushed to his aid and were killed.

The store is almost in the centre of the business district. Many persons passed it when the robbers were within. One passer-by informed the police that he heard three shots fired. Policemen were attracted by the shooting, but the robbers fled before they arrived.

EUGENE SPITZ ARRESTED.

Alleged Fraud In Bankruptcy Petition—Grand Larceny Also Charged.

Eugene Spitz, head of the Security Credit Clearing Company of 135 Broadway, was arrested yesterday, first by Marshal Henkel on the charge of having attempted to defraud the United States and then by Detective Bottl of the Central Office on the charge of grand larceny. On the Federal charge Grand Jury proceedings were begun yesterday. On the other charge he was arraigned before Magistrate Nolan in the Jefferson Market Court, and held in $1,000 bail for examination next Wednesday.

It is charged that Spitz induced Joseph Lessler and Jansen & Delnick, creditors of Buchberg & Sons, furriers, to sign a paper in blank which then, it is charged, Spitz filled in a bankruptcy petition in due form over their names.

The grand larceny charge is based on an alleged looting of the assets of the fur firm in removing stock from the store.

SOUTH ASKS IMMIGRANTS.

New Association Would Turn the Tide of Aliens to New Orleans.

Headed by Senator Ransdell of Louisiana, a group of Southerners went to Ellis Island yesterday and inaugurated the Mississippi Valley Immigration Association. Their visit was the result of a conference held in New York on Wednesday, at which delegates from Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Texas, and Alabama and representatives of the Federal Immigration Department and of railroad and steamship lines discussed immigration and labor in the South.

The conference urged the Atlantic steamship lines to bring immigrants to New Orleans and determined to campaign against unreasonable restrictions on immigration. It also favored the reduction of the head tax. George H. Smith of New Orleans is President of the association, W. D. Maunger, Natchez, Miss., Vice President, and M. B. Trezevant, New Orleans, General Manager.

FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS

MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

You must get into a suit of our clothes to realize what value we have put into them, and the wear you will get out of our clothes will not be apparent until you are ready to get into another suit.

Style—tailored in by hand and based wholly upon a knowledge of what discerning men want, makes durable materials worth while.

Fall Suits

$18 to $50

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue

ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY — SUBWAY AT DOOR

Twenty-five dollars isn't much to spend for a suit

of clothes: when you come to know what first-class quality of materials and tailoring, and what restfulness of mind as to style that price commands, you'll almost think it isn't enough to pay.

Young men especially want smart style: and we have the style-problem so perfectly worked out, we advise any man to put his money, and himself into one of our $25 suits.

Go into any store that sells our goods: ask to see one of our $25 suits or overcoats: see yourself in it. You'll need only a few minutes to do it: and you'll be convinced.

We make clothes at $18 and $20 and at $30, $40, $50.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers

These good clothes for sale in New York by

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, Cor. 29th St.
246-248 West 125th St.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St.

STETSON HATS ONLY

Every style STETSON makes to select from

$3.50 to $20

ACKERMAN

The Stetson Hat Man

9 E. 23d St. Metropolitan Life Building

Also at 3d Ave., cor. 23d.

Let us give you a RESINOL Shaving Stick

trial size, free. Enough for a score of soothing, refreshing shaves. Dept. 11-F, Resinol, Baltimore.

GIMBELS

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. and Closes at 6 P. M.

Men Who Need Fall Clothes

Are Invited Particularly To See Today Two Exceedingly Remarkable Offerings:

The Fall Overcoats at $16.50

Silk-Lined Chesterfields in plain black and medium or dark Oxford gray. Silk or cloth facings. Regular sizes, 33 to 44; stouts, 37 to 48; shorts, 35 to 39; longs, 36 to 42.

Loose Boxy Overcoats for informal wear of handsome homespuns and smart cheviots with patch pockets and raglan or square shoulder.

You'll recognize these Coats as being all of $25 goodness.

The Fall Suits at $19.50

"That's *some* Suit for $19.50!" said our clothing expert in showing this excellent group to the advertiser. And indeed it is. Materials that would do credit to $30 suits (and are frequently found in them)—plain blacks, blue cheviots, plain grays, pin stripes, some mixtures. Tailoring of the kind that looks well at first and *stays* that way. Soft roll or straight lapels. Suits, in short, that are far better than their price indicates—we'll let you determine for yourself just *how* much. Fourth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

Take the Escalators

—To the upper merchandise floors. These moving stairways are always in motion. No waiting. Safe. Quick. Comfortable. Convenient. Step on at first floor, Broadway, Centre.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

On Sale To-day and To-morrow

Store opens at 8:30 A. M. and closes at 6 P. M. daily. New things are arriving daily from European and American markets.

Mens' Newest Fall Clothing

THERE ARE SEVERAL REASONS why **you** in particular should buy your Fall or Winter Suit and Overcoat at Macy's. One reason is that the Macy high standard protects you—you are **sure** of the best in cut, fit, finish, and fabric, because no other clothing is allowed to gain entrance here. Another reason is that you save from $6.00 to $10.00 on each purchase. There are yet other reasons—such as breadth of choice, convenience of selection, etc.—but come and judge for yourself.

Fifth Floor, Broadway.

The Overcoats ——Are silk-lined to edge of lapel (*as shown*) and are of the quality that costs $25.00 elsewhere. The material is a fine Oxford grey or black unfinished worsted. Some are silk-lined to the front edge and some to the edge of facing. The lapels are the English soft roll and the backs semi-shaped, with open vent. The Coats are strictly hand-tailored, and in cut and appearance are both smart and conservative.

Suits $19.75 Overcoats

At the same price, *$19.75*, are included a quantity of Priestley's "Cravenetted" Raincoats in tan, grey, and black.

The Suits ——Are designed for men and young men along the lines of the smartest and newest American and English clothes. Some exceptionally neat models have long, soft rolling lapels and natural shoulders, and are semi-fitting. Other styles follow the more conservative lines of the popular 3-button sack. The fabrics include fancy mixed worsteds, cassimeres, tweeds, etc., in tan, black, blue, mixtures, and in pencil stripes and club checks.

There are all sizes from 33 to 44 for men of normal build, and from 38 to 48 for men of exceptionally robust physique.

For those who have hardly yet attained the title of "young man," we offer

Boys' and Youths' Suits, $12.75

which are designed along the lines popular with their elders. For young fellows of 16 to 20. There is a wide variety awaiting selection, including some very smart all-wool cassimeres, cheviots and blue serges.

MEN'S OPEN-END CRAVATS AT 48c — Main Floor, 35th St.

Just the quality that costs 55c to 65c in other stores. Of plain silk, silk repp, faille silk, etc., in choice of 25 colors. Also at the same price, the new velvet ties. Finer qualities at *98c, $1.44, $1.98* and *$2.44*.

MEN'S COAT SHIRTS AT 94c — Main Floor, 35th St.

Negligee style, of satin striped and corded madras. Neat stripe effects in tan, blue, helio, etc. All sizes 14 to 17, and sleeve lengths 34 to 35. Laundered cuffs. Finer qualities in stock at *$1.44* and *$1.98*, and in silk at *$2.89* and up to the finest at *$4.96*.

MEN'S BLANKET ROBES AT $2.48 — Main Floor, 35th St.

Light, medium, and heavy weights in figured downy blanketing. Cut in choice of robe or coat style, and colored maroon, blue, green, brown, and Oxford. Warm and absorbent enough to use as bath robes, and good enough for lounging robes. Finer qualities at *$3.96* and up to *$10.48*.

MEN'S DOMET PAJAMAS AT 94c — Main Floor, 35th St.

Cut full and roomy, and made of an extremely soft and downy, yet durable, fabric. Just the proper weight for Fall and Winter. Colors are stripes of pink, blue, grey, and brown. All sizes—A, B, C, and D. Finer qualities in regular stock up to *$1.44*.

MEN'S WORSTED UNDERWEAR AT (ea.) $1.49 — Main Floor, Centre.

Shirts and Drawers of exceptionally fine wearing quality, and in the right weight for Fall and Winter. Neatly trimmed and containing about 70% of the finest Australian wool yarn. Long-sleeved Shirts and ankle-length Drawers. Other qualities as low as *74c* the garment and up to *$5.96*.

MEN'S CASHMERE HOSE AT 19c — Main Floor, Centre.

Of very fine medium-weight Cashmere, with durable merino heel and toe. Exceptionally good wearing Hose. Made with the desirable elastic tops. Just the right weight for Fall wear. Finer qualities in regular stock at *24c, 33c* and up to *49c* the pair.

SHOOTING and Sport CLOTHES—at SAVINGS

The season is just about to open, and Macy's is prepared with comprehensive stocks of Clothes and other accessories for the great out-of-doors. *We list here* a few specific instances only of Macy low prices, but our Fifth Floor, Centre, shows hundreds of others.

Waterproof Canvas Shooting Coats, $3.74 — The well-known "Neptune" brand. Corduroy collar and cuffs, reinforced shoulders, and large game pockets. Pants to match, *$2.49*.

Khaki-lined Shooting Coats of Corduroy, $2.97 — Reinforced shoulders and full size pockets. Pants to match, *$2.49*.

Shower-proof Khaki Shooting Coats, $1.89 — Close-woven fabric. Corduroy collar and cuffs. Inside and outside pockets. Pants to match, *$1.89*.

Heavy All-wool Shirts of Flannel, $1.89 — Made with the convenient breast pocket. Grey and brown. Finer qualities in heavier weights at *$2.24* and up to *$3.49*.

Canvas Leggins of 12-Oz. Army Duck, 89c — Very durable and to a large extent waterproof. Tough enough to withstand thorn and underbrush.

Shooting Caps of Corduroy, 74c — Cut on narrow lines to fit close to the head. Grey, warm, mercerized lining.

Reversible Shooting Jackets, $4.96 — One side leather, the other corduroy. Rainproof and durable. Black. Similar Coats in tan, *$7.74*.

Newest Heavy All-Wool Mackinaws, $5.94 — Suitable for shooting, motoring, and out-of-doors in general. Colors are red, brown, blue and grey, in checks and stripes. Finer ones up to *$11.74*.

GOLFERS' Wants At Typical Macy SAVINGS

Visit Macy's completely equipped and recently rearranged Golfing Supplies Department on the Fifth Floor, Centre. Dozens of needfuls at savings, that we do not list here.

Scotch Golf Clubs Made by Gibson, $2.49 — An excellent make by a well-known maker. All models and kinds. A few are *$3.49*.

"Slazenger" Golf Clubs (Irons), $1.74 — Well known and reliable. The Drivers and Brassies are *$1.98*.

Macy's "Thistle" Golf Clubs, $1.39 — Made specially for us and not obtainable elsewhere. Irons, Drivers, and Brassies.

"St. Mungo Remade" Golf Balls, (doz.), $3.96 — Better grades in stock, including Spalding's "Red Dot," King and Queen Bee, at (doz.) *$3.94*, and Spalding's "Glory Dimple," "Midget," "Domino" and "Arch Colonel," at (doz.) *$8.89*.

Leather-trimmed Canvas Caddy Bags, $1.98 — Of the quality sold elsewhere for $2.50. Finer qualities up to those of tooled leather at *$34.75*.

NEWEST in MEN'S HATS For Fall and Winter

Macy's Men's Hat Department has recently removed to far larger and more commodious quarters in the Men's Shop, Main Floor, 35th Street. More Hats and better Hats than ever before—and now within 30 seconds of Broadway. We mention two Hats only in detail.

Men's Soft "Mixture" Hats for Every Day, $1.98 — Brown, black, hunter's grey, or Oxford. Very smart. Can be worn in either Alpine or crush shapes.

Young Men's Soft Finish Felt Hats, $2.97 — Medium brim and crown. Colors are brown, Oxford, olive, and grey. The sort of Hat that costs $3.50 elsewhere.

Soft and Stiff Hats in regular stock in full assortment and in every desirable and correct shape, at *$1.49, $1.98, $2.97, $3.96* and up to *$5.48* for the fine imported Viennese Velour Hats.

R. H. Macy & Co.

THAW GUARD TELLS OF REJECTING BRIBE

New Hampshire Sheriff Says Canadian Tried to Buy the Fugitive's Freedom.

THAW AT THE EDDY HOME

Concord Residents Want Him to Buy Christian Science Leader's Farm—Mayor a Caller.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 18.—The Thaw case developed its daily sensation today when Sheriff Holman Drew of Coos County, asserted that an attempt had been made to bribe him while he was guarding Thaw in the Monadnock hotel at Colebrook.

"I was approached by one of Thaw's Canadian sympathizers," said the Sheriff, "and he wanted to know what it would be worth to let Thaw slip away and jump into an automobile which was waiting outside ready for a quick dash. He suggested that there might be $500 in it for me and $500 for Deputy Sheriff Kelsea. Then he ninted that he was representing the Canadian Government and was receiving $50 a day for the time he spent in Colebrook."

The man mentioned by the Sheriff was generally believed to have engineered the arrest of William Travers Jerome for playing poker at the Grand Trunk Railroad Station at Coaticook. He is also related to a high official in Montreal, and that fact is responsible for ridiculous rumors in connection with his activity in Thaw's behalf.

Thaw held a mysterious conference this afternoon with Leon Kronfelt, a New York attorney, who said he had been retained by Roger O'Mara, Thaw's trustee in bankruptcy.

Mr. Kronfelt said that papers were to be filed in New York to-morrow in a suit to be brought by the trustee against Clifford Hartridge, an attorney who was once employed as counsel by Thaw.

Mayor Charles J. French of Concord visited Thaw to-day, his hand stretched forth in welcome. Even Thaw was surprised when the Chief Executive of the city was announced. He clasped the Mayor's hand firmly and thanked him for his interest.

Mayor French asked Thaw for his autograph, and Thaw quickly scribbled his name on a piece of paper and handed it to him. The interview lasted not more than five minutes, but Thaw was highly elated. It showed, he said, that the people of Concord were all with him and he would get a fair hearing.

"I've heard so much about you that I almost feel as if I knew you," Mayor French said to Thaw. Then he stepped over to the window and pointed to the crowd standing in the street in front of the hotel.

"Mr. Thaw," he said, "there are a lot of Concord people out there who are interested in you. Don't you think it would be a good plan for you to step out the balcony any say a word to them?"

Thaw agreed, but one of his attorneys who was in the room checked him.

"Thaw seems nervous and unstrung, but who wouldn't be after the experience he has passed through?" said the Mayor afterward. "I won't say I think he is sane. I don't know. I asked him how long he expected to remain with us, and he said he didn't know. He intimated that he might have to make Concord his home for a little time if Gov. Felker freed him."

Mayor French's visit caused a great deal of comment in Concord to-day, especially as it followed a report that Thaw would be asked to consider the purchase of the Mary Baker Eddy farm, on the outskirts of the city, as a home in the event he was freed. The Eddy homestead is situated on an estate that covers some thirty acres and is valued at about $20,000. The first suggestion that Thaw might like to buy the property was made by a member of the Concord City Council. He mentioned the subject to Mayor French. The Mayor said he did not have time to talk to Thaw about it to-day because the interview was so brief. He expected to see Thaw again in a day or two, he said.

During the afternoon Thaw was taken in an auto for a ride, in the custody of Sheriff Drew and a policeman. A crowd of 500 persons greeted the prisoner as he left the hotel. He was taken about the Mary Baker Eddy farm during his ride, and the auto then headed for Penacoola, eight miles away. There Thaw was permitted to leave the machine and stroll about in the fields for half an hour. A moving-picture machine was trained on him several times during the trip.

A man who gave his name as Leslie Blake and said he came from New York threw into the back in which Thaw rode yesterday a bundle of petitions asking for Thaw's freedom. To-day the man was at the hotel demanding an interview with Thaw. Ex-Gov. Stone received him, but that did not satisfy the man. Finally he made himself so objectionable that the police put him on a train and warned him to leave town. As the train started he shouted that Thaw would be freed.

MAY INDICT THAW TO-DAY.

Dutchess County Grand Jury Investigates Escape from Asylum.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Sept. 18.—The Grand Jury to-day made an investigation of Harry Thaw's escape from Matteawan, and a report probably will be made to Judge Hasbrouck to-morrow. Among the important witnesses were Dr. Kieb, Superintendent of the hospital, and William Gordon, proprietor of the Holland House in Beacon, where the alleged accomplices of Thaw stopped while in that city.

Gordon is a member of the Grand Jury, but will not vote on any indictment growing out of the Thaw case.

The Dutchess County authorities are anxious to obtain an indictment against Thaw to be used in asking for his extradition from New Hampshire on a conspiracy charge.

JEROME PENS THAW BRIEF.

Returns Home, but Keeps at Work on Extradition Case.

William Travers Jerome, who has been acting as Special Deputy Attorney General in the proceedings to bring Harry Thaw back to Matteawan, returned to New York yesterday and began work on his brief for the extradition of Thaw.

Mr. Jerome said that, pending the hearing on extradition before Gov. Felker of New Hampshire, he could not discuss the case in any way.

CALL FOR THAW RECORDS.

White Plains Papers Being Copied for New Hampshire Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT VERNON, Sept. 18.—That Thaw's lawyers as well as the attorneys for the State of New York expect a long legal fight over his case in New Hampshire is shown by their action in having County Clerk Buck of Westchester make copies of all the Thaw papers on file at White Plains. The documents are being prepared for use in the United States District Court of New Hampshire.

Copies are being made of all the different orders and opinions in the three habeas corpus proceedings brought by Thaw before Justices Morschauser, Mills and Keogh, which in each instance resulted in Thaw's return to Matteawan.

ARGUING THAW WRITS.

Montreal Fight Turns Upon Legality of the Immigration Act.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—Representatives of the Dominion Immigration Department responsible for the sudden move by which Canada got rid of Harry K. Thaw appeared before the Appeal Court to-day to explain why they had disobeyed the court's order to produce the Matteawan fugitive here last Monday. The hearing resolved itself into an examination of the constitutionality of the Immigration act under which C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice, acted when he ordered the deportation of Thaw.

According to counsel for the immigration authorities, before Thaw legally could have applied for a writ before the court of Kings Bench, he would have had to make affidavit that there was no judge available in the district of St. Francis, where he was detained. Then, once he got the writ, he should have had it signed by the Judge who issued it. Again, he should have seen to it that the original and not a copy of the writ was served on the person or persons against whom such a writ was addressed.

Both sides have dropped the main contentions temporarily and proceeded to thresh out these technicalities.

SOLDIER ATTACKS WOMAN.

Whole Fort Wright Garrison Mustered in in Search for Guilty Man.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Sept. 18.—Six hundred artillerymen stationed at Fort Wright were unexpectedly assembled for roll call this afternoon in an effort to ascertain who was guilty of an attack upon Mrs. Emily Sears, a woman of 72, living near the post.

Mrs. Sears and her two grandchildren were in the Sears house at noon to-day when a soldier appeared at the threshold and Mrs. Sears requested him to be seated. The man at once sprang at the aged woman and began choking her. The children shouted for help and attracted the attention of Machinist Baker, whereupon the soldier fled into a muddy swamp near by.

Baker telephoned to Col. Davis and a guard immediately was sent to search for the soldier, while the whole garrison was summoned for roll call. Every soldier was examined carefully, because it was believed that the guilty man would have some of the swamp mud on his shoes, but every one of the 600 passed muster.

Mrs. Sears was unconscious when Baker found her, and the doctors said she might not recover.

SAUTTER NOW HEADS SONS OF VETERANS

Pittsburgh Man Elected Commander of Organization During G. A. R. Encampment.

WOMEN ALSO HOLD ELECTION

Mrs. Ida McBride of Indianapolis Chosen President of Relief Corps —Gen. Beers Makes Address.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 18.—John E. Sautter of Pittsburgh late to-day was elected Commander in Chief of the Sons of Veterans, who are in annual session here during the reunion of the Grand Army of the Republic. Other officers chosen were Harry L. Streit, Baltimore, Senior Vice Commander; Robert W. Biese, Chattanooga, Junior Vice Commander, and Henry F. Wetler, Boston; William B. Moynihan, Rochester, and Charles C. Behnte, St. Louis, members of the Council in Chief. All of the officers were elected on the first ballot.

Election of officers by the Woman's Relief Corps, an auxiliary of the Grand Army of the Republic, also took place late to-day. Mrs. Ida S. McBride of Indianapolis was chosen President; Mrs. Chloe A. Warren of Plainville, Conn., Senior Vice President; Mrs. Mahalie A. Archer of Chattanooga, Junior Vice President; Mrs. Abbie Lynch of Pittsburgh, Treasurer, and Mrs. Sarah J. Bradford of Livingston, Mon., Chaplain.

Members of the Grand Army of the Republic were in executive session throughout the day. Reports of officers and committees and other routine business occupied the entire time of both sessions. It is understood that the election of officers and selection of the next place of meeting will take place when the encampment reconvenes to-morrow.

Gen. Alfred B. Beers, Commander in Chief of the G. A. R., to-day delivered his annual address at the first executive business session of the organization. Gen. Beers announced that more than 11,000 Union veterans of the civil war died in 1912. The present enrollment of the organization, according to its commander, is 160,000 members.

Another topic discussed at some length by Gen. Beers was the alleged discrimination in railroad rates to Chattanooga between the Grand Army and the Confederate veterans, who held their reunion here in May. "It would appear," he said, "that the services of the veterans of the Union Army and the consideration due them are held lightly in the estimation of the railroad authorities." The railroads of the South, however, gave the same rate to both camps of veterans, Gen. Beers added, the alleged discrimination being in the North and against the Union veterans.

Gen. Beers urged that the Pension Committee present a bill to Congress granting a pension of $75 a month to veterans who are blind. He also recommended that an effort be made to have repealed the law providing that widows of veterans who married after June 17, 1890, should not be entitled to pensions.

James B. Coward Employes Dine.

The annual dinner and gathering of the employes of James B. Coward, founder and owner of the Coward shoe, were held last evening at the downtown Mouquin's. Mr. Coward made a speech and there was a response from the employes, with several talks from department heads.

ORIENTAL LIMITED WRECKED

Only Two Passengers Badly Hurt When Train Hits Burning Trestle.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Sept. 18.—The "Oriental Limited," the "feature" train on the Great Northern-Burlington System, ran into an open trestle near Trempealeaux, Wis., this afternoon. Forty feet of the bridge had been burned out and the train ran into this gap.

Mrs. A. F. Traynor and B. G. Hanawat, both of St. Paul, were the only passengers who were badly injured.

The train was running fifty miles an hour and was within 500 feet of the trestle when Engineer A. J. Hadley observed the fire. The emergency brakes were applied, but it was too late to stop. The tender and baggage car tipped over on the north side and two day coaches, two tourist cars and the dining car fell on the south side.

Three cars remained on the track. A switch engine sent from Winona pulled one of these away and passengers pushed the other two back from the fire, which started immediately after the wreck in the dining car and spread to other coaches, which were damaged. By hard work of the passengers the baggage car, although on fire several times, was saved from burning.

Bold Thieves Get Thousands.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 18.—A package containing $4,880 in cash and negotiable checks was stolen from a brewery wagon here to-day in the view of William O'Meara, who was in charge of the money. The wagon had stopped in front of a bank in which O'Meara was to deposit the money. When he was attaching a weight to the horses, two well dressed young men grabbed the package from the seat and ran.

AGNEW LEFT $1,826,122.

Gave Most of His Estate to Four Children in Equal Shares.

Andrew Clifford Agnew, retired banker and Director of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, who died on Oct. 6, 1912, left an estate of a total value of $1,826,122 according to the report of the Transfer Tax Appraiser filed yesterday. His securities amounted to $1,706,000 of which he had placed bonds valued at $529,856 in trust with his two sons to hold for themselves and his two daughters.

After giving in his will $5,000 to each of his sixteen grandchildren he divided his estate in equal shares among his four children, Mrs. Catherine S. Auchincloss, Mrs. Alice A. Fisher, George B. Agnew and Cornelius R. Agnew. He said that it had been his intention during his life to give each of his children a city home and that if he had done so for one and not for all such as had been neglected should receive an additional legacy of $80,000. Under this provision Mrs. Alice A. Fisher was the only one to receive the cash legacy, her share amounting with this addition to $446,899.

Among the largest holdings of securities were 283 shares of American Telegraph and Cable Company, $40,725; 494 shares of Consolidated Gas Company, $64,123; 250 shares of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, $83,812; 2,625 shares of North Star Mines Company, $28,875; 394 shares of the Pullman Company, $85,995; 710 shares of Pennsylvania Railroad, $44,375; $50,000 bonds of Atlantic & Danville Railroad and of the Central Pacific Railroad; 1,123 shares of Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, $109,897; $40,000 bonds of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad, and $65,000 bonds of the Campania Metallurgica Mexicania.

The furniture in Mr. Agnew's home at 9 West Fifty-sixth Street was appraised at $12,478. His bank accounts amounted to $94,784. His residence was valued at $105,000.

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

One Continuous Triumph

Our 17th Anniversary Sales

Scores of Attractions Added for Today

But the best features of this celebration occasion of ours are the bargains in seasonable merchandise.—UNDOUBTEDLY THE MOST ATTRACTIVE GROUPS OF WORTHY MERCHANDISE EVER OFFERED AT A LIKE PERIOD OF THE YEAR.

Every section of every department in both of our buildings joins in this occasion.

And Furthermore

We have anticipated the new low tariff law, which will be in effect shortly, and have priced hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of fall and winter goods in conformity with the new low rates. Do your shopping NOW. Don't delay any longer. You save nothing by waiting.

MAIN BUILDING

Today, a Showing and Sale of

3,000 FALL SUITS $20

For Men and Youths, at . . . . .

Duplicates of the very suits in this showing and sale are to be seen in other good clothing stores today priced at $25 and $30 each.

We make this statement deliberately, for we have made an inspection and know "what's going on in town."

The wonderful assortment of materials includes:

HANDSOME BLUE AND BLACK PENCIL-STRIPE SUITS
SCOTCH MIXTURES *NEWEST NORFOLK STYLES*
FINEST WORSTEDS and ENGLISH MODEL SUITS IN FANCY
STRIPES AND CHECKS *CHEVIOTS MIXTURES*

Men and youths of every height and build can be fitted perfectly. And we particularly invite those who think they are hard to fit.

1,000 Raincoats, *Values to $10, at* $5

Double-texture tan and brown raincoats in Raglan and London box styles.

Raincoats—*Values to $15, at* $7.85

Tweeds, in Oxford, brown, tan and gray. Plain weave and pencil-stripe effects. Raglan and London box styles. All sizes.

"Kingly" Trousers—*Featured, Today, at* $3 and $5

MAIN BUILDING

Women's 16-Button-Length

Mousquetaire Glace Gloves

Value $2.45; Today, at $1.49

A saving of nearly $1 a pair on these fine gloves. Perfect goods, made of fine soft skins, IN WHITE ONLY.

GREENHUT BUILDING

Framed Pictures

Artistic Gravures, Values to $4.50, Today, at $1.75

Handsomely framed in antique gilt, beautifully ornamented. An exceptionally wide range of subjects is presented at a remarkably low price.

GREENHUT BUILDI NG

$22.50 Seamless Velvet **Rugs** *Today, at* $14.75

A beautiful variety of Oriental designs and the choicest novel colorings. Included in the collection is a number of pretty mottle effects. These rugs are in size 9x12 feet, sufficiently large to cover a good-sized room.

GREENHUT BUILDING

$2.75 Scrim **Curtains** *Today, a Pair* $1.48

The scrim is of an excellent quality, trimmed with lace insertion and edges. The range of designs for choice is exceptionally large.

MAIN BUILDING

Men's $1.50 Umbrellas

A special "buy" and a special sale—Today, at $1

These umbrellas are made of a fast-black tape-edged fabric on self-opening frames.

MAIN BUILDING

Consider This Carefully!
Genuine Coral Cameo

La Vallieres

On Sale, Today, at $9.50

These are exquisitely carved and mounted with genuine pearls in solid gold mounts. Choice of five mountings; 17-inch soldered link chains.

Solid Gold Cuff Links—these are 10-kt. gold throughout many novel patterns in both bright and Roman finish; values up to $2.25; pair $1

MAIN BUILDING

Mounted Deer Heads

Values to $25 On Sale, Today at $9.50

We bought these Deer Heads immediately after the Sportsman's Show which was held in Madison Square Garden. AND THAT'S THE ONLY REASON WHY YOU CAN BUY THEM SO MUCH UNDER PRICE NOW.

Deer Heads, values up to $30—at $15

Mounted Moose Heads

These mounted heads are practically indestructible; they are moth-proof and true to nature. Suitable for hall or den decoration.

Regularly	Sale Price.	Regularly	Sale Price.
$50.00	$27.50	$80.00	$65.00
95.00	48.50	200.00	125.00
90.00	45.00	250.00	135.00

GREENHUT BUILDING

$22.50 Seamless Velvet Rugs At $14.75

These rugs come in a beautiful variety of Oriental designs and the choicest novel colorings. Included in the collection is a number of pretty mottled effects. These rugs are in size 9x12 feet, sufficiently large to cover a good-sized room.

95c. Yd. Velvet Carpet; Today, a yard, 59c

Choice designs suitable for hall and rooms; handsome colorings.

The Big Store — A City in Itself

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

MAIN BUILDING

Visit Our Greatest
Pure Food Show
and Harvest Sale of **Groceries**

Double Trading Stamps with Purchases Made Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

Popular Music

IS ONLY

Familiar Music

and the easiest and quickest way to become familiar with the best music is to own a playerpiano; then music of the world's great masters becomes both familiar and popular.

Simplicity in a player is most important, and the

Pease Playerpiano

is not the least complicated; it does not take an expert to use it—and, best of all, it is a thoroughly good piano for use by hand, as the action is quick, light and responsive.

Our prices for players range from $475 to $750; we take old pianos in exchange, and our $10 per month payment plan is both practical and economical. A special free music roll library privilege is given with each player.

Write for player booklet and music plan; also for list of used players at reduced prices.

PEASE PIANO CO.,
128 West 42d Street, near Broadway, N. Y.
Brooklyn Branch: 34 Flatbush Ave. Newark Branch: 10 New St.

A full line of Victor and Columbia Talking Machines.

STEINWAY

Four successive generations of the same family have applied an hereditary genius to the building of STEINWAY Pianos.

Like other great successes, this business has been a growth, and public appreciation has kept pace with artistic development, until today the fame of the name is as wide as the music-loving world. This well-earned prestige should influence *your* choice of a piano.

STEINWAY & SONS
STEINWAY HALL
107-109 East 14th Street, New York
Subway Express Station at the Door

Special Rate for Shopping and Making Social Calls in Manhattan in a Yellow Taxicab—$2 an hour.

Call up Columbus Ten Thousand and say "Shopping Rate".

In a few minutes there will be at your door a well-appointed taxicab, thoroughly clean, with a driver to whose care any woman can safely trust herself.

You know us. We know our drivers, and the cabs are inspected every day.

That's our kind of service.

Yellow Taxicab Company
Call up Columbus Ten Thousand

Typhoid Fever Epidemic Impossible

among those who use our Pasteurized Milk PERFECTLY PASTEURIZED by a perfect process. Our unparalleled delivery service will place at your door **Clover Milk, grade B, perfectly Pasteurized, for 9 cents a quart.**

Homer Milk, grade A, select Pasteurized, 10 cents per quart. This Milk is used exclusively and with wonderful life-saving result, by the New York Board of Health infants' feeding stations.

HOMER MILK

GRADE A

infected tuberculant tested Milk, Pasteurized in the same bottle that is delivered at your door for 12 cents a quart. This Milk was used exclusively by the New York Milk Committee in the Summer of 1911.

The cheapest safe Milk in Greater New York. AVOID CALLING the Doctor by telephoning Clover Farms Inc., 534 West 48th St. Telephone Bryant 1153.

HUERTA CALLS DIAZ BACK TO MEXICO

Standing by February Pledge, It Is Assumed, Not to Hamper General's Candidacy.

ENVOY'S ADHERENTS ACTIVE

Organize 3,000 Clubs to Help Make Him President—Gamboa May Be a Candidate.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18.—Instructions have been sent by Provisional President Huerta to Gen. Felix Diaz, who is in Europe, to return to Mexico immediately. It is thought the General will sail in a few days. This fact is learned on high authority and it is regarded here as indicating that Gen. Huerta intends to abide by the compact signed in the American Embassy last February to place no obstacle in the path of Gen. Diaz in his candidacy for the Presidency.

It is considered possible that President Huerta will throw his influence to Diaz, which practically would insure that General's election. The partisans of Diaz have not ceased to labor in his behalf. They assert they have organized upward of 3,000 clubs throughout the republic. Gen. Diaz is the only candidate in the field.

The Catholic Party, the only big organization likely to put forth a candidate in opposition, held a convention several weeks ago and adjourned without naming a candidate. The leaders of that party have called another convention for next Sunday. It is no secret that they favor Gen. Huerta, and in the previous convention they decided to support the President should he again become a candidate. Gen. Huerta, however, has given no indication of such intention.

Much comment has been caused by the selection by President Huerta of Eduardo Tamariz, one of the most prominent among the younger leaders of the Catholic Party, for the portfolio of Public Instruction in his Cabinet, vacated by José María Lozano, who has been transferred to the Department of Communications and Public Works. Señor Tamariz never has held an important public office, although for several years he has been identified closely with political affairs.

It is learned that the bankers who agreed recently to finance the administration to the extent of 12,000,000 to 15,000,000 pesos have declined to offer any hope of assistance dating beyond the coming election.

Gen. Trevino, who was selected by Gen. Huerta to head the Military Court, has declined the post, giving as his reason ill-health and his advanced age. It is thought he will remain in the capital for the present.

Such newspapers as have commented on the President's message have voiced mild approval of it, none of them attaching particular significance to any part.

There was no disturbance on Independence Day in any part of the republic.

MISSING LAWMAKER BACK.

Deputy Bordes-Mangel, Reported Slain, Returns to Congress.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18.—Deputy Enrique Bordes-Mangel, whose assassination was reported throughout the United States by rebel press agents, made his appearance in the best of health and spirits in the lower house of Congress yesterday and took his seat. His disappearance, with that of Serapio Rendon, a fellow-Deputy, caused much comment here, and in the United States it was used extensively by the rebels for propaganda purposes.

Señor Bordes-Mangel refused to give any statement accounting for his absence. THE TIMES correspondent was informed reliably that he had not left the capital, but had been in seclusion for a purpose not generally known. Well-informed persons here stated that Deputy Rendon probably will reappear in the next few days and also will take his seat in Congress.

The first sessions of Congress developed the fact that legislation probably would not be railroaded through the lower house.

The appointment of Eduardo Tamariz, head of the Catholic Party, to be Minister of Public Instruction today is expected to create opposition in the Liberal majority in both houses. It is regarded as still further evidence that the Catholics are gaining power, which is calculated to create opposition and possibly to bring about a rupture between the Executive and Congress.

Foreign diplomats here are investigating the press report that the United States Government had ordered its Consular agents in Mexico to extend protection to foreigners other than Americans. They have been unable to find any instance where Consuls had received such instructions, or where their own officials had been unable to extend equal if not greater protection in comparison with American Consuls.

Catholic Party leaders stated to-day that it practically had been settled that Federico Gamboa, Minister of Foreign Relations, would be the candidate of the Catholics in the coming Presidential election. The party's first convention decided not to nominate anybody unless conditions warranted such action. A second convention is to meet on Sunday and it will make a nomination. Friends of Señor Gamboa state that if he is nominated he will accept.

Senator Gumecindo Enriquez, leader of the Felicistas in the Senate, proposed a constitutional amendment to-day suppressing the Vice Presidency. Although that probably will be acted on favorably by the Senate it will have to be submitted to the State Legislatures before it can become effective. That makes it impossible of application in the October election.

The Department of War has received a report that 200 rebels were killed or captured in Gomez Palacio, a suburb of Torreon, on Tuesday. The Federals lost a Lieutenant Colonel and forty-five men. Gen. Benjamin Argumedo and his men, wearing civilian attire, entered the town secretly. A hand-to-hand fight followed and the Federals were victorious.

REQUIRES PROMPT ELECTION.

Washington Will Hold Mexico to Day Set for Next Month.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Everything that came to light to-day concerning the Mexican situation tended to indicate that the Wilson Administration still was engaged in the unsatisfactory practice of marking time in connection with the diplomatic controversy between the Governments of the United States and Mexico over the proposal submitted by John Lind, the President's special representative, for restoring order in the southern republic.

The Administration apparently is playing a waiting game, in the hope that events in Mexico will so shape themselves that the Huerta Government soon will be willing to make overtures to the United States preliminary to concessions. Hints were given to-day that this Government might make no important move until after the constitutional election set for Oct. 26. It was indicated the United States would be inclined to hold Mexico to a strict accountability regarding its promise that the election should take place on that date.

Torreon Refugees Safe.

The caravan of refugees from Torreon, Mexico, numbering over 100 Americans, rode from Saltillo to Monterey by rail, arriving there in safety and good health, according to advices received to-day in the State Department from Consul General Hanna at Monterey. All were in good spirits. They got in late Saturday and the greater part of them, after resting for two or three days, went on into the United States by way of Laredo, Texas.

Mr. Hanna reported that the refugees not only had not been captured by revolutionists, but at no time were molested by bandits or Federals. They were fifteen days making the overland journey to Saltillo, the roads being in rough condition. Many of the men were compelled to walk the greater part of the distance.

A dispatch come to the department today from Vice Consul Davis at Guadalajara, saying that the official account of the killing of Morris P. Root, the manager of El Tigre mine near Tepic, as supplied by the Federal commander and the territorial authorities, stated that Root was killed in a quarrel with a Mexican miner. Full particulars had not been received by Consul Alger at Mazatlan, but he telegraphed to the State Department to-day that he had made a demand by telegraph at once on the Governor of Tepic that the murderers of Root be arrested, and had received a reply giving the names of the guilty men and the assurance that they would be arrested as soon as caught. The territorial Governor has a force in pursuit of the murderers.

Others Arrive from Durango.

A party of fifty American refugees, mostly women and children, has reached Zacatecas City from Durango and the vicinity, all bound for the United States. Consul General Hanna advised the department that several Americans supposed to have been seized or killed in the vicinity of Torreon had been accounted for. Every Consul in Mexico now requires all Americans arriving in any place where there is a consulate to register and give an account as far as possible of persons missing or not heard from.

Among those for whom inquiries have been made through the State Department and who have been found to be safe are V. G. Pearman, with his wife and sister, who left Monterey Tuesday for their home in Colorado; George H. Pound, who remained at Torreon, and Mrs. Lindsay G. Haines, who came through to Monterey and was sent on to her home in Kansas. Inquiries also were made as to the safety of Eugene Blalock, who arrived at Saltillo with the caravan of refugees.

In spite of the unsettled conditions in Mexico, growing out of the revolution, trade of the United States with that country in the fiscal year just closed was greater than ever before. Figures made public by the Department of Commerce to-day showed imports of merchandise from Mexico in 1913 totaled $77,500,000, an increase of $11,500,000 over the previous year. Exports to Mexico amounted to $54,500,000, an increase of $1,750,000 over 1912.

Manufacturers' materials formed the greater part of imports from Mexico and manufactures the bulk of exports to that country.

DEMAND ACTION BY BRYAN.

Refugees Insist That Their Mexican Property Be Protected.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 18.—A protest against the American State Department's action in issuing a warning that caused them to leave their homes in the Yaqui Valley of Southern Sonora, Mexico, was sent to Secretary Bryan to-night by more than 100 American refugees who arrived in San Diego yesterday on the United States warship Buffalo. It was requested that the department return the refugees to their homes, that they might protect their property, or that the United States Government send to the valley at once a force sufficient to guard it against theft and destruction.

Charles F. O'Brien of the Richardson Construction Company, from the holdings of which most of the refugees came, worded and signed the protest. He asserted that the American settlers left their homes at the solicitation of Robert Vail, Consul at Guaymas, and Lieut. R. L. Henley of the Buffalo, believing that "most decisive action would be taken at once; otherwise they would never have abandoned their homes and their property."

DANIELS INSPECTS SITE FOR NAVY YARD

With Escort of Congressmen and New Jersey Officials He Tours Greenville.

FAVORS VAN DUZER PLANS

But Intimates That Project May Have to Wait Until Pacific Coast's Needs Are Provided For.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels yesterday made a tour of inspection of the meadows and marsh lands on the Jersey shore between Greenville and Jersey City on which the Government has been asked by New Jersey congressmen and business men to build a Navy Yard to replace the Brooklyn base. Capt. L. S. Van Duzer, formerly in charge of the Brooklyn Navy Yard but now commander of the battleship Utah, who advocates the change, accompanied the Secretary, who had as escort a hundred or more business men and officials of New Jersey.

After the inspection Secretary Daniels was escorted across the Bay to Pier A, and thence to the Whitehall Club at 17 Battery Place, where New York and New Jersey business men entertained him and Capt. Van Duzer at luncheon. Speaking of the proposed site, Secretary Daniels said:

"I am impressed with the many advantages of the Jersey shore for an adequate naval base, but before I care to make any decision I shall consult with my aids and with naval officials. I can say this: There is no other site under consideration."

Capt. Van Duzer had estimated the cost of the new yard at $26,521,000, the Secretary said, and it was a question whether this amount of money could be spared at this time. The Pacific Coast, in his opinion, was more in need of a modern navy yard. The Panama Canal had made it imperative to provide the Pacific Fleet with modern facilities for dockage and repairs, he said, and he intimated that the New Jersey project would have to wait its turn.

"As Capt. Van Duzer and Congressman Kinkead have said, this is not a local but a national question," Secretary Daniels went on to say. "I have visited every yard and naval station to find out what we have, and have talked with people all over the country about these things. I believe we are on the eve of the greatest development this country has ever experienced. The Pacific Coast has a great interest in the navy, more so, perhaps, than any other part of the country.

"There are now five magnificent battleships under construction, and how many more are to follow you may get some idea of from my report in December. The Brooklyn Navy Yard has been here more than 100 years. It builds cheaper than private yards, and I hope we will have a yard in which the biggest ships in the world may be built and repaired. Where that shall be it is not proper for me to say at this time, but as a Democrat I want to say to New Jersey that I love it better than any State in the country except my own State, and if there is anything New Jersey wants why not let her have it? I shall recommend to Congress that the purposes and ideals we have in this subject be carried out."

Julian P. Meyer, Secretary of the Hamburg-American Line Terminal and Navigation Company of New Jersey, said:

"There is one feature of the proposed navy yard in which the steamship companies are greatly interested. The large steamships coming to this port and the larger vessels now building cannot be put in the dock here. In this new navy yard the largest steamships could be provided for."

Congressmen Kinkead and Townsend spoke in favor of the project. Mr. Kinkead said all the Representatives of New Jersey were in accord with the plan, and stood with the business men to aid the Government in carrying out the enterprise. The change would be as great a benefit to New York as to New Jersey, he asserted, because the property now occupied by the Brooklyn yard could be used to better advantage in that congested section for business purposes.

"The matter of providing better facilities for the navy becomes more pressing with the development of the navy," said Capt. Van Duzer. "On the Jersey shore are the terminals of all the railways, where not only the regular supplies are brought to New York but oil supplies come in, and oil is beginning to be an important factor in the navy. Transportation of supplies and materials would be quick and cheap, such as no point on Long Island could provide. Labor would be near and always available when wanted for the 250 traded carried on in various degrees in the navy yard."

The site for the proposed yard near Greenville is situated on the cove between Caven Point and Chapel Avenue. It has a water front nearly a mile in length, and extends inland about 4,000 feet. The plans prepared by Capt. Van Duzer provide for the docking of forty of the largest steamships or battleships at one time.

The workshops are designed to be in two rows, one 4,400 feet by 120 and the other 5,600 feet by 80, with office buildings covering 2,000 by 60 feet. The plans call for a sea wall 15,000 feet long and 20 piers, each 700 by 70 feet, with 16 miles of railways for the shops and 4 miles of crane tracks.

"The money obtained from the sale of the Brooklyn yard," Capt. Van Duzer said, "would go a long way toward paying for the new yard. The proposed yard is not only four times greater than the present one as regards berthing capacity and capacity for work, but is two or three times as great in shore capacity and storage space. Ships could be built cheaper than in the Brooklyn yard, because of the greater efficiency and economy of the proposed plant."

Before Secretary Daniels inspected the water front he was escorted from the home of Congressman Kinkead, in Harrison Avenue, in Jersey City, to the new Criminal Court Building, in Newark Avenue, where Gov. Fielder waited to greet him. With the Governor, Congressmen, Mayor Fagan, Capt. Van Duzer, and Capt. Albert Gleaves, Commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, Secretary Daniels went to the Dickinson High School, two blocks away, where he made a brief address to the children.

John Jack, Veteran Actor, Dies.

John Jack, well known to playgoers of a generation ago as a Shakespearean actor, died in the Edwin Forrest Home in Philadelphia on Wednesday morning. He was 77 years old. Mr. Jack was identified with the stage from boyhood until he gave his farewell performance in 1907. He supported Edwin Booth, Edwin Forrest, Lawrence Barrett, and many other stars of a bygone day, and his interpretation of Falstaff made him famous. Mr. Jack served throughout the civil war with the Second Regiment of Pennsylvania Reserves, being promoted to the rank of Captain for gallant conduct at Bull Run. After the war Capt. Jack played with John Gilbert and Joseph Jefferson at the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia. He is survived by his second wife, who was Miss Annie Firmin, an actress.

STARVED HER NIECE TO ADD TO SAVINGS

$9,600 Put in Bank Out of $16 a Week Earnings—Three in Family.

WORKER'S MIND GAVE WAY

Mrs. Cottrel Turned Her Pay Over to Aunt—One Dress In Two Years.

A life of unremitting toil and frequent hunger, hidden by an appearance of comfortable living, was disclosed yesterday in the report of Appraiser Martin on the estate of Mrs. Catherine Keller, who died on March 19, 1911, leaving a total estate of $11,111.21 in bank accounts. With the exception of $1,500, these bank deposits represented the savings, above all living expenses, for a family of three, from the $16 a week earnings of Mrs. Keller's niece, Mrs. Ella A. Cottrel.

In testifying before the Appraiser to prove that the bank accounts of Mrs. Keller were her own savings, to which she was rightfully entitled, Mrs. Cottrel told the story of her life. At the age of 9 years in 1883, being an orphan, she went to live with her aunt, and from then on always called her mother and was introduced as her daughter. Mrs. Keller's husband, a bookkeeper, died four years later, leaving his wife about $1,500. From that time on, Mrs. Cottrel said, she had worked incessantly, with the exception of the year following her marriage, which resulted in her returning to her "mother's", home with a daughter.

Mrs. Cottrel is a watercolor artist and was formerly employed by a publishing house to do copy work. She told the Appraiser that she was paid by piece work. In addition she scrubbed floors. Work as she might, however, her average earnings were but $16 a week. This money she turned over to Mrs. Keller, who in return rented a $30-a-month apartment, furnished food and clothing, and gave the breadwinner 20 cents a day for carfare and luncheon.

Her clothing, Mrs. Cottrel said, cost little, one dress sufficing for two years. Mrs. Keller's provisioning of the house, Mrs. Cottrel described as consisting of buying a piece of beef on Sunday, which furnished the meals for the week. So poorly nourished was the worker that four months after Mrs. Keller's death her mind gave way and she was placed in the asylum for six months.

Other witnesses bore out Mrs. Cottrel's testimony. Dr. Joseph H. Byrne, the family physician, said that he had known Mrs. Cottrel as the sole support of the family, and that, although they lived in an excellent apartment owing to Mrs. Keller's desire to offer a good appearance, he had never seen any evidence of food in the home at 430 East 135th Street.

The bank accounts of Mrs. Keller were placed, some in the name of Mrs. Ella Cottrel, amounting to $5,417.78, and others, amounting to $4,714, in the name of her niece's daughter, Marie Cottrel. As Mrs. Keller died intestate the remainder of the property was divided among ten nephews and nieces.

LINER BRINGS REFUGEES.

Mrs. Gonzalez Fled at Mexican Rebels Who Attacked Her Home.

The Ward Line steamship Mexico, which arrived here yesterday from Mexican ports, brought several American refugees from Vera Cruz, including Mrs. Lillian Gonzalez, a widow, who has mining interests near San Luis Potosi. Her husband was a Mexican, but she was born in Atlantic City. Mrs. Gonzalez said that bands of rebels had threatened her house and she was forced to use firearms with her servants to protect herself.

"I did not wish to be murdered," she said, "neither did I wish to kill any one, but we had to fire repeatedly on the bandits when they tried to enter the house. The coast towns are quiet, but reports are continually coming from the interior of the outrages committed upon the property of civilians by the rebel soldiers. In addition to robbery and the looting of the towns, some of the stories of cruelty are hardly credible in the twentieth century."

Mrs. Joseph Herald, who came up to place her child, Virginia, with her people in St. Louis, said that Mr. Miller, the United States Consul at Tampico, where she had been living for three years, had advised her to leave the country and furnished money for those who wished to get away.

The Most Critical Bachelor

will find rooms to his taste and a location convenient to clubs, theatres and transit systems at

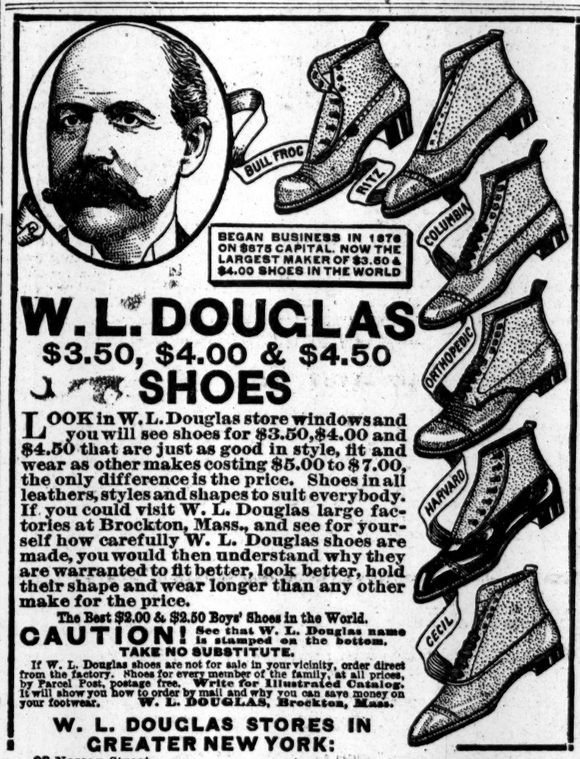
No. 19 West 54th St.

The suites have two large rooms and bath. Living rooms have open fireplaces. Plenty of closet room, prompt attendance and expert valet service.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
62 CEDAR STREET

Rare books, manuscripts, old prints, autograph letters, and other things dear to the booklover and collector may be found by consulting the Book Exchange of The New York Times Review of Books. Every Sunday.—Adv.

Cracking Good—
Post Toasties
and cream
A Royal Treat



BEGAN BUSINESS IN 1876 ON $375 CAPITAL. NOW THE LARGEST MAKER OF $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES IN THE WORLD

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50, $4.00 & $4.50
SHOES

LOOK in W. L. Douglas store windows and you will see shoes for $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 that are just as good in style, fit and wear as other makes costing $5.00 to $7.00, the only difference is the price. Shoes in all leathers, styles and shapes to suit everybody. If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price.

The Best $3.00 & $3.50 Boys' Shoes in the World.

CAUTION! See that W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from the factory. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, by Parcel Post, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog. It will show you how to order by mail and why you can save money on your footwear. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK:

93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, corner 8th Street.
853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.)
1349 Broadway, corner 36th Street.
1495 Broadway (Times Square).
984 Third Avenue.
1452 Third Avenue.
2202 Third Avenue, corner 120th Street.
2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
345 Eighth Avenue.
683 Eighth Avenue.
250 West 125th Street.

BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, corner Pearl Street.
708-710 Broadway, corner Thornton St.
1367 Broadway, corner Gates Avenue.
478 Fifth Avenue, corner 11th Street.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—24 Newark Avenue.
NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark
TRENTON—101 E. State St., cor. Broad

Hear your favorite music on the Victrola—
any Victor dealer will gladly play it for you

Victor
His Master's Voice
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Daily demonstrations. Go today and see and hear the various styles of Victors and Victrolas—$10 to $500.

Victor Talking Machine Co.
Camden, N. J.

Victor-Victrola XVI, $200
Mahogany or quartered oak

Annual Fashion Number

The New York Times
Sunday, October 5th

Eight pages of illustrations of the handsomest costumes for women for the coming season, designed by the world-famous costumiers of Paris and other European cities, and in addition some remarkable productions of Americans whose work is annually becoming more important.

The fashion representative of THE NEW YORK TIMES has been in Europe to secure everything to make this Fashion Number unsurpassed as a guide to the absolutely right fashions for the approaching season, both in text and illustration.

Plans for this Fashion Number are well advanced, assuring one of the most notable issues ever put out by THE NEW YORK TIMES. The paper, ink and printing will be in accord with the high standard set by THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Index of Universal Information

The New York Times Index is condensed modern history and a guide to current events. Most professional men experience at times the need of a book of reference which will tell what, when, and where an event occurred, and who were the persons concerned. The Times Index is the most comprehensive work of the kind issued in this country. A glance will inform the seeker after knowledge of any news event in what particular issue of The New York Times the full account was published, and inferentially in other organs of public opinion. It is so edited that by means of subjects, dates, short summaries, and full cross-references to persons and related events the Index suffices for all ordinary occasions.

The New York Times Index
A Master-Key to All Newspapers
ISSUED QUARTERLY
Bound in Paper, per Annum, $6.00
Bound in Cloth, per Annum, $8.00
SPECIMEN COPY SENT ON APPROVAL

Address THE NEW YORK TIMES,
Times Square, New York.

A Full Line of
VICTROLAS and KODAKS
Cash or
Easy Payments

IVER-JOHNSON
BICYCLES—$25 up to $50
Indian Motocycles
Dart Road-Racer with fancy head, extension handle bars and guaranteed tires ..... $17.50 CASH

1913 Ford Automobiles—Runabouts $500, Touring $550

I. DAVEGA, JR.
Harlem's Leading Sporting Goods House.
123-125 W. 125th St.
Bet. Lenox and 7th Aves.
Open Every Evening Except Wed.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES. TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Times Annex...434 St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....268 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn.....504 Washington Street
Staten Island.6 Richmond Tce., St. George
Jersey City.....558 Jersey Avenue
Long Island City.....363 Jackson Av.
Hoboken.....59 14th Street
Newark.....810 Broad Street
Paterson.....13 Park Av.
Elizabeth.....90 Broad Street
WASHINGTON.....Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....1,202 Tribune Building
St. LOUIS.....409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....826 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....613 Call Building
LONDON.....2 Pall Mall East, S. W.
PARIS.....32 Rue Louis le Grand
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—by mail, Postage Paid.
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month.....0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year.....9.00
DAILY, per Week.....0.12
DAILY, per Month.....0.50
DAILY, per Year.....6.00
To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $2.00 per month; Daily, $1.30 per month.
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year.....2.50
To Canada, per Year.....5.00
To Foreign Addresses, per Year.....8.25
THE NEW YORK TIMES ANNALIST, per Year.....4.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50).....1.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Paper Cover, per Copy, $1.50; per Year, $6.00; Full Cloth, per Copy, $2.00; per Year, $8.00.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPT. 19, 1913.

SILVER DEMOCRATS IN THE HOUSE.

Sixty-seven Democratic members of the House of Representatives voted against the gold standard amendment to the Banking and Currency bill yesterday. The names of the Democrats who voted yea on Mr. WINGO's motion to strike the amendment from the bill are a more interesting subject of study and reflection even than the amendment itself, of which it would be easy to exaggerate the importance. Three Alabama Democrats voted against including in the bill the declaration that nothing it contains shall be construed as repealing the act of March 14, 1900, establishing the single gold standard. Arkansas sends a solid delegation of seven Democrats to the House, and every one of the seven voted against the gold standard amendment. The entire Colorado delegation of two, both Democrats, voted against the amendment. Five of the twelve Georgia members, seven of the eight Democrats from Mississippi, six of the fourteen Democrats from Missouri, and two of the three Democrats from Nebraska, Mr. BRYAN'S State, voted in the same way. Oklahoma's three Democratic Congressmen—there are two Republicans also from that State—voted against the amendment. Curiously enough, Mr. LATHROP BROWN of the First (or Suffolk) District of New York stood out against the gold standard. Seven of the sixteen Democrats from Texas voted against it.

The Mississippi Democrat, Mr. WITHERSPOON, who described the amendment as "a dirty gold bug resolution," evidently expressed the general sentiment of the sixty-seven Democrats who favored the Wingo resolution to strike out. Their affirmative votes are hardly susceptible of any other explanation. The vote must be accepted as an evidence of the survival of the free silver faith, and it is a flattering testimonial to the enduring quality of Mr. BRYAN'S teachings, although Mr. BRYAN, of course, was wise enough to let it be known that he favored the amendment. Mr. GLASS offered the amendment because it had been pointed out on the Republican side that the provision of the bill that the new currency should be redeemed "in gold or lawful money" at the Treasury Department or by the Federal reserve banks might be considered as repealing the act of March, 1900, establishing the gold standard and declaring it to be the policy of the Government to maintain the parity of all forms of money issued or coined by it. The question having been once raised it was not only expedient, it was almost imperative, that Mr. GLASS's disclaimer be made a part of the bill, to the end that the matter should be put beyond the range of discussion. The actual necessity of the amendment and its statutory effect are more open to question. The gold or lawful money redemption clause of the bill does not, of course, repeal the Gold Standard act. Without the amendment it would have been possible for a noteholder exchanging it for greenbacks to have demanded the redemption of the greenback in gold, according to the Government's promise. But the amendment removes all doubt, and it was well that it should be adopted.

The Glass amendment, however, does not make the bill either sound or safe. The radical vice lies in making the circulating notes an obligation of the Government instead of the banks, since it exposes both the Treasury stock of gold and the Government's credit to the risk of drain and impairment. The Government ought not to be mixed up at all in the issue of paper money, but the note issue section would be made very much more acceptable if it provided that the bills should be made obligations of the banks guaranteed by the Government. Recourse then would be had first to the reserve banks, which would be fortified not only by the 33½ per cent. in gold or lawful money, but by the collateral security of the rediscounted notes and bills taken over from the member banks to the full amount of the note issues. Save in times of serious financial trouble the Treasury would not be called upon to make good the Government guarantee. As the bill now stands the noteholder may have first recourse to the Treasury for redemption. That is one of its most objectionable and dangerous provisions.

The bill now goes to the Senate by the vote of 286 to 84, by which it was passed in the House yesterday. A more prudent and cautious temper has been shown in the Senate, and there is some ground for the hope that final action may be deferred until the regular session. The disclosure in the House of so considerable a Democratic support of the old Bryan doctrine will, we think, tend to deepen the impression that further time for study and consideration should be taken.

GOVERNORS ISLAND.

The plan of merchants and bankers of this city, set forth in their petition to Senator O'GORMAN, to have an infantry regiment permanently stationed on Governors Island for the protection of the lower part of Manhattan in case of riot or disaster, is thoroughly approved by the army. Military men never favored the idea of the last Administration to do away with the post on Governors Island altogether.

Some time ago a full set of plans was prepared by a famous firm of architects for new barracks and other buildings to house troops suitably at the post in the bay, and make it one of the most complete and best-equipped army posts in the country. The army's belief is that a full regiment of infantry, the crack regiment of the army, should be stationed on Governors Island all the time, and for precisely the reasons set forth in the petition. Protection for the Sub-Treasury and other valuable Government property would thus be reasonably assured. The island exactly fits the requirements of a military post, and its use as such should never be abandoned.

THE FATE OF THE ARMENIANS.

There is no darker stain on the record of the "Christian" Powers of Europe than their cold selfishness, cowardice, and treachery toward the 2,000,000 Armenians under Turkish rule, and especially toward those trying to live in Armenia proper. Thirty-five years ago, when Great Britain, under the guidance of Lord BEACONSFIELD, backing BISMARCK, tore up the Treaty of San Stefano and turned back the armies of Russia from the gates of Constantinople, a clause (Article 61) was inserted in the Treaty of Berlin by which Turkey promised to institute reforms "in the "provinces inhabited by the Armenians and to guarantee their security "against the Circassians and the "Kurds." The Powers engaged to "watch over" the measures to this effect.

Nothing was done by Turkey for seventeen years. Then, in 1895, three of the Powers—Great Britain, Russia, and France—ventured to call the attention of Turkey to the continued outrages in Armenia and proposed a system of amelioration, mild enough and inadequate, but better than nothing. The Sublime Porte half complied, half resisted. Within two years 100,000 Armenians were massacred and great numbers driven from the country. Still nothing was done. A dozen years passed. The Young Turks' rebellion ensued, and in 1907 its leaders promised safety and justice to the Armenians and gave them instead the massacre of Adana and renewed persecution. Within the year the power of the Turks in Europe has been for the time destroyed, and, though the savage war between the Balkan allies has enabled the Turks to regain Adrianople and a large part of Thrace, it is extremely unlikely that they will be allowed to retain them. Sir EDWARD GREY, only a few days since, declared in plain terms that the future of the Turks lay in their Asiatic possessions and that Europe would respect Turkish integrity there, but only on condition that they ruled decently.

If this be really the common purpose of the Powers, the question of protecting the Armenians will be the first and most pressing that must be taken up. And the protection of the Armenians can be assured only by a rational and effective plan of self-government in the regions where they are in a majority, presided over by a European Governor, or Vali, chosen on the nomination of the Powers. On these conditions the Armenians can be counted on to remain loyal to the Turkish Government and to contribute their full share to the strength and prosperity of Turkey. From the direct and complete rule of the Turks in their immediate affairs they must be relieved, for the Turks are fundamentally incapable of efficient and decently just rule.

Their incapacity is due to the inherent qualities of the race and to the religion by which for centuries they have been inspired. A race of warriors, their religion teaches them that all infidels are hopelessly beneath them. A recent French writer, M. MARCEL LEART, describes the economic causes that have led to the persecution of the Christians in Turkey:

> Islamism prescribes wars of conquest as a religious duty. Such wars imply the right to plunder. * * * By the law of least resistance the Turk prefers to all other callings that of the warrior. He owes to this choice his military qualities, and also his economic failure. The land and the riches acquired as the booty of war have kept him from all productive activity. When the era of conquest closed, he became a functionary. * * * True, he lost to some extent become cultivator of the soil and artisan, but indifferently, and with rooted disdain. His product has been less than that of the Christian, forced to live by his own labor and to relying solely on himself. Finally the Christian by sharp effort has become the sole productive element in this vast empire, while the Turk is sunk in poverty. He bears it with the resignation that is in the heart of every Mussulman. But the struggle toward material well-being is stilled. This great spring of civilization is unknown to him.

This is a somewhat extreme view. The Turk, if forced to live on equal terms with his Christian neighbors—and that is what must come in the end—will not die out. He will, in the long run, work out a peaceful living. But in the meanwhile the demand of the Christian subjects of Turkey that equal terms shall be accorded cannot forever be denied, as it has been for a half century. Sir EDWARD GREY intimated that if the Concert of Europe will not deal with Turkey some one of its members will have to be allowed to do so. If the Turks are forced back into Asia, the Power to assume this task will most naturally be Russia, and next time Russia will hardly be stopped on the heights of San Stefano.

THE DUTY ON ART ANTIQUITIES.

So far as is known, no agreement has yet been reached in the Conference Committee of the House and Senate in regard to the restoration of art antiquities to the free list, where they were placed in the House bill. The Senate struck out the provision, it seems, merely because a few of the Senators felt that the antiquities of art are chiefly of interest to wealthy persons who ought to be taxed, on general principles, as heavily and as thoroughly as possible. The short-sightedness of this action should be realized, without much argument, by everybody.

Every piece of ancient art that is brought to this country becomes in time the people's property, and an instrument for the advancement of general culture. Even if this were not so, and the potentiality of the painting, carving, pottery, or jewelry, as an educational influence, were limited to the comparatively few who came in contact with it, there would be small excuse, if any, to restrict the importation of art antiquities by placing a tax upon them which would never largely increase the national revenues. Moreover, it is an established fact that the great collections of art treasures all find their way in time into the art museums which are open to the people.

The Senate, under the influence of Mr. THOMAS of Colorado, provided that if any imported art antiquity were given to an art museum open to the public without charge on four days of every week, within five years of its importation, the duty should be remitted. This is a clumsy and, it seems, an unfair provision. If the treasure should be held in private ownership six years, or five years and six months, the tax would not be lifted. The proposed amendment seems to emphasize the folly of taxing such art works.

It is confidently expected, however, that the antiquities of art will be restored to the free list in conference, and it is also hoped that the duty on art will be removed altogether before the Tariff bill reaches its final state. The orthodox protectionists were willing to admit art antiquities free of duty. Why should a tariff reform Congress persist in taxing them? Strong and logical appeals have been made to Mr. UNDERWOOD, Chairman of the Conference Committee, and to Senator SIMMONS, Chairman of the Senate's Finance Committee, in regard to these features of the bill.

THE MEXICAN ELECTION.

Opinions differ in Mexico as to whether an election, under the established legal form, will be held there Oct. 26. The only avowed candidate for the Presidency thus far is Gen. FELIX DIAZ, and five weeks before the day fixed he is in Paris or Biarritz, and there is no sign of campaigning in his behalf. What his strength may be with the Mexican people nobody out of that country can guess, but he has assuredly given up all advantage he may have gained by his successful rebellion against MADERO. CARRANZA is not in the field as a candidate for election. Gen. HUERTA has not been very frank with the Washington authorities in regard to his possible appearance as a candidate, but he has frequently said that he would not run, and, indeed, took the office of Provisional President with the expressed understanding that he would support the candidacy of DIAZ.

The procedure in Mexican elections is involved in mystery. The Constitution provides only that the election of President shall be "indirect in the first degree and by secret ballot." The number of electors varies in the various States, and so does the manner of voting. As to whether there was ever an election in Mexico in which the will of the entire people was made known, there must always be some doubt. But the people as a whole wanted PORFIRIO DIAZ at the head of the State, until he grew so old that they felt he was becoming the tool of others whom they distrusted, and there is no doubt that MADERO was, for the time, the people's choice, no matter what the manner of his election may have been.

It should be reassuring, however, to know that the people in the Mexican capital believe that an election will be held and expect no trouble. Some of the dark clouds which have been overshadowing Mexico have been dispelled; and as public affairs are now going on peacefully in many of the States, it is not unlikely that a new President will be chosen, in one way or another, without undue excitement, and that he will take over the troublesome task of administering the nation's affairs.

STEEL CARS AND ROADBEDS.

Steel cars should be thought of whenever wooden cars are smashed to pieces in a derailment or collision of passenger trains, but they are not the first consideration. This point is well pressed home by Mr. J. O. FAGAN, whose letter to THE TIMES, appearing elsewhere, calls attention to the increasing weakness of roadbeds under the impact of modern heavy cars and locomotives.

The provision of steel cars never prevented accidents, never can prevent them. It may, indeed, be a direct cause of the spreading or fracture of rails and of consequent derailments. The prevention of accidents on the railways has become a direct personal issue between managements and men. It is an issue of the gravest importance to the public, and it has been brought to an acute stage by the continual demands for more pay, or, when that is refused, less responsibility for the trainmen to whose hands are intrusted the lives of passengers. It might even be argued that the multiplication of mechanical "safety" devices is now in itself an element of danger—until this issue with the trainmen is settled, at any rate, the addition of mechanical devices will be used as an argument for further lightening the work and responsibility of each of them. When engineers, conductors, and flagmen unite to thrust the "safety first" responsibility upon the power of car bodies to withstand shocks of collisions resulting from their running past signals, it is time for the public to take a part in passing upon their qualifications.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Big Army Landed Skillfully.

A severer test of executive and administrative capacity for both a steamship company and the customs service has never been applied than was that of Wednesday evening, when the Imperator came into the dock with her enormous burden of passengers and baggage. Of the former there were enough to make a good-sized town, and of the latter to build a respectable hill, if not a small mountain, and yet within less than four hours all the formalities incidental to landing had been gone through with, and the travelers, with their belongings and their relatives and friends, had scattered through the city.

This was not accomplished, to be sure, altogether without crowding and confusion, and some tempers of the quick and easy-acting sort were ruffled by annoyances and delays not quite all of which seemed necessary or irremediable, but all fairly patient and considerate people were impressed by the speed and efficiency with which both the employés of the steamship company and the representatives of the Government performed their difficult and complicated tasks.

Especially noticeable was the expertness with which the customs men adjusted their examinations to what from their point of view was the public interest, making rigid inquiries and inspections in some instances, and in others passing baggage in what looked like a hasty and perfunctory manner, though it was presumably all that was needed in those particular cases. That these men can catch smugglers, and do, they have proved many times of late, but they are able to do it without subjecting all travelers, or even many, to the prolonged and minute inquisition that is in itself an accusation justified only by conviction.

The inspectors complain of these night landings as involving for them cruelly long hours and loss of sleep without a compensating increase of pay. Their grievance is real, but of course it lies against the Government and not against the traveling public, and the remedy would not be the abolition of night landings, but proper provision for attending to them without imposing hardships on anybody. And, after all, these complainants have not a few days with little work in which to rest up. One way of helping them would be to have baggage labels of larger size and readier visibility, and another might be found if somehow or other the size of the welcoming throngs could be diminished.

Senators Saw a Light.

There seems to be no doubt that the long, hard fight to close the great American market to the feathers of wild birds has been practically won. A few formalities remain to be completed before the section of the new Tariff bill devoted to this section becomes law, and there is still a remote chance of adverse action on the prohibiting paragraph, but confidence in a complete victory over the would-be exterminators of many of the most beautiful and useful species of birds is now justified.

The importers gave battle first in the House, and there were soundly beaten. Then they made a desperate stand in the Senate, and there for a while it seemed likely that they would have better fortune, for the Senators, strangely enough, showed, in spite of their supposed superior wisdom, a strong inclination to ignore the facts presented to them by ornithologists, and to heed only the sophistical arguments and rash misrepresentations made in behalf of the plumage houses. They gave grave consideration to pleas as absurd as the one that if wild bird feathers were excluded vast numbers of estimable working girls would lose their employment forever! Even the Senators had to smile, however, when the old fable about picking up moulted plumes was solemnly repeated as an answer to the stories about starving nestlings.

The first result of the Senatorial deliberations was an "amendment" of the section that, by admitting the feathers of birds that anybody ate or called "pestiferous," would have been a death sentence to every well-dressed creature that flies. But from that position the Senators have now withdrawn, doing it in consequence of pressure they found irresistible from the Audubon Societies and other well-informed and civilized people, and the section as agreed upon by the Conference Committee is substantially as passed by the House.

This triumph will encourage the protectors of birds all over the world, and will deprive the countries where similar action has not yet been taken of their best excuse for not falling into line. A somewhat troublesome and expensive readjustment of the millinery trade to new conditions will be necessitated, but it will suffer no permanent injury. The trimming of hats will continue—one can trust the women for that—and the substituted materials will give the feather workers more as well as decenter employment than they have had in the past. Also, better wages, it is to be hoped, for they have been a miserably paid lot.

Another Triumph of Medicine.

Every mother and father of young children will hear with something more than interest the statement made by Dr. J. B. MURPHY of Chicago that he brings back from Europe the news that scarlet fever can be freed of contagiousness. So high is Dr. MURPHY'S rank among physicians that his announcement will be accepted throughout the medical profession as one made after sufficient investigation to warrant confidence little less than certainty that he is not mistaken.

Scarlet fever is a somewhat mysterious, as well as a most terrible, malady, for though there is every reason to believe that it is of bacterial origin, its germ has never been isolated. Not only are its victims in serious danger of death from its direct consequences, but, if they survive these, only too often they suffer through life from grave physical or mental incapacities. It numbers among the most contagious of the fevers, and every case of it is therefore a public danger.

The spreading of the disease is what Dr. MURPHY says can be stopped, and by the very simple expedient of daily inunctions with oil of eucalyptus. This is a well-known germicide of the milder sort, and would hardly be expected to be efficient for the purpose, but the question is one of fact, not of expectation. If it meets the pragmatic test—if it works, that is—scarlet fever ought soon to be conquered, not by cure, but by prevention, which is vastly better.

THAW AND DR. COOK.

Public Sympathy for Them Called a Transitory "Craze."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is there not a certain similarity, so far as undeserved and unwarranted public sympathy is concerned, between the case of Dr. Cook and the case of Harry K. Thaw? Dr. Cook was a common faker and fraud; and yet, a majority of the Canadian and American people—probably an overwhelming majority—not only sympathized with him, but became actively and demonstratively hostile to all who doubted his statement or questioned his pretensions. Thaw was always an "undesirable citizen," and is now a criminal lunatic; and yet, large numbers of Canadians and Americans not only sympathize with him, but show a readiness to fight the officers of the law in his defense. Why, in the Jerome-Thaw case as in the Peary-Cook case, do "the people" seem to take, instinctively, the side that has no support whatever in reason or justice?

The under dog theory may possibly explain, in part, the sympathy for Thaw, but it does not explain at all the sympathy for Cook, because the latter became the upper dog in the very first skirmish, and Peary had to carry on an uphill fight against a flower-garlanded dog who had every advantage in position, and who was cheered on by three-fourths of the unreasoning people who watched the contest. Peary, apparently beaten in the race for the Pole; deprived of the honor he had worked so long and so hard to gain; and forced to carry on a contest by wireless from the coast of Labrador, was clearly the under dog; and yet, the sympathy of the public went at once to his triumphant, flower-crowned, honored, and acclaimed competitor in Copenhagen.

May we not better account for such phenomena by saying that large numbers of people, both in Canada and in the United States, are carried away, now and then, by crazes, which are not to be explained by facts, logic, or reason? The Century Dictionary defines a "craze" as "An unreasoning or capricious liking, or affectation of liking, more or less suddenly temporary, and usually shared by a number of persons, especially in society, for something particular, uncommon, peculiar, or curious." All of these adjectives fit both Cook and Thaw, and the words "unreasoning or capricious liking" describe accurately the attitude of the people who become temporarily so becrazed that they cheer fakers and defend criminal lunatics. Fortunately, such crazes are transitory, and the persons affected by them eventually recover their sanity, and feel more or less ashamed of their "unreasoning and capricious liking" for "the uncommon, the peculiar, and the curious."

GEORGE KENNAN.

Baddeck, Nova Scotia, Sept. 15, 1913.

IMBECILE IMMIGRANTS.

Dr. Davenport Blames Society for the Aumuller Murder.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Once again a sensational murder is traced to a weak, inhibitioned "moral imbecile," who was brought here in a ship from Europe. To the observation of the immigration officials his looks and behavior did not justify his deportation—it is precisely this type that shows nothing; once again the personal examination showed its insufficiency.

A day or two after the murderer is discovered we get from his home a full report of his family history: "Several members confined in asylums for the demented; four suicides in the last five years." It would have taken no longer to have got this information a day or two before he took passage; on the basis of that report he could have been examined at Ellis Island more critically, and American society might have been spared the brutalizing details of this horrid crime. The head tax now paid by each immigrant would cover the expense of getting his family history.

Not the moral imbecile who wielded the knife, but a society that fails to adopt an obvious precaution is to be blamed for this crime of lust and blood.

CHARLES B. DAVENPORT.

Cold Spring Harbor, L. I., N. Y., Sept. 17, 1913.

DE VINEZ.

For once the joke is ended! In one poet's death
Beneath the chilly comfort of the trees,
E'en the most blinded for the moment sees
How dear a thing is art. With his expiring breath
De Vinez bore the burden proudly which sad fate
Upon his shoulders laid. Starvation mastered him.
Yet in this land o'erflowing blessings wait
For those, loud-mouthed with tales of sorrow grim,
Who claim assistance. He, a poet, died
In mankind's sight—with affluence near by;
The watchful branches, helpless, leaned and sighed,
And o'er him glowed the bright September sky.
Here was no joke! A poet's blighted life!
Of martyrs just one more, proud, vanquished in the strife!

LURANA SHELDON.

HEAVY STEEL TRAINS

Do Not Prevent Accidents, but May Cause Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The present agitation for steel cars on railroads, dodging, as it does, more pressing needs and issues, is a matter of wide public importance. I would like, therefore, to present to readers of THE TIMES a little "safety first" logic which I think will go to show that under present conditions on the railroads steel car legislation would not only be very unwise, but would actually be a case of dangerous Federal interference with railroad management.

Let me begin by reminding your readers that just about a year ago quite a sensation was created by the discovery and publication by the Interstate Commerce Commission of facts relating to the manufacture of steel rails and the stability of roadbeds. Accidents pointing to weakness in these features were of daily occurrence. An abundance of evidence was published about rotten ties, broken rails, and weak bridges. Comparisons were made between the cost and structure of roadbeds in this country and abroad. Meanwhile railroad Presidents and managers all over the country were taking hold of these problems in earnest, and at the time public statements were made by these men to the effect that the railroads were in immediate need of millions upon millions of dollars for betterment purposes, and specifically to prepare for the problems connected with the constantly increasing weight of cars and locomotives.

Before permitting or compelling the railroads to add an unlimited number of ponderous steel cars to their equipment, then, would it not be well to secure from the Interstate Commerce Commission an opinion as to the present preparedness of the railroads to carry in safety this additional weight? An opinion of this kind in advance would certainly mean more to the people than any number of discoveries and rulings of the usual post-mortem description. Surely, these tracks and roadbeds are matters of the first consideration, and any cart-before-the-horse legislation should be looked upon by the people with the greatest disfavor. At any rate, I think there is evidence enough of a cautionary nature to make both the railroads and Congress proceed very carefully with this steel-car proposition.

These steel cars, then, up to date, have a very peculiar life-saving record. I will content myself with a few illustrations of the way steel train accidents have been featured in the newspapers.

February, 1912.—A train on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Warrior Ridge thrown down an embankment. Five persons killed. Interstate Commerce Commission gives credit to steel coaches for great saving of life.

March, 1912.—The Twentieth Century Limited derailed at Hyde Park, N. Y. Train thrown into the Hudson. Great saving of life to the credit of steel equipment.

Sept. 9, 1913.—All-steel train saves score in Ohio wreck. Coaches flung into corn field when flier's engine is wrecked in creek. Three persons killed and 23 injured.

Sept. 16, 1913.—Only three hurt when three sleepers roll over bank. Steel sleeping cars of the Philadelphia Night Express left the rails at Coatesville. The accident said to be due to the spreading of the rails.

In fact a careful scrutiny of the records for the past year or two warrants the suspicion that the unusual weight and speed of these trains have been the probable causes in most of these accidents. Saving lives in this roundabout fashion is something new in railroad and human economy. It reminds one of Dickens's hero who saved a small fortune in his mind by purchasing at bargain sales articles for which he had absolutely no use.

JAMES O. FAGAN.

Waverley, Mass., Sept. 17, 1913.

FOLK NAMED AS BRYAN AID.

Ex-Governor Is Nominated as Solicitor for the State Department.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Joseph W. Folk, former Governor of Missouri, was to-day nominated by the President to be Solicitor for the State Department. Secretary Bryan, in an informal announcement, said that Mr. Folk was not an aspirant for the position, but that the office was tendered to him because of his fitness for the place.

"The position is of special importance at this time when the Administration is dealing with questions affecting the Latin-American republics," added Mr. Bryan.

These other appointments were made to-day by President Wilson:

Henry Wade Rogers of Connecticut to be Circuit Judge in the Second Circuit.

Clay Allen to be Attorney for the Western District of Washington.

Bernard Herstein, to be Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise, New York.

The Senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Preston McGoodwin of Oklahoma, to be Minister to Venezuela, after a long contest against him by Republicans. The Senate also confirmed a large number of Consular appointments, including that of Alexander M. Thackara as Consul General to Paris.

PRIVATE CAR INQUIRY WIDER

Commerce Board Makes Vehicle Owners Co-Defendants with Roads.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The Interstate Commerce Commission directed to-day that all individuals and companies owning or operating cars and other vehicles for the shipment of property in interstate commerce be made defendants in the Commission's investigation of private car lines and the allowances paid to them by the trunk line railways.

The investigation was begun by the Commission more than a year ago on the complaint that the operation of such car lines was unreasonable and discriminatory, and that the allowances to them by the trunk lines were excessive. By the terms of the first order only the railways were made respondents in the proceeding; by to-day's order the owner of every private car line is brought directly into the case.

The intimation is made that the information already produced by the inquiry may lead to action by the Department of Justice.

DIGGS'S PRISON UP TO COURT

McReynolds Refuses to Interfere with Judge's Ruling.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Attorney General McReynolds to-day declined to interfere with the ruling of Judge Van Fleet that Maury I. Diggs and Drew Caminetti, convicted of violating the white slave act, should serve their sentences in San Quentin penitentiary.

Counsel for the defendants asked that they be sent to the Federal prison at McNeil's Island, Washington. Judge Van Fleet, while refusing to make the change, authorized the submission of the application to Attorney General McReynolds, who to-day telegraphed that he would neither approve nor disapprove the action, leaving the whole matter to the court.

HOTELS COSTLY IN EUROPE.

Ritz Carlton Manager Here Found Them the Same as Our Own.

Albert Keller, manager of the Ritz-Carlton, who is just back from a vacation in Europe, agrees with R. M. Haan of the St. Regis that hotel prices in Europe are just as high now as in the United States, and as raw materials, labor, and rent, for the most part, are higher here, he argues that people get more for their money over here; but Mr. Keller says he has found the newer hotels over there just as well-equipped as American hostelries. Mr. Keller confessed yesterday that he was glad to get back home, and that he preferred to live and work in New York to any place in Europe, not excepting his native Baden Baden.

While in Europe Mr. Keller went up in the air twice, once in a balloon near Paris, when he had to reach the earth by means of a tree and a ladder. The other time he made a trip in the Zeppelin airship, which makes three-hour excursions from Baden Baden up the Rhine valley, most of the passengers being Americans, he said.

"The new hotels in Europe have plenty of bathrooms," said Mr. Keller yesterday, "and they have the same prices as here, if not higher. I found several hotels where they keep ice water in the rooms in thermos bottles. The new hotels have plenty of elevators, and in everything one can see the influence the United States has exerted in the matters of construction and comfort. In Baden Baden I saw a new hotel of concrete and fireproof. I should say that the demands of the American traveling public have revolutionized European hotels in the last few years.

"The hotel business abroad generally has not been so good this year, though some of the hotels in London are doing better than a year ago. The Balkan war has hurt things, though these last few weeks the situation has generally improved."

"And has there been any change in the method of tipping?"

"None," was the reply. "That institution is almost as old as the world itself. For that matter, what is the decoration an Ambassador gets but a tip? A tip is nothing else than a reward for special consideration. The question will never be solved as long as any man who asks for special service is in the habit of giving a reward for it.

"Yes, I found that American taste in the matter of foods was being catered to generally abroad. At many places I found crab dishes, something I never heard of over there before, at least on the Continent."

LAIMBEER'S WILL FILED.

Leaves All His Property to His Wife—No Mention of Stepson.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Sept. 18.—The will of the late William Laimbeer, who was killed in an automobile accident with Osgood Pell at the Long Island Railroad crossing of the Long Beach road last month, was filed in the Nassau County Surrogate's Court here this afternoon. The will was dated Nov. 18, 1909.

Mr. Laimbeer bequeaths his house at 105 East Thirty-ninth Street, Manhattan, to his widow. He says that the property has been under litigation, and that the courts have decided in his favor. He also leaves the principal and interest from a trust fund created from the will of Clara S. Laimbeer, who died in January, 1908, to his wife, as well as his entire residuary estate. The identity of Clara S. Laimbeer is not given in the will.

Papers accompanying the will are to to the effect that he left more than $1,000 in personal and more than $1,000 in real property. The instrument mentions his two children, Natalie Lee Laimbeer and Josephine Louise, but says nothing of his stepson, a boy by Mrs. Laimbeer's marriage to her first husband, Capt. Collins, an Englishman. The act of the dead man's friends in wiping out his debts, many of which were heavy business obligations, that his wife might benefit as nearly as possible from the small estate they knew he left, is still being commented upon here as a remarkable demonstration of friendship. Mrs. Laimbeer was not informed of her husband's death until about a fortnight ago.

REFUSES COLLECTORSHIP.

Gannon's Name Withdrawn by Wilson—Opposition to Duffey.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The President withdrew to-day the nomination of Bernard M. Gannon as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourth District of New Jersey. Mr. Gannon is the County Clerk of Middlesex County, of which New Brunswick is the seat, and his friends induced him to run again for that office. Hence he declined the Internal Revenue Collectorship after his name had been sent to the Senate. He lives at Perth Amboy.

The fact that Senator Hughes has recommended Charles V. Duffey of Paterson for the office which Mr. Gannon declined has aroused the opposition of some New Jersey Democrats. They have written to President Wilson that Duffey worked against the President in 1910 when Mr. Wilson was a candidate for Governor of New Jersey.

ASK CROP FUND CHANGES.

Farmers' Union Delegates Tell Wilson Present Plans Are Inadequate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Secretary McAdoo and Senator Smith of South Carolina escorted a committee from the Farmers' Education and Co-operative Union of America to the White House to-day, to discuss with President Wilson possible changes in the regulations for distributing the $50,000,000 Treasury fund for crop movements.

The committee, which was appointed at a recent convention of the national organization at Salina, Kan., presented to President Wilson a resolution setting forth "that neither in amount nor in conditions laid down by the Secretary of the Treasury, nor in the regulations proposed by receiving banks, will much good come to the farmers" unless certain changes are made.

The committee urged that the fund be increased and that withdrawals be made every two months instead of monthly.

PRESIDENT'S CHURCH SOLD.

Negro Congregation Buys Old Edifice Where Wilson Worshipped.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—President Wilson is without a church, the edifice in which he has been accustomed to worship since he entered the White House having been sold to a negro congregation. The sale was completed to-day, when the Mount Carmi Baptist Congregation took over the edifice of the Central Presbyterian Church. The Presbyterian congregation will build another structure in a more desirable neighborhood.

The church, which was established in 1868, for some time had been losing in membership because of its location. President Wilson probably will join some other Presbyterian congregation until the Central Church is established in its own home.

DEMANDS SUFFRAGE DEBATE

Senator Jones Wants Action on Amendment to Enfranchise Women

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Senator Wesley L. Jones of Washington, speaking in the Senate to-day, demanded action at once on the proposed constitutional amendment to give the vote to women.

The amendment was reported favorably to the Senate in June. Senator Jones urged that, as the Senate was not considering any legislation at present, there was no reason why the amendment should not be taken up.

ARMY MEN FAVOR WALL STREET GUARD

Warm Indorsement of Bankers' Request for a Regiment for Governors Island.

POST AS A SHOW PLACE

Crack Soldiers of Army Should Be Sent There for Foreign Visitors to See, Says Officer.

The petition signed by bankers and business men of the financial district urging the maintenance of a full regiment of infantry on Governors Island and the immediate carrying into effect of the plan made long ago for the modernization of the garrison on the island, meets with the cordial approval of a majority of the officers stationed in this part of the country.

On Governors Island yesterday several officers admitted that they had been informed of the circulation of the Wall Street petition several weeks ago, and when asked what their opinion of it was frankly said that in the main they indorsed it.

"The attitude of the bankers and business men who signed the petition circulated by Mr. Warren, the President of the Lincoln National Bank," said one officer, "is an entirely proper one, in my opinion. New York, as every one knows, is the money centre of the nation. I don't think that any riots are imminent, but just suppose that one did take place and that a great mob of ignorant people became excited and invaded the financial district. In that event it would be necessary to protect the Sub-Treasury, and the men to afford such protection should come from the regular army. A battalion, such as is now maintained on Governors Island, would not be sufficient, but a regiment of trained regulars could easily control any situation.

"Then, again, the only troops of the infantry arm, or any of the other mobile arms, on duty in this particular section of the country is this one battalion of the Twenty-ninth Infantry on Governors Island. True, we have coast artillerymen, but they, too, are posted where it would take them considerable time to reach New York, and, besides, they are not mobile troops and should not be removed from the coast fortifications except in great emergencies.

"This, however, is only one reason why a regiment of troops of the infantry arm should be garrisoned on Governors Island. Governors Island is a point of importance on all national occasions in which New York is concerned. To New York comes a majority of all the notable persons who visit the United States, and these notables always visit Governors Island. The pride of the country should demand that the troops these visitors see should be the equal at least of any in the service, and at least a full regiment of them should always be on hand to participate in such ceremonies. In my opinion, the model regiment of the army should be maintained on Governors Island, a regiment that would be a model in efficiency and appearance for the whole army, as well as the National Guard."

The plans for the new Governors Island post submitted to and now on file in the War Department were made by McKim, Mead & White of New York. They contemplate a post of great beauty, and if carried out would necessitate the demolition of nearly all of the buildings now on Governors Island. The beautiful Chapel of St. Cornelius the Centurion and old Castle Williams would be about the only structures that would remain.

Ex-Secretary of War Stimson during the latter part of the Taft administration even went so far as to suggest the entire abandonment of Governors Island as a military post and the mobilization of all the troops of the army in six big brigade posts to be situated outside of New York. The attitude of the Wilson Administration on the questions involved in the Stimson plan is not known here. The plan for the beautification of Governors Island and the making of it a great supply depot from which military activities could be directed in time of war originated with Senator Root, and it was because of Mr. Root's interest in the matter that the consent of the State of New York was obtained and Governors Island enlarged by the addition of 103 acres of made land.

GARRISON DOESN'T SEE NEED.

But Secretary Will Give Wall Street Petition Serious Consideration.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The movement to have a regiment of United States Infantry stationed at Governors Island has not come before the Secretary of War officially, but it was a subject of discussion to-day at the War Department, where it aroused much interest. Secretary Garrison said that he had only a newspaper knowledge of the petition signed by the Wall Street bankers, and he was at a loss to understand the reasons underlying the feeling that New York City needed more military protection than it now has.

"In one hour," said Secretary Garrison, "a stroke of the pen would put upward of 3,000 men on duty in Wall Street. I am used to the desire of cities in the West and the interior generally to have as many soldiers stationed near them as possible because of the business that a body of troops brings in, the money the men spend, the supplies that must be bought for men and animals, and all the many necessities of an army post. But, surely, New York and Wall Street, of all places, are not thinking of that phase of the matter. I am frank to say I do not understand the matter, but when it comes before the Department it shall have the fullest and the fairest possible consideration. If there is a necessity it will be met by satisfactory action."

Army officers on duty here have for years been studying the problem of army garrisons

MRS. O. H. P. BELMONT AMONG MILITANTS

The Pankhursts Were Her Guests and Suppliant M. P.'s Came Crying Mercy.

BUT THERE'LL BE NO MERCY

Mrs. Pankhurst to Visit Mrs. Belmont Here — What Would We Think If Mrs. Belmont Incited Riot?

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, who arrived in New York on the Imperator Wednesday, looked well rested as she appeared yesterday at the headquarters of her Political Equality Association. The trip abroad this Summer was the first she had taken for several years, her suffrage work engrossing her entire attention.

In answer to a question as to what she would do this Winter, she said:

"There is the great suffrage campaign on hand, and we must learn what the conditions will be. I come back to find no Mayor and, with two Governors, no Governor. There are a dozen or fifteen women coming to the headquarters here every day, from the South and West and all parts of the country, women who want to work for suffrage and don't know how to go about it, and they must be instructed.

"Then I want to start a great campaign of social purity. We know the need of education. I have been having talks at the headquarters for the past two years, but I want to have great meetings everywhere that we can get public platforms, with men and women physicians to speak, and to give the men a chance to hear. Yes, I will manage it myself. I can find the time."

It was not until Mrs. Belmont began to speak of Mrs. Pankhurst that she became really enthusiastic. Christabel Pankhurst visited Mrs. Belmont for two months this Summer at her villa at Beauville, and Mrs. Pankhurst was also there. Mrs. Belmont has entertained Miss Christabel Pankhurst at the Ritz in Paris, where in her private dining room members of the English Parliament came to meet Miss Pankhurst, to consult her about some practical method by way of allowing the English Government to back out of its present disagreeable predicament with the militant suffragettes.

"One English member of Parliament," Mrs. Belmont said, "asked me if I wouldn't ask Mrs. Pankhurst if she wouldn't suggest a means by which the Government could get comfortably away from present conditions. I said I would speak to her, and I did.

Admires English Militants.

"'No,' she answered; 'our conciliation bill was the last chance we gave the Government of getting out of the situation gracefully.'

"It is simply colossal the things these women are doing," continued Mrs. Belmont. "Their numbers are increasing all the time, and also the money for the work. That is all sent to France now, to keep it out of the hands of the English, and while Miss Pankhurst was with me much of it was sent in my name, and I deposited it in here. I know personally what enormous sums they receive. A single check, for instance, would be for £1,200, and they called that just a 'little gift.' They have an enormous reserve fund which they never touch, and which people who are interested and give to them.

"Miss Christabel Pankhurst is wonderful. She is about 29 now. She is the editor of The Suffragette and manages and controls all the work of the Woman's Social and Political Union. She has an apartment in Paris, and two secretaries, and the workers in England come over every week to consult her to take her orders, and to carry back her papers. They did the same when she was with me. Being on the coast, only a short distance from Havre, it was convenient. Miss Pankhurst is busy every minute of the time. She has no opportunity for holidays. She had no time to go walking or driving with me at Deauville. Mrs. Pankhurst is so much on the platform that she has little time for the other work.

"Miss Sylvia Pankhurst is now living in the East End of London, and that is a diplomatic thing to do. The people down there worship the ground she walks on. That takes in the socialistic element, and add to that the Pankhurst influence and the English Government has something to think about. She has the men as well as the women with her, and when things go wrong she simply says: 'Come, let us go up to the West End and do something.' A cordon of police is sent out and the East End people fight the police and it is a pretty bad state of affairs. I don't think the Government here in New York would like very well to have me go down on the east side here and incite the people to riot.

Campaign of Ridicule.

"The English Government is at its wits end and doesn't know what to do about it. The women are fighting a campaign of ridicule. Isn't it ridiculous that Winston Churchill and the Prime Minister of England can't leave their homes without a guard of five detectives because they are afraid of the women? And it is the same with the other Members of Parliament. Then the five detectives of the Prime Minister sit up on a hill and eat their luncheon and two women get at the Prime Minister and drag him around. It was the women's lawyer who took the case to court. They wanted the Prime Minister to prove that they had done to him. But when he found that he would have to go to court and give testimony he called off the case and the women thanked him. You don't hear all of the particulars over here.

"Isn't it ridiculous that these women are sentenced to prison for penal offenses and then go to France and come over to America on holiday trips, and give lectures from public platforms? It makes the courts and the Judges ridiculous. You don't think the English people like it, do you? But they don't know how to get out. The women say you can kill us but you can't keep us in prison. And they can't kill all the women, there are too many of them.

"The women just now are burning all the haystacks, so there will be nothing with which to feed the cattle; they are ruining the golf grounds at the season when that will be the most felt, and they are burning all the grandstands where the people gather. It is a great nuisance and the people say: 'Why don't you give these suffragettes what they want?' Nobody wants this fight to go on. The women don't want it, the Government doesn't want it, but it doesn't know how to get out of it. The English women, however, will not get the franchise from the present Government."

Mrs. Pankhurst to Visit Her.

Mrs. Pankhurst will stay with Mrs. Belmont while she is in New York, and Miss Joan Wickham, who is one of the organizers of the Woman's Social and Political Union, and who will be in New York in a few days as Mrs. Pankhurst's advance agent, will have a room at the Belmont suffrage headquarters.

"Mrs. Pankhurst will only be in New York about ten days at first and a week upon her return," said Mrs. Belmont. "She must be back in England for the opening of Parliament, so it would be ridiculous for our Government to take any action against her. She has received a great many requests from men over here who wished to manage her while she is in this country, but she has refused them all because she can do best for herself.

"You will hear in a few days, I can't tell what it is now, of some very great money making scheme that has been proposed for the militants to raise funds for their work.

"People don't seem to understand that these militants are refined and cultivated women. They don't like to do the things that they do. They don't like to go to prison and starve. Mrs. Pankhurst is little more than a skeleton, and it is only her spirit that keeps her up."

IT'S A SUFFRAGE BABY NOW.

Parents Recover Little One Left at the Suffolk County Fair.

Special to The New York Times.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Sept. 18.—The anti-suffrage baby left over at the Suffrage Baby tent at the Suffolk County Fair last night has found its parents and has been converted to suffrage. The parents are Mrs. Hans Siemann. Papa Hans thought Mamma Hans was looking after the Little Hans, and Mamma Hans was equally certain that papa had the baby as they stood looking at the animals. Then both discovered at once that the little two-year-old was missing.

They were an unhappy pair until many hours later when they found the baby perfectly happy, saturated with the suffrage atmosphere and babbling something that the suffragists said was "Votes for Women."

Papa Hans said the usual things about women occupying themselves with the church, the kitchen and the children, and Mamma Hans said she had been so busy away with the kitchen and the children that she hadn't had much time to think about voting, but both of them said gratefully they would do a little more thinking in the future.

As for Baby Hans, he lifted up his voice and wailed loudly when they tried to take him from his suffrage friends. Only the gift of some toy horses with which he had been playing persuaded him to leave them at all.

MISS VAN RENSSELAER WEDS

Married to Clarence B. Tippett at an Altar of Evergreens.

KATONAH, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Miss Rebecca Coffing Van Rensselaer, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James H. Van Rensselaer, and Clarence Baker Tippett were married this afternoon at Rensselaerwyck, Katonah, the home of the bride's brother-in-law and sister, Dr. and Mrs. A. V. Volaiewsky.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Mabon of the Collegiate Church, New York, in the presence of 150 guests. The house was decorated with flowers and plants, and in the drawing room where the marriage took place was an altar of evergreens. The best man was Herbert H. Flagg of New York, and the bride was attended by her niece, Miss Elisabeth Schuyler Volaiewsky.

Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Braddon Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Outerbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Grant Morse, Mr. and Mrs. Paul W. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Albert T. Maurice, Mr. and Mrs. Allen St. Strong, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Van Steenburg, and Schuyler Van Rensselaer, a cousin of the bride.

MISS MAUDE KLEIN A BRIDE.

Col. John F. Klein's Daughter Married to C. H. Van Nostrand.

Miss Maude Irene Klein, daughter of Colonel John F. Klein and Mrs. Klein of Floral Park, L. I., was married last evening to Charles Herbert Van Nostrand of Little Neck, L. I. The ceremony, which was witnessed by 300 guests, was held in the Methodist Church, Floral Park. The Rev. William H. Hendrickson of Brooklyn, the bride's uncle, officiated, assisted by the Rev. E. C. Hoah of Floral Park.

The bride wore cream-colored crepe meteor with point lace, a tulle veil with a lace hood. She carried white roses and lillies of the valley. The maid of honor was Miss Jule Presat of Manhattan, and the other attendants were Miss Norma Childs, of Floral Park; Miss Sue Wilson, of Jamaica; Mrs. Frank Thompson, of Jamaica, and Mrs. Frederick Wrede, of Floral Park. Edward Van Nostrand, a brother of the bridegroom was the best man, and Herbert E. Frost, S. Sherkley Klein, Roswell W. Frost and William R. Klein were ushers.

The reception was held in the bride's home in Tulip Street. Mr. Van Nostrand is cashier of the Floral Park Bank, of which his father-in-law is Vice President. The bride is a graduate of Barnard College. Her father is President of the incorporated village of Floral Park and is colonel of the Tenth Regiment, N. G. N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Nostrand will live in Floral Park.

MISS HAZARD'S ATTENDANTS.

Her Marriage to F. R. Brown to Take Place at Far Rockaway.

Miss Laura Pelton Hazard, whose marriage to Frederic Rhinelander Brown will take place on Sept. 27 in St. John's Church at Far Rockaway, L. I., will have her sister, Miss Katharine Hazard Brown, whose engagement to Courtland D. Moss was announced on Aug. 5, as her maid of honor. The bridesmaids are to be another sister, Miss Jessie Ashley Hazard, whose engagement to Charles R. Leonard of Boston was announced July 10; Miss Florence Burton, C. Lesley Fuller, Ruth Moller, Genevieve Sanford, and Millicent Amy.

Mr. Brown's best man is to be J. Macy Willets and the ushers selected are Hans Carl Striker, William F. Philips, Charles Kenneth Clinton, James W. Walsh, William A. Hazard, Jr., and W. Tilden Pelton Hazard.

The reception will be held at Meadow Hall, the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Ayrault Hazard, at Cedarhurst, L. I.

MISS MARIE BRYCE TO WED.

Daughter of Mrs. Henry E. Fanshawe Engaged to Charles A. Kip.

Mrs. Henry E. Fanshawe of Morristown, N. J., yesterday announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Marie G. Bryce, to Charles A. Kip, also of Morristown, and a son of George G. Kip.

Mrs. Fanshawe has two daughters by her former marriage, the other being Miss Ellen L. Bryce. Mr. Kip is a son of George Goelet Kip. He is a graduate of Columbia, class of 1902. Mr. Kip is a member of the Union, Metropolitan, and Morristown clubs and the Holland and St. Nicholas societies. No date has been set for the wedding.

Put Your Money

To Work At Liberal Pay.

Transplant that bank account into Guaranteed First Mortgages, which pay, without risk of Principal, Interest of **5½%**

Legal Investment for Trust Funds.

Our booklet "E" goes into convincing detail. Write for it to-day.

FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.

Capital and Surplus, $640,000.

Bridge Plaza, N., L. I. City, N. Y.

CELESTINS VICHY

(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)

Natural Alkaline Water

For 50 years the standard Mineral Water for the relief of Sour Stomach, Indigestion and **Uric Acid.**

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN

Bottled at the Springs

WILL SEEK TO END 'VAUDEVILLE TRUST'

Nirdlinger of Philadelphia to Accuse It of Breaking Interstate Commerce Law.

NAMES LOEW OF NEW YORK

Recent Sale of Chase's Theatre in Washington to Keith Will Be Mentioned in Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Word was received here to-day that Fred G. Nixon-Nirdlinger of Philadelphia would file charges with the Department of Justice against what was known as the Theatrical Vaudeville Trust, and would ask for its dissolution under the Sherman anti-trust law. It would be alleged, it was said, that Marcus Loew of New York and others were conducting the vaudeville business as a combination in restraint of interstate trade. According to the report, the recent sale of Chase's Theatre in Washington to B. F. Keith, the vaudeville circuit owner, would figure in the allegations.

Officials of the Department of Justice said to-night that, although these charges had not been filed formally, the Attorney General and his associates were familiar with complaints of a similar character that had been called to the attention of the Department from time to time. It was asserted, however, that the subject never had come to the department in an official way.

No one connected with the department would venture an opinion as to how the principle of interstate commerce would apply to an alleged theatrical trust operating in two or more States, but it was pointed out that previous Attorneys General had held that a theatrical trust, though in restraint of amusements, was not in restraint of commerce between States.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 18.—Fred G. Nixon-Nirdlinger, manager of the Nixon-Nirdlinger Vaudeville Agency here, said to-night that he had authorized his attorney in Washington to file charges against the Department of Justice against Marcus Loew and Sullivan & Considine, who, he alleges, have virtually formed a vaudeville trust in restraint of trade. He demands its dissolution under the Sherman anti-trust law, the Clayton law, or both.

"I formerly booked acts from Sullivan & Considine. Then Loew came to an agreement with them, to the effect that he was to control all Eastern bookings, while Sullivan & Considine would be supreme in the West. This caused me to prefer against Loew and Sullivan & Considine are conspiracy, restraint of trade, and trespass. Their real object is to cripple me."

Before Sept. 1 of this year, Mr. Nirdlinger was associated with Mr. Loew in the financing of the vaudeville at the Metropolitan Opera House here. Mr. Nirdlinger is still the nominal president of the company. But after a disagreement with Mr. Loew he withdrew his executive interest in the Metropolitan, and opened the Grand Opera House, at Broad Street and Montgomery Avenue, as a vaudeville theatre. Since that time, he says, he has been harassed by Loew agents, who intimidate actors coming to the Grand.

WELCOME TO ISAAC GIMBEL.

Buyers and Managers Entertain Him After Vacation Trip.

Isaac Gimbel was guest of honor last evening at a dinner given at the Waldorf-Astoria by about a hundred of the buyers, managers and assistants of the department store of Gimbel Brothers. Mr. Gimbel has just returned from a two months' trip to Europe.

B. H. Hinkle, the advertising director of the firm, made the chief speech of welcome. He named Mr. Gimbel as one of the causes of the success of the New York store from the time, three years ago, when the building was opened, stocked with merchandise and manned with 5,000 employes.

Mr. Gimbel answered in a brief speech of gratification.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Le Baron S. Willard of Rye, N. Y., are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter. This is their second child, the first being a son. Mrs. Willard was Miss Anabel G. Van Nostrand.

A. Eugene Gallatin has arrived at the Ritz-Carlton from Newport.

Miss Penelope Sears, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Sears of Oyster Bay, L. I., is to be a débutante of the coming season, and will be introduced at a reception to be given at the Colony Club on Dec. 20.

John R. Drexel, who has been abroad for some time with his family, has returned for a visit, and is at the Hotel Gotham.

Mrs. Peter Moller and her daughters, Miss Adelina Moller, have returned from North East Harbor, Me., and are at Briarcliff Lodge, to remain until Dec. 1.

The Brazilian Ambassador and Mme. de Gama, who have just returned from Europe, are at the St. Regis for a brief visit before going to Washington, D. C.

A subscription barn dance is to be given to-night at Walter P. Hilss's country home at Barnardsville, N. J.

Maximilian Burstyn, Naval Attaché of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy at Washington, is at the Hotel Astor for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Junius Parker are at the Plaza for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. William Dulles of Englewood, who spent the Summer at Fisher's Island, have taken an apartment at the Gotham until June 1, 1914.

Miss Emily Dearborn Ayres and her fiance, George Emlen Starr, will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. August Heckscher at their country place at Huntington, L. I., over the week-end.

Livingston Fryer of Buffalo, who went abroad some time since, is now in Berlin.

Mrs. Seth Barton French has returned from her ranch in Calgary, Canada, and is at her estate at the Virginia Hot Springs for the Autumn season.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnston de Forest spent several days last week at Lake Champlain at the Hotel Champlain. Dr. John A. Hartwell and Mrs. Hartwell have also been there.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Scott Gerrish, who spent much of the Summer abroad, and who were recently at Frankfort-on-the-Main, will return soon to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner, who have spent the Summer on Long Island, will go to the White Sulphur Springs in October.

Frederick G. Bourne, who, with J. P. Morgan and Cornelius Vanderbilt, will form the American syndicate to finance the building of a new yacht as cup defender, has been visiting his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Beaver Strassburger, at their home, Normandy Farm, in the Gwynedd Valley, Penn.

WANT WOMEN PROMOTED.

Merit Better Federal Jobs, Colorado Club Tells Wilson.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 18.—The Jane Jefferson Club of Denver, with its auxiliaries in the State, an organization composed of women Democrats, sent a telegram to-day to President Wilson urging better appointments for women employed by the Government.

The telegram stated that as the "organization has rendered sterling service in the battles of Colorado Democracy, its members are entitled to something more than clerkships," and that the women should have "more dignified" positions in the Federal service.

SURGEONS HURRY IN VAIN.

G. W. Bennett, Automobile Manufacturer, Dies of Appendicitis.

George W. Bennett, Vice President and General Manager of the Willys-Overland Company, died on Wednesday at his home in Toledo, Ohio, from appendicitis. Early on Wednesday John N. Willys, President of the company, while aboard the Imperator, received in a wireless dispatch news of the serious illness of Mr. Bennett.

He immediately arranged to have Dr. John B. Murphy, the Chicago surgeon, who was a fellow-passenger, conveyed to Toledo by special trains on the arrival of the Imperator. Surgeons were hurried from other points, but Mr. Bennett died on Wednesday night.

Mr. Bennett was prominently identified with the automobile trade in this country for many years.

J. E. Corwin, Banker, Dies in Chair

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 18.—John E. Corwin, retired banker, was found dead sitting in a chair at his home in this city this afternoon. Heart disease was the cause of death. He was 75 years old. Mr. Corwin ran a private bank in Middletown for more than a quarter of a century. He was well known throughout the State. One son, Allen W. of Middletown, and two daughters, Mrs. John Hartford of New York, and Mrs. Frank McKelvey of Easton, Penn., survive.

Mother Staullaus Tommasini.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Mother Staullaus Tommasini died at the Convent of the Sacred Heart at Kenwood to-day. She was born in Italy eighty-seven years ago, and entered the Order of the Sacred Heart when it was established by Mothers Duschesne and Harvey. Mother Tommasini came to this country when the convent at Manhattanville was first opened, and to Albany a decade ago. She worked with Mother Harvey in the founding of convents in Cuba, Mexico, Canada, and the Western States.

Mrs. Charlotte B. Poucher.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Sept. 18.—Mrs. Charlotte B. Poucher, aged 92 years, who it is asserted was the oldest member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, died to-day at the home of her son-in-law, Harris Fraser Poucher in Park Avenue, this city. She was born at Claverack, N. Y., and had lived in Yonkers and in New York City. Mrs. Poucher was the last of seven children all of whom lived to be more than 90 years old. She left two sons, Morris Richard Poucher and B. G. Poucher, the latter of Chicago.

The Rev. Martin Albert.

The Rev. Martin Albert, for more than thirty years connected with Trinity Church, New York, died yesterday at his home, 18 Madison Avenue, Jersey City, after a long illness. He was born in Germany in 1835, and was graduated from a St. Louis, Mo., seminary. Later he held pastorates in Missouri and Indiana. Mr. Albert wrote and translated from the German much church literature and translated into his mother tongue the Protestant Episcopal Hymnal and Prayer Book. At the time of his death he conducted the German Mission at Trinity.

Dr. John R. Stivers.

Dr. John R. Stivers, a practicing physician in Brooklyn for more than fifteen years and consulting physician at several Brooklyn hospitals, died last night at his home, 442 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn. He was graduated from the Long Island College Hospital and was a member of many medical societies.

OCEAN VOYAGERS.

Some of Those Sailing To-day on St. Paul—Arrivals on Majestic.

Among those sailing to-day on the St. Paul for Southampton are:

Mrs. H. Byrne, J. Drexel, Jr., Commander W. A. Edger, U. S. N., Mr. and Mrs. W. Mottravers, R. C. Miller, Miss Alice Morrison, Mrs. Lucy Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Moss, Miss Ethel Moss, Miss Helen Rev. and Mrs. H. J. White, Father Wood.

Arriving on the Majestic from Southampton were:

Oswald Allis, D. C. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. P. Bailey, Percy Avery, Wyllen Barclay, Mrs. H. W. Biana, Edwin B. Boyd, F. B. Bradley, A. C. Brandt, J. Brennan, Mr. and Mrs. H. Brock, Miss Penny Brock, Dr. and Mrs. Frederick Brown, Miss J. W. Camp, Mrs. C. Collett, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Cochran, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Crowley, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Duddy, Miss A. L. Foulke, Mr. and Mrs. Percival Foulke, Mr. and Mrs. S. Harcreaves, Mrs. J. H. Headley, S. Innes, J. C. Johnson, R. Kemp, Mrs. A. M. Locke, D. M. Lynch, Miss J. Meredith, Mrs. J. F. Nott, Mr. and Mrs. A. Orr-Ewing, Mrs. H. Packard, Lieut. S. Patton, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Louis Payn, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Robinson, Rev. Hugh Sharman, Mr. and Mrs. E. Sherman, Rev. and Mrs. R. B. Smith, Francis Stern, Miss N. Vale, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. White, Mr. and Mrs. A. Graves.

'The Lure,' Revised, to Resume Run

The production of "The Lure" will be resumed at Maxine Elliott's Theatre to-morrow evening. It is said that all the changes in the play have been made according to the statement made by Lee Shubert to the members of the Grand Jury. The management begs to state, says the announcement of the resumption, "that the moral lesson remains in the revised version as powerful as in the original."

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Arthur Hopkins's production of Longfellow's "Evangeline" in dramatic form, which was to have been made at the Park Theatre Sept. 29, has been postponed to Oct. 24.

The New York engagement of "Kiss Me Quick" will end to-morrow night at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre, which will then be closed until Oct. 6, when a play called "To-day," by George Broadhurst and Abraham S. Schoiner, will be presented by the Manuscript Producing Company.

"The Tongues of Men" is the title chosen for the new play in which Henrietta Crosman will be seen this season.

Grace George and the companies for "Half an Hour" and "The Younger Generation" leave to-day for the out-of-town performances of the pieces, which will be presented as one evening's bill here next Thursday at the Lyceum.

Olga Nethersole sails for this country on Sept. 24. Her first appearance here will be at the Palace Theatre, during the week of Oct. 6.

The Keith Stock Companies of the Crescent, Greenpoint, and Gotham Theatres, Brooklyn, will be drawn on soon according to a plan of General Manager Meiner, for several productions which will enlist players from all three companies and be performed in rotation at the three playhouses.

Ethel Levey will play a week's engagement at Keith's Bronx Theatre, beginning Sept. 29, pending the recovery of Georgette Cohan, her daughter, who was injured with her father in a recent automobile accident.

A new playlet by Paul Armstrong, called "Woman Proposes," will be performed for the first time at Keith's Union Square next Monday afternoon. Ruth Allen heads the cast.

The first Sunday night concert at the Hippodrome will take place Oct. 5, when the United States Marine Band, under Lieut. William H. Santelmann, will appear.

At DUTTON'S

GENUINE

BABYLONIAN TABLETS

Over 4,000 years old.

$1.00 *and upward*

681 Fifth Avenue

Near 53rd Street. Opposite St. Thomas's

1% Per MONTH UPON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

MANHATTAN

Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Ave., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Ave., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
East 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.

BRONX

Courtlandt Ave., cor. 149th St.

BROOKLYN

Graham Ave., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Ave., cor. Rockaway Ave.

½ PER CENT. CHARGED UPON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

PROMINENT ATHLETE DEAD.

Thomas F. Riley Was Member of Boston Playground Commission.

Thomas F. Riley, former President of the New England Association of the Amateur Athletic Union, died yesterday at his home in Cambridgeport, Mass., after a short illness. He was one of the greatest devotees of track and field sport in New England, and was almost equally well known in and about this city where he had frequently officiated at games. Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, to which he was a delegate, were yesterday notified of his death, and it is expected that a number of New Yorkers will attend the funeral on Sunday.

Mr. Riley was born in Cambridge, Mass., and during his athletic career competed frequently in aquatics and baseball. He was a member of the famous Riverside crew of Boston, the New England champions of 1887, 1888 and 1891. As President of the Cambridgeport Gymnasium A. A. he was active in having a representation from that organization which warranted it in being one of the strongest athletic clubs in and about Boston. Mr. Riley was a member of the Boston Playground Commission.

CHARLES DE YOUNG DEAD.

Manager of San Francisco Chronicle a Victim of Typhoid Fever.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 18.—Charles De Young, general manager of The San Francisco Chronicle, who had been critically ill with typhoid fever and complications, died last night. Charles De Young was the son of Michael H. De Young, proprietor of the San Francisco Chronicle and one of its founders. He was a native of San Francisco, 32 years of age and unmarried.

His death last night followed an illness of several weeks. He was stricken with typhoid shortly after returning to his home in San Francisco from a trip to Delmonte.

Mr. De Young was a prominent figure in social life of San Francisco. He was one of the prime movers in planning for the Panama-Pacific Exposition and was a member of the exposition directorate.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. TERESA SEGAL, wife of the Rev. J. Segal, at one time pastor of the B'nai Abraham Congregation in Newark, N. J., died yesterday at her home, 108 East Eighty-sixth Street.

EMILE S. DUFLOT, President of Millis, Duflot & Co., dry goods importers at Fourth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, died yesterday at his home in Commonwealth Avenue, Upper Mount Vernon, after a brief illness, aged 67.

MARY GLYPHANT EMMET, daughter of the late Richard Steckten Emmet, Jr., and Mary Glyphant Curtis Emmet, died yesterday at her home in Ridgefield, Conn. She was 19 years old.

Mrs. ELLA GRAVES PERKINS, wife of Commodore Charles Perkins, United States Navy, retired, died yesterday at her home in Berkeley, Cal. Mrs. Perkins was the daughter of the late Asa Gray Grinnell of Manchester. Commodore Perkins was commandant at Goat Island for three years, beginning in 1904.

The Rev. WILLIAM H. WARDELL of the New York East Methodist Episcopal Conference died suddenly yesterday at his home in Ocean Grove, N. J.

THOMAS H. COOPER, said to be the oldest railroad man in the country in point of service, is dead in Watertown, N. Y. He was 81 years of age. Mr. Cooper started in railroading in 1832, and was the baggageman on the first train running between Watertown and Potsdam.

ISAAC COGHRAN, who was once in the grocery business at Broadway and Twentieth Street, and later made a fortune dealing in New York realty, died at his home, the Everspread, in Newburg, N. Y., yesterday. He was 80 years old. He is survived by three daughters and two sons.

MARIA N. WALKER, 84 years old, died Wednesday after a long illness at her home, 316 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn. She is survived by two sons and three daughters.

ARIEL B. PERRY, one of the best known horticulturists in Central New York, died of apoplexy Wednesday in Syracuse. He was 74 years old. Mr. Perry was Past Presidents of the Masonic Veterans' Association of Central New York.

CLAUS SEISMAN, of 68 Conselyea Street, Brooklyn, who was connected with the Ford Meyer Company at Elmhurst, L. I., died of blood poisoning at the Long Island Hospital. He was 18 years old and was born in Holstein, Germany. Mr. Seisman is survived by four sons and three daughters.

PETER O'NEILL, of 20 Hoscineko Place, Brooklyn, died Tuesday in the Kings County Hospital. He is survived by his widow, Pauline, and two sons. Mr. O'Neil was 40 years old.

MRS. MARY McCLOUD TOTANE, wife of Peter Totane and daughter-in-law of the late ex-Alderman Peter Totane, died Wednesday from throat disease at her home, 291A Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. She was 27 years old and had lived in Brooklyn for thirty-five years.

EILEEN V. GOTTY, widow of Thomas Gotty, died yesterday at her home, 154 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. She was 76 years old. Mrs. Gotty was born in the Isle of Guernsey. She is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Mary F. G. Conner, and a son, Thomas H. Gotty.

JOHN D. FOUQUET, a prominent railroad construction engineer, died yesterday at his home in Fishkill Village, N. Y. He was 84 years old. Mr. Fouquet helped to build the West Shore Railroad and went to Fishkill Village as a construction engineer for the Newburg, Dutchess & Connecticut Road, now part of the New Haven system.

COUNT FRIEDRICH JOHANN VON ALVENSLEBEN, who was at one time secretary of the German embassy at Washington, and who had been in the German diplomatic service for half a century, died Wednesday in Berlin. He was 80 years old.

Mrs. MARGARET TOJES JARVIS, wife of Oscar H. Jarvis, of 627 Second Street, South Brooklyn, died suddenly on Tuesday from acrebral hemorrhage at the Grand Tyneand Cottages, in Oyster Bay. She was 48 years old, and was the daughter of Charles and Mary Winthen Tojes, her father being a member of the old firm of Tojes & Miller.

Mrs. AMELIA DUFFIN, widow of Henry Duffin, died Wednesday at the home of her son-in-law, 38 Shipley Street, Forest Park, Queens, after an illness of four months. Mrs. Duffin was 67 years old and had lived in Brooklyn for forty years.

JOHN CULLEN, for the last ten years an employe of the Park Department, died Tuesday at his home, 975 Pacific Street, Brooklyn. He came to Brooklyn from Ireland forty years ago, and was a member of the Holy Name Society of St. Joseph's Church. Mr. Cullen is survived by a widow, three daughters and a son.

SAMUEL SUNSET COX, who served for twenty-nine years on the police force, and who was decorated with many gold medals by the Police Department of New York and by Congress for saving lives, is dead at his home, 7,010 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 70 years old. Mr. Cox was a first cousin of the late Congressman Cox.

STEPHEN W. CARR, for sixteen years Insurance Commissioner for Maine, and for many years a member of the Republican State Committee, died suddenly on Wednesday in Bowdoinham, Me. He was 78 years old.

SAMUEL PRINCE, a retired cigar manufacturer, died on Tuesday of diabetes at his home, 1,042 Lexington Avenue, after a brief illness. He was 72 years old, and for fifty years of his residence here had been active in politics and in Jewish charitable affairs. He is survived by two sons and three daughters.

HENRY H. SUYDAM, a descendant of one of the oldest families on Long Island, died on Wednesday of a complication of diseases at his home in Babylon. He was 70 years old and was in the contracting business. Mr. Suydam was a veteran of the civil war.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic powder shaken into the shoes—The Standard Remedy for the Feet for a quarter century, 30,000 testimonials. Sold everywhere. 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Trade-Mark.

The Man who put the EASE in PEACE.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

SACHS—FINKELSTEIN.—Sadye Finkelstein to Jacob D. Sachs.

VAN LEUVEN—SCHMIDT.—Clara E. Schmidt to Lewis B. Van Leuven.

Married.

BUNNELL—ELY.—Sept. 16, at Prospect, Lyme, Conn., Daphne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Stiles Ely, to Arthur Worthington Bunnell of Norwich.

FINNEY—RHAIPE.—Sept. 17, Katherine C. Rhaipe to Claude C. Finney.

Brooklyn.

DUNKLE—SAUTER.—Sept. 17, Norma Sauter to Bayard L. Dunkle.

HONISS—HOFF.—Sept. 17, Kate A. Hoff to Dr. Ralph J. Honiss.

McCLUNE—CRONIN.—Sept. 17, Elizabeth M. Cronin to David F. McClune.

ROOME—COOPER.—Sept. 17, Hazel I. Cooper to Lester W. Roome.

WILLIAMS—COOMBS.—Sept. 17, Elizabeth Coombs to Sidney L. Williams.

Hoboken.

KING—SEARLES.—Sept. 12, Alice Searles to Somerville King.

Westchester County.

REYNOLDS—BLAKE.—Sept. 18, Peekskill, Blanche Blake to Hanford Reynolds.

Died.

ALBERT.—On Sept. 18, Rev. Martin Albert, at 15 Madison Av., Jersey City. Notice of funeral later.

AMIE.—At Yonkers, N. Y., Tuesday, Sept. 16, 1913, C. Clifton Amie, aged 62 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 4 Davis St., Nepperhan Heights, Yonkers, N. Y., Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Train leaves 125th St. Station, Putnam Division, 9:20 A. M. Interment private.

ARRAS.—After a lingering illness, on Thursday, Sept. 18, 1913, Louisa Arras, aged 34 years, beloved daughter of Edward V. and E. Mary Arras, (nee Wolf.) Funeral services at her late residence, 656 West 170th St., on Saturday, Sept. 20, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

ARMSTRONG.—Verne. Services "FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building), Friday, 2 o'clock, auspices Actors' Fund.

BAKER.—Entered into rest at his home, 5,870 Von Version Av., St. Louis, at 6:35 P. M. Wednesday, Sept. 17, Capt. John F. Baker, husband of Malvina F. Baker and father of Isaac P., John F., Jr., A. T., and Lizzie F. Baker. Notice of funeral will be given.

BALCH.—At Short Hills, N. J., Sept. 18, 1913, George Beall Balch, son of Gertrude and Francis Dupont Balch, aged 6 years. Funeral private.

BEACHAM.—On Sept. 18, 1913, at Meriden, Conn., Joseph W. Beacham, formerly of Brooklyn. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DESSAR.—On Wednesday, Sept. 17, at Nyack, N. Y., Mary Louise, wife of the Hon. Leo O. Dessar. Funeral services will be held at Salem Fields Cemetery on Friday morning, Sept. 19, at 11 o'clock.

DRAKE.—At his late residence, 330 West 57th St., on Thursday, Sept. 17, Lewis Cass Drake. Funeral services will be held at the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 334 West 57th St., on Saturday, Sept. 20, at 2 o'clock.

DRAKE.—Saint Nicholas Society of the City of New York, office of the Secretary, No. 1,328 Broadway, New York: The members of the Society are requested to attend the funeral services of late fellow member, Lawrence Drake, at Zion and Saint Timothy Church, 57th St., west of 8th Av., on Saturday, Sept. 20, 1913, at 2 P. M.

WALTER L. SUYDAM, President.
CLARENCE STORM, Secretary.

DUFLOT.—Emilie S., died at his home in Commonwealth Avenue, Chester Hill Park, Mount Vernon, New York, on September 18 at 2:30 A. M. after a short illness, and at the age of 67.

Funeral services at his home Sunday, September 21, at 2 o'clock P. M.

DUNN.—James P., on Sept. 19, beloved husband of Mary C. Dunn and brother of Mrs. John J. Dunn. Funeral from his late residence, 1,940 Grand Concourse, on Saturday, Sept. 20, at 8:30 A. M., thence to the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Fordham, at 10 A. M. Interment at Calvary.

EMMET.—At her home in Ridgefield, Conn., on Thursday, Sept. 18, Mary Olyphant Emmet, daughter of the late Richard Stockton Emmet, Jr., and Mary Olyphant Curtis, in her nineteenth year. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church

ENGLISH GOLFERS LEAD---BASEBALL---WHITE PLAINS HORSE SHOW

VARDON AND REID LEAD BIG GOLF FIELD

British Professionals Turn In Scores of 147 in National Open Tournament.

RAY AND STRONG SECOND

Another English Player and an American Cover Two Rounds at Brookline in 149 Strokes.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 18.—Foreign golfers continued to lead in the first thirty-six holes of the National Open Championship proper on the links of the Country Club at Brookline to-day. Harry Vardon and Wilfred Reid are tied for first place with totals of 147, two strokes ahead of Edward Ray and Herbert Strong, the Inwood professional.

Following this quartet came several resident "pros," MacDonald Smith and J. M. Barnes having 150, while George Sargent, Alex Ross, Walter Hagin, and Francis Ouimet, the Massachusetts amateur, were grouped at 151. Fred Herreshoff of the National Links did himself proud with 153, the same score made by John J. McDermott, the national open champion. Jerome D. Travers of Upper Montclair, the United States Golf Association amateur champion, is further down with 156.

From the moment Reid came in early in the day with a 75 until Ray, one of the last to finish, some seven hours later, recorded a brilliant 70, the gallery was kept in a constant state of uncertainty as to the probable leader for the day. Before the start of the tournament a majority of the resident Scots were willing to admit that either Vardon or Ray would be successful, but when Ray, playing a trifle slack on the grounds, took 79 in the morning, there were a good many who shook their heads.

The 79 did not look well when compared with 71s made by MacDonald Smith and Alec Ross, or, for that matter, the 75 by Vardon, or McDermott's 74. It meant that Ray, in order to keep within hailing distance of the leaders, would have to do something unusual, and the way he rose to the occasion spoke volumes for his nerve.

Ray gave warning of his intention to make things hum when at the second hole in the afternoon he brought off a thirty-foot putt for a 3. A few moments later he tossed away a shot by taking an extra putt on the third green, but thereafter he didn't miss anything going out. On the contrary, at the sixth he holed out a chip shot from off the edge of the green for a 3 and at the seventh he almost holed a 2. He reached the turn in 35.

It is at least two shots easier coming back, and Ray when he started with 3, 4, 3, seemed in a fair way to get around in 69 or better. The long fourteenth cost him a 5 when he fell short on his second shot and overplayed the green on the next. He also had a putt for a 3 at the fifteenth, but overran a yard and missed the little one coming back. He should have had a 3 at the home hole after his approach left him a five-foot putt, yet he missed that by a hair's breadth. It was the kind of golf that made the great gallery enthusiastic.

Vardon played his usual game, well-nigh flawless until he reached the green, when his weakness in long putts cost him many strokes. He had a little luck at the start in holing a few fairly long ones, but before the round had progressed far he began to miss. Even so he went out in 36 and a 36 back gave him 75. After luncheon Vardon missed putts on the twelfth and fourteenth greens, but returned in 35, which, supplementing a 37 to the turn, totaled 72.

Much the same sort of golf was played by Reid. In the early hours he was troubled more or less with his putting, going out in 38. Coming back he had nothing worse than 5s. Later his short game became more deadly, one of his best putts being brought off on the tenth green for a 2. He had 36 each way for a 72.

Jack McDermott was all right in the morning with a 74 and he would have duplicated those figures on the second round had it not been for ragged putting. On the fifth green he took no less than 4 putts, the hole costing him a 7. Throughout the round his mashie shots were deadly.

Francis Ouimet might have been up with Vardon and Reid had he not started badly in the morning, taking 6s at the first two holes. After that his golf could not well have been improved upon.

At the end of the day the committee decided to eliminate all scores of 166 or over in accordance with its custom of not allowing those to continue on the second day whose scores are 15 strokes worse than tenth place. New pairings were then made as follows:

Edward Ray and M. J. Brady, J. W. Anderson and Matt Campbell, A. H. Murray and R. G. MacDonald, Karl Keffer and Jack Croke, Harry Vardon and Elmer Loving, Walter Hagin and J. Donaldson, Dave Ogilvie and Fred McLeod, H. H. Barker and J. J. McDermott, W. MacFarland and Robert Andrews, J. M. Barnes and George Cumming, J. D. Travers and Joe Sylvester, F. Tuvie and E. S. Evans, Tom Anderson, jr., and J. R. Thomson, Tom Vardon and Louis Tellier, Harry Hampton and J. O'Brien, MacDonald Smith and Alec Ross, Wilfred Reid and W. C. Fownes, jr., Tom McNamara and Fred Herreshoff, J. H. Taylor and George Low, Peter Robertson and Alec Smith, R. Thomson and John S. Hipsley, Jack Hobens and Jack Hutchinson, C. R. Murray and Alec Campbell, Frank Belwood and Walter Feaurgue, George Sargent and Francis Ouimet, Johnny Dowling and Willie Maguire, Tom Bonnar and Charles Thoms, Herbert Strong drew a bye.

The cards of the four leading players:

MORNING.

Harry Vardon, England—
Out ....4 4 4 4 5 5 4 4 5—39
In .....3 4 5 4 5 4 4 3 5 3—36—75

AFTERNOON.

Out .....5 4 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 5—37
In .....3 4 5 4 4 4 3 4 4—35—72—147

MORNING.

W. E. Reid, England—
Out ....5 4 4 4 5 4 3 5 4—38
In .....3 5 5 4 5 4 3 4 4—37—75

AFTERNOON.

Out .....4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5—37
In .....2 5 5 4 4 4 3 5 4—36—72—147

MORNING.

Edward Ray, England—
Out .....4 5 5 4 5 4 3 4 6—40
In .....3 5 5 5 5 4 4 4 4—39—79

AFTERNOON.

Out .....4 3 5 4 4 3 3 4 5—35
In .....3 4 3 4 5 5 3 4 4—35—70—149

MORNING.

Herbert Strong, Inwood—
Out .....5 4 3 4 4 3 4 5 4—38
In .....3 4 5 4 5 5 3 5 4—37—75

AFTERNOON.

Out .....5 4 3 4 5 4 2 4 5—35
In .....3 4 4 5 5 5 4 4 5—39—74—149

WINONA
An ARROW Notch COLLAR
A Graceful High Band Notch Collar.
2 for 25 cts.
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc. Makers

Summaries of the other players follow:

MacDonald Smith, New York	71	79	150
J. M. Barnes, Tacoma	74	76	150
W. Hagin, Rochester	76	75	151
Alex Ross, Brae Burn	71	80	151
Francis Ouimet, Woodland	77	74	151
George Sargent, Chevy Chase	75	76	151
C. Thom, Shinnecock	76	76	152
Louis Tellier, France	76	76	152
Fred Herreshoff, National	75	78	153
J. J. McDermott, Atlantic City	74	79	153
Jack Hutchinson, Allegheny	77	76	153
W. C. Fownes, Pittsburgh	79	75	154
Jack Dowling, Scarsdale	77	77	154
J. Shippen, Maidstone	81	73	154
J. Croke, Calumet	72	83	155
J. Donaldson, Glen View	79	76	155
J. D. Travers, Upper Montclair	78	78	156
E. Loving, Arcola	76	80	156
R. Andrews, New Haven	73	83	156
Tom Anderson, jr., Oakmont	82	74	156
Jack Hobens, Englewood	78	79	157
M. J. Brady, Wollaston	83	74	157
Alec Campbell, the Country Club	77	80	157
Alec Smith, Wykagyl	82	75	157
D. Anderson, Oakmont	82	76	158
P. Doyle, Myopia Kanawaki	70	88	158
H. Hampton, North Andover	78	80	158
D. Ogilvie, Morris County	81	77	158
A. H. Murray, Kanawaki	76	82	158
R. MacDonald, Cincinnati	80	79	159
Tom McNamara, Boston	73	86	159
Peter Robertson, Fall River	79	80	159
Herbert Barker, Roebuck	79	80	159
C. R. Murray, Montreal	80	80	160
George Cummings, Ottawa	81	79	160
J. R. Thompson, Glen Ridge	80	80	160
George Low, Baltusrol	80	81	161
L. Taylor, Lakeside	81	80	161
J. Sylvester, New York	81	81	162
E. Fouagrue, Skokie	79	83	162
F. Bellwood, Garden City	79	83	162
T. Vardon, Onwentsia	85	78	163
K. Keffer, Montreal	79	84	163
R. Thompson, Philadelphia	84	79	163
Matt Campbell, Brookline	80	83	163
Mr. B. P. Evans, Belmont	89	75	164
Willie Maguire, Houston	85	80	165
W. McFarlane, Saeghill	81	84	165
Tom Bonnar, Mecklenburg	86	79	165
J. O'Brien, Westbrook	83	82	165
F. McLeod, Columbia	80	85	165

MISS CASSELL QUALIFIES.

Threatening Weather Keeps Players Away from Montclair Courts.

Miss Clare Cassell reached the final round of the women's invitation singles tennis tournament of the Montclair Athletic Club yesterday on the club courts at Montclair, N. J., by defeating Mrs. Marshall McLean in straight sets by the score of 6—3, 6—2. Mrs. C. N. Beard is the holder of the trophy, won from Miss Jane Rowson, and will play Miss Marie Wagner, the national indoor champion, to-day. The winner of this match will oppose Miss Cassell in the final round for the trophy.

Threatening weather kept many of the contestants away from the courts, and as a result several important matches were postponed. Mrs. Beard, after her success in the singles section, was paired with Miss Marie Wagner in the second round of the doubles, and, after a hard fight, extending through three sets, defeated Miss Polly Sheldon and Miss Bessie Wright, 6—4, 3—6, 6—4. The summary:

Montclair Athletic Club Women's Invitation Singles.—Fourth Round—Mrs. C. N. Beard defeated Miss Jane Rowson, 6—1, 6—0. Semi-final Round—Miss Clare Cassell defeated Mrs. Marshall McLean, 6—3, 6—2.

Women's Invitation Doubles.—Second Round—Mrs. C. N. Beard and Miss Marie Wagner defeated Miss Polly Sheldon and Miss Bessie Wright, 6—4, 3—6, 6—4.

Mixed Doubles.—Second Round—Mrs. R. B. Neff and O. Hincke defeated Miss Polly Sheldon and C. A. Calkins, 6—3, 7—5. Miss Helen Van Vleck and H. Slocum defeated Miss Marjorie Seymour and J. Saunders, 2—6, 7—5, 6—4; Miss Clare Cassell and E. S. H. Prendergast defeated Miss Alberta Webber and F. A. Seller, 6—4, 3—6, 6—4.

Surprise in West Side Tennis.

Harold H. Hackett, Captain of the American Davis Cup team, and Walter Merrill Hall went down to defeat yesterday in the championship doubles tennis tournament of the West Side Tennis Club, at 238th Street and Broadway. The defeat of Hackett and Hall by Dean Mathey, the Princeton player, and Theodore R. Pell was unexpected, but Hall was badly off form and the victors were at the top of their game. The victory was all the more surprising as it was accomplished in straight sets. Mathey and Pell will play Taylor and Frellnghausen for the title. The summary:

West Side Men's Doubles, Class A Championship.—Semi-Final Round—Dean Mathey and Theodore R. Pell defeated Harold H. Hackett and Walter Merrill Hall, 6—4, 6—2.

Class B, Men's Singles.—Fourth Round—George Grosebeck defeated H. S. Heyl-man, 6—3, 6—4.

Class B, Men's Doubles.—Second Round—Grosebeck and Bishop defeated Alger and Dr. Janeway, 6—2, 6—3; Blauvelt and Smith defeated Newcomb and Ely, 5—2, 2—6, 6—4; Heylman and Gatcomb defeated Lindley and Post, 4—6, 6—0, 6—0; Dr. Torrey and Mellick defeated F. B. Washburn and Mayer by default.

Men's Doubles, Class C.—First Round—Conlin and Hildreth defeated More and Heath, 6—3, 9—7.

Semi-Final Round—Miller and Satterlee defeated Conlin and Hildreth, 6—4, 6—2; Leask and Morris defeated Earl and Smith, 7—5, 6—3.

"POP" MURPHY DEAD.

Familiar Figure at Polo Grounds Victim of Heart Disease.

John I. Murphy, for eight years groundkeeper of the Polo Grounds, died suddenly yesterday morning of heart disease at his home, 909 Summit Avenue, the Bronx. Mrs. Murphy had left her husband in apparent good health when she went shopping, but half an hour later on her return she found him dead. He was 60 years old.

The death of the veteran groundkeeper marks the passing of an interesting character in local baseball annals. "Pop" Murphy, as he was familiarly known to many thousands had reduced his job of keeping the Polo Grounds in order to a science, and it was often said of him that he knew every blade of grass in the Polo Grounds. He was regarded the most expert baseball groundkeeper in the country, and because of his expert knowledge and years of experience, groundkeepers from all over the country frequently came to consult "Pop."

Murphy came to New York from Pittsburgh where for several years he had charge of the baseball diamond at Exposition Park. The Pirate management considered him so valuable that they built him a house way out in center field, and when it was swept away once by a Spring flood, the management not only rebuilt Murphy's house but refurnished it as well. He had previously been groundkeeper at Baltimore, Philadelphia and Washington.

Football a Special Study.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Sept. 18.—Football has been advanced to the dignity of a "special study" at Wesleyan University, which opened for its eighty-third year this morning. Among Faculty announcements was one directly relating to the game. It stated that in addition to Daniel Hutchinson, of the University of Pennsylvania, as special football coach, Dr. Fauver, professor of physical education, would be assisted by William Hunter "discoverer" of Captain James I. Wendell, the crack hurdler, who will coach the track men and train all the teams, and E. S. Hall, skilled in both outdoor and indoor athletics," who will look after the freshman football team, the swimmers and gymnasts. Under this Faculty indorsement and aided by the Pennsylvania "system" a football team is expected to be put across the gridiron. Coach Hutchinson has begun driving the candidates hard in preparation for the game with Yale next Wednesday.

Reich to Box Morris at Garden.

Al. Reich, the latest aspirant for heavyweight championship honors, will be subjected to a severe test in Madison Square Garden to-night. The former amateur champion, who is a physical marvel and is confident of success, will hook up with Carl Morris, the Oklahoma locomotive engineer, in a ten-round glove contest. While many persons believe that Reich's managers are asking too much of him at the outset of his professional career, the former amateur who was interviewed at Allenhurst, N. J., yesterday, said that Morris will be down and out before the tenth round is ended. Reich weighs 211 pounds and is six feet two inches tall. Morris, who takes punishment well, and is one of the biggest men physically in the ring, will make his first bow here in more than a year. He is 6 feet 4 inches tall and weighs 230 pounds.

There will be two other ten-round bouts, the first between the middleweights, Dave Kurtz of Newark and Billy Grupp of St. Louis, and the second between Tommy Buck of Philadelphia, and Frankie Conifrey of this city, featherweights.

$10,000 for Ritchie to Box Here.

As the result of a conference with Billy Gibson, manager of the Garden A. C., Scotty Montieth, who looked out for the interests of Johnny Dundee, the New York lightweight, last night announced that Gibson had wired Willie Ritchie an offer of a $10,000 guarantee to box Dundee in Madison Square Garden during the last week in October. Dundee's last bouts were prolific of two victories, a knockout and two no decision affairs in the West, and Montieth is extremely anxious to have his boy take issue with Ritchie or any other lightweight.

YANKEES REFUSE CELLAR POSITION

Heavy Batting Gives Locals Victory Over White Sox by Score of 6-3.

Having once escaped the ignominy of filling the cellar position in the American League race, the Yankees refuse to return to the unenviable rating. This fact was emphasized yesterday at the Polo Grounds when they took the White Sox into camp to the tune of 6 to 3. It seemed as though the local players were waiting on St. Louis, for once the latter team gained the ascendancy over the Athletics, the Yankees got together and tallied four runs, which was more than enough to win the game. The defeat of the White Sox was not as difficult as appeared on the surface, as with young McHale, formerly of Jersey City, on the mound the visitors could do little in the run-getting line.

Viewed from a batting standpoint the result was all that could be desired. Any team that can corral ten safe bingles from the White Sox pitchers is entitled to consideration, and the Yankee recruits showed that they knew something at least about stick work. Maisel covered himself with glory and batted 1,000 per cent. He faced the visiting pitchers, Russell and Walsh, five times, and made four safe hits, one double and three singles, and drew a base on balls. Holden and Gilhooley each made two safe smashes, while Williams and Peckinpaugh were responsible for the remaining hits.

Turning to the pitching department, McHale was there with the goods. While he did not succeed in striking out any of the opposing batsmen, he dished up an assortment of drops and curves that fooled the visitors.

The Yankees started their run getting in the first inning, when Maisel doubled, went to third on Collins's bad throw, and stole home. Then in the fourth essay Williams drew four wide balls and went to second on Berger's juggle of Zelder's grounder. Gilhooley sacrificed, advancing each runner a base, and Peckinpaugh was purposely passed. McHale refused to be drawn into a controversy with Russell, and received free transportation, forcing in Williams. Maisel beat out an infield hit, and when Russell tossed the sphere wide to Chase Zelder and Peckinpaugh scored. Holden followed with a single, which sent McHale home for a total of four runs.

After two innings of inactivity the Yankees got busy again. Williams led off with a single in the seventh, and reached third on Zelder's out. Gilhooley's single gave Williams a chance to add the sixth run.

The White Sox scored three runs in an equal number of innings. In the first Weaver doubled, went to third on Lord's retirement at first, and when McHale was slumbering stole home. A base on balls sent Collins to first in the fourth, and he reached second on Chase's sacrifice. Chappell's long double sent him home. In the sixth Lord singled, but was forced by Collins. Chase died at first, Lord going to second. Bodie's grounder bounced over Zelder's head, and Lord added Chicago's third and last run. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'sel, 3b	4	1	4	2	1	W'ver, ss	4	1	2	2	2
H'den, cf	4	0	2	3	0	Lord, 3b	4	0	1	1	4
Chase, lf	3	0	0	2	0	C'lins, rf	3	2	0	4	0
Zelder, 2b	4	1	2	1	2	Chase, 1b	4	0	0	9	0
Gilh'y, rf	4	1	2	4	0	White, lb	3	0	0	2	0
P'pgh, ss	3	0	1	1	4	Bodie, cf	4	0	1	4	0
G'ach, c	3	0	1	7	0	Ch'p'l, lf	4	0	1	1	0
M'Hale, p	3	1	0	0	3	Easterly, c	4	0	1	7	2
						B'ger, 2b	3	0	0	0	2
						R'sell, p	3	0	1	0	1
						Walsh, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	6	10	27	18	Total	32	3	7	24	11

Errors—Collins, Berger, Russell.

New York	1	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	—6	
Chicago	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—3	

Two-base hits—Maisel, Weaver, Chappell. Sacrifice hits—Chase, Gilhooley. Stolen bases—Maisel, Sch'Gilhooley, Peckinpaugh. First base on errors—Chicago, 1. Left on base—New York, 9; Chicago, 5. Double plays—Berger, Weaver and Chase; McHale, Zelder and Williams. Struck out—By McHale, 3; by White, 1; by Russell, 3; off White, 2; off McHale, 3. Wild pitch—Walsh. Hits—Off Russell, 6 in 4 innings (at bat, 15); off White, 4 in 4 innings (at bat, 17). Umpires—Messrs. Connelly and O'Loughlin. Time of game—Two hours.

At Philadelphia.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'ten, cf	3	1	0	3	0	E. M'y, rf	2	0	1	1	0
Bal'ti, lf	4	1	1	1	0	Str'k, cf	3	0	0	2	0
Pratt, 2b	4	0	0	4	2	C'lins, 2b	4	0	1	3	4
W'mas, rf	4	0	2	2	0	Baker, 3b	4	0	1	2	3
B'land, ss	4	1	1	1	1	Davis, 1b	4	0	0	10	0
C'y'ton, 1b	3	1	0	8	3	Welsh, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Graff, 3b	3	0	2	0	4	Barry, ss	3	0	0	3	1
McAl'r, c	3	0	0	5	1	Sch'k, c	3	0	0	3	3
Lev'nz, p	4	0	0	2	1	Sh'key, p	3	0	0	0	4
Total	31	5	7	27	14	Total	28	0	4	27	14

Errors—Pratt, Schang, Shawkey.

St. Louis	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	—5
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Schang, Williams. Sacrifice hit—Strunk. Double plays—Graff, Pratt, and Covington; Covington, Bisland, and Pratt; Barry, Collins, and Davis; Baker and Davis. Left on bases—St. Louis, 4; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Leverenz, 1; off Shawkey, 5. First base on error—Philadelphia, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Leverenz, (Schang, E. Murphy.) Struck out—By Leverenz, 5; Shawkey, 5. Passed balls—Schang, 2. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and Egan.

At Washington.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ler, rf	3	1	1	0	0	Bush, ss	4	0	1	0	4
Milan, cf	3	1	2	3	0	B'man, 2b	4	0	0	2	3
Foster, 3b	4	0	1	0	1	C'ford, rf	4	0	2	0	0
G'dil, 1b	4	0	0	13	1	Cobb, cf	4	0	2	2	0
M'gan, 2b	3	0	1	1	3	Veach, lf	4	0	1	4	0
Henry, c	3	1	1	8	3	Gibson, c	4	0	1	3	1
Sp'cer, lf	4	1	2	0	0	Onslow, 1b	3	0	1	12	0
McE'a, ss	3	1	0	1	5	L'den, 3b	3	1	1	1	3
Groom, p	3	1	0	1	2	Renfer, p	2	0	0	0	2
						H'ding, p	0	0	0	0	1
						*Platt	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	6	8	27	15	Total	33	1	7	24	14

*Batted for Renfer in seventh inning.

Errors—Cobb, Gibson.

Washington	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—6
Detroit	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Louden, Milan. Three-base hits—Bush, Henry. Hits—Off Renfer, 5 in six innings; off Harding, 3 in two innings. Sacrifice hit—Milan. Stolen bases—Crawford, Morgan. Double play—Renfer, Bauman, and Onslow. Left on bases—Detroit, 5; Washington, 6. First base on balls—Off Renfer, 3; off Harding, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Renfer, (McBride.) Struck out—By Renfer, 1; by Groom, 6. Wild pitch—Groom. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Sheridan.

At Boston.

BOSTON	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rehg, rf	4	1	1	1	0	L'bold, cf	5	1	1	2	0
Engle, lb	3	2	1	11	1	Ch'm'n, ss	4	0	2	1	7
Sp'ker, cf	4	1	2	2	0	J'k's'n, rf	5	1	2	1	0
Lewis, lf	4	1	2	2	0	Lajoie, 2b	4	1	2	6	2
G'dn'r, 3b	4	0	1	1	2	J'ston, lb	4	0	0	12	2
Y'kes, 2b	2	0	0	2	5	Bates, 3b	4	0	2	0	4
J'vrin, ss	3	0	1	2	3	Graney, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Cady, c	3	0	0	6	2	Car'ch, c	3	0	1	5	0
Moseley, p	2	0	1	1	0	O'N'l, c	0	0	0	0	0
Bed't, p	1	0	0	0	1	Cullop, p	3	0	2	0	1
						James, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Gregg, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*Brady	0	1	0	0	0
						†Lelivelt	1	0	1	0	0
						‡Olson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	5	8	27	14	Total	38	4	13	24	16

*Ran for Cullop in seventh inning.

†Batted for Carisch in eighth inning.

‡Batted for James in eighth inning.

Errors—Leibold, (2,) Chapman, Carisch, Moseley.

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	x—5
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	—4

Two-base hits—Lajoie, Lewis. Speaker.

Hunyadi János
Natural Laxative Water
Recommended by Physicians
Refuse Substitutes
Best remedy for CONSTIPATION

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 6; Chicago, 3.
Boston, 5; Cleveland, 4.
St. Louis, 5; Philadelphia, 0.
Washington, 6; Detroit, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis—Rain.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh—Rain.
Cincinnati, 3; Brooklyn, 2.
Chicago, 3; Boston, 0.
Boston, 3; Chicago, 0.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City, 8; Baltimore, 5.
Jersey City, 3; Baltimore, 2.
Toronto at Rochester—Rain.
Montreal, 3; Buffalo, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	90	49	.648
Cleveland	82	60	.577
Washington	80	61	.567
Boston	72	65	.525
Chicago	73	71	.507
Detroit	62	79	.440
New York	51	87	.370
St. Louis	53	91	.368

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	91	44	.674
Philadelphia	80	50	.616
Chicago	79	61	.564
Pittsburgh	73	63	.523
Boston	59	76	.437
Brooklyn	58	76	.433
Cincinnati	61	83	.424
St. Louis	48	94	.338

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	92	57	.617
Rochester	91	59	.607
Buffalo	77	72	.517
Baltimore	77	73	.513
Montreal	71	76	.483
Providence	69	80	.463
Toronto	67	82	.450
Jersey City	53	98	.351

Where They Play To-Day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Boston.
Detroit at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis—2 games.
Boston at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Pittsb'gh—2 games.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati—2 games.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Jersey City.
Baltimore at Providence.
Toronto at Rochester.
Montreal at Buffalo.

Hits—Off Cullop, 7 in 6 innings; off James, 1 in one inning; off Gregg, 0 in one inning; off Bedient, 15 in six and one-third innings; off Bedient, 1 in two and two-thirds innings. Sacrifice hit—Johnston. Stolen base—Engle. Double plays—Bates, Lajoie and Johnston; Janvrin, Yerkes and Engle. Left on bases—Cleveland, 10; Boston, 4. First base on balls—Off Cullop, 3; off Bedient, 2. First base on errors—Cleveland, 1. Struck out—By Cullop, 1; by James, 1; by Moseley, 3; by Bedient, 1. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Ferguson.

RAIN HELPS GIANTS.

Champions Have an Inning Over Sixteen Games to Play.

Despite the disappointments met with by the Giants because of rain which has warranted the postponement of their five last scheduled games with all indications pointing to the fact that they will be unable to play out their complete string, local rooters for the team are rejoicing in the fact that their ultimate tenure of the pennant is all the more secure. Inclusive of to-day's games in St. Louis the Giants have sixteen more games to play, as well as the one inning affair which is scheduled for Oct. 2. The number includes the three postponed games with Philadelphia. The latter team will play four at Chicago, four with Boston at home, three with Brooklyn at home, and the six with the one-inning additional here.

ARMY-NAVY GAME PLANS.

West Point and Annapolis Officials Hold a Meeting Here.

Lieut. Philip Matthews of West Point and Lieut. Fairfield and Capt. Koehler of Annapolis met in this city yesterday and discussed the plans for the Army-Navy football game, which is to be played at the Polo Grounds on Saturday, Nov. 29.

This will be the first time the annual gridiron match between the two branches of the service has ever been played in this city, and with the additional seating facilities of the Polo Grounds, the game will take on even greater importance than it has in former years, when played at Franklin Field in Philadelphia.

The New York Baseball Club will rearrange the seating capacity and besides additional stands, several field boxes will be built. It is planned to accommodate a crowd of 40,000 people.

Of this number the army and navy will get 25,000 while the other 15,000 will be placed on public sale. It has not yet been decided when the seats will be placed on sale, but this will be announced just as soon as the seating arrangments have been completed.

To Honor German Commission.

In honor of the members of the German Imperial Commission, who have been making a study of track and field athletics in America, and who are to sail for home next Tuesday on the S. S. Kaiser Wilhelm II., the New York Athletic Club will hold a reception at the city clubhouse on the eve of their departure. It had originally been the intention of the wearers of the Winged Foot to entertain the Germans, Lieut. von Riethnau, Carl Diem, Dr. Martin Berner, and Joseph Waltzer at dinner, but owing to the death of Robert Kammerer, who was Chairman of the Reception Committee of the club, and the demise of Mayor Gaynor, the public dinner was abandoned. Prior to the reception, which will be held in the gymnasium, from 9 to 10 P. M., on Monday evening, Rudolph J. Schaefer will tender the members of the commission a private dinner in the city clubhouse in Central Park South.

RAGAN WABBLY IN SIXTH; REDS WIN

Four Hits in a Row Produce Three Runs, Enough to Beat Brooklyn.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 18.—Ragan had one bad inning, and Cincinnati made enough runs in it to win the first game of the farewell series from Brooklyn, 3 to 2. This was in the sixth, when the Cincinnatis made half of their hits of the game and were enabled to score their three runs. Before this inning Brooklyn was leading, making two runs in the fourth on two doubles, a single, a sacrifice, and an error.

Ragan succeeded Rucker after the latter had pitched the first inning, and outside of his one bad inning had the locals guessing. Ames, too, pitched good ball, and, like Ragan, kept the hits scattered except in one inning.

Cincinnati made its runs on Bates's and Brogh's singles, Wickland's double, and a single by Tinker. Brooklyn scored on Smith's two-base drive, Fisher's sacrifice, an erorr by Hoblitzel, a single by Ragan, and a double by Cutshaw.

The first game of the double-header which was to have been played was called off on account of the bad condition of the grounds. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'cher, lf	4	0	1	5	0
Bates, rf	2	1	2	0	0
Groh, 2b	4	1	1	1	3
W'land, cf	4	1	1	2	0
H'lt'l, 1b	3	0	0	7	0
T'ker, ss	4	0	3	4	1
Dodge, 3b	3	0	0	3	2
Kling, c	3	0	0	5	2
Ames, p	3	0	0	0	4
Total	30	3	8	27	12

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf	4	0	0	1	0
C'sh'w, 2b	4	0	2	3	0
St'gel, cf	4	0	2	3	0
Wheat, lf	4	0	0	2	0
D'bert, 1b	4	0	1	3	0
Smith, 3b	3	1	1	2	1
Fisher, ss	3	1	1	1	3
F'cher, c	3	0	0	6	2
Rucker, p	0	0	0	0	0
Ragan, p	2	0	1	0	0
*Hummel	1	0	0	0	0
†Yingling	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	8	24	4

*Batted for Rucker in second inning.

†Batted for Ragan in ninth inning.

Errors—Cutshaw, Hoblitzel, (2,) Kling.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	x	—3
Broo

HADLEY AND HUSTIS IN NEW HAVEN BOARD

First Is President of Yale and Second Is to be New Haven President After Elliott.

MORGAN'S NOTICE ACCEPTED

And Letter Telling of Firm's Withdrawal as Fiscal Agents Filed—No New Financing Planned.

Directors of the New Haven Railroad and some of its subsidiaries held a protracted series of meetings yesterday, at which several further steps were taken in the reorganization of the management.

Arthur Twining Hadley, President of Yale, and James H. Hustis were elected Directors of the New Haven, in the places of D. H. Warner of Bridgeport and Sidney W. Winslow of Boston, who recently resigned. Mr. Hustis is to be President of the road when Howard Elliott becomes Chairman of the board. Until a few weeks ago he was Vice President of the Boston & Albany. He was brought to the New Haven to serve in the same capacity until he should be made President. His election and that of President Hadley as Directors completes the board of twenty-seven members.

The amendment to the by-laws of the New Haven to create the position of Chairman of the board was approved yesterday, but must be ratified at the next monthly meeting before it will become effective. When that is done Mr. Elliott will resign as President and will be made Chairman.

Each of the principal railroads in the system, as well as the steamship lines and the trolleys, are to have separate Presidents, and Mr. Elliott is to be Chairman of the board of each. An exception was made in the case of the Central New England, which is regarded as a minor road, and at the meeting of its board yesterday Mr. Elliott was elected President to succeed Charles S. Mellen.

The Directors of the New York, Ontario & Western accepted the resignation of Charles S. Mellen as President and as a Director. Mr. Elliott was elected a Director. Then the by-laws were amended to create the position of Chairman, and Mr. Elliott was elected to the new place. J. B. Kerr, for many years Vice President of the road, was made President.

At the meeting of the New Haven board the letter sent to the Executive Committee last week by J. P. Morgan & Co., giving notice of their desire to terminate the agreement under which they were fiscal agents for the road, was accepted and filed. It required no action by the Directors, as the contract was terminable by either party on thirty days' notice.

In answer to questions after the meetings, President Elliott said there had been no discussion as to making a new arrangement with J. P. Morgan & Co. or as to selecting any other bankers as fiscal agents. He also said there had been no discussion of any alternative plan for financing the road's immediate requirements in case the proposed $67,000,000 bond issue should fail of approval by the Massachusetts Public Service Commission. He intimated that nothing would be done until the commission announced its decision. Concerning the new Directors he said:

"I think President Hadley will be an addition to the board in every way. As you know, he has made a study of railroad affairs, and he has the confidence of every member of the board and of the people of the country. Mr. Hustis has proved to be an efficient officer, and his election to the board is preliminary to his succeeding me as President when I become Chairman."

The New Haven board adjourned to meet again to-day.

OPPOSES BOND ISSUE.

Ex-Governor Bulkeley Says It Is Not Proper Way to Raise Funds.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—The case for the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, which is seeking the authorization of the Massachusetts Public Service Commission for a $67,000,000 issue of convertible debenture bonds, was closed to-day. Former Gov. Morgan G. Bulkeley of Connecticut and his counsel, James F. Jackson, former Chairman of the Massachusetts Railroad Commission, appeared in objection to the proposed issue.

The objectors condemned the underwriting proposition and the convertibility of the bonds. Mr. Bulkeley contended that the issue could be sold direct to the holders of New Haven stocks and bonds without underwriting.

"I am not scared by the suuggestion of a receivership—a suggestion which has come principally from New Haven Directors," he said. "The financial affairs of the road have been rotten for ten years. The road has been controlled by the large interests which have always outvoted the minority stockholders when the latter disapproved buying trolley and steamship lines."

Before the New Haven closed the presentation of its side, D. D. Robbins, general counsel of the road, admitted under questioning that the Massachusetts trolley holdings, which the Supreme Court of Massachusetts ordered sold, were owned by the Billard Company, a New Haven subsidiary.

The official explanation of the fifty million discrepancy in the balance sheet of the railroad was not made to-day, but is expected by the Public Service Commission at to-morrow's session. Meanwhile a question and answer at to-day's session may throw some light upon the mystery.

Commissioner Anderson inquired if $56,616,813 of New Haven liabilities, apparently eliminated in the validation report, had ever been eliminated in the company's own accounting, and Commissioner White, who was a member of the New Haven Validation Board, explained that this $55,616,813 item was simply a bookkeeping entry, to make the balance sheet, as drafted for the Validating Board, tally with reduced valuations placed for that board on certain of the New Haven's assets.

Mr. Bulkeley said that the proposed new $5,000,000 station at New Haven was the "wildest extravagance," and should not be permitted. The Connecticut trolley properties, he said, should be disposed of, but not under the hammer. He considered inevitable a dividend reduction from 6 per cent. to 4 per cent. Mr. Jackson criticised severely the road's affairs under the administration of President Charles S. Mellen.

"In our judgment," said Mr. Jackson, "the railroad needs the whole amount it asks, and we believe a long-term bond was in August, and is to-day, the only wise and sound method of financing the situation.

"The convertible feature of a bond appeals, of course, to the gambling instinct which we all have in greater or less degree, but these bonds, in our judgment, do not need it. The New Haven Railroad is not going into bankruptcy even if its stockholders are told to go back and take the steps they ought. The credit of the New Haven may have been shaken, but its roots are in a splendid property, magnificently located."

Referring to the Billard Company, Mr. Bulkeley claimed that it was organized mainly to permit the shifting about of certain New Haven holdings which the Massachusetts courts had ordered the company to dispose of. The Billard Company had no direct assets, he said, but held a valuable equity in the stock of the New England Navigation Company, one of the New Haven's subsidiaries.

The hearing will be continued to-morrow afternoon.

BANJO SIGNAL WARNINGS.

State Board Offers Suggestion for Aid of New Haven Engineers.

HARTFORD, Sept. 18.—The Public Utilities Commission to-day sent the following communication to General Manager Bardo of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad concerning banjo signals:

As a preliminary suggestion growing out of the investigation of the North Haven wreck the Commission would recommend for consideration the advisability of immediately installing for the information and guidance of enginemen, conspicuous yellow signs (properly lettered), to be placed 2,500 feet in advance of all banjo signals which are not at the present time equipped with distant signals, until such time as the new automatic signals are installed.

"Such signals would afford a landmark to the enginemen and from statements made by competent locomotive engineers would afford material assistance in controlling trains.

The Commission is preparing a report on the wreck which it is understood will contain many recommendations.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 18.—Brace C. Adams, conductor of the Bar Harbor Express, which was wrecked at North Haven on Sept. 2, was arrested this afternoon on a bench warrant charging manslaughter as a result of the accident. He furnished a bond of $5,000.

DON'T WORRY, SAYS RAILWAY

Illinois Central Instructs Its Employes How to Live Complacently.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—The worth of happiness is called to the attention of its employes in an unusual statement issued to-day by the Illinois Central Railroad. The company advises them to "live complacently" and avoid worry.

"Cultivate the art of living with yourself as you are and the world as it is," reads the statement. "This nation once had a strenuous President who always explained his good health by saying 'I like my job.' Contentment with your daily lot, satisfaction with one's regular employment is a great aid to dispelling worry.

"Of the mental causes, worry is the worst. Learn to be a master of your moods. Do not permit yourself to drift along like a helpless, rudderless bark tossed to and fro by every sensation of pain and every wind of mental distress."

B. & O. TO ISSUE NOTES.

$10,000,000 at 4 1-2 to be Retired Serially in Ten Years.

Directors of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company at their regular monthly meeting yesterday approved the sale of $10,000,000 equipment trust notes. The notes will bear interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. per year, and will be retired serially within the next ten years. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and Speyer & Co. purchased the issue, and will make a public offering of the notes to-day.

The equipment to be purchased from the proceeds of the sale consists of 150 locomotives, 111 all-steel passenger cars, and 3,000 gondolas and hopper cars.

The resignations of Capt. John P. Green and Joseph Wood as Directors of the company were presented at the meeting and accepted. The withdrawal of these Directors had been expected, as they represented the Pennsylvania Railroad, whose holdings of Baltimore & Ohio shares were recently transferred to the Union Pacific in exchange for Southern Pacific stock. No action was taken toward the election of men to fill the vacant places.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 213.

Pensions—To take effect 12 P. M., Sept. 17. On surgeons' certificate: Lieut. Martin O'Connell, 21st Precinct, at $1,125 per annum. Appointed June 15, 1885. Sergeants Michael Tubridy, 7th, $740 per annum, Jan. 29, 1896; John A. Tomford, 32d, $700 per annum, Oct. 11, 1895; Patrolmen John Faulkner, 9th, $700, Oct. 5, 1893; Henry Bischoff, 18th, $700, June 8, 1893; John A. McGloin, 42d, $620, Dec. 21, 1895; Robert Hinds, 42d, $700, May 16, 1894; Leopold Michael, 63d, $700, Dec. 3, 1880; Arthur Mahon, 76th, $700, Nov. 1, 1893; James Meara, 146th, $700, March 1, 1892; James Lynam, 147th, $700, July 14, 1892; James Fallon, 149th, $700, May 19, 1891; Thomas M. Friel, 151st, $700, Dec. 4, 1877; Edward J. Sullivan, 153d, $350, Nov. 6, 1905; Jesse G. Murfitt, 156th, $555, Oct. 29, 1897; John Purcell, 168th, $700, Jan. 27, 1893; John Griffin, 170th, $700, June 15, 1893; Edward Youngs, 172d, $700, March 30, 1892; Frank L. Kiernan, 278th, $415, Dec. 23, 1901; Terence Curley, Bridge Precinct, $700, Aug. 19, and Myles J. Cavanagh, Detective Division, $700, May 1, 1893. Matron Rose F. Mullen, 143d, $250, Aug. 21, 1912.

Reinstatement.—As patrolman, sixth grade, Charles C. David, to take effect Sept. 17.

Transfers.—Lieut. Andrew J. Wines, Detective Division, to 25th Precinct, to take effect 11 A. M. Sept. 18. Patrolmen—To take effect 4 P. M. Sept. 17: John J. Walsh, C. O. Squad, to 5th; to take effect 11 A. M. Sept. 18: J. J. Clark, Detective Division, to 8th, designation as Acting Detective Sergeant, second grade, revoked. To take effect 8 P. M. Sept. 18: Thomas Crotty, 40th, to Traffic B; W. A. Henrehen, 160th, to Traffic C; D. Sheehan, 279th, to 5th. To take effect 4 P. M. Sept. 18: J. H. Ward, 61st, to 70th.

Assignments.—Patrolman C. C. David, 8th, from 2 P. M. Sept. 17. Temporary.—Patrolmen—R. Pagano, 10th, and A. Cava, 15th, to C. O. Squad, 5 days, from 4 P. M. Sept. 21; G. Gilbert, 5th, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 2 P. M. Sept. 17; C. Glynn, 65th, to C. O. Squad, 5 days, from 11 A. M. Sept. 18; L. R. Furey, 171st, to Board of Elections, Brooklyn, 3 days, from this date; J. Noennich, 6th, and H. Stafford, 143d, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 4 P. M. Sept. 17. To Detective Division as indicated: J. F. Calnon, 20th, 20 days, from 4 P. M. Sept. 19; W. J. Jones, 21st, 5 days, from 1 P. M. Sept. 19; G. C. Bancker, 276th, 10 days, from 8 A. M. Sept. 20. Detective Division—Acting Detective Sergt. (first grade) J. J. Finan, 36th, to 13th, 10 days, from 8 A. M. Sept. 18.

Leaves of Absence, (with full pay)—Capt. Edward C. Barnett, 77th Precinct, three days from 7 A. M. Sept. 20, to be deducted from vacation. Without pay: Patrolmen E. Gibson, 31st, two days from 12:01 A. M. Sept. 20; J. J. Kilcline, 63d, one day from 8 A. M. Sept. 18; W. F. Dougherty, 146th, one day from 8 A. M. Sept. 18; C. Gallagher, 149th, one day from 4 P. M. Sept. 18; P. J. Eagan, 160th, five days from 10 P. M. Sept. 27; G. Gassman, 161st, one day from 4 P. M. Sept. 18; J. H. Ruddy, 163th, three days from 4 P. M. Sept. 18; L. T. Olvaney, 166th, one day from 6 P. M. Sept. 17.

Resignation.—Probationary Patrolman T. P. Higgins, School for Recruits, to take effect 12 P. M. Sept. 17.

Dismissed from the Force, (to take effect 6 P. M. Sept. 17)—Patrolman Peter Fagan, 278th Precinct.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 181.

Probationary Firemen, (to report to School of Instruction, Sept. 23, at time specified for thirty-day test.)—P. A. M. G. Schwall, Engine 6; C. R. Moringer, Engine 32; V. Vojacek, Engine 20; S. S. Scrivani, Engine 41; F. A. Rieger, Engine 24; C. H. Stahlhut, Engine 27; O. Quinn, Engine 5; F. G. Franke, Engine 28; M. M. Fox, Engine 34; J. W. Newnom, Jr., Engine 16; T. C. Mitchell, Engine 40; A. J. Darville, Engine 56; W. G. Mayer, Engine 91; F. H. Ernst, Engine 93; O. Burpeau, Jr., Engine 47; J. W. Treubig, Engine 82; C. T. Taylor, Engine 206; A. C. Ruoff, Engine 294; C. Loughlin, Engine 256; M. M. Karkel, Engine 251; D. Flaherty, Engine 211; T. F. Starkey, Engine 221; C. Gallagher, Engine 214; W. Anderson, Jr., Engine, 290; J. A. Schweickert, Jr., Engine 225; W. Quigley, Engine 240; F. Engel, Engine 230; G. A. Froese, H. and L. 15; M. O'Connell, H. and L. 20; M. P. Crowe, H. and L. 10; J. Egan, H. and L. 23; C. H. Senner, H and L. 28; J. Burns, H. and L. 118; E. J. Hartten, H. and L. 104; R. B. L. Power, H. and L. 103. I F. M.: J. Morgan, Engine 6; G. W. Bur, Engine 10; M. Assaup, Engine 4; G. Schafer, Engine 9; H. J. Murphy, Engine 18; E. Engelhofer, Engine 24; J. J. Walsh, Engine 14; F. Coulton, Engine 31; C. Pacek, Engine 5; M. Comasky, Engine 21; L. B. Large, Engine 65; J. T. McLaughlin, Engine 89; W. J. Mooney, Engine 58; J. S. Foster, Engine 38; A. E. Jamm, Engine 90; F. J. Catterman, Engine 37; J. J. Glynn, Engine 46; W. J. Robinson, Engine 19; J. Klein, Engine 203; A. C. Polsson, Engine 224; F. C. Keller, Engine 210; F. Driscoll, Engine 211; W. F. Hasrick, Engine 221; W. W. Slocum, Engine 212; W. F. Hickey, Engine 214; W. Seymour, Engine 280; A. W. G. Comrey, Engine 239; R. E. Stothard, Engine 213; G. P. Diskowsky, H. and L. 20; F. Parks, H. and L. 8; J. F. Harrington, H. and L. 85; C. M. Deutsch, H. and L. 103; J. J. Carey, H. and L. 102; G. E. Minner, H. and L. 106; A. F. Crowley, H. and L. 108.

Pension.—Fireman (first grade) William J. Decker, H. and L. 167, after more than twenty years' service, on his own application, at $700 per annum, to take effect from 8 A. M. Oct. 1.

Special Leaves of Absence, Without Pay.—Engineer of Steamer J. B. Barret, Engine 284, 36 hours from 8 P. M. Sept. 19; Fireman (first grade) J. T. O'Connor, Engine 229, for 24 hours from 8 A. M. Sept. 20.

UNION PACIFIC UP AGAIN ON RUMORS

Wall Street Fully Expects a Distribution of Cash and Stocks in Treasury.

DIRECTORS ARE AGITATING IT

Litigation Expected First, as Preferred Shareholders May Make a Fight for Some of the Melon.

A brisk advance in the Union Pacific stocks yesterday was accompanied by further reports regarding a possible large distribution to the company's shareholders. It had previously been rumored that the company would probably pay a special cash dividend of 25 per cent. to the common stockholders and thereafter reduce the regular dividend rate from 10 per cent. to 8 per cent. What the financial district heard yesterday was that in addition to this cash payment there might be a distribution of stocks which the Union Pacific holds merely as investments, and that in this connection the regular dividend rate might be put down to 7 per cent.

The Directors of the road were said to be desirous of settling the matter as soon as possible, but it was added that it might take some time to work out the details of any plan. The whole question is said to be still an open one, but Wall Street believes that there is so much sentiment among the Union Pacific Directors in favor of a distribution and of a reduction in the regular dividend that some such plan is very likely to be adopted.

Some light is thrown on the matter by a statement which one of the Union Pacific Directors made yesterday. He said:

"Personally, I am very much in favor of a reduction of our dividend rate from the present level of 10 per cent. That relatively high rate makes us a target for everybody. A reduction could be effected more gracefully if it were made in connection with some special distribution to the stockholders. For my part I think that a distribution might better be made partly in cash and partly in securities rather than all in cash. The Union Pacific has in its treasury a number of stocks which it holds as investments, and which it does not need for any railroad purpose, and these could be used as part of the distribution to the stockholders. I think it would be well for the company to keep a large part of the cash which it has realized from its sale of Southern Pacific stock. Eventually there might be an opportunity to acquire the Central Pacific, and I know of no better use that the Union Pacific could put this money to than to acquire that road.

"If the Union Pacific were to decide upon the distribution of some of the stocks now held in its treasury I do not think that the distribution would include any Illinois Central. It is well for the Union Pacific to keep that. It may not prove so, but, personally, I think that the opening of the Panama Canal will prove a highly favorable development for the Illinois Central. It may also be wise for the Union Pacific to keep the Baltimore & Ohio, which it has acquired. It would seem that the ownership of a large interest in an Eastern trunk line is a very desirable thing for the Union Pacific. But, there is its New York Central and its holdings of St. Paul and Chicago & Northwestern and other stocks, of which there is no need in the Union Pacific treasury.

"Of course, any distribution will raise the question of the right of the preferred stockholders to share in it. I do not see that they have the slightest right to one, but it is probability the question would have to be decided by the courts. Doubtless some holder of the preferred stock would raise the question."

Despite the view expressed by this Director that the Union Pacific was not likely to part with its Baltimore & Ohio holdings Wall Street heard rumors yesterday that that stock might be distributed to the shareholders. So far the matter is in such indefinite shape that the financial district feels that it is groping more or less in the dark. It is pretty well convinced, however, that before long a definite plan more or less in keeping with current reports will be adopted by the Union Pacific management.

AUGUST EXPORTS BIGGER.

$20,000,000 Increase Shown—Imports $17,000,000 Less.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—An increase of $20,000,000 in exports and a decrease of $17,000,000 in imports occurred August last, as compared with August of the preceding year. Figures contained to-day by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce show that last August's exports were $187,812,636, compared with $167,844,871 in August, 1912, and $144,186,173 in August, 1911, while imports in August last were $137,704,195, compared with $154,756,770 in August, 1912, and $125,946,385 in August, 1911.

For the eight months ended with last August, exports were valued at $1,510,086,915, against $1,416,364,429 in the same months of 1912, and $1,259,702,687 in a like period of 1911. Eight months' imports amounted to $1,156,675,670 in 1913, against $1,188,075,234 in 1912 and $1,007,746,641 in 1911.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Generally low pressure prevails throughout the country, except in the North Pacific States, with a principal centre of depression over Southern Saskatchewan. Temperatures have risen considerably to the south of this low area, and are falling rapidly to the westward with showers and rising pressure.

In the Ohio Valley, the Atlantic and Gulf States rains continued without temperature changes of consequence, while in the West the weather was generally fair with little change in temperature, except on the Southern California Coast, where there was a decided moderation from the abnormally high temperatures of Wednesday.

Local rains will continue Friday in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, and probably on Saturday in the South. There will also be showers Friday in the Northwest, extending Friday night and Saturday into the upper Mississippi Valley. Elsewhere the weather will be fair Friday and Saturday. It will be warmer Friday in the Central Valleys and the Southwest and cooler in the Northwest.

It will be cooler Saturday in the Central Plains States, the Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys.

Winds along the Atlantic Coast will be light to moderate variable.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair in north, unsettled in south portion, Friday. Saturday, fair; warmer in the interior; light to moderate north to east winds.

Southern New England—Unsettled and slightly cooler Friday. Saturday, fair; light to moderate variable winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Unsettled Friday; probably showers. Saturday, fair; light, variable winds.

Western New York—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; warmer Saturday; moderate east to southeast winds.

Northern New England—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; light to moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	65	64	4 P. M.	71	74
6 A. M.	66	65	6 P. M.	70	73
9 A. M.	70	68	9 P. M.	70	67
12 M.	71	75	11 P. M.	70	67

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 70; for the corresponding date last year it was 68; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 60.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 67, at 8 P. M. it was 69. Maximum temperature, 76 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 64 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 87 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 67 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.90 inches; at 8 P. M., it stood at 29.88 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.		Loss.
12:35—112	Mulberry St.; Johanke Tonosell	Trifling
1:40—East	River and 101st St.; A. Baker	Trifling
3:15—226	E. 104th St.; Tom Wall	Slight
5:12—433	E. 166th St.; O. Dolson	Trifling
5:20—20	E. 13th St.; John Ahern & Son	Not given
7:30—826	E. 8th St.; M. Samuelson	$300
10:25—264	Delancy St.; Joseph Mann	None
11:40—18	W. 62d St.; Motor Mart Co.	Trifling
P.M.		
1:35—823	E. 62d St.; Morris Evelmann	Loss unknown
3:15—226	E. 104th St.; John T. Wall	Trifling
3:20—203	W. 66th St.; Fanny Murphy	Trifling
3:45—416	E. 64th St.; Mrs. Macy	Trifling
6:50—258	E. 3d St.; John Prihor	Trifling
7:30—188	Fordham St., the Bronx; George Hund	$500
7:50—21	E. 112th St.; Dr. M. Pedigo and others	$10,000
9:20—258	W. 26th St.; Mrs. John Hassan	Trifling
9:30—12	W. 19th; Benchinsky & Abrams	$250
10:40—535	W. 112th St.; K. Sankman.	Trifling

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 18.—The following is the forecast issued by the United States Weather Bureau for Friday and Saturday for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama—Local rains Friday, and probably Saturday; light variable winds.

Mississippi—Fair in north; showers in south portion Friday and probably Saturday; light variable winds.

Louisiana—Fair Friday and Saturday, except occasional showers in southeast portion; light variable winds.

Texas—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; light winds, moderate east to southeast winds on the coast.

Utah—Fair Friday; local showers and cooler at night or Saturday in north portion; fair, cooler in south.

Oklahoma—Fair, warmer Friday; Saturday, fair.

Arkansas—Fair, slightly warmer Friday; Saturday, fair.

Tennessee—Local rains Friday. Saturday probably fair.

Kentucky—Warmer and generally fair Friday and Saturday.

Ohio—Unsettled and slightly warmer Friday. Saturday fair, warmer; moderate east to southeast winds.

Indiana—Fair, warmer Friday and Saturday; moderate southeast and south winds.

Illinois—Fair, warmer Friday. Saturday fair in south, increasing cloudiness in north portion; moderate southeast to south winds; shifting to northwest Saturday over north portion.

Lower Michigan—Fair, warmer Friday and Saturday; moderate southeast to south winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair, warmer Friday; Saturday, unsettled, probably showers and cooler by night; moderate to brisk southeast to south winds, becoming west Saturday.

Wisconsin—Fair, warmer Friday. Saturday unsettled, probably showers and cooler in the afternoon or night; moderate to brisk southeast to south winds, shifting to northwest Saturday.

Minnesota—Increasing cloudiness Friday; warmer in east portion. Saturday unsettled and cooler, probably local showers; moderate to brisk south winds, shifting to northwest.

Iowa—Fair, warmer Friday. Saturday increasing cloudiness, probably local showers and cooler by night.

Missouri—Fair, warmer Friday. Saturday fair.

North Dakota—Showers and cooler Friday; Saturday fair.

South Dakota—Showers and cooler Friday or Friday night. Saturday probably fair.

Nebraska—Fair Friday; warmer in east portion. Saturday unsettled and cooler, probably local showers.

Kansas, warmer Friday; Saturday fair.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—First Lieut. F. R. Guild, attached to Twenty-second Infantry, is relieved from treatment at the General Hospital at Fort Bayard, N. M.

First Lieut. F. R. Guild is relieved from attachment to the Twenty-second Infantry and is assigned to the Eleventh Infantry.

The following named officers are detailed for aviation duty with the Signal Corps: First Lieut. F. P. Lahm, Seventh Cavalry, and Second Lieuts. C. G. Chapman, Seventh Cavalry, and H. A. Dargue, Coast Artillery Corps.

Second Lieut. W. L. Clark, Coast Artillery Corps, is relieved from assignment to the 110th Company and placed on the unassigned list. He will report to the Commanding Officer, Coast Defenses of Narragansett Bay, for duty.

First Lieut. C. A. Eaton, Ordnance Department, is relieved from station at Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., and will take station at Davenport, Iowa.

Capt. R. Jackson, infantry, relieved from duty at the Army service schools, Fort Leavenworth, and assigned to the Ninth Infantry.

First Lieut. T. Whelan, infantry, is relieved from duty with the organized militia of Connecticut and will report to the Chief of Staff, this city, for duty in the division of militia affairs.

Major E. W. Evans, Quartermaster Corps, is relieved from detail in that corps, to take effect Oct. 14, and is assigned to the Third Cavalry, to take effect Oct. 15.

The following changes in the stations and duties of Officers of the Corps of Engineers are ordered: Major J. P. Jervy is relieved from duty with the Isthmian Canal Commission and will proceed to Wheeling, W. Va., about Oct. 15 and relieve Major W. W. Altstaetter of the duties in his charge pertaining to the Wheeling engineer district.

Major Altstaetter will proceed to Washington Barracks, District of Columbia, for duty at the Engineer School.

Major G. M. Hoffman is relieved from duty at the Isthmian Canal Commission and will proceed to Rock Island, Ill., about Oct. 15, and relieve Major C. J. Keller of the duties in his charge pertaining to the Rock Island Engineering District.

Major Keller will proceed to Mobile, Ala., and relieve Capt. R. T. Ward of the duties temporarily in his charge, pertaining to the Mobile Engineering District.

First Lieut. F. H. Sparrenberger, Medical Reserve Corps, is relieved from further treatment at the General Hospital, Fort Bayard, New Mexico, and will proceed to Fort MacKenzie, Wyoming, for duty.

First Lieut. G. M. Selby, Medical Reserve Corps, is relieved from duty at Fort MacKenzie, Wyoming, and from active duty in the Medical Reserve Corps, to take effect upon the arrival of First Lieut. F. H. Sparrengerber, Medical Reserve Corps, at Fort MacKenzie.

First Lieut. F. C. Wallace, Ordnance Department, is relieved from treatment at the General Hospital, Fort Bayard, New Mexico, and will return to his proper station.

Leaves—First Lieut. D. P. Wood, Sixteenth Infantry, one month and fifteen days; Capt. H. J. Price, Twenty-third Infantry, ten days; First Lieut. W. R. Leonard, Ninth Infantry, ten days' extension; First Lieut. R. S. Dilworth, Tenth Cavalry, twenty days; Second Lieut. D. G. Richart, Tenth Cavalry, twenty days; Capt. J. Huston, Tenth Cavalry, twenty days.

The Navy.

Commander F. A. Traut, detached the California, to command the Colorado.

R. C. Moody, detached Bureau of Steam Engineering, to the Ohio, as executive officer.

C. J. Lang, detached command of the Colorado, to home, and await orders.

Lieut. Commander S. W. Bryant, detached Naval War College, to Naval Radio Station, Radio, Va.

Lieut. Commander H. C. Dinger, detached the Utah, to Bureau of Steam Engineering, Navy Department, Washington.

Lieut. O. H. Oakley, detached Navy Yard, New York, to the Utah; M. M. Libbey (junior grade), detached General Electric Company, Schenectady, N. Y., to connection fitting out the Texas and on board when commissioned; F. A. L. Vossler (junior grade), to navy recruiting station, San Francisco.

Ensigns C. J. Bright, detached the Petrel, to the Florida; S. M. Kraus, detached receiving ship at Mare Island, Cal., to temporary duty on the Glacier; R. E. Dennett, detached the Petrel to the Tennessee; R. B. Simons, detached the Ohio to the Yale; J. H. Magruder, Jr., detached the Petrel, to the Tennessee; H. Hoogewerff, detached the Minnesota, to the Constellation; A. R. Mack, detached the Ohio, to the Petrel; and W. W. Hill, detached the Maryland, to the Iris.

Midshipman L. R. Agrell, detached Naval Academy, to the Ohio.

Naval Constructor E. C. Hamner, detached Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., to treatment Naval Hospital, Boston, Mass.

Paymaster Clerk A. M. Jones, appointment revoked.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Roe, at Gardiner's Bay; Fanning, at Newport; Nashville, at Guantanamo; Mayflower and Potomac, at Tangier Sound; Utah and Delaware, at New York Yard; Rhode Island, at Boston; Nebraska, New Jersey, and Georgia, at Boston; Prairie, at Tompkinsville; and the Penacook, at Portsmouth, N. H.

Sailed—Idaho, from Hampton Roads to Philadelphia; and the Buffalo, from San Diego, for Tiburon, Cal.

Revenue Cutter Service.

Capt. Godfrey L. Carden's detail in investigating pottery industry of United States is extended until Oct. 1.

Second Lieut. W. P. Wishaar, detached from the Seneca and placed on waiting orders.

Capt. P. H. Ueberroth, directed to proceed to Louisville, Ky., for duty in connection with the Perry Victory Centennial Celebration.

Third Lieut. H. M. Carr, directed to proceed to Louisville, Ky., and to report to Lieut. Ueberroth for duty in connection with the Perry Victory Centennial Celebration.

Capt. J. H. Brown, preparatory orders to the Thetis.

Capt. C. S. Cochran, preparatory orders to the Bear.

Leaves: First Lieut. of Engineers C. A. Wheeler, 14 days; Second Lieut. of Engineers C. C. Magathin, 14 days; Second Lieut. of Engineers R. C. Weightman, 30 days; Second Lieut. R. R. Waesche, 7 days' extension; Third Lieut. R. Donohue, 5 days; First Lieut. C. E. Howell, 30 days; First Lieut. T. G. Crapster, 20 days; Third Lieut. E. M. Webster, 20 days; Second Lieut. of Engineers M. A. Doyle, 30 days; Second Lieut. of Engineers, J. T. Carr, 30 days.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ATTIG, BABARA, (died Feb. 26;) net estate, $4,844.73; bank accounts, $5,446.58.

HART, PHEBE H., (died Nov. 25, 1912;) gross New York estate, $25,400.36; equity in 366 Broadway, valued at $135,000; equity of $15,000 in 347 Lexington Avenue, valued at $30,000.

HERTZEL, GEORGE W., (died Dec. 11, 1910;) net New York estate, $10,000, premises 287 West Twenty-fifth Street.

KOEGEBEHN, MARGARET, (died Aug. 27, 1912;) net New York estate, $6,312.50; equity of $6,500 in 74 Pearl Street.

WILSON, WOODS T., (died Jan. 21, 1904;) net New York estate, $4,067.92; bank accounts, $5,367.30.

Remarkable Sunday Gains in August

In August, 1913, the advertising gains of the Sunday edition of THE NEW YORK TIMES exceeded those of any previous August.

	Increase.
Schools	240 per cent.
Real Estate	84 per cent.
Wanted	71 per cent.
Miscellaneous	66 per cent.
Department Stores	52 per cent.
Amusements	51 per cent.
Railroads and Steamships	38 per cent.
Automobiles	27 per cent.
Average, net, all departments, over	57 per cent.

THE TIMES rejects all advertising which, for any reason, it deems unworthy.

In the Metropolitan District THE NEW YORK TIMES has a net paid daily sale MORE THAN FOUR TIMES that of the next high-class morning newspaper; MORE THAN SIX TIMES that of the third high-class morning newspaper; MORE THAN SIX TIMES that of the fourth high-class morning newspaper, and more than DOUBLE the net paid daily sale in the Metropolitan District of the THREE other high-class morning newspapers COMBINED.

Announcements of Schools

New York City.

BARNARD SCHOOLS
FOR BOYS West 242d ST.
The schoolhouse on the hill overlooking Van Cortlandt Park. Outdoor School Life. Boys may remain all day, including Saturday. New building now open for inspection; office hours 10 to 12 A. M., or by appointment. Tel. 529 Kingsbridge. Individual attention. Afternoon study. Thorough preparation for college. 172 Graduates in leading colleges. All ages. Fall term begins Sept. 29th. Catalogue. 28th YEAR

FOR GIRLS 421 & 423 W. 148th ST.
College Preparatory and General. Kindergarten and Elementary. The school co-operates with the home in seeking to keep the pupil a wholesome girl. Fall term begins Sept. 24th. Catalogue. 18th YEAR

HOUSEHOLD ARTS 226 W. 79th St.
Cooking, Embroidery, Millinery, Dressmaking. Arts and Crafts. Accounts. Also English and conversational French. One or more subjects may be taken. Fall term begins Oct. 6th. Catalogue. 5th YEAR

ELEMENTARY Young Boys and Girls. Catalogue.
Riverside Drive & West 139th St. | 423 West 148th St. | Ft. Washington Av. & W. 177th St.

KOHUT SCHOOL FOR BOYS
makes INDIVIDUAL TRAINING A SPECIALTY. A suburban school in N. Y. City, ½ hour from Grand Central. Large playgrounds, dormitory, gymnasium. One master for each group of seven. Write for particulars to Principals, GEO. ALEXANDER KOHUT, Ph. D., HARRY KUGEL, Riverdale-on-Hudson, N. Y. Telephone 367 Kingsbridge.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

Riverdale Country School
A Country School for City Boys
Seventh Year
Hardy Country Life
Sound College Preparation
Expert Physical Training
Day and Boarding Pupils
Send for catalogue outlining a schoolday
Riverdale Country School
West 253rd Street
Riverdale, N. Y. City.
Tel. Kingsbridge 348

FRANKLIN SCHOOL
18-20 West 89th Street
Most modern school building in city, absolutely fireproof. Thorough preparation for all colleges. Commercial department. Special attention paid to primary instruction. Classes limited in number. Open air instruction. Lessons prepared in school. Afternoon recreation classes. Laboratory. Gymnasium.
42nd year begins Monday, Sept. 29.
SEND FOR CATALOG.
Dr. Otto Koenig, Principal, now at school. Tel. Riverside 5384.

Collegiate School For Boys Founded 1888
Is a College Preparatory School with strong Primary and Junior Grades. Modern school building. Large Gymnasium. 175th year begins Sept. 30th. 241-43 W. 77th St., between Broadway & West End Avenue. New York. A. F. Warren, Headmaster.

The Brown School of Tutoring
241 West 75th St. Phone Col. 8894.
Founded 1906. Boarding and Day School. Separate Buildings. Classes and college examinations. POSITIVELY ONLY ONE PUPIL AT A TIME WITH A TEACHER. Pupils taught how to study. Study supervision. Fifteen teachers, each having had at least 12 years of experience. PERSONAL INTERVIEWS WELCOMED. "A School with an Atmosphere of Work."

CUTLER SCHOOL,
No. 20 East 50th St.
Reopens Wednesday, October 1st.
During thirty-seven years, under one management, more than twelve hundred pupils have been prepared for college and boarding schools.
Primary, Intermediate, and Senior Departments equipped for instruction by the latest methods. Outing Classes. Gymnasium. Athletic Field.

Kelvin School
231 West 70th Street. Tel. 3396 Columbus.
10th year. Limited private high school for boys. Very small groups. Personal attention. Expert coaching for all examinations. G. A. L. DIONNE, M. A., Headmaster.
Opens October 1st.

TRINITY SCHOOL
139-147 WEST 91ST ST., NE

THE BEST VALUES

The best values in standard bonds and stocks, from every point of view, are clearly shown in our new Booklet.

This Booklet has been prepared by our Statistical Department after the most thorough investigation and analysis of leading securities, and in response to a great many requests for our opinions on this subject.

We believe it will prove of great value to every investor.

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Investment Bankers
11 Broadway New York

$850. Will Buy A First Mortgage 4½% Steam Railroad Bond

PAR VALUE $1000. DUE IN 20 YEARS.

Guaranteed principal and interest by a railroad operating over 7,500 miles of road and which has paid continuous dividends

for 33 years.

Bonds of the guarantor are a legal investment for New York Savings Banks.

The annual interest of $45 makes the annual income rate 5.30%.

If held to maturity yield would be 5¾%

THESE BONDS HAVE SOLD TEN POINTS HIGHER IN A NORMAL MARKET.

Write for Detailed Circular "C."

Estabrook & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / Boston Stock Exchange
24 Broad St. New York

Taking Every Precaution

When you invest in bonds that have been recommended to you by a reliable banking house, you know that the real value and earning capacity of the property back of your investment have been carefully checked up by experts. You thus reap the benefit of the experience of those who can be relied upon not only to surround your principal with strong safeguards, but also to take those precautions which would seem to leave no room for doubt as to the prompt payment of your interest.

Ask us to send you Circular 1145 "Diversified Investments."

Spencer Trask & Co.
Investment Bankers
43 Exchange Place, New York
ALBANY—BOSTON—CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange

We have prepared a circular showing the attractive features of a purchase of three issues of

Standard Railroad Convertible Bonds

which together will average a price of par and a fixed minimum yield of 5%.

These issues combine the security and stability of a bond investment with the possibility of profit offered through the purchase of stocks, and the investment should show an enhancement in value whenever a rise occurs in the price of any one of the three stocks into which the bonds are respectively convertible.

Particulars on request.

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St., New York.

Railroad Equipment BONDS Yielding 5% to 6%

Equipment Bonds offer the best opportunity for investment of funds where safety of principal and interest is present in the highest degree consistent with income received.

Send for List

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
New York Chicago
115 Broadway First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to J. P. Morgan & Co., N. Y.
Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YORK

act as fiscal agents for municipalities and corporations and deal in high grade municipal, railroad and public utility

Bonds for Investment

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Rise, Following Union Pacific Leadership—Currency Bill a Factor.

Some conspicuous net gains were made in an active closing hour of trading yesterday, and the general level of quotations was lifted a substantial fraction. Union Pacific resumed leadership of the market, and was showing decided strength even before the rest of the list responded in a general advance to the upturn in Union and to the other events of the day, which accounted for the general improvement in prices. Reading was one of the stocks which made a good net gain, but it lagged behind in the early trading, notwithstanding the excellent showing made in the company's annual report. The advance in Union Pacific, whose noteworthy strength favorably influenced general market sentiment, was directly traceable to the renewed emphasis laid upon the probability of a large disbursement to the Union Pacific stockholders.

Details of any proposals which the Union Pacific management has under consideration are still lacking, so far as authoritative information goes, but the financial community is coming to have less and less doubt that a distribution will be ordered, and that it will be accompanied by a reduction in the Union Pacific's common stock dividend. There are matters of expediency which incline some of the road's Directors to favor a reduction in its dividend rate, quite apart from any consideration of the use which can most properly be made of the money which the road has realized through its sale of Southern Pacific stock. In the unofficial discussion of the question which is going on in Wall Street, more or less of the views of individual Union Pacific Directors is coming to be known. If the distribution is made, it seems to be a question if it will be made entirely in cash, or partly in cash and partly in securities. It is also uncertain how the matter could be handled without raising the question of the right of the preferred stockholders to share in any distribution. The preferred has risen sharply several times since a distribution began to be talked of. It rose 8 points yesterday, which was slightly more than the net gain made by the common stock.

There seems to be no question that first place among the influences which stimulated the stock market yesterday should be given to the widespread expectation of a large distribution to the Union Pacific shareholders in the near future. That is the sort of thing which stirs the imagination of traders and which exerts effect quite disproportionate to the importance of such matters, when considered in connection with the situation as a whole. Looking beyond this immediate influence, it may well be that a factor of no mall consequence in yesterday's trading was the passage by the House of Representatives of the Administration's Currency bill. Many see in that measure a measure of great inflation. Whatever the ultimate effect of that might be, the stock market would see in it a present advantage which it would not be slow to seize. The critics of the bill are not agreed as to whether it would mean inflation or contraction. The framers of the bill defend it against any assertion that it would lead to contraction. They do not seem to be agreed on the extent to which inflation might result from it, but they seem disposed to wave that question aside. It could not be waved aside once the bill passed from the stage of discussion to the stage of practical application. The passage of the Currency bill by the House meant more in Wall Street's eyes, in view of the fact that many in the financial district have come to the belief that the passage of the bill by the Senate is much more probable than it seemed a little while ago.

If the Currency bill passes, the fortunes of the money market will inevitably be linked a little later on with the working of the new system, but even now the bill is not without its influence upon the monetary situation. Bankers who distrust the bill as it stands are naturally led thereby to pursue a more conservative course than they would otherwise feel called upon to follow. That is necessarily a factor in the money market. Just now the markets are feeling the preparations which are going on abroad for the end of September settlements. To a minor extent the preparations for the October disbursements are having similar effect here. Discount was firmer in Europe, and call money at 3½ per cent. was higher than at any time since the beginning of the month, when the September payments and the subscriptions to the Union Pacific's offering of Southern Pacific stock were putting more than usual tax upon the money market. Sterling exchange advanced rather sharply, but this movement need not be regarded necessarily as effecting the expectations which have been entertained in banking circles that New York was likely to obtain gold abroad after the special needs of the September settlements have been fully provided for. The Bank of England reported a loss in gold yesterday, but its deposits decreased sufficiently to show a stronger percentage of reserve than had been reported the previous week. The French bank statement showed a small gold gain. The investment demand at London seems to be expanding despite the handicap of the labor troubles. The bond market here is holding well the improvement which it has lately shown.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@3½ per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. The renewal rate was 3 per cent.

Time money rates were 4¼@4¾ per cent. for sixty days, 4¾@5 per cent. for ninety days, 5@5¼ per cent. for four months, and 5@5¼ per cent for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5¾@6 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House Exchanges, $310,754,754, balances $15,913,088; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $727,675.

The local banks have lost $592,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 3¾ per cent. for short bills, and 4 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3¾ per cent., and Berlin, 5½@5¾ per cent. Money was 4½ per cent. in Berlin and 2¼@2½ per cent. in London.

The Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks, 42 pfennigs. The Paris check rate on London was 25f. 24½c.

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, high,$4886; low, $4.8580; last, $4.86; demand,high, $4.8560; low, $4.8545; last $4.8550.

Paris—Cable, 5.19¾ less 1-64; check, 5.20 plus 1-32.

Berlin—Cable, 95 3-16; check, 95 1-16.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.20 less 1-32; check, 5.20 less 3-32.

Holland—Cable, 40.12; check 40.10.

Belgium—Cable, 5.23¾; less 1-16; check, 5.23¾.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers' sixty days, $4.82¼; ninety days, $4.80¾.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82; ninety days, $4.80.

Paris—Bankers', sixty days, 5.23¾; ninety days, 5.25.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.23¾; less 1-16; ninety days, 5.25 less 1-16.

Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94¾; ninety days, 94.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94⅛; ninety days, 93¾ less 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 10c per mille; St. Paul, par; San Francisco, 40c. premium; Montreal, 15¾c discount, at par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1¼ higher in London at 24 5-16d, and ¼ higher in New York at 56¾.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Reading's Gross Income.

While results of the year's operations of the companies controlled by the Reading Company and of the Reading itself had been made known to Wall Street in fairly accurate estimates, the appearance of the figures yesterday brought forth much favorable comment. An increase in gross income of all lines to the extent of $13,178,395 was looked upon as an impressive commentary on the growth of business in twelve months. Examination of the annual statements showed how this gain was largely made possible by the expanding traffic of the Reading Railway Company. The best business ever handled brought in gross receipts of $52,214,000, an increase of $6,889,000, or 15.36 per cent. over 1912. The Reading Coal and Iron Company mined in the year 11,089,742 tons of coal, a gain of 27.89 per cent., and sold 10,748,608 tons, an increase of 5.43 per cent. Merchandise traffic over the rail lines amounted to 26,550,489 tons, an increase of 3,538,009 tons, or nearly 17 per cent. more than in the previous year. There was not much difference in passenger traffic, but enough to bring an increase of income from this source amounting to approximately 3 per cent. The revenue from coal transported advanced from $19,123,000 to $22,060,000, the equivalent of nearly 15½ per cent.

***

Dividend Earned Twice Over.

The large totals and substantial increases set forth in many items of the Reading report, beginning with $102,822,826 gross income of the three companies, set the Street to working out the amount to which the common stock was theoretically entitled. The balance, after subtracting fixed charges and taxes, was $17,491,000, a gain of $3,779,000. The dividend was earned more than twice over, which would seem to give sufficient reason for the enthusiasm of numerous traders in the stock market before the report appeared. They discussed the chances of an increase in the dividend rate. The balance available for disbursements on the junior shares was $11,797,000, as compared with $4,773,800 in the preceding year. Reckoning the percentage of income available for the common stock before allowance was made for additions and betterments, it was found to be 20.27 per cent. against about 10½ per cent. in 1912.

***

Burlington's Southern Boundary.

A rumor that the Hill railroad system had taken over from the Frisco one of its subsidiaries, the New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago, brought forth from Directors of the Burlington the announcement yesterday that the latter company has no thought of going south of the Ohio River. The Burlington, it was reported, would link up with the New Orleans Road at a town on the Ohio, and get, thereby, a route to the Gulf. While there is no intention on the part of the Burlington officials to extend their road directly, there is in process of building a line and a bridge over the Ohio which will gratly facilitate traffic between points of the South and cities of the West over the Hill road. The Louisville & Nashville and other Southern roads, at the present time, bring freight to Paducah, Ky., whence it has to be transferred by ferry to the Burlington and competing lines at a town across the river called Metropolis City. The roads are constructing jointly a bridge across the Ohio at Metropolis, an engineering task by no means trifling because of the width of the river. The bridge is not far from completion, it was said yesterday, and will be carrying freight before many months have passed.

***

Union Up on New Rumors.

Because of the thrills the Street has received this week from rapid movements of the leading speculative stocks in a forward direction, the monotonous, reactionary tendency of prices was viewed with impatience in some quarters in the greater part of yesterday's market. There was relief, however, before the close. Union Pacific turned about face in the last hour, and its change of front was all the more invigorating because Reading immediately swung about, too, and finished very close in the rears The sudden strength of Union Pacific seemed to have its inception in a revival of trading hopes that the melon talked about so much last week was near the cutting.

***

One London Deficiency.

They do some things better in London than on the local Stock Exchange, but brokers say with considerable satisfaction that in the matter of quotations of inactive shares the New York market is far ahead of its British contemporary. A leading English financial journal recently complained editorially that quotations for many shares over there were purely nominal, making it difficult if not actually impossible for inquirers to obtain prices on many issues. The London Exchange is lacking in a daily list of bid and asked prices. The magnitude of the stock list on the English market precludes, of course, so complete a system as is in vogue here of keeping prices constantly before investors, but the Exchange authorities across the water are being criticised for not making some effort toward possible access to quotations for many issues which will come some way near their real market value. It is not always the case that the "closing" prices sent out on the ticker here are made up of both the bid and asked quotations, but one or the other is given if both cannot be obtained. Yesterday, for instance, the tape carried the bid prices for ten shares and the asked prices for eleven others, while all the others published had both. The holders of these stocks could obtain an idea, at least, of the market position of their securities.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar.15,'15	98⅞	99¼	5.62
Am. Loco.	5	Oct., 1914	99¾	100	5.00
Austrian Gov't.	4½	Jan.14,'15	97¾	98⅛	6.25
Balt. & Ohio.	5	July, 1914	99⅝	99⅞	5.20
Boston & Me.	5	Feb. 3, '14	98	98	9.30
Boston & Me.	6	June 2, '14	97⅝	98⅛	8.00
B. R. T.	5	July, 1913	99¾	99⅞	6.85
Ches. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1914	99⅛	99⅜	4.00
Chicago El.	5	July, 1914	98½	98	9.00
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sept. 1915	98⅜	98⅝	5.40
Con. Gas.	6	Feb. 28,'14	100⅛	100⅛	5.00
Erie	6	Apr. 15, '14	100⅛	100⅛	5.00
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	99⅛	99¼	5.87
Erie	5	Apr., 1915	97¼	97⅜	6.50
Gen. Electric.		Apr.16,'14	5.50%	5.10%	
Gen. Motors.	6	Oct., 1913	99½	99¾	6.20
Gen. Rubber.	4½	July, 1915	96⅞	97	6.20
Ill. Central.	4½	July, 1914	99¼	99⅝	5.00
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug., 1914	99½	99⅞	5.75
Int. Harv.	5	Feb.15,'15	99¼	99⅝	5.30
Lack. Steel.	5	Mar., 1915	95½	96¼	7.00
L. S. & M. S.	4½	Mar.15,'14	99⅛	99⅜	5.00
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar., 1914	99⅛	99⅜	5.05
M. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1914	94½	97	14.00
M., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	96	97	6.65
Missouri Pac.	5	June, 1914	98¼	98⅝	12.00
Mont. C. & P.	6	Apr., 1913	97	99½	6.15
N. Y. Central.	4½	Mar., 1914	99⅛	99⅜	5.00
N. Y. Central.	6	Apr.21,'14	99⅜	100	5.00
N. Y. Central.	5	Sep.15,'14	99½	99¾	5.25
N. Y. Central.	4½	May, 1915	95¾	96⅛	5.15
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	Dec., 1913	99⅝	99¾	5.00
N. Y. State.	5	Feb., 1914	100	100⅛	2.40
Nor. Pacific.	6	July 9, '14	100⅜	100⅝	4.88
Seab. Air L.	5	Mar., 1916	97	98½	5.55
So. Pacific.	6	June15, '14	99¼	99⅝	5.00
State Tenn.	5	July, 1914	99¼	100	5.00
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	98⅜	99¼	5.45
Subs. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	97	98	6.87
U. S. R. M.	5	Aug., 1914	98	99¼	6.00
Un. Typewr.	5	Jan.15,'16	95¾	97	6.20
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101	101½	5.50
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	98	99¼	6.25
W. E. & M.	5	May, 1915	99⅜	100	5.00
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	95	98	6.00

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

B. & O. eq. tr.	4½	Feb., '14-'23	5.20%	4.80%
C. N. W. eq. tr.	4½	July, '14-'23	5.20%	4.85%
Erie eq. tr.	4½	Sep., '14-'23	5.40%	4.85%
Stock. eq. tr.	5	Aug., '14-'23	5.20%	4.80%
Ill. Cent. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., '14-'23	5.20%	4.85%
L. S. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., '14-'23	5.20%	4.85%
Mo. Pac. eq. tr.	5	Aug., '14-'23	5.40%	5.00%
So. Pac. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., '14-'23	5.20%	4.85%

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Tobacco Stocks Absorb Attention on the Curb—Mining Shares Quiet.

Tobacco stocks were the feature of yesterday's trading, British American advancing 1½ points and closing at close to its best figures of the day. United Cigar Stores rose 1⅝, with its final price the highest of the day. The mining list was quiet.

***

Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
12,000	Brit.-Am. T.	25	25½	25	25¼
2,000	B.-A. T. new.	25¾	26⅛	25¾	26⅛
249	Cons. Rub. T.	35	35	35	35
200	Marc. of Am.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
510	P. S. & R.	2 11-16	2 11-16	2¾	2 11-16
40	S. O. of N. J.	370	371	368	370
200	Tob. Prod. pf.	94⅜	95	94⅜	95
2,700	U. C. S. of A.	95¾	97¼	95¾	97¼
25	U. C. S. of A. p.	116	116	116	116
150	U. S. R.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
120	Willys Overld.	68	68	61½	66½

MINING STOCKS.

2,000	Ariz. Bel.	27	27	25	25
2,800	Braden Cop.	8¼	8¼	7¾	8
650	But. Mines.	2¾	2¾	2⅝	2¾
1,300	Butte-N. Y.	1 9-16	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,600	Can. G. S.	18	19	18	19
100	D.-D. Copper	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,300	Ely Con.	7	7	6¾	6¾
375	First Nat.	4¼	4¼	4	4 1-16
300	Goldf. Cons.	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	1 15-16
7,000	Gold Hill.	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
100	Hal. Ton.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
500	*Jumbo Ext.	18	18	18	18
1,000	*Kerr Lake.	3 9-16	3 11-16	3 9-16	3 11-16
150	La Rose Con.	2¾	2¾	2 15-16	2 15-16
100	McK.Dar.	1½	1½	1¼	1¼
700	*Nev. Hills.	90	91	90	90
500	Ohio Cop.	9-16	⅝	9-16	⅝
1,500	Stewart	1⅛	1 18-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
3,000	Tonop. Ex.	2	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
3,000	*Tonop. Merg.	70	70	69	70
200	Tri-Bullion	¼	¼	¼	¼
500	Tuol. Cop.	9-16	9-16	9-16	9-16
2,800	W. E. Cons.	1¼	1 9-16	1¼	1 9-16
3,000	*Wett. S. M.	15	15	15	15

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

2,000	W. E. Ext.	7	7	7	7

BONDS.

$19,000	B. R. T. 5% notes	96⅜	96⅝	96⅛	96⅛
11,000	Chi. Elev. 5s.	96¼	97	96⅜	97
17,000	N. Y. City 4½s, 1960.	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots.

***

INDUSTRIALS.

Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were:

	Sept. 18. Bid.	Asked.	Sept. 17. Bid.	Asked.
Allis-Chalmers	8¾	9¼	8¾	9¼
Anglo-American Oil	20¼	20½	20¼	20½
Am. Writing Paper	1	1½	1	1½
Bay State Gas	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
Borden's Con. Milk	116½	117½	116½	117½
Borden's Con.Milk pf.	106	107	105	107
Cluett-Peabody	58	62	58	62
Cluett-Peabody pf.	98	102	98	102
Con. Rub. Tire pf.	92	96	93	96
Emerson-Brant.	30	80	30	80
Emerson-Brant. pf.	80	87	81	87
Havana Tobacco	3¼	4	2¾	4
Havana Tobacco pf.	5	8	5	10
Houston Oil	16	18	16	18
Houston Oil pf.	50	60	50	60
Int. Rubber Tr. otfs.	8	9	8	9
Lehigh Val. C. S. Co.	195	210	195	210
Man. Transit.	1 7-16	1 9-16	1 7-16	1 8-16
Maxwell Motors com.	2	3½	2	3½
Maxwell Mot. 1st pf.	29	31	29	31
Maxwell Mot. 2d pf.	5	9	5	9
Maya Oil	15	16	15	16
National Sugar	90	98	90	93
N. Y. Transportation	3	5	3	5
Otis Elevator	78	79	78	79
Otis Elevator pf.	95	97	95	97
R. J. Reynolds	240	260	240	260
Tobacco Products	105	125	105	125
U. S. Lt. & Ht. pf.	45	55	45	55
Willys Overland pf.	82	90	83	90

MINING STOCKS.

Beaver Consolidated	34	36	34	36
Big Four	28	30	28	30
Brit. Columbia Cop.	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
C. O. D. Cons.	4	5	3½	4½
Con. Arizona Smelt.	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Cons. Copper Mines.	2⅜	3	2⅜	3
Dia. Black Butte	2	3½	2½	3½
Diamond Field Daisy.	2¼	3¼	2¼	3¼
El Paso Con.	2¾	3¾	2¾	3¾
Emma	24	26	23	26
Giroux Mining	1¼	1¾	1¼	1¾
Goldfield Midway	5	6	5	6
Greene-Cananea	6¾	7	6¾	7
Greene-Cananea, new	35½	35	35½	34½
Greenwater	4	5	4	5
Mason Valley	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
Mines of America	2½	2½	2¾	2½
Nipissing Mines	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
North Butte Dev.	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
Pacific Smelters	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
South Utah M. & S.	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Tonopah Mining	4¾	4¾	4¼	4⅝
Tularosa	7-16	½	⅜	½
Union Mines	6	8	6	8
United Copper	¼	½	¼	½
United Copper pf.	3	5	3	5
Yukon Gold M.	2 1-16	2 3-16	2 1-16	2 3-16

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

New Jersey M. Co.	16	17	16	17

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s.	150	160	155	165
Braden Cop., new 7s.	150	160	155	165
Cons. Rubber Tire 4s.	65	...	65	...
Havana Tob. 5s.	50	60	50	60
Mason Valley 5s.	60	85	60	85
N. Y. City 4½s, 1962.	96⅜	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
Western Pacific 5s.	79	81	79	81

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	20	21	20	21
Atlantic Refining	655	660	676	680
Borne-Scrymser	305	320	305	320
Buckeye Pipe Line	165	167	164	165
Chesebrough Mfg	670	680	670	680
Colonial Oil	130	140	130	134
Continental Oil	188	192	185	192
Crescent Pipe Line	61½	63	62	65
Cumberland Pipe Line	73	76	72	76
Eureka Pipe Line	350	368	344	348
Galena-Signal Oil	176	178	175	178
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Indiana Pipe Lines	184	187	184	186
National Transit	45	45½	42½	43
New York Transit	330	335	318	323
Northern Pipe Line	112	115	110	115
*Ohio Oil	182	184	183	184
Prairie Oil & Gas	268	270	268	271
Solar Refining	210	220	216	220
Southern Pipe Line	242	246	238	240
*South Penn. Oil	203	210	206	208
Southwest Pa. Pipe Lines	151	155	151	155
Standard Oil (Cal.)	186	190	187	189
Standard Oil (Ind.)	370	372	368	370
Standard Oil (Kan.)	380	395	380	395
*Standard Oil (Ky.)	480	495	480	495
Standard Oil (Neb.)	298	305	300	305
Standard Oil (N. J.)	369	371	369	371
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	158	160	158	160
Standard Oil (Ohio)	258	260	260	265
Swan & Finch	260	267	257	263
Union Tank Line	81	82	81	82
Vacuum Oil	171	174	171	174
Washington	32	35	32	35
Waters-Pierce Oil	2,200		2,200	

*Ex dividend.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Sept. 18. Bid.	Asked.	Sept. 17. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	143	144	141	145
American Cigar pf.	85½	87	85½	87
British-American	26¼	26¾	25	25¼
Conley Foil	275	300	275	300
Johnston Tin & F.	150	180	150	180
J. S. Young	140	160	140	160
MacAndrews & F.	190	200	190	200
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	220	230	220	230
P. & J. Am. 6% scrip.	135	145	135	145
R. J. Reynolds	250	260	250	260
Tobacco Products	100	125	100	125
Tobacco Products pf.	94¼	94¾	94½	95½
United Cigar Stores	97¼	97¾	96½	98
United Cig. Stores pf.	110	115	110	115

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Power	14	16
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	47	50
American Light & Traction	355	360
American Light & Traction pf.	105	107
American Gas & Electric	75	78
American Gas & Electric pf.	44½	45½
American Power & Light	65	68
American Power & Light pf.	75	78
American Public Utilities	46	49
American Public Utilities pf.	72	74
Appalachian Power Co.	8	10
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	43	45½
Cities Service	77	
Cities Service pf.	73½	76
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	57½	59½
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	78	80
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s.	90	93
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	85	90
Electric Bond & Share Co. pf.	97½	100
Empire District Electric 5s.	80	85
Empire District Electric 5s pf.	70	80
Federal Light & Traction	23½	27½
Federal Light & Traction pf.	74	77
Federal Utilities Co., Inc.		62
Federal Utilities Co. (Inc.) pf.	55	58
Gas & Electric Securities	85	90
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	85	90
Lincoln Gas & Electric	25	30
Montana Power Co.	39	41
Montana Power Co. pf.	94	96
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	15
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf.	57	61
Northern States Power	78	79
Northern States Power pf.	93	95
Ozark Power & Water Co.	40	50
Pacific Gas & Electric	87½	89½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	86	87
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	24	25
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	72½	75
Southern California Edison	82¼	84
Southern California Edison pf.	92	94
Standard Gas & Electric	6¾	7¼
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	29	30
Tennessee Ry., Light & P. Co.	16	17
Tennessee Ry., Light & P. Co. pf.	70	74
United Light & Rys.	74	76
United Light & Rys 1st pf.	74	76
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	67½	
Utah Securities	18	20
Utah Power & Light Co.	28	30
United Utilities Co.	7¾	8¾
United Utilities Co. pf.	27½	30½
Utilities Improvement	2	3
Utilities Improvement pf.	6	8
Western Power	74	76

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Balt. Electric pf.	49¼	49¼	49¼
5	Canton Co.	165	165	165
10	Houston Oil ctfs.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
20	Penn. W. & P.	69½	69½	69½
70	United Ry. & E.	27	27	27

BONDS.

$2,000	Alabama C. & I. 5s.	73	73	73
4,000	Chicago Ry. 5s.	98¼	98¼	98¼
2,500	City Balt. 4s, '58.	93½	93½	93½
1,000	Con. Coal. 6% notes.	100	100	100
5,000	Can. Gas 4½s, '35.	87	87	87
1,000	Fair. C. Trac. 5s.	90½	90½	90½
2,000	Maryland Elec. 5s.	98½	98½	98½
1,000	N. Ov. M. & C. 5s.	83	83	83
3,000	Penn. W. & P. 5s.	91	91	91
4,000	U. Ry. & E. Inc. 4s.	63¼	63¼	63¼
18,000	U. Ry. & E. 1st 4s.	83	83	83
11,100	U. Ry. & E. fdg. 5s.	87	87	87

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Adventure	2	2	2
5	Ahmeek	280	280	280
2,725	Alaska Gold	20⅝	19⅝	20⅛
65	Allouez	87	87	87
1,149	Amalgamated	79½	78¼	79½
140	American Zinc	21¼	21¼	21¼
1,010	Arizona Comm.	5 7-16	5¼	5⅜
55	Boston & Corbin	60c	60c	60c
100	Butte & Balak	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,650	Butte & Superior	37½	36¾	37½
804	Calumet & Arizona	69	69¼	69¼
4	Calumet & Hecla	445	445	445
20	Centennial	15	15	15
250	Chino	43¾	43	43¾
56	Copper Range	30¾	30¼	29¾
88	East Butte	12¼	12	12¼
135	Franklin	4	3¾	4
2,090	Granby	77	75¾	77
210	Green-Cananea	34	33½	33½
10	Hancock	19	19	19
30	Indiana	5	5	5
28	Island Creek	53	53	53
15	Island Creek pf.	85¾	85½	85½

5.60% Income
Tax Exempt in New Jersey

A Public Service 50-year bond which can be purchased at six points below the market price of 1909, while the gross earnings of the property have increased since that date 30%, and the surplus above all charges shows 100% increase. An investment opportunity.

Particulars on request.

White & Co
BANKERS.
London: 87 Old Broad St. New York: 30 Pine Street. Tel. 602 John.

St. Louis & San Francisco R.R.
Mortgage Map

This map indicates the relative position to the property of every mortgage of the Frisco System.

A copy of this map will be given upon application to dealers only.

John Nickerson, Jr.
405 Olive St. St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE
Merchants National Bank
Bank of Manhattan Co.
United States Trust Co.
Hercules Powder Co. Stock
Atlas Powder Co. Stock
Du Pont Powder Common Stock
Standard Paint Co. Stock
Dome Mines Co., Ltd.
Park & Tilford 6s, 1936
WANTED
Aeolian-Weber P. & P. Perf.
Childs Restaurant Preferred
Safety Car Heating and Lighting
Remington Typewriter 1st & 2d Pref.
Babcock & Wilcox Stock
Fajardo Sugar
Federal Sugar Com. & Pref.
Brooklyn City Ry. Stock
Idaho Irrigation 6s
S. H. P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Telephone 7386 Hanover. 37 Wall St., N. Y.

Columbus, Del. & Marion 5s, 1921
No. Idaho & Mont. Pow. 6s, 1949
Chicago & Eastern Ill. 5s, 1942
A. E. FITKIN & CO.
115 Broadway, New York.

Outside Securities Department
Omaha & Council Bluffs 5s
Southwest Utilities 6s
Roch., Syra. & East. 5s
American Can Deb. 5s
CHAS. H. JONES & CO.
20 Broad St., New York
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds.
Telephone 5149 Rector. Cable "Orientmest."

Montana Power Stocks
Mississippi River Pw. Stocks.
Puget Sound Tr., Lt. & Pw. Stks.
Standard Gas & Elec. Stocks
CHANDLER BROS. & Co
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
111 Broadway, N.Y. Phone 8450 Rector

7% FARM MORTGAGES
Guaranteed.
Circular on Application.
GILMAN, SON & CO.,
55 William Street, N. Y.

We Own and Offer $150,000
Essex Co., N. J. 4½s
Maturing Aug. 1, 1933.
Price and particulars upon application.
R. M. Grant & Co.
NEW YORK Bankers CHICAGO
31 Nassau St. 111 W. Monroe St.

American Piano Com. & Pfd.
Consumers Power 5s, 1929
Mississippi River Power Stocks
Utah Secur. Corp. Stock & Notes
GWYNNE BROTHERS
PUBLIC UTILITY & INACTIVE Securities
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 8393 Broad.

Amer. Light & Trac. Co. Stocks
United Light & Rys. Co. Stocks
Eastern Penn. Rys. Co. Stocks
Columbia Gas & Elec. Co. Secur.
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 8669 Broad.
25 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

Maxwell Motor 1st Pfd.
Maxwell Motor 2d Pfd.
Indian Refining Com.
Indian Refining Pfd.
Am. Water Wks. & Guar. Com. & Pfd.
Pacific Gas & Electric Com.
E. BUNGE & CO.
30 Broad St. Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

Will buy and sell
Simpson Sec. Coll. Trust 6s
Bush Term'l Bldg. 5s, 1960
Ruliey Koerner
Phone 5000 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

FOR SALE
100 Am. Public Utilities Com. & Pfd.
100 Boston Power & Light Common
100 Northern Idaho & Montana Power Pfd.
100 Penna. Water & Power
100 Tenn. H'way. Light & Power Pfd.
100 Western States Gas & Electric Pfd.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO
New York, 30 Broad St. Boston, 50 Congress St.
Private telephone to Boston & Philadelphia.
Phila. Phone, Market 800.

Cons. Rubber Tire Co.
(Kelly-Springfield)
6% Cum. Pfd. Stock
GEO. V. COX
Tel. 8315 Rector. 30 Broad St., N. Y.

We Offer
New Jersey
Municipal Bonds
to pay 4½%
Outwater & Wells
15 Exchange Place, Tel. 170 Jersey City.
Jersey City, N. J.

WE SPECIALIZE IN
Remington Typewriter
Babcock & Wilcox
Procter & Gamble
Amer. Mach. & Fdy.
Waterloo, C. F. & N. 5s
Stand. Oil of N. J. Stk.
Leonard Snider & Co.
RECTOR 496 60 BROADWAY

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, SEPT. 18, 1913.

	Stocks. (Shares.)
Total sales Sept. 18, 1913	414,839
Same day last year	371,550
Total year to date	62,189,093
Same period last year	90,015,844
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	72.01 +.23
Same day last year	83.48 +.16

	High.		Low.	
Range year to date	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Same period last year	84.65	Aug. 14	75.24	Feb. 1

	—Call Money.—			—Sterling Exchange.—		
	High.	Low.	Ren'al.	High.	Low.	Close.
Sept. 18, 1913	3½	2¾	3	$4.8560	$4.8545	$4.8560
Same day last year	5	4½	5	4.8560	4.8545	4.8550
Range year to date	7	1	...	4.8790	4.8540	.....
Same period last y'r	5½	1¾	...	4.8785	4.8535	.....

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
20⅜	20½	3,220	Alaska Gold Mines	20	20⅜	20	20½	+ ⅜
70¼	70⅜	22,000	Amalgamated Cop.	78⅝	79⅛	78¼	79⅛	+ ½
93	93⅞	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	93½	93½	93⅜	93⅝	+ ¼
27⅝	28½	100	Am. Beet Sugar	28	28	28	28	+ ¼
34⅛	35¼	19,400	Am. Can	34⅝	35⅜	34⅛	35	+ ¼
97¼	97⅝	400	Am. Can pf. x d	96¾	97⅛	96¾	96⅝	- ⅛
47⅝	47⅞	100	Am. Car & Fdry	47½	47⅝	47	47⅝	+ ⅜
65½	66	100	Am. Cities pf	64½	64½	64½	64½	+ ½
42¾	43¾	300	Am. Cotton Oil	43	43¼	42¾	43¾	+ ¼
22⅞	24	200	Am. Ice Securities	23	23	23	23	...
35	35½	100	Am. Locomotive	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	- ¼
104	107	100	Am. Locomotive pf	104	104	104	104	- 1
68½	69	700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	68	68½	67⅞	68½	...
101	101⅝	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	101	101	101	101	...
50	51½	500	Am. Steel Foundries	50	50	50	50	- 1
112	113¾	100	Am. Sugar Ref	112	112	112	112	...
131	131¾	100	Am. Teleph. & Tel	131½	131¾	131½	131⅝	- ⅛
208	208⅝	200	Am. Tobacco	208	208	208	208	- 1
17	19	100	Am. Writing P. pf	17	17	17	17	+ ⅛
38¾	39	900	Anaconda Cop. Co	38⅝	39	38⅝	39	+ ⅝
		400	Assets Realization	82	82	80	80	- 3
95⅝	95½	3,100	Atch., Top. & S. F	95½	95⅝	95	95½	- ¼
122	122½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	122	122	122	122	...
95¼	95¾	400	Baltimore & Ohio	95½	95¾	95¼	95¼	- ⅝
	38	100	Bank of Commerce	180	180	180	180	...
36¼	37	400	Bethlehem Steel	36½	36¾	36	36	- ⅛
72½	74	175	Bethlehem Steel pf	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	- 1
80⅝	80¾	1,400	Brook. Rapid Tran	80¼	80⅝	80¼	80⅝	+ ⅛
128	130	200	Brook. Union Gas	128	128	128	128	- 1
7½	8	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S	8	8	8	8	- ¼
21¾	22¼	3,125	California Petrol'm	22	22¾	20	22	- 2½
60	62¾	400	California Pet. pf	70	60	58	60	- 6
	64	100	Canada Southern	60	60	60	60	- 1½
233¼	233¾	8,050	Canadian Pacific	232	235¾	231½	233¾	+ 1¾
228¾	229¾	100	C. P. sub.cfs.4th pd	227½	227½	227½	227½	- ½
69⅜	69¾	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	68⅝	69¾	68⅝	69⅝	+ ¼
107¼	108	2,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P	106⅞	108¼	106⅝	108	+ 1
132¼	132½	100	Chi. M. & St. P pf	131⅝	131¾	131¾	131¾	- ⅛
130	131	200	Chi. & Northwest'n	130¼	130¾	130¼	130¾	+ ⅛
43¼	43¾	4,500	Chino Copper	43⅝	43⅝	43	43½	- ⅛
36	41	300	C., C., C. & St. L	37½	37½	37	37	+ 2
33¼	33½	1,800	Col. Fuel & Iron	33½	33½	32¾	33¼	...
131	133½	300	Consolidated Gas	132	132½	132	132½	+ ½
11¼	11½	200	Corn Products Ref	11¼	11½	11¼	11⅜	+ ⅛
35⅝	36	400	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	35½	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	+ ¼
15¾	15⅝	1,200	Distillers' Secur	15⅝	15⅝	14½	15⅝	+ ⅛
6	6½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	6½	6½	6½	6½	+ ⅛
30¼	30⅝	8,500	Erie	30⅛	30⅝	29¾	30⅝	+ ⅝
47¼	47⅜	500	Erie 1st pf	47¼	47⅜	47¼	47⅜	+ ⅜
147	147½	100	General Electric	147	147	146	146	- 1
35¼	36½	100	General Motors	36	36	36	36	...
28¾	28¾	100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	- ¼
90¼	92	150	Goodrich pf	91½	91¾	91½	91¾	+ ¼
128	128¼	400	Great Northern pf	127½	128	127½	128	+ ¼
38⅝	38¾	4,100	G. N. certs.ore prop	38	38⅝	37½	38⅜	+ ⅝
100	118	300	Helme (G.W.) Co.pf	115	115	115	115	- 4½
103¼	103½	1,000	Illinois Central	103½	103⅝	103½	103⅝	+ ⅛
10	10⅜	700	Inspiration Copper	10¼	10½	10¼	10⅜	+ ⅛
15⅝	16	410	Inter.-Met. v. tr.cfs	15⅝	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	- ⅛
61⅜	62¼	3,900	Inter.-Met. pf	61½	62¼	61½	62	+ ⅛
36	37½	100	Int. Paper pf	37	37	37	37	...
25¼	26	200	Kansas City South	25¼	25½	25¼	25½	+ ¼
100	100	100	Laclede Gas	100	100	100	100	+ ⅛
157¼	157⅝	1,820	Lehigh Valley	156½	158	156½	156½	+ ½
88	90	100	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	...
110	113	200	Lorll. (P.) Co. pf	111	111	111	111	...
136½	137¼	200	Louis. & Nash	136	137¼	136	137¼	+ ¼
68½	69	900	Mexican Petroleum	65¼	69	65¼	69	+ 3¾
28¼	28¾	700	Miami Copper	28¼	28¾	28¼	28½	+ ¼
140	141¾	350	Mo., K. & T. R. & M.	141¼	141¾	141	141	...
22⅝	23	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+ ⅛
20¼	20⅝	1,500	Mo. Pacific	20¼	20⅝	20	20⅜	+ ⅛
128	129½	100	Nat. Biscuit Co	130	130	130	130	...
	4		Nat. City Bank	570	570	570	570	+ 10
48	48¼	100	Nat. Lead Co	48	48	48	48	...
17¼	17¾	900	New York Copper	17¼	17¾	17	17¼	+ ⅛
97¼	97⅝	2,000	N. Y. Central	96¾	97¼	95⅝	97	+ ⅜
58	58½	100	N. Y. Chi. & St. L	58	58	58	58	...
88	89	6,700	N. Y. N. H. & H	88	88	85¾	85¾	- 2
100	100¾	700	Nort. & Western	100	100	100	100	...
75	76	100	North American	75	75	75	75	...
114	114¼	1,000	Northern Pacific	113⅝	114	113½	114	+ ¼
112⅝	113	2,000	Penn. R. R	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	...
120¼	121	4,000	People's Gas, Chi	120½	121	120½	120¾	...
200	210	200	Pittsburgh Coal	200	200	200	200	+ 1
87½	88⅝	800	Pitts. Coal pf	87½	88	87½	88	+ ⅝
28	28⅝	800	Pressed Steel Car	28	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	+ ⅛
155¼	156¼	500	Pullman Co	155¼	156¼	155¼	156¼	+ ¾
27	27½	500	Railway Steel Sp	27	27	27	27	...
90	96	100	Railway St. Sp. pf	90	90	90	90	...
20¼	20⅞	2,050	Ray Consol. Copper	20	20¼	20	20¼	+ ⅛
60,800	168½	60,800	Reading	167¼	168½	166⅝	168½	+ 1¼
24⅝	24⅞	700	Republic I. & S. pf	24⅝	24⅞	24	24⅝	+ ⅛
82½	83	100	Republic I. & S. pf	82½	82½	82½	82½	+ ⅛
16⅝	16⅝	5,500	Rock Island Co	16	16½	15⅝	16½	+ ⅝
25	25⅝	5,000	Rock Island Co. pf	24¾	25	24	25	+ ⅛
23	23	300	Rumely, (M.,) Co	23	23	23	23	...
53½	54⅜	300	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf	54	55	53½	54½	+ ⅝
0	0	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	0	0	0	0	...
101¼	101½	100	Seab. Air Line	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	...
47¼	47⅝	4,000	Seab. Air Line pf	47¼	47⅝	47¼	47⅝	+ ⅜
180¾	190	400	Sears, Roebuck & Co	180¾	190	180¾	190	+ 9
84	87	200	S. S. S. & I. Co	85	85	85	85	...
93¾	93⅝	20,827	Southern Pacific	93¼	93⅝	93¼	93⅝	+ ⅛
97⅝	97¾	8,600	Southern Pac. v. tr	97⅝	97⅞	97⅝	97⅞	+ ⅛
98	98	135	So. Pac. t. r. 1st pd	97⅝	98	97⅝	97⅝	+ ⅛
25	25¼	600	So. Railway ext	25	25	24½	25	+ ⅛
64	67	25	Standard Milling pf	66	66	66	66	+ 1
53¼	54	700	Tennessee Copper	53¼	54	53¼	54	+ ¾
14	16	900	Texas & Pacific	15	15	15	15	...
39¾	40	5,000	Third Avenue	40¼	40¾	40	40½	+ ⅛
55⅞	56	600	Underwood Typew	55⅞	56	55⅞	55⅞	+ ⅛
161¼	161¾	71,000	Union Pacific	158½	161¾	158½	161¾	+ 3¼
86	86¾	4,900	Union Pacific pf	85¾	86¾	85¾	86¾	+ ¾
8	10		United Dry Goods	8	8	8	8	...
99¼	100	150	Un. Dry Goods pf	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	...
20	25¼	200	U. S. Rys. Invest	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼	...
84	84¾	400	U. S. Rubber	84	84¼	84	84	...
107¾	108	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	...
65	65¼	87,600	U. S. Steel	65¼	65¾	65	65¼	...
100¼	100½	400	U. S. Steel pf	100¼	100¾	100¼	100¾	+ ¼
55	55¼	4,400	Utah Copper	55	55¼	55	55¼	+ ¼
51	51¼	100	Va.-Car. Chem.	51	51	50¾	50¾	- ¼
101	102	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	102	102	102	102	+ 1
	4¾	200	Wabash	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	...
80	85	100	West. Maryland pf	80	80	80	80	...
90	90¼	900	West. Un. Tel.	90	90¼	90	90¼	+ ¼
71¼	72	1,000	Westinghouse E. & M.	71	71	70⅝	71	+ ⅜
48	50		Wisconsin Central	48	48	48	48	...
97¼	98	300	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	97	97¾	97	97¾	+ ⅝

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97	97¼
2s, c, 1930	97¼	97½
2s, r, 1936	104	104½
2s, c, 1936	103⅝	103¾
4s, r, 1925	110¾	111
4s, c, 1925	110¾	111
4s, r, 1925	110¾	111
4s, c, 1925	110¾	111
Panama 2s, r, 1938	97¼	...
Panama 2s, c, 1938	97¼	...
Panama 2½s, r, 1961	99¼	100
Panama 2½s, c, 1961	99¼	100

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex. 1928	135	...
Allis-C. 8th paid	7	8
Do pf. 8th paid	16	20
Am Ag Chi.	47	48
A R S pf.	72	80
A R S & P.	94½	94¾
A C & pf.	113¾	116
A C & pf.	114	119½
Am Cit.	56	57
Am Cot.	76	100
Am C Pf.	84	86
Do pf.	100	105
Am Gen Ch.	178	182
Am Hide.	119	120
Do pf.	94	97
Am Lin.	54	57
Do pf.	90	97
Am Malt.	2	3
Do pf.	51½	52½
A S pf.	80	85
Am Snuff.	103	108¼
Do pf.	100	103
A S R pf.	110	116
A C & Co.	60	66
A Pub pf.	100	101
A W W pf.	40	50
Am Wool.	20	21
Do pf.	82½	84
Ann Arbor.	34	35
Do pf.	65	70
A T & S F.		
Do pf.	97	98¼
Bald Loc.	97½	98
Do pf.	104	106
Balop M.	1¾	2
B R T & Y.	103¾	104
Buf. & Co.	200	275
Case (J I)	97	98
Do pf.	93¼	97
C F I.	27	28
Cent Leath.	23¾	24½
Do pf.	94	94¾
C R I & P.		
Do pf.	800	815
C & E.	104	106
Tel.	104	106
Chi & Alt.	10	20
Do pf.	20	30
Chi G W.	13½	14
Do pf.	29¼	31
C. I. & L.		
Do pf.	50	80
C & N W.	170	180
Do pf.		
Chi. St. P.		
M & Om.	120	125
Do pf.	135	140
C. C. & St. L.		
St. L. pf.	60	75
Col. F & I.		
Do pf.	100	110
Col & So.	97¼	97¾
Do 1st pf.	91	93
Do 2d pf.	55	70
Corn P. R.	8	10
Do pf.	65	70
Cruc Cast.	65	82
Cub-Am. S.	20	...
Do pf.	90	91
D & Co pf.	97½	99¼
Del. & H.	160	165
D L & W.	400	410½
D M & Ft.	20½	30
D.	11¾	8
Det & M.	85	...
Do pf.	70	...
Det Jct.	72	...
Dia Match.	100	104
D. S. B &		
A pf.	19¼	24
Do pf.	70	80
Elec Vehi.	2	3
Do pf.	8	14
Em Boot.	2	3
Do pf.	8	14
Fam Play.	40	50
Do pf.	90	95
Ft Wayne.		
Ohio cifs.	85¼	87
Do pf.	90	95
Stand Ry.	35	45
Gen Chem.	95	98
Do pf.	105	107
Texas Co.	110¾	112
G R I & W.	2	3
Do pf.	8	12
G R & S M.		
Do pf.	11	13
Do pf.	20	24
Gt Nor Ore.	37	38
Do pf.	20	40
Gt Nor Iron.		
Ore ctfs.	110	115
H R Tr pf.	45	50
H C F.	104	106
Do pf.	104	106
Hock Val.	100	110
Homest'ke.	100	110
Inger-R.	100	...
Do pf.	90	...
Int Agricu.	4	6
Do pf.	10	15
Int Harv.	102¾	104
Do pf.	118	119
Int Mer M.	11¾	12
Do pf.	37½	39
Int Paper.	9½	10
Int Sil.	7½	9
Do pf.	92½	95
Iowa Cent.	15	20
Do pf.	15	25
K C. Ft S.		
& M pf.	65	68
Kan City.		
So pf.	60	70
Kayser (J)		
& Co.	80	90
Do pf.	100½	102
K & M.	95	98
Do pf.	45	...
Kresge(S S)		
Co.	80½	85
Do pf.	100½	102
Lack Steel.	58	60
L E & W.	7½	10
Do pf.	20	30
Lake Shore.	485	490
Ligg & M.	210	218½
Do pf.	107	110
Long Isl'd.	37	39
L W Bis.	95	99½
Do 1st pf.	95½	100
Lorill Co.	161	163½
McKay Cos.	80	84
Do pf.	90	95
Man Elec.	120	132
M Dep Sts.	67½	68
Do pf.	95	100
Mex Nat.	8	8¼
Do pf.	16¼	17¼
Mex P pf.	85	90
Mich C.	100	...
M & S L.	14½	16
Do pf.	38	43
M, St P &		
S S M pf.	140	150
Do 1st pf.	114½	84
Do 2d pf.	14	14½
Nash C &	90	95
N O M &		
C pf.	25	35
N Y & H.	68	70
N Y L.		
Do pf.	90	95
Do 2d pf.	70	88
N Y Dock.	30	40
Do pf.	35	40
N Y G &		
West.	20½	22½
Norf So.	40½	41¾
Nor & W.	90	92
Ohio R &		
Light.	62	64
Do pf.	94	96
Ont Min.	2¼	2½
Pabst B pf.	100	110
Pac Coast.	80	87
Do 1st pf.	75	80
Do 2d pf.	70	75
Pac Mail.	23½	24
P C & St L.	80½	85
Do pf.	90	95
Pan Am Pet.	30	32
Do pf.	80	85
Peo & Eas.	2	3
Pere Mar.	30	35
Phila Co.	50	54
Phila Co. pf.	45	48
Phila R &		
C & I.	85½	90
Do pf.	100	110
Pitts & S.	90	98
Pitts S pf.	92½	98
Pr St C.	117	118
Pub S Corp.	117	118
Quicksilver.	2¾	3¼
Do pf.	5¾	6¼
R R Sec.		
1st sub.	78	80
Rep I & S.	85	87
Do 2d pf.	90½	91¼
St L & S		
W pf.	34	37½
Do 1st pf.	18	22
St L &		
S F 1st pf.	114	119
2d pf.	90	95
Sears-R. pf.	117¾	...
S R P &		
Do pf.	89	91¼
So R Ry.	30	31
Do pf.	90	91
So R Mo.		
Ohio ctfs.	85¼	87
Stand Milling.	25	30
Do pf.	80	90
Stand Rope.	5	10
Stan Mill 1st pf.	90	95
Tenn Coal, I & R.	99	100
Tex Co.	100¼	104
Tex & P.	103¾	104
Third Av.	77¼	78
Tol St L & W.	25	30
Do pf.	65¼	70
Tri City.	94¼	96
Do pf.	94¼	96
Union P.	97½	98
Do pf.	77½	78
Un Bag & P.	30	35
Do pf.	87¼	90
Un Cig.	41	45
Un Dry Gds.	45	50
Un Pac.	150½	151
Do pf.	84	85
U S Cast I P.	30	35
U S Ind Alc.	50	55
U S Realty.	50	55
U S Rub Re.	30	35
U S Smelt.	40	45
Do pf.	40	45
U S Steel Fdg.	50	55
Do pf.	110	112
Va Iron C &		
C pf.	90	95
Va Ry & P.	30	35
Do pf.	90	95
Wabash.	4¾	5
Do pf.	9	11
Wab Pitts.	2	3
Do pf.	5	8
Wells F Ex.	200	210
West Md.	30	40
West Sheet.	75	80
Westing E & M.	90	95
Do 1st pf.	90	95
Wheel & L E.	2	3
Do pf.	10	15
Wh Steel.	30	35
Do pf.	80	85
Wilson & Co.	90	95
Do pf.	90	95
Wor Pol.	90	95
Wr Aero.	2	3
Do pf.	10	15
Yonk.	90	95
Do pf.	90	95
Youngs. S & T.	90	95
Do pf.	90	95

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was offered at 16⅛c for all deliveries up to November. Tin was easy at a recession of ⅛c. There was a sale of 200,000 lbs. of East St. Louis spelter at 5.80.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	—Thursday—		—Wednesday—	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Standard copper	15.50	...	...	...
Spot	15.50	...	...	...
September	15.50	...	...	...
October	15.50	...	...	...
November	15.50	...	...	...
Lead	4.85	4.90	4.80	4.90
Spelter	5.70	5.80	5.70	5.80
Zinc	6.50	6.60	6.50	6.60
Tin	41.87½	42.37½	42.40	42.75

London prices yesterday, for copper and pig tin, compared with Wednesday, follow:

	Thursday.			Wednesday.		
Copper, spot	78	5	0	78	10	0
Copper, futures	77	0	0	77	15	0
Pig tin, spot	191	15	0	192	10	0
Pig tin, futures	191	7	6	192	15	0

The market ended easy. Spanish pig lead 4s0 10s., down 5s. 6d. Spelter 42l. down 2s. Cleveland warrants 56s. 4½d., unchanged.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat sold off yesterday and closed ½ to ⅝ cents net lower. Increased arrivals at Western points had considerable influence. Corn declined to an equal extent. Oats moved off slightly more than the other grains. Provisions were firm. Cotton under heavy realizing closed at a net decline of from 5 to 9 points.

WHEAT.

Except for the opening, which was ¼c higher on cables, the wheat market was under pressure and ruled heavy all day, closing ⅛ @⅜c net lower, and about the bottom of the session. The increasing arrivals at Western points had considerable influence on sentiment, especially as the grading of Spring wheat is unusually high. Minneapolis reported that one-fifth of its receipts were grading No. 1 hard, a proportion not equaled in the last fifteen years. Out of 1,049 cars received in Winnipeg, 731 cars graded No. 1 Northern. So far this week the interior movement shows an increase of 1,400,000 bushels over the previous week. The weather in the Canadian Northwest was generally clear and warmer, which would suggest a continuation of the heavy movement in that quarter. It was estimated that about 20 loads of Manitoba wheat were taken for export, but there appeared to be little demand for domestic grades. The foreign news was somewhat irregular, cables being firm, including advances of ⅝d at Liverpool, ⅛@⅜c at Berlin, and ¼c at Budapest, while on the other hand Broomhall reported that the weather in the Argentine, while very wet, has caused no damage to wheat, and the outlook continues favorable. The exports from there for the week were estimated at 160,000 bushels, against 920,000 the previous week. It was said that wheat stocks throughout Europe are now liberal and are likely to be further added to by the usual heavy Autumn movement from Russia and North America. The Italian crop was officially estimated at 206,000,000 bushels, or 42,000,000 more than last year. In the local market, No. 2 red was quoted at 96c, elevator and 97½c, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 98c, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT—NEW YORK PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Close. | Prev.

DOWN TO WORK NOW ON BANKING LAWS

Van Tuyl Commission Elects A. Barton Hepburn Chairman and E. F. Rorebeck Secretary.

REVISION EARLY IN 1914

Hundreds of Suggestions from Bankers, Editors, and Economists to Whom Letters Had Been Sent.

The Van Tuyl Commission, which is to revise the banking laws of the State, held its first regular meeting yesterday at the Waldorf, completed its organization, and began its work.

At a preliminary meeting in Albany several weeks ago Supt. George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., of the Banking Department, by whom the commission was appointed under an act of the Legislature, was made temporary Chairman and Willard E. McHarg temporary Secretary. It had been expected that John Claflin would be Chairman of the commission, but he found he would be unable to serve even as a member, and A. Barton Hepburn, Chairman of the Chase National Bank and of the Currency Commission of the American Bankers' Association, was appointed in his place. At the meeting yesterday Mr. Hepburn was chosen Chairman of the Van Tuyl Commission. Edwin F. Rorebeck, until recently National Bank Examiner in this city, was elected Secretary.

Mr. Hepburn, on taking the chair, declared that the problems presented to the commission involved a great deal of hard work and affected those engaged in all branches of industry. The time was short, he said, as the law required that the commission report to the Legislature by Feb. 1, 1914. He also spoke of the mass of interpretations of the banking laws by Attorney Generals for many years, which now constitute the only guide of the administrative officers, and said the primary object of the commission would be to bring about a homogeneous law that would be clear to everybody.

Mr. McHarg reported that several hundred replies had been received to letters inviting suggestions as to changes in the law. About 2,000 of these letters had been sent out, the recipients including every institution under the supervision of the Banking Department, every national bank in the State, the editor of every newspaper and financial publication and many economists and students. It was arranged that the suggestions contained in the answers should be referred to the various subcommittees, which will report their conclusions to the full commission.

Supt. Van Tuyl announced that he had detailed George J. Skinner, his first deputy, who is a lawyer and has had 17 years experience wrestling with the vagaries of the present laws and their interpretations, to work with the commission, giving him leave of absence from the department for that purpose. A resolution was then adopted providing that Supt. Van Tuyl, a deputy or deputies, sit with the commission and with each of the subcommittees throughout their deliberations.

Another resolution authorized the commission's counsel to make a compilation of all statutes not embraced in the banking law which affect corporations organized under the banking law or persons or corporations under the jurisdiction of the Banking Department; also, to prepare memoranda of the decisions of State and Federal courts construing sections of the banking law.

There was some discussion, without action, of a proposal that the subcommittees meet in different cities of the State from time to time and confer with the local bankers. It is probable that later on in the course of the commission's work public hearings will be held in this city and elsewhere, but no definite plan was adopted yesterday.

The commission and its subcommittees are to have headquarters in this city and a committee was named yesterday to make suitable arrangements.

Besides Chairman Hepburn, the members of the commission are Charles L. Bernheimer, Louis Goldstein, John H. Gregory, Frank E. Howe, Joseph French Johnson, Herbert H. Lehman, Randall J. LeBoeuf, Elliott C. McDougal, E. P. Maynard, Charles A. Miller, Frank M. Patterson, John Harsen Rhoades and Leopold Stern. Its counsel are George W. Morgan and John De Witt Warner. The subcommittees are as follows:

Banks—Messrs. McDougal, chairman; Gregory, Howe, Goldstein, Bernheimer.

Trust companies—Messrs. Maynard, Chairman; Le Boeuf and Patterson.

Savings banks—Messrs. Miller, Chairman; McDougal, Johnson and Rhoades.

Private bankers, mutual investment companies and small loans—Messrs. Lehman, Chairman; Stern, Bernheimer, Johnson and Goldstein.

Liquidation and Penal Law—Messrs. Goldstein, Chairman; Patterson and Le Boeuf.

Three of the subcommittees met immediately after the general meeting and discussed working plans.

EXCHANGE SEAT $49,000.

Drop of $1,000 Since Last Sale—New Members.

The New York Stock Exchange seat of Frank L. Schoonmaker was posted for transfer yesterday to Frank E. Solomon. The price was $49,000, a decline of $1,000 from the last previous sale.

Sidney H. March and Edward W. Clucas have been elected members of the Exchange.

Are You Seeking An Apartment?

Consult The New York Times' Apartment House Directory next Sunday. Choice of over 2,000 apartments, classified according to number of rooms, location, rental and agent—a complete selection of high-class apartments in convenient form.

For information, telephone 1000 Bryant.

BAD MILK CAUSED TYPHOID.

Source of East Side's Epidemic as Traced by Health Officers.

The Health Department announced yesterday afternoon that the outbreak of typhoid fever on the east side, in the district east of Third Avenue, between Sixth and Thirty-third Streets, which has assumed far more alarming proportions than the earlier reports from Bellevue Hospital indicated, had been traced to one milk company, and in consequence the city's health officers believe that they have the epidemic well under control now.

In the affected district 147 cases of typhoid fever have been reported since the first of the month. Between Fortieth and Tenth Streets there were seventy-five cases, and seventy-two cases between Tenth and Sixth Streets. Seventy of the typhoid patients are in Bellevue Hospital.

Following the first crop of cases reported the special Inspectors of the Health Department at once started out to look for the source of infection, and they discovered that in every instance the families in which the disease had appeared were being supplied with milk by the same dealer. The dealer obtains his supply from a certain company, which gets it from an up-State creamery. In order to run the infection down to its source, all the dairy farms that send their product to this particular creamery are being investigated. A single case of typhoid on one of those farms may have caused all the trouble.

As soon as the Inspectors traced the matter to the company which had supplied the east side dealer the Health Department issued orders to this company to stop supplying anything but pasteurized milk. Since that date, Sept. 5, new cases of typhoid fever have been reported daily, and in every instance the patients were members of families that patronized the company whose milk was suspected of being infected. The new cases that have appeared since the pasteurization order was issued to the company are attributed to the consumption of infected milk before that date.

The Health Department's investigation was begun on Sept. 3, and within two days sufficient evidence had been found to warrant issuing the order to the company in question. In addition, the Health Inspectors offered the department's immunizing treatment to all the members of the various families in which cases of typhoid had developed. This immunizing treatment is the same inoculation now used in the army. The east siders, however, were not eager to take advantage of the proffered immunization, even when informed that they were exposed to danger.

McCULLOUGH TRUNKS HELD.

Brought Over $8,000 in Dutiable Goods—Made $200 Declaration.

Among the first cabin passengers who arrived here on the Hamburg-American liner Imperator on Wednesday night was John H. McCullough, a banker and broker at 111 Broadway, accompanied by his wife. In the declaration made out before reaching port, Mr. McCullough stated that the dutiable goods purchased abroad by his wife and himself amounted to less than $200.

When the six McCullough trunks were opened for examination on the pier, the Inspector who took a glance that there were articles of foreign manufacture worth much more than the $200 set down in the declaration. He sent for one of the acting Deputy Surveyors on duty on that pier, and it was finally decided to hold the trunks on the pier for the night.

When Mrs. McCullough was questioned she said that the packing of the things had been left to the maid. The latter told the Customs officials that the gowns and hats had all been made in the United States and taken abroad by her mistress. The maid was then taken on board the Imperator to a cabin and searched by one of the women Inspectors who found a package of bills from foreign firms for articles of wearing apparel.

Yesterday morning the trunks were sent to the Appraisers' stores for examination, which will not be completed until this afternoon.

The partial examination of the trunks, however, showed, it is said, that they contained gowns, hats, lingerie, lace, and jewelry worth about $8,000.

Mr. and Mrs. McCullough went to the Custom House in the afternoon, accompanied by their attorney, and were three hours with Surveyor Henry, Special Deputy Surveyor George Smythe and M. P. Andrews, the head of the law department in the customs service.

It was announced later by the customs officials that the hearing would come up to-day after the Appraisers had finished their examination of the trunks and fixed the value of the goods. The McCulloughs live at 115 East Fortieth Street.

TRAVEL BOOMS TO ALGIERS.

Consul Mason, Fleeing Hot Spell, Reports on Changed Conditions.

Dean B. Mason, United States Consul at Algiers, arrived yesterday on the Majestic on leave of absence. This is the hot term in Algeria, and it will continue through September, according to Mr. Mason, who brings the news, that Robert Hichens's novel, "The Garden of Allah," has advertised the country about Biskra, and drawn lots of tourists into the desert to see what it is really like.

"There were a great many American visitors to Algiers last Winter," said Mr. Mason at the Wolcott yesterday, many more than the season before. Hichens's book has done a great deal to boom Biskra.

"While Algiers has a direct passenger service to the United States, maintained by the Austro-American line, there is no direct line that takes freight, because of the high dues, ships being taxed not on the cargo they would bring from Algiers, but on all they contain.

"There are practically no Americans in Algiers. The French are continuing the building of a splendid system of highways, but the railroads are not improving fast, because they are expensive to build, the country being very mountainous.

"The market is developing for American goods, but very slowly, as is natural, because if there is anything to be reaped in Algeria, the French get it. Importing is a serious undertaking, and is now mainly done through France.

"A project is on foot for a lot of harbor development, including the enlargement of the harbor by building a big breakwater further out than the present one, but the bill authorizing it is not yet out of the House of Deputies, where, it is said, it may take a year or even two to pass. Occasionally the consulate has to assist a stranded American, but comparatively few of this sort are left in Algiers."

CORDAGE TRUST ASSETS.

Judge Hough Dissolves Injunction Preventing Their Distribution.

Judge Hough signed an order yesterday in the Federal District Court dissolving the injunction granted by Judge Hazel in May, 1910, restraining the distribution of the assets of the Standard Cordage Company, an $8,500,000 corporation, known as the Cordage Trust, which had been thrown into bankruptcy. The assets amount to about $415,000.

In his decision Judge Hough said that so far as the papers submitted to him showed the only objections to the distribution of the assets came from Mr. Allen, one of the original bankruptcy petitioners. But in the three years since the injunction was granted he had done nothing in the case.

MONTAUK PROJECT ALIVE.

Man with Plans to Make It a Terminus Comes with Engineers.

A. Aronivici of Paris, who confesses he is working upon a plan to make Montauk Point a terminus for transatlantic steamship lines, and has made something like ten trips back and forth for that purpose, arrived on the Majestic yesterday. He would not admit that the plan was nearer accomplishment than when he was last here. He said he did not wish anybody to be misled.

"The fact is I have brought over several engineers," he said, when seen at the Knickerbocker, "and we shall do some more work. I have made reports for the Hamburg-American Line and for the French lines, but there is no news to give out. It would be a mistake to announce that the port project was to be carried out. There are certain features to be settled upon."

TRADE PRESS OPENS EIGHTH CONVENTION

Delegates Urged to Use "The New Force in Business" to Destroy the Trusts.

TAKEN ON INSPECTION TOUR

To-night They Will Have Their Annual Dinner at the Astor, After "Inspirational" Meeting.

About 300 delegates to the Eighth Annual Convention of the Federation of Trade Press Associations of the United States attended the opening session at the Hotel Astor yesterday morning. They represented the trade press associations of Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis and this city, and several of the unaffiliated papers.

H. M. Wilson, head of the New York Trade Press Association, made the address of welcome. H. M. Swetland, President of the Federation, responded. Mr. Swetland told of the activities of the Federation in the past year, and urged the necessity of placing that organization on a permanent foundation for the general good of the trade and technical press of the country. He pointed out that there were 715 class, technical and trade journals in the United States, with a capitalization of not less than $50,000,000. In the Federation 236 of these journals, serving 75 different trades, professions and industries, are represented. E. C. Johnston, of The American Exporter, read the annual report of the Secretary-Treasurer, which was followed by addresses by presidents of the various associations, the speakers including F. F. Cutler of Boston, F. D. Porter of Chicago, A. W. Clark of St. Louis and Grant White of Philadelphia.

R. R. Shuman of the Shuman-Booth Company, Chicago, spoke on "The New Force in Business," and asserted that there was not a trade abuse the trade papers could not stop if they wanted to exert their influence.

"I want to see publishers big enough," he said, "to hire editors who will go hotfoot after every trust or monopoly that deserves it, whether or not that trust or monopoly is a page advertiser. I want to see editors as pronounced in condemning the evil that men do as they are in praising the good that they do. I have failed to find anything in Scripture which justifies the belief in some editors that a good trust is one which advertises and a bad trust is one which does not." Mr. Shuman also made a plea for more co-operation, in a news way, between the trade press and the newspapers.

At the close of the morning session the delegates visited the Thirty-ninth Street Building and inspected the plants of The Iron Age, The Dry Goods Economist, The Electrical World and other papers published in the building. Luncheon was served in the offices of the McGraw Publishing Company.

The afternoon session was given up to editorial and circulation symposiums. The editorial discussion was presided over by A. I. Findley, editor of The Iron Age, who said in part:

"If I were to try to tell what is the chief contribution of technical and trade journalism to the business of the country I would put it this way: To the average man in any trade, manufacturer or dealer—and his name is legion—to the isolated concern, working out its own salvation away from the great centres of activity, the latest word in business paper brings the standards, the methods and the successes of the composite brains of that particular trade.

"It is thus a tremendous force in toning up the commercial and industrial life of the smaller cities and towns. It puts in the hands of the smaller merchant and manufacturer one of the tools with which he will make his way in the face of the present drift toward concentration. The business press thus becomes a powerful decentralizing agency. It counts strongly against the draining of the life of the country into its great centres, at a time when that is a real danger. In such a work we of the editorial side of the enterprises represented here may well take pride."

Other speakers who took part in the discussion were Charles Whiting Baker, editor of The Engineering News, New York; J. C. McQuiston, of the Westinghouse Companies, Pittsburgh; Edmund G. Gress, associate editor of The American Printer, New York; J. George Frederick, contributing editor of The Advertising and Selling; A. W. Gray, managing editor of The Electrical Review, Chicago; and Ray Morris, of White, Weld & Co., New York, formerly managing editor of The Railway Age Gazette.

M. C. Robbins, General Manager of The Iron Age, lead the discussion of circulation problems in which the other speakers were: R. H. McCready, of Knit Goods, New York; H. K. Fisher, of the Hill Publishing Company; H. S. Bunting, of The Novelty News, Chicago; Bernard Meader, of The Iron Age; C. C. Pearson, of The Dry Goods Economist, New York; W. J. Ralph of The Automobile, New York; A. Zimmerman, a hardware merchant of Baltimore; F. J. Low, advertising manager of the H. W. Johns-Manville Company, New York, and Frank Farrington, editor of The Inland Storekeeper, Chicago. As the only advertising man to speak on circulation, Mr. Low's remarks were closely followed.

"From the meagre information most publishers give regarding their circulation," he said, "it is practically impossible to determine the value of the publication for a given purpose. * * * Publishers should compile their mailing lists as carefully as advertisers make up their own lists for circularizing. And publishers should be willing to tell prospective buyers exactly how many persons or firms are on these lists, their occupations or business, location, buying power, how the lists were secured, and other information essential to accurately forecast the value and probable pulling power of their mailing lists.

"They should also be willing to furnish proof of claimed circulation in the way of a sworn statement of circulation, an affidavit or bills from printer, binder, and paper house, and Post Office weight receipts."

This morning's convention activities will consist of an advertising symposium and a business meeting. The afternoon will be given up to an "inspirational" mass meeting, at which the speakers, according to the tentative programme, will be Frank Alvah Parsons, of the New York School of Fine and Applied Arts; William H. Ingersoll, President of the New York Advertising Men's League; Dr. Talcott Williams, Director School of Journalism, Columbia University; Richard H. Waldo, advertising manager of Good Housekeeping Magazine, New York; Prof. Walter Dill Scott of Northwestern University, and H. N. Casson of the H. K. McCann Advertising Agency.

The annual dinner of the Federation will be held at the Hotel Astor to-night. The list of speakers includes Tom Daly, Charles P. Moore, Dr. Nacy McG. Waters of the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn; William A. Marble, President of the Merchants' Association of New York, and Postmaster Edward M. Morgan of New York. John Clyde Oswald of The American Printer will preside.

BUSINESS NOTES.

There will be a meeting of linen and book buyers at the office of the Dry Goods Union, 55 White Street, on Tuesday.

On Tuesday and Wednesday of next week there will be a meeting of dress goods buyers at the Dry Goods Alliance, 75 Spring Street.

A report just received gives the sugar movement at United States Atlantic ports, in tons, for the week as follows: Receipts, 21,201, against 41,776 the previous week, 28,583 last year, and 18,062 two years ago; meltings, 59,000, against 59,000, 51,000 and 44,000, respectively; total stock, 211,054, against 248,853, 118,054 and 106,804, respectively.

HAD ANY ARGENTINE BEEF?

It's Being Sold, but with Some Secrecy as to Wholesale Prices.

The shipment of Argentine beef that arrived at this port last Saturday has been distributed through wholesalers to retail butchers in this city, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, and Jersey City.

The consignees, as well as the wholesalers and retailers who have handled this beef refused yesterday to disclose the exact prices at which it had been sold. Their reasons were that the direct importing of South American beef was merely in an experimental stage, that the prices at which such meat could be sold if imported in larger quantities, with the tariff removed, could not be determined now and that they were unwilling to give out figures in connection with this first shipment as it might create among consumers expectations of lower prices not warranted by later developments.

It was learned, however, from one of the large dealers who inspected the meat but bought none, that it was offered, wholesale, at about 11½ cents a pound, and was being retailed from about 20 to 25 cents a pound.

A local butcher who bought a small quantity of the Argentine beef as an experiment and who tried it himself, said that it compared very favorably with the same grade of American beef. One of the largest dealers in Washington Market told a TIMES reporter that he considered it hardly up to the requirements of his trade. Another large retailer expressed the opinion that while it matched up fairly well with the American product, it was held a little too high to enable the trade to handle it successfully.

OLD FIRM TO RETIRE.

Hackett-Carhart Stock to be Sold and Stores Closed.

Within a few days the business of Hackett, Carhart & Co., Incorporated, Retail, is to be wound up and the entire stock sold. The value of the merchandise now in the four stores of the concern, at 265 and 841 Broadway, 119 West Forty-second Street and 154 East 125th Street, was estimated yesterday at about $500,000.

Concerning the reasons for the firm's retirement from business, the following statement was made public yesterday afternoon by the head of the advertising department, Walter M. Stein:

"It is said that many obligations must be met within a very short period, and in order that the firm may retire with the respect of every one in the trade it is essential that cash be raised at once. The decision to retire was very suddenly made, and, as the firm had contracted for large amounts of merchandise for fall delivery, and also has large quantities of woolens in bond, it is compelled to accept this merchandise. This firm was forced into receivers' hands just a year ago, and it is in order to avoid a repetition of such an affair that it has decided to sell out."

The firm of Hackett, Carhart & Co. was organized in 1896. About three years ago the wholesale and retail branches of the business were separated, the latter being taken over by Hackett, Carhart & Co., Incorporated, Retail, with E. E. Turlington as Vice President and General Manager. Mr. Turlington's retirement followed the receivership a year ago.

The discontinuance of the retail stores in no way affects the wholesale business carried on under the name of Hackett, Carhart & Co.

In preparation for the sale, all of the Hackett-Carhart stores will be closed Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of next week.

WOOL BUYING ACTIVE.

Rumored Purchase of 2,000,000 Pounds by Dress Goods Concern.

The American Wool and Cotton Reporter reports the sales of wool for the week in Boston at 5,720,000 pounds, which is rather above the average. Manufacturers are compelled to purchase raw material by the pressure of very fair requirements for goods. While there is a lessening of initial demand for staple worsteds, there is an increased inquiry for fancy woolens, and during the next week or two the dress goods market is expected to be in practically full operation. With free wool Dec. 1, and earlier if the Senate recedes in conference, the manufacturers are expecting no lower prices upon fine and fine medium wools.

Just at present crossbreds and other low medium wools are a trifle higher than a month ago, but a rumor, not yet verified, of the sale of 2,000,000 pounds of South American crossbreds to a large dress goods mill, to be taken out of bond when the duty is removed, would seem to indicate a fair measure of confidence, even in the lower grades of wools.

Advance prices in cotton yarns are still holding good, and in some instances there has been a further rise above the quotations of a week ago. In flax and linen manufacture business transactions have been restricted to some extent by tariff uncertainty. Enlargements of textile mills have not been entirely suspended, and the cloaking mill at Medfield, Mass., has just laid the foundation for a three-story addition which will add twenty-four looms to the sixty now in operation.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Bicycle Mud Guards, Lawn Lanterns, and Wire Rope Considered.

The Board of United States General Appraisers decided that bicycle mudguards were properly taxed under the Tariff act of 1909 at 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 141, providing for parts of bicycles. The Mead Cycle Company of Chicago, the importers, made several claims for lower duty.

Collapsible lanterns for decorating lawns and verandas imported by Sears, Roebuck & Co. were held not to be toys under the present tariff, dutiable at 35 per cent. ad valorem. The assessment of 45 per cent. made by the Collector at Chicago as manufactures in chief value of metal was affirmed.

The Upson-Walton Company of Cleveland lost a contention under the act of 1909 on galvanized iron wire rope taxed 35 per cent. ad valorem, plus 1 2-10 cents a pound, under Paragraph 135. The importers urged that under the same paragraph the rope was dutiable at 1¾ cents per pound, plus 1 2-10 cents a pound, but not less than 40 per cent. ad valorem.

Flat pieces of metal intended to be thrown on the floor to produce a sound resembling the crashing of a large window were held not to be toys under the existing law. The board held that they were properly assessed at 45 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of metal not specially provided for, and were not playthings for children.

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 32@32½c; firsts, 28½@31c; seconds, 26@27½c; thirds, 24½@25c; held, extras, 31½@32c; firsts, 28@31c; State dairy, finest, 30@31c; good to prime, 27@29c; common to fair, 24@26½c; process, extras, 27@27½c; firsts, 25½@26½c; seconds, 23½@24c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25½@26c; factory, June make, firsts, 24½@25c; current make, firsts, 24½c; seconds, 23½@24c; thirds, 22@23c; packing stock, June make, No. 1, 24c; current make, No. 2, 23@23½c; No. 3, 21@22½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, colored, specials, 16@16½c; white, 16@16¼c; colored, average fancy, 15¾c; white and pale, 15¾c; undergrades, 12½@15½c; State, whole milk, daisies, best, 16½@16¾c; Wisconsin, whole milk, flats, best 16@16½c; twins, 15¾c; Wisconsin, whole milk, daisies, best, 16½c; State, skims, specials, 12¾@13½c; fair to choice, 11½@12½c; State, skims, fresh, specials, 12@12½c; choice, 10½@11½c; skims, poor to fair, 6@9c; State, full skims or badly defective, 1½@2c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 33@35c; extra firsts, 31@32c; firsts, 28@30c; seconds, 25@27c; thirds and poorer, 17@24c; dirties, No. 1, 21@22c; No. 2 and poorer, 16@20c; checks, good to choice dry, 19@20c; undergrade, case, $3.60@$5.40; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, season's charges paid, 26½@27c; firsts, season's charges paid, 25@26c; seconds, 23½@24½c; lower grades, 18@23c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery white, as to size and quality, 40@46c; gathered white, as to size and quality, 36@44c; Western, gathered white, 28@30c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery brown, 32@37c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 30@35c.

NEW BODY FORMED TO PROTECT AUTOIST

New Jersey Organization for Mutual Benefit Will Prosecute Motor Car Thieves.

Certificate of incorporation has been filed in New Jersey for the American Motorists' Protective Association, a body with many objects, most of which are for the protection of the automobile user while on the road. The association is incorporated under the act which provides for organizations "not for pecuniary benefit," and its purposes are thus announced:

"For mutual benefit and assistance and for the protection of its members against impositions, extortion, and excessive charges for accommodations, necessaries and services rendered while motoring at a distance from home, and from embarrassments, if temporarily without ready cash or means of securing credit when among strangers.

"For providing members with a certificate of credit reference, to be used for identification or emergency credit at hotels, banks, garages, or otherwise while motoring in a strange locality.

"For furnishing members with prompt attention, consideration, and care in case of sudden disability or trouble, with legal and medical assistance if required.

"Through special arrangement with manufacturers, automobile supply houses, garages, and others to provide members with motor supplies, accessories, and high-class service wherever they go, at the lowest possible prices.

"To provide for the indemnification of its members from loss in whole or in part for moneys or necessaries furnished to fellow-members while motoring away from home in case a member making such advances is not reimbursed by the member receiving such accommodation.

"To engage in the detection, pursuit, apprehension, arrest, or prosecution of motor car thieves or other depredations on members, or the property of members, and the recovery of stolen automobiles and other property belonging to members of this association, and pay rewards for the arrest and conviction of motor-car thieves. To employ detectives and maintain a special detective service for protecting the interests of members and for recovering their property if stolen.

"To establish a special law department and employ lawyers especially versed in the laws governing motoring in New Jersey and elsewhere for the benefit of the members of this association.

"To provide members with policies covering special motorists' accident insurance from responsible corporations authorized by law to issue same at a minimum expense. To provide skilled chauffeurs, mechanics, and investigators to make proper and exhaustive investigations as to the merits of preparations, lubricants, and mechanical attachments or devices claiming special merit, and particularly adapted to the use of motorists, and to report on the same for the information and benefit of the members of this association."

***

Through its Chairman, William Schimpf, the Contest Board of the American Automobile Association issued yesterday the following revised list of contests for the remainder of the present season, with date, event, and promoter:

*Sept. 20 and 21—Track, Detroit, Michigan State Agricultural Society.
Sept. 20 and 21—Track, Fort Wayne, E. A. Moross.
Sept. 26 and 27—Track, Peoria, J. A. Sloan.
Sept. 27—Track, White Plains, George T. Long.
*Sept. 26—Track, San Marcos, Texas, Hays County Fair Association.
Sept. 27—Track, Kalamazoo, E. A. Moross.
*Sept. 27 and 28—Track, Bakersfield, Cal., Kern County Fair Association.
Oct. 3—Track, Trenton, Interstate Fair.
*Oct. 3 and 4—Track, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma State Fair.
*Oct. 4—Track, Fresno, Cal., Fresno County Agricultural Society.
Oct. 4—Track, Providence, W. T. Kincaid, 312 Broad Street.
*Oct. 4—Tour, Auto Club of St. Louis, Mo.
Oct. 11—Track, Springfield, Ill., State Board of Agriculture.
Oct. 18 and 19—Track, St. Louis, J. A. Sloan.
*Nov. 3—Los Angeles-Phoenix road race via San Diego, Maricopa Auto Club, Phoenix, Automobile Club of America.
*Nov. 4—El Paso-Phoenix road race, Maricopa Auto Club.
*Nov. 6—Track, Phoenix, Maricopa Auto Club.
Nov. 9 and 12—Track, Shreveport, J. A. Sloan.
*Nov. 24—Vanderbilt Cup road race, Savannah Auto Club.
†Nov. 27—Grand Prize road race, Savannah Auto Club.
*Indicates events officially sanctioned by A. A. A. † To be held under sanction of Automobile Club of America.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 18.—The following corporations were formed to-day:

Harcliff Realty Corporation of Manhattan; $600,000. Harley M. Olcott, Frank L. Egger, Wilson Creed; 440 Riverside Drive, New York.

Interstate Chemical Products Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; oils, soaps, &c.; $100,000. Horace Barnard, William C. Robertson, William F. Meredith; 15 Wall Street, New York.

Nassau Reconstructed Stove Company, Incorporated, of Tangiers; fireproof building material; $50,000. John Copeland, Anna E. Straumann, Judson C. Andress; 215 West Fifty-first Street, New York.

Unsinkable Bathing Boat Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; machinists and builders; $50,000. Margaret Johnson Johns, Thomas L. Zimmerman, Jr., Arthur Johns; all of 60 Wall Street.

Electro-Development Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; contracting; $50,000. William C. Quinn, William G. Symmons, Gotthilf Lehmann; 261 West 128th Street, New York.

The G. B. Garage and Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, of Hempstead; autos and motors; $50,000. Samuel C. Samuels, Lewis B. Haff, Reginald L. Vandewater; all of Hempstead.

Buffalo Owners Realty Company, Incorporated, of Buffalo; $30,000. Anna C. Foran, Inez C. Hoffman, Charles A. Hinkley; 829 Bird Avenue, Buffalo.

Automatic Safety Signal Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; lamps and appliances; $25,000. Herman Ziegler, Paul R. Feig, Morris M. Becher; 538 West 143rd Street, New York.

Charles Schwake and Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; horticultural products; $25,000. William B. Gugel, William F. O'Connor, Charles Schwake; 90 West Broadway, New York.

W. C. Parker Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; theatricals; $25,000. Carl B. Wenigmann, William E. White, Harry C. Bates; 202 West Ninety-second Street, New York.

World In Motion, Incorporated, of Glens Falls; motion pictures, amusements; $20,000. Albert S. Ford, Patrick J. Doran, Sanford S. Eddy; 3 Clinton Avenue, Glens Falls.

Charles Welerter Embroidery Company, Incorporated, of Lindenhurst; $20,000. Charles Welerter, Jr., W. H. Gehrke, Caroline Welerter; all of Lindenhurst.

Nelson Tool Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $10,000. William Nelson, Clem J. Schwieterman, Andrew J. Wellnder; all of 1883 Park Avenue, New York.

Eureka Sand and Gravel Corporation of Peru; building materials; $10,000. Herman A. Goldschmidt, George M. Sachs, Joseph G. Eichenbaum; all of 140 Nassau Street, New York.

Consumers Agency Company, Incorporated, of Buffalo; groceries; $10,000; Mary L. Morse, C. L. Darragh, F. E. Darragh; 337 Bryant Street, Buffalo.

Greek-American News Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; publishing and stationery; $15,000. Constance Caradaghdes, John Delnetrius, Frank E. Ripple; 244 West Ninety-ninth Street, New York.

The Twenty West Tenth Street Corporation, of Manhattan; realty; $10,000. Romulus F. Walton, Richard S. Ellicott, Arthur F. Townsend; 26 West Twelfth Street, New York.

Hudson Delicatessen, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $10,000. Hyman Waltzer, Isidor Cohen, Samuel Poretz; 150 Manhattan Avenue, New York.

Increases in Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 18.—Increases in capital were certified to-day with the Secretary of State by William H. Rich & Son of Brooklyn, from $250,000 to $750,000; Hennebique Construction Company of Manhattan, from $50,000 to $150,000, and the Outlook Cloak and Suit Company of New York, from $7,500 to $10,000.

NEW BODY FORMED TO PROTECT AUTOIST

(duplicate of the above, for the second column)

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Highest Silk Prices Since 1907.

Steady advances mark the course of trading in Italian raw silks at Milan, and, according to cables received by H. L. Gwalter & Co., present prices in that market have not been equaled since 1907. Cocoon prices continue higher than those quoted on the finished product. Good buying for American consumption has put prices higher at Canton, and there is every indication of a further advance. The wide use of these silks in crepe fabrics is shown in the gain in shipments from this market over those of 1912. Steam filatures and tsatlees are in active demand and higher at Shanghai, with many contracts calling for deliveries beyond Jan. 1. Tussahs also advanced under unfavorable crop reports. Business was more active at Yokohama, and sales for the week totaled 5,200 bales. The New York market was active and firm. Some contracts have been made extending far into next year.

***

Credit Men Elect Officers.

E. D. Flannery was elected to succeed George H. Williams as President of the New York Credit Men's Association yesterday, at the annual business meeting of that organization. The rest of the ticket elected follows: First Vice-President, W. F. H. Koelsch; Second Vice-President, E. S. Boteler; and Treasurer, Owen Shepherd. The following members were elected to serve on the Executive Committee of two years: C. H. Williams, W. M. Kennard, J. M. Smith, H. Uehlinger and E. B. Heyes. Plans have been completed for the association's annual Fall meeting and dinner, which will be held at the Hotel Astor on October 16. According to present plans, the list of speakers at the dinner will include D. F. Malone, Third Assistant Secretary of State, Judge Hand of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York and the Rev. Dr. R. M. Moore of Brooklyn.

***

Association's Co-operative Idea.

A novel plan to dispose of its members' old stocks of garments is under consideration by one of the retail clothiers' associations in the Middle West. The plan is to form a stock company among the members, rent a store in one of the large cities, hire a manager and a corps of salesmen and utilize the store as a selling centre for old and slow-moving merchandise belonging to its members. It is planned to advertise the offering frankly as a sale of old stocks, with prices sufficiently attractive to produce satisfactory results. The attitude of those members of the association whose city may be selected as the dumping ground is said to be the most troublesome phase of the scheme.

***

Reports Record Business.

An executive of one of the largest fancy goods and notions houses in the city, reported yesterday that his firm had done a record business since the beginning of this month, despite the unsettled condition of the tariff and its supposedly detrimental effect on business. "I am at a loss to account for the volume of orders we have booked this month," he said, "but I can say that if we could withdraw the goods we are holding in bond and charge them up, the month's total would be a short of phenominal. It may be that buyers have allowed themselves to get good and hungry while waiting for the tariff to be settled and are gorging themselves now to make up for lost time. What effect the ultimate setting of the tariff will have on this business is problmatical, but it seems fair to guess that good orders will continue to come."

***

Men's Stone Rings Come Back.

According to a trade announcement of the Ostby & Barton Company, Providence, men's stone rings are returning to favor after several quiet seasons. Among the especially popular styles are antique-shaped garnets, amethysts and similar stones, also those with buffed tops and faceted backs. The garnet is held to be the best stone for men's rings, with the sardonyx, bloodstone, moss agate and the lapis lazuli following. An increase sale of rings set with genuine stones is also reported.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

MOORE FILTER COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Moore Filter Company of 115 Broadway by Rosenberg & Levis, attorneys for these creditors: Hill Publishing Company, $2,707; Henry F. Jurs, $2,676, and McGraw Publishing Company, $1,041, for advertising. It is alleged that the company is insolvent, that it made a preferential payment of $3,000 to George Moore, and paid $10,000 to John L. Vaughn, President, under a contract which the attorneys allege is void. Judge Hough appointed Henry Meiville receiver; bond, $1,000. Rosenberg & Levis said that the liabilities were $130,000 and assets $40,000 cash in bank, attached by the Sheriff, and patents, value unknown. The patents are for the extraction of gold and silver from low-grade ores. The patents were subject to long litigation and were sustained by the United States courts as valid. On account of the attachments the company's money has been tied up and business stopped. The $40,000 was received as a portion of a settlement of $50,000, and the President, it is alleged, took for himself $10,000 on a contract for conditional percentage on ores derived through settlements. The company is a Maine corporation, organized six years ago, with $2,000,000 common stock, without any voting power, and 100 shares of preferred stock, having exclusive voting power. Sheriff Harburger on Aug. 28 received two attachments against the company for $46,410.

THE FREDERICK A. SMITH COMPANY, Inc., dealer in second-hand commercial auto trucks and supplies at 230 West Fifty-eighth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $20,236 and assets $778 in outstanding accounts. Among the creditors are Domolo D. Martina, $1,500; Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, $1,657; Motor Finance Company, $1,571, and Yglesia Lobo & Co., $1,200. The company was incorporated in January, 1911, with capital stock $25,000, and Frederick A. Smith is Treasurer.

W. F. HAMBLIN & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against W. F. Hamblin & Co., a corporation, advertising agents, at 200 Fifth Avenue, by these creditors: Johnston Export Publishing Company, $250; Painters' Magazine, $162, and People's Monthly Company, $340. It is alleged that the corporation is insolvent and made an assignment on Sept. 8.

E. C. HAINES & CO., INCORPORATED.—E. C. Haines & Co., Incorporated, a florist and nursery concern at Bedford Hills with branches at Mount Kisco and White Plains and at Stamford, Conn., has filed a petition in bankruptcy here with liabilities of $18,011 and nominal assets of $24,225, consisting of real estate, $14,000; stock, $4,000; plant, $8,400; horses and wagons, $500; accounts, $2,250, and cash in bank, $26. The real estate consists of 2½ acres of land, with six greenhouses, cottage, barn, &c. Emil V. Kratsch is President. The business has been established forty years. Judge Hough appointed Charles L. Brookheim receiver; bond, $750. The company expects to make a settlement with creditors.

ORIENTAL HAIR COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Oriental Hair Company, dealer in human hair goods and toilet preparations at 101 Fourth Avenue, by these creditors: Lehn & Fink, $190; Johnson & Johnson, $295, and General Drug Company, $53. Judge Hough appointed William Henkel, Jr., receiver, with authority to continue business ten days. The company was incorporated in April, 1912, with capital stock of $2,500. Liabilities are $5,000 and assets $2,000.

JOSEPH J. SNOW, residing at 1324 Street and Amsterdam Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities, $17,150, and no assets. Among the creditors are Samuel McMillan, $8,000, and John Fitzgerald, $4,438. Mr. Snow was formerly President of a storage warehouse in Harlem, and afterward was a real estate broker

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:44|Sun sets..6:04|Moon rises..7:42

TIDE TABLE

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:41	9:50	3:22	3:57
Governors Island	9:53	9:57	3:46	4:27
Hell Gate	11:43	11:47	5:26	6:07

Arrived—Thursday, Sept. 18.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool, Sept. 13.
SS Majestic, Southampton, Sept. 10.
SS Caroline, Havre, Sept. 12.
SS Mexico, Vigo, Sept. 17.
SS Catherine Cuneo, Rio Grande, Sept. 11.
SS Santiago, Progreso, Sept. 11.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, Sept. 16.
SS Banan, Bocas del Toro, Sept. 10.
SS Almirante, Santa Marta, Sept. 9.
SS Fernand, Antilla, Sept. 4.
SS Comus, New Orleans, Sept. 13.
SS Belvedere, Patras, Sept. 2.
SS Christian X, Sagua, Aug. 30.
SS Fierzel, St. Jonn's, Sept. 13.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, Sept. 16.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Cedric	Liverpool	Sept. 11
Olinda	Nipe	Sept. 12
Marengo	Hull	Sept. 3
Themistocles	Patras	Sept. 1
Campanello	Rotterdam	Sept. 6
Egda	Rosario	Aug. 19
El Sud	Galveston	Sept. 13

DUE TO-MORROW.

Provence	Havre	Sept. 13
St. Louis	Southampton	Sept. 13
Drumcree	Cardiff	Sept. 10
Etonian	Antwerp	Sept. 10
Francisco	Hull	Sept. 12
Re d'Italia	Genoa	Sept. 10
Mitra	Venice	Sept. 9
Commewijne	Trinidad	Sept. 13
Colorado	Key West	Sept. 16
Colon	Colon	Sept. 14

DUE SUNDAY.

California	Glasgow	Sept. 13
Exeter City	Swansea	Sept. 6
Pawnee	Shields	Sept. 6
Russian Prince	Tampico	Sept. 9
Tennyson	Rio Janeiro	Sept. 3
El Siglo	New Orleans	Sept. 16
El Monte	Galveston	Sept. 15
City of Savannah	Savannah	Sept. 18
Main	Bremen	Sept. 11
Oceanic	Algiers	Sept. 12
Roma	Hosta	Sept. 14

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

Mails Close. Vessels Sail.

St. Paul, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Gifford, Argentina	2:30 A.M.	6:00 P.M.
Suriname, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Korona, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
L. Van Nassau, Trinidad	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Tumuri, Santiago	———	12:00 M.
Port Antonio, Jamaica	———	12:00 M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Caronia, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Berlin, Bremen	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Imperator, Hamburg	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Majestic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 P.M.
Byron, Barbados	8:00 A.M.	11:30 A.M.
Ozama, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Tenaderes, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Lord Dufferin, Rio Janeiro	———	1:00 P.M.
Emil L. Boas, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Hochambeau, Havre	———	3:00 P.M.
Patricia, Hamburg	———	12:00 M.
Cameronia, Glasgow	———	10:00 A.M.
Minnewaska, London	———	10:30 A.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Russia, Libau	———	1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Sud, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Alianca, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Banan, Cartagena	———	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., SEPT. 18.

SS Cedric, Liverpool to New York, was 508 miles E. at noon; due 19th, 10 A. M. White Star Line.
SS Armenia, Hamburg to New York, was 742 miles E. at noon; due 20th, 8 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Provence, Havre to New York, was 840 miles E. at 4 P. M.; due 20th, 11 A. M. French Line.
SS Niwaru, Cardiff to New York, was 1,058 miles E. at 4:20 A. M.

LIZARD ENGLAND.

SS New York, New York to Southampton, was 532 miles W. at noon; due Plymouth 19th, 7 P. M. American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 220 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.
SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, was 227 miles S. of Cape Hatteras at 8 A. M.
SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 241 miles S. at noon.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 160 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Horenquen, Brunswick to New York, was 177 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 55 miles N. W. of Tortugas at 7 P. M.
SS El Occidente, Galveston to New York, was 111 miles W. of Tortugas at 7 P. M.
SS Mexico, Havana to New York, was 258 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS El Sigio, New Orleans to New York, was 220 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 6 P. M.
SS Colon, Cristobal to New York, was 933 miles S. at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Adriatic, at Queenstown, Sept. 18.
SS Europa, at Genoa, Sept. 13.
SS America, at Naples, Sept. 15.
SS Stentoran, at Batavia, Sept. 17.
SS City of Edinburgh, at Colombo, Sept. 18.
SS Santa Lucia, at Rio Janeiro, Sept. 14.
SS Voltaire, at Buenos Aires, Sept. 17.
SS Indian Prince, at Bahia, Sept. 10.

Sailed.

SS Oceanic, from Queenstown, Sept. 18.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, from Naples, Sept. 17.
SS Kandelfels, from Calcutta, Sept. 16.
SS Birkenfels, from Hamburg, Sept. 18.
SS Portuguese Prince, from Bahia, Sept. 15.
SS Chepstow, from Barbados, Sept. 16.
SS Tennyson, from Barbados, Sept. 16.
SS Afghan Prince, from Kobe, Sept. 16.
SS San Gregorio, from Rotterdam, Sept. 17.
SS Carpathia, from Mediterranean, Sept. 17.

Passed.

SS Rubenfels, Calcutta for New York, passed Perim.
SS Orange Nassau, New York for Amsterdam, passed Ushant.
SS Ockley, New York for Havre, passed Lizard.
SS Ryndam, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M. Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina ..... Sept. 19
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Japan ..... Sept. 19
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Minnesota.. Sept. 24
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru ..... Sept. 25
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed) (via Tacoma)—Canada Maru ..... Sept. 26
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan ..... Sept. 26
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Manuanui ..... Sept. 26
Hawaii, Guam, Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport ..... Sept. 26
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Aorangi ..... Oct. 10

On Steamship Piers.

Double postage is required except for Sea Post vessels. Whenever mail vessels of the American, Cunard, French, Hamburg-American, North German Lloyd, White Star, New York and Cuba Mail, New York and Porto Rico, Panama, and Red D Lines sail between the hours of 9 A. M. and 6 P. M., supplementary mails are open on the steamship piers one and a half hours before sailing time and close ten minutes before sailing time. There is no mail supplementary mail for the Cunard Wednesday steamers sailing at 1 P. M., but supplementary mail prepaid double postage is accepted at the Foreign Station after the close of the regular mail and up to 10:30 P. M.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Friday; SS Imperator.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Friday; SS Kroonland.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 11:30 Sept. 23; SS United States.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Friday; SS Berlin.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Aug. 16; Manila, Aug. 18; Shanghai, Aug. 19; Yokohama, Aug. 26, and Honolulu, Sept. 8—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Nile, were dispatched east at 4 P. M. and 7:20 P. M. Sept. 14, and are due in New York to-day.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Aug. 27; Manila, Aug. 29; Shanghai, Aug. 30, and Yokohama, Sept. 9—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Japan, were dispatched east at 11:30 P. M. Sept. 16, and are due in New York on the morning of Sunday, Sept. 21.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I. Litigated motions: A—Ft Washington Const Co v. 189 Montague St Realties. 1—Elkus v. Hennessey Realty Co. 2—Light v. Fischer. 3—Egan v. Brown. 4—Hall v. Hall. 5—Ballard v. Greenhut Siegel Cooper Co. 6—Simons v. Salvin. 7—Schultz v. Schultz. 8—De Weil v. N Y Life Ins & Trust Co. 9—Feinsilver v. James Edward's Breweries. 10—Ruhel v. Wollner. 11—Dury v. Western Elec Co. 12—Sommer v. Upperman. 13—Marsullo v. Rosendorf. 14—Excelsior Sav Bk v. Mayer. 15—Sangermano v. Rossi. 16—Bear v. Greenberg. 17—Cohen v. Alvord. 18—People ex rel Appell v. Prendergast. 19—Same v. same. 20—Oddo v. Riverside Drive Realty Co. 21—Porter v. Dobbs. 22—Same v. same. 23—Weinstein v. Averbuck. 24—Zuia v. Huber Anderson Co. 25—Welch v. Riker & Hegeman Co. 26—Donohue v. Johnson. 27—Levine v. Levine. 28—Driscoll v. Springfield, L. I. Cemetery Soc. 29—People ex rel Goldman v. Gallagher. 30—U S Fidelity & Guar Co v. Ireland. 31—Hoffman v. 175th St & 3d Av Corp. 32—Empire City Sav Bk v. Levall Const Co. 33—Deutsch v. Deutsch. 34—Pozansky v. Baeder. 35—Matter of McCann. 36—Matter of Ryan. 37—Matter of Moore. 38—Matter of Cleary. 39—Matter of Mullady, Bd of Education.) 40—Gilman v. Int R T Co. 41—Flanagan v. Kuntzmann. 42—Same v. same. 43—Tranter v. Tranter. 44—Mosler Safe Co v. Guardian Trust Co. 45—Matter of Beach Av, (Gleason Av.) 46—White v. Jacobs. 47—Hoffman v. 175th St & 3d Av Corp. 32—Empire City Sav Bk v. Levall Const Co. 33—Deutsch v. Deutsch. 34—Pozansky v. Baeder. 35—Matter of McCann. 36—Matter of Ryan. 37—Matter of Moore. 38—Matter of Cleary. 39—Matter of Mullady, Bd of Education.) 40—Gilman v. Int R T Co. 41—Flanagan v. Kuntzmann. 42—Same v. same. 43—Tranter v. Tranter. 44—Mosler Safe Co v. Guardian Trust Co. 45—Matter of Beach Av, (Gleason Av.) 46—White v. Jacobs. 47—Hawley v. Rogers. 48—Hawley v. Rogers. 49—Matter of Walton Av, (Swain.) 50—Same v. same. 51—Same v. same. 52—Same v. same. 53—Same v. same. 54—Same v. same. 55—Same v. same. 56—Same v. same. 57—Same v. same. (Nittke.) 58—Same v. same. 59—Same v. same. (Kraus.) 60—Same v. same. (Brown.) 61—Hirsch v. Freedman Bros Co. 62—Brown v. Webb. 63—Kelly v. Baker, Smith & Co. 64—Ackenheil v. Ackenheil. 65—City of N Y v. Queensborough Dev. Co. 66—Strauss v. West 165d St Realty Co. 67—McKinzie v. McNally. 68—Springer v. Duveen. 69—Mosler Safe Co v. Guardian Trust Co. 70—Springer v. Duveen. 71—Mazzarella v. Brady & Co. 72—Ricucci v. Clay Cont & Bldg Co. 73—Smith v. Haverty's Stables. 74—Hart Bros v. City of N Y. 75—Matter of Columbia Garage Co. 76—Arena v. Arena. 77—Wood v. Wood. 78—Jensen v. Beecroft. 79—Quinn v. Commercial Adv Co. 80—Cahill v. Hill. 81—Klar v. Schwartz. 82—Matter of Glover & Doris. 83—Matter of Martin. 84—Matter of Swan. 85—Mitteldeutsch Privatbank v. Bosselman. 86—Decker v. Decker. 87—Rosalinsky v. Werner. 88—Silberstein v. Silberstein. 89—Boyer v. Dodge. 90—Matter of Canal St (Bet Bowery & Chrystie Sts.) 91—Volkmar v. Volkmar. 92—Raccina v. Protective Lathers' Union. 93—Moore v. Whitney. 94—Senegas v. Senegas. 95—Klesewetter v. Hilliard. 96—Schoenberg v. Waldo. 97—Jacoby v. Keller. 98—Haney v. Lehigh Valley Structural Steel Co. 99—Same v. same. 100—Walsh v. Enterprise Pub Co. 101—Baruch v. Baruch. 102—Matter of Rector, Church Wardens & Vestry of Ebling. 103—Stringer v. Llon Brewery. 105—Coffin v. Tevis. 106—Rambaut v. same. 107—Rives v. Pulitzer. 108—Bernheimer v. Salomon. 109—Isaacs v. same. 110—Buckley v. Buckley. 111—Pendleton v. Pendleton. 112—Mulligan v. Lamberti. 113—City of N Y v. Golden. 114—Cohen v. Cohen. 115—New Taxicab Co v. Gaynor. 116—Matter of Emil Grossman Co. 117—Everard v. Hammerstein. 118—Guaranty Trust Co v. Second Av R R.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Delany, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Motion calendar. Estate of Pickhart, Delia H Tone, James A O'Connor, Howard B Kuttner, Simon Gallinger, Peter Gorman, George W O'Connor, William Johnston, Andreas Kledaisch, John Schnugg, Anabel Lyons, Katie O'Hare, Ralph H Dimpel, Florence Brinkworth, Sarah Hammond, Louis H Arons, Charles T Yerkes, Thomas Quinn, Juliette Jacobus, John G Joeckel, John H Kehoe, Samuel Goulding, Clerino Alhasi, Samuel Kaplan, Fannie F Dessauer, &c., Frederick Soden, Margaret McManus, Geneviewe Hannan, Helen Hannan, Holdermann Infants; Francis M Corkery. Geremio Ferrero, Patrick J Hourigan, Emilie V Kerr, Rosalie Judson, Rosalie Judson, Lillie Petrie, Francis B James, &c.; Ellen D Mann, Linda Lowenstein, Maria K Schmidt, Charles A Brodil, Mary Montgomery, John J Berry, James Williams, Thomas Crimmins, Grace McVey, Schollmeyer, infants; Marks Kerber, Giovanni Cantalupi, Katherine I D Harnett, Owen Gallagher, Mary Stradinger, Henry Ehler, David Stevenson, John J McCarthy, Rose Frank, Charlotte S. Rhind, Abraham Bernhelmer, Charles A Brodil, Christina Staudt, Walter Nethercott, Gertrude M Brown, Anna R Fink, William B Pettit, Charles A Otis, Charles A Otis, Charles A Otis, George Heywood, William G Walter, Addison McDougall, Catharine Peters, Peter Kehr, Jacob Rauth, Giuseppe Russo, Margaret M Sheahan, Sarah Flynn, Jerome H Waterman, Veronica Bongiorni, Adelina Hebeler, Jacob Weinstein, Harrellina Rothschild, Charles H Stoutenburgh, Martha Schwartz, Mary Montgomery, Bridget A Decker, Peter, McCormick, Alice M Connoll, Margaret C Dwyer, Frances M Considine, Hannah M Carter, Daniel R Kendall, Alice O'Neill, Richard J O'Connell, Arthur S Levy, George McGeagh, Hugh McMahon, Ann Tracy, William H Rankin, Emily J Dunn, Horatio N Slater, Benjamin L Glaessel, John Erskine, George W Robinson, Alice S Potter, Daniel Schwarzkopf, Margaret Hoffman, Henry P Hulsbaupt, Adolf Brodbeck, William J Paterson, Louisa Davis, Bernard Campbell, Mary T Crosson, Benjamin Russak, William H Grevel, Francis L Brogan, Abraham John, George Hyman, Frederick D Grant, William J L Beadleston, Mary L Simpson, Catharine G Leeds, John Halloran, Anabel Lyons, Simon Gallnger, Harris Barnard. Wills for Probate—Daniel J Mulvaney, Louisa Weber, Casper F Vandohin, Katie Rosenberg, Isidor Finkel, Mary E Monaghan, Givaccinno Naraii, Thomas W Walsh, Leo Leventritt, Ernest H Heuser

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed, New York.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J. Matter of Viololo (Cruger Av.)—Louis J Schwartz, Frank-lin Society for Home Building & Savings v. Wenninger—Hyman Pouker.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J. Schreyer v. Rubenstein—Robert F Wagner, Ruppert v. Warren Construction Co.—Charles V Halley, Jr. Carruthers v. Magda Operating Co.—Edward J. McGean. Matter of Cass Realty Co.—James A Lynch.

Receivers Appointed, New York.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J. John Ellsberger v. David Levine—Jacob Katz.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT.—Special Term.—Kelly, J. —Litigated motions: 1—Borough Bank v. Reynolds. 2—Scalleria v. Buongiorno. 3—Hilton, Margaret, v. Hilton, John. 4—Ryden, Ella, v. Ryden. 5—Weis et al. v. Salsinger v. Salsinger. 7—Boslowsky v. Blackman. 8—Soslowsky v. Blackman. 9—Burr Manufacturing & Supply Co. v. Stone. 10—Jacobowitz v. Markowitz. 11—Cohen v. Chinman. 12—Feldman v. Stroesenky. 13—Behrman v. Merovitz et al. 14—Rascchal v. Morris. 15—Rodes v. Frank. 16—Matter of Rogers, 17—Madden v. Ellas. 18—Matter of Stabbina (Flanagan) 19—Zaechel v. Meudolaro et al. 20—People ex rel Horwitz v. Prendergast. 21—Schwalr v. Schwelr. 22—Feldman et al. v. Lamberg. 23—Stainten v. Mente et al. 24—Matter of Shirk. 25—Ellwitz v. Ellwitz. 26—Barnum v. Barnum. 27—Matter of Vermont Building Co (Wolper). 28—Matter of 30th St (Lehman). 29—Matter of 40th St (Lehman). 30—Matter of 42d St (Lehman). 31—Laubenberger v. Shatterly. 32—Panning v. Johnson et al. 33—Burden v. Cohen et al. 34—Emanouel v. Antonius. 35—Benevy v. Benevy. 36—Zeitz & ano v. Cook & ano. 37—Wasilewski v. Carnegie Steel Co. 38—Brisben v. Miller et al. 39—Goldberg v. Miller et al. 40—Aetna Life Insurance Co v. Hansen. 41—Colm v. Stander et al. 42—Moore v. Bush Terminal Co. 43—Baker v. Frazee et al. 44—Fiske Co. -Inc. v. Cobern Construction Co. 45—Platapowila v. Goldberg. 46—Matter of Orlando (Edwards). 47—Tuell v. Lower Bay View Realty Co. 48—Hills v. Von Bayer et al. 49—Matter of Hall (Curdy). 50—Arnold v. Schlender. 51—Matter of Mt Olivet Avenue (Crawford).

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. No paris business.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Blackmar, J. Robert D. Payne, Antonio Angelo, Arthur Levy, and William Lunda.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Jaycox, J. John Mittendorf, Herman Glickman, Essex Washington, Louis Mehlman, Edward A. Fay, Edward Matsler, and John Keller.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I.—Tiernan, J. Morris Willinger, Carmella Colombo, Conrad Bauer, Dennis Perdinand Accuquilla, James Tracy, William Seaberg, Michael M. Caporle, and John Franzone.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal calendar—Part III.—Tallmadge, J. Benjamin Abend, Alfred Aesman, Samuel Wolfman, Samuel Miller, Louis Wallach, and Louis Peffer.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Mills, J. 61—Richards v. White Plains. 62—Odomirsk v. Murphy. 63—Rittenberg v. Forstel. 64—Paulo v. Dalola. 65—Kellner v. Roe. 66—Pelagasi Publishing Printing and Pub Co. 67—Valentine v. Valentine. 68—Baird v. Ryan. 69—Adams v. Haywood. 70—Kalmar v. Geisel. 71—Oakland Beach Realty Co. v. Chesley. 72—Tenwoeni et Philaini, Inc. v. Sniffin. Oakland Beach Realty Co. 74—Dusenbery v. Sagamore Dev Co. 75—Billings Co v. Nyitray. ——Staub v. Village of Mamaroneck.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Assistant Chief Examiner Murray has transmitted to the Municipal Civil Service Commission a report by Examiner Fuld relative to the keeping of efficiency records in the Department of Education. It alleges that there have been no records since the third quarter of 1912. Mr. Murray recommended that the Department of Education be notified that the examinations mentioned by him as having been ordered will not be held until the efficiency records for the last quarter of 1912 and the first two quarters of 1913 have been entered and the application of the candidates amended in accordance. The commission has adopted Mr. Murray's recommendation.

Recreation centres will be opened on Oct. 14. Appointments to places in them will be made on or before Oct. 8.

The Public Education Association invited the heads of departments in the public schools to attend a conference on Sept. 22 on the school budget. President Churchill has asked the heads of departments not to attend, as the invitation was not sent to them through the Board of Education, and as the Board has not yet adopted the budget.

The committee on high and training schools has under consideration a modification of the qualifications for licenses to teach in the high schools.

This is the sixty-fifty year of De La Salle Institute, Central Park South.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 18.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,624, n w corner of 146th St, 24.11x100; Simon Fink to Ton Realty Co. 115 Broadway, subj. $35,000; Sept. 18; attorneys, Jonas, L. & M., 115 Broadway. $100

CENTRAL PARK WEST, w s, 75.11 ft n of 97th St, 25x100; George W. Mayer to Charles Holte, 278 Johnston Av, Jersey City, mtg. $31,500, Sept. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $100

CHRYSTIE ST, 195 and 197, w s, 45x100; Minsker Realty Co. to Max D. Steuer, 55 West 88th St, or 42 Broadway, ½ part, mtg. $180,000, Sept. 16. ..... $100

NASSAU ST, 1515 and 1517, w s, 40x100; e s Theatre Alley 40x102.4 s s; Valcour Realty Co. to Temple Court Co., 5 Beekman St, mtg. $300,000, July 26, 1913; attorney, George W. Wickersham, 25 Nassau St. $1

PRESCOTT AV, 814.2 ft e of Bolton Road, runs e 207.10 ft s 141.4x w 151.0x s 160.7x w 56x n 158.11 and 158.5 to beginning, (foreclosure Sept. 10; Percival H. Gregory, referee, to Marguerite A. Nash, Montclair, N. J., mtg. $12,000, Sept. 18; attorneys, Eidlitz & Hulse, 31 Nassau St. $1,000

87TH ST, NICHOLAS AV e s, 100x100; Isaac Simons to George Mayer, 1,245 Amsterdam Av, quitclaim, Sept 17; attorney, Marcus Mandelbaum, 257 Broadway. $100

SUFFOLK ST, 143 and 145, w s, 40x75; Fannie Brown and others, Rachel Rubel to Pincus Rubel, on premises, all liens, Sept. 16; attorney, Jacob Rieger, 257 Broadway. $100

SULLIVAN ST, 24, w s, 21.9x73.2; Mary C. Tinker to Charles Burkelman, 216 West 100th St, Aug. 7; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $1

39TH ST, 237, n s, 16.8x98.9; Alfred Simon Fink to Tion Realty Co., 115 Broadway, mtg. $75,000, Sept. 18; attorneys, Jonas, L. & M., 115 Broadway. $100

41ST ST, s s, 300 ft w of 1st Av, 100x98.9; Old School Realty Co. to 229 West 41st Street Corporation, 1,470 Broadway, mtg. $145,000, Sept. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $1

57TH ST, 211 East, n s, 24.6x100.11; Wolf Bloom to Robert J. Wittenberg, 1,530 Charlotte St, all liens, Sept. 18; attorneys, Kantrowitz & Ehrberg, 320 Broadway. $100

Bronx.

GARDEN AV s s, 400 ft e of Orchard Terrace, 25x—; Willard M. Smith, executor, to Gertrude Beeuhn, 1,100 West Farms Road, June 20; attorney, New York Title Insurance Company, 135 Broadway. $5,000

JEROME AV, s w corner of Burnside Av, 70.8x—; Julia Huvane to Julia M. Broderick, 2 West Burnside Av, subj. to mtg. $46,800; attorney, M. G. Sullivan, Wills Av, and 148th St. $100

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, s w corner of Morris Av, 240x irr; Mary Asbury Kervan Association to Minnie H. Rochschild, 104 Hendrix St., Brooklyn, Sept. 17; attorney, E. Tepper, 154 Nassau St. $1

LIVINGSTON PL, 508.5 ft e of 240th St, Six—; Parkway Heights Co. to Florence R. Pegram, Waldo Av, near 245th St, Sept. 15; attorney, J. H. Delafield, 27 Cedar St. $100

LOT 160, map Clasons Point; Beach Estates Importing Company to Margaret Schwalbenberg, 2,160 Ellis Av, Sept. 17. ..... $1

LOTS 71 and 72, map Clasons Point; Margaret Schwalbenberg to Beach Estates Importing Company, at Clasons Point, Sept. 17. (mtg $4,450) $1

PROSPECT AV, 1,820, s s, 37.6x100; Atlas Realty and Holding Co. to Jafco Realty and Holding Co., 51 Chambers St. (mtge $36,000), Sept. 16; attorney, F. Locker, 51 Chambers St. $1

TINTON AV, 695 ft e of e s, 75x100; Harry B. Davis to 100 Broadway Holding Corporation, 160 Broadway, Sept. 18, (mtg $67,000); attorney, J. F. Benalm, 160 Broadway. $100

WEBSTER AV, e s, 98.1 ft n of 172d St, 14.9x167.9; Leon Fulcher to Martin Baumann, 1,710 Webster Av, (mtg $4,450), Aug. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 170 Broadway. $100

180 AV, e s, 200 ft s of 178th St, 50x120; Martha Perna to Gibraltar Realty Co., 200 Broadway, (mtg $9,000.) Sept. 16; attorneys, M. & B. Jaffe, 280 Broadway. $100

207TH ST, s s, 70.5 ft w of 3d Av, 18.7x102.9; 5th St, s s, 110.8 ft w of 3d Av, 18.9x128.10; 5th St, s s, 310.8 ft w of 3d Av, 18.9x128.10, Wakefield; Bartholomew Mitchell to Frederick F. Graham, 68 Irving Place, Suffolk, N. Y., (mtg $13,500.) Sept. 18; attorney, B. Belts, 105 Broadway. $1

147TH ST, s s, 149.6 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 25x100; Lena Green to Morris Kandel, 2 West 119th St, (mtg $6,000.) Sept. 5. ....$100

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

3D AV, 1,806, store, &c.; John Schreiner to Israel Winograd, 157 East 103d St, 3 years from May 1, 1913. ..... $2,100

BOSTON ROAD, s e corner of Prospect Av, 60.6x79.4, all; Josephine Hess to Ervin G. Gollner, 253 West 121st St, 20 years from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, J. G. Gollner, 207 Broadway. $4,000

FREEMAN ST, 2041, store, &c.; Sarah Lottle to Samuel Gottlieb, 970 Freeman St, 3 years from Sept. 1, 1913; attorney, S. Walach, 200 Broadway. $720

LEWIS ST, 115, all; Hyman Silberman to Adolph Hartstein, 115 Lewis St, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney Isterbero Brewing Co., 965 Franklin Av, Brooklyn. $2,000

MADISON AV, 1,845, store, &c.; Sarah Hess to Israel Winegrad, 1,800 3d Av, 5 years from May 1, 1914. ..... $1,800

42D ST, s s, 200 ft e of 7th Av, 25x98.9, all; Alex Candler to 228 to 230 West 42d Street Corporation, 1,407 Broadway, 21 years from completion of building, 8 per cent. on cost of building and land; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $1

147TH ST, 127 West, s s, 100 ft w of Lenox Av, 17.10 x 99.11; Julius Lowenstein to Max Lowenstein, 1,710 Webster Av, (mtg $4,450), Aug. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 170 Broadway. $100

80 AV, e s, 200 ft s of 178th St, 50x120; Martha Perna to Gibraltar Realty Co., 200 Broadway, (mtg $9,000.) Sept. 16; attorneys, M. & B. Jaffe, 280 Broadway. $100

207TH ST, s s, 70.5 ft w of 3d Av, 18.7x102.9; 5th St, s s, 110.8 ft w of 3d Av, 18.9x128.10; 5th St, s s, 310.8 ft w of 3d Av, 18.9x128.10, Wakefield; Bartholomew Mitchell to Frederick F. Graham, 68 Irving Place, Suffolk, N. Y., (mtg $13,500.) Sept. 18; attorney, B. Belts, 105 Broadway. $1

147TH ST, s s, 149.6 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 25x100; Lena Green to Morris Kandel, 2 West 119th St, (mtg $6,000.) Sept. 5. ....$100

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

3D AV, 1,806, store, &c.; John Schreiner to Israel Winograd, 157 East 103d St, 3 years from May 1, 1913. ..... $2,100

BOSTON ROAD, s e corner of Prospect Av, 60.6x79.4, all; Josephine Hess to Ervin G. Gollner, 253 West 121st St, 20 years from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, J. G. Gollner, 207 Broadway. $4,000

FREEMAN ST, 2041, store, &c.; Sarah Lottle to Samuel Gottlieb, 970 Freeman St, 3 years from Sept. 1, 1913; attorney, S. Walach, 200 Broadway. $720

LEWIS ST, 115, all; Hyman Silberman to Adolph Hartstein, 115 Lewis St, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney Isterbero Brewing Co., 965 Franklin Av, Brooklyn. $2,000

MADISON AV, 1,845, store, &c.; Sarah Hess to Israel Winegrad, 1,800 3d Av, 5 years from May 1, 1914. ..... $1,800

42D ST, s s, 200 ft e of 7th Av, 25x98.9, all; Alex Candler to 228 to 230 West 42d Street Corporation, 1,407 Broadway, 21 years from completion of building, 8 per cent. on cost of building and land; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $1

147TH ST, 127 West, s s, 100 ft w of Lenox Av, 17.10 x 99.11; Julius Lowenstein to Max Lowenstein, 1,710 Webster Av, (mtg $4,450), Aug. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 170 Broadway. $100

80TH ST, 115 and 117 East, all; Nathan Kaufmann and another to Harry Simberg, 127 West 147th St, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, Leon Levin, 80 Maiden Lane. $4,000

LIS PENDENS.

EAST HOUSTON ST, 497 to 501; Samuel Malvin against Otto Lorence et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Engel Bros.

HEWITT PLACE, e s, 335 ft s of Longwood Av, 50x99.10; Rudolph Deibel against Montefiore Hebrew Congregation et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Zodikow & Weider.

HUNT AV, e s, between Bronxview Park and Bronxdale Av, Lot 62; Land & Lien Co. against Frederick Roulein, Jr., et al., (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, M. Frank.

McCOMBS DAM RD, w s, 28.8 ft s w of 153d St, 56.9x113.6; Sarah H. Corwith against Thomas L. Reynolds et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Davison & Underhill.

2D AV, 101, and 6th St, 238; Max Weiss et al. against William Rosenthal et al., (action to compel sale, &c.;) attorney, W. B. Marx.

11TH AV, s e corner 52d St, 19.8x64; Park Mortgage Co. against Dora Maas et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Seybel & French.

27TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 5th Av, 50x100; Louis Soletzky against Loeb Brothers, Inc., et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, H. Kyntz.

33D ST, n s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 20x98.9; Sigmund Wechsler against Simon Zaretzky et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. Y. Wechsler.

33D ST, n s, 150 ft w of 1st Av, 25x98.9; Max Drey against Simon Zaretzky et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Wechsler.

46TH ST, 422 West; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against James McCarthy et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

52D ST, s s, 84 ft e of 11th Av, 19.8x84.11; Park Mortgage Co. against Dora Maas et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Seybel & French.

120TH ST, 208 West; Joseph L. R. Wood against Mildon Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Fixman, Lewis & Seligsberg.

125TH ST, s s, 466.6 ft e of Willis Av, 16x100; Washington H. Irving et al. against Emma F. Theyson et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. B. Hopping.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following reports of Assistant Chief Examiner Murray:

Recommending that all city departments be notified that requests for examinations for promotion in all positions appearing in the classification Part II, the Clerical Service, and Part III, the Engineering Service, should be made to the commission as soon as practicable; and that examinations should be requested not only to fill actual vacancies, but to anticipate the needs of the service for 1914

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Important Corner In Old Greenwich Village Section Purchased by Investor—Subway Contractors Lease Big Plot on East Side—Buyers for Brooklyn Business and Dwelling Property.

With the exception of a deal involving an important corner in the old Greenwich Village section, the realty market produced few transactions of general interest yesterday.

That the speculative market has reached a big low ebb tide is shown not only by the falling off in the number of private sales, but by the lack of interest taken in the public auction sales and the scarcity of bidders. This was particularly noticeable in the Vesey Street salesroom yesterday, when a number of high-class private dwellings that had been extensively advertised went begging and were finally knocked down cheaply.

Even the most optimistic brokers and operators who predicted an active Fall and Winter season have begun to grow somewhat skeptical of their own predictions and blame present conditions on the scarcity of building loan money, excessive assessed valuations and high taxes.

Sale in Greenwich Village.

The Greenwich Village sale involved the three old buildings, 57, 59, 61 and 63 Eighth Avenue, forming the southwest corner of Thirteenth Street. They were built as private dwellings years ago, when that portion of the city was a select residential centre and occupy a plot fronting 105 feet on Eighth Avenue and about 55 feet on Thirteenth Street.

Of late years they have been remodeled for stores and business purposes and were sold by Harry Shwitzer to Emilie Mehlich. Same seller also sold to the same buyer 1,105 Third Avenue, a five-story tenement with stores on a lot 25 by 100. About $88,000 was involved in the two deals, which were negotiated by William Mehlich.

Subway Contractors Make Big Lease.

The E. E. Smith Contracting Company, which has the contract for building the Broadway subway line from Fourteenth to Twenty-sixth Street, and the new elevated line from Long Island City to Astoria, has leased the property at 614 to 620 East Nineteenth Street, consisting of seven lots with a three-story building. The frontage is 175 feet on Nineteenth Street, between Avenue B and the East River. It was formerly occupied by the J. J. Radley Steel Construction Company. The E. E. Smith Contracting Company will occupy the property for stables, garage, and storage of their machinery.

The lease has been taken from John J. Radley for a term of years with renewal privileges. William J. Roome & Co. negotiated the transaction.

Gothic Studio in 66th Street.

Plans were filed yesterday for a dwelling and studio to be erected at 114 East Sixty-sixth Street by the Ver Moor Realty Company, of which George Rodman is President. The architectural feature of the building will be a facade in pure Gothic. There will be three small windows at the second floor, with a balcony, and above that a massive arched window, lending a churchly appearance to the dwelling. Butler & Rodman are the architects and the cost is placed at $40,000.

Brooklyn.

Charles W. Seitz has sold 463 Fulton Street, between Jay & Lawrence Streets, a four-story and basement brick business building, for the Lawrence Realty Company to Elizabeth De Maine; also 340 Hicks Street, between Atlantic Avenue and Pacific Street, a five-story brick store and flat building, for the estate of Marie Cole to an investor.

Howard C. Pyle & Co. have closed contracts for the sale of 123 and 125 Jay Street, northeast corner of Prospect Street, a four-story store and tenement building, on a plot 50 by 100, for the Brown Realty Company to a client for investment.

In the Park Slope section the Jerome Property Corporation has sold 385 Second Street, a two-story and basement brownstone private dwelling, on lot 18 by 100, for A. L. Denton, to a client, who after altering the dwelling will occupy it as a residence.

The same firm has also sold 20 St. John's Place, a four-story single apartment house; 907 Dean Street, a four-story double apartment house, and 359 Sixth Avenue, a four-story single apartment house, to investors.

Wood, Harmon & Co. sold at Hyde Park one lot on East Fifty-first Street, near Clarendon Road, to Thomas E. Eskew; one lot on Utica Avenue, near Foster Avenue, to Fred B. Wood; one lot on East Fifty-first Street, near Clarendon Road, to W. H. Gailt; one lot on Kings Highway, near Avenue D, to H. B. Cowan, and one lot on Forty-fifth Street, near Avenue D, to V. Royal Caldwell.

Long Island City.

James B. Thomas has sold for Denis Collins the four-story brick store and apartment house at the corner of Third and Pierce Avenues, Long Island City. The building, 20 by 81, on a lot 20 by 90, and a row of three-family brick houses, have just been completed.

Long Island.

G. Taus & Son have sold for Henry Ronager his newly constructed house on the west side of Clarence Avenue, Rockaway Beach, to D. Myron, who will occupy it the year round, and for Hartenstein & Stein a plot of ground on the east side of South Park Avenue to H. Bassman for improvement.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Floral Park to E. Kimball a plot, 40 by 100, on Poplar Street; to J. Buchman a plot, 40 by 100, on Aspen Street. The same company sold at Hempstead to T. A. O'Brien a plot, 40 by 100, on Weir Street; to C. Rogers a plot, 40 by 100, on Windsor Parkway; to A. King a plot, 40 by 100, on Miller Street; to E. J. Caffray a plot, 40 by 100, on Lawson Street. The same company sold at Lynbrook to E. Kirsch a plot, 40 by 100, on Lawrence Avenue.

The Duross Company sold for William Hammond, to M. Kerns the Imperial Hotel, corner of Carnegie Avenue and Janies Street, Far Rockaway. It is a three-story building, containing about sixty rooms, on a plot 175 by 100. It was held at $75,000.

Charles G. Smith of Westhampton has sold two acres of land at Remsenberg to Jefferson Church and his sister, Miss Bessie Church of Brooklyn. The property is on the club lane and adjoins the estate of Mrs. Mary P. Rice of New York, and commands a view of Great South Bay. Two dwellings will be erected on the property.

$300,198 for Queens Buildings.

Records of the Building Bureau of the Borough of Queens for the past week show that permits were granted for work amounting to $300,198. There were seventy-four applications for new buildings, of an estimated cost of $254,415; sixty-eight applications for alterations, of an estimated cost of $24,858, and sixty-one applications for plumbing permits, of an estimated cost of $31,365.

Staten Island.

Salvadore Urcueoli has purchased through Cornelius G. Kolff of the Cowhig estate a lot, 25 by 165, on the east side of Burgher Avenue, West New Brighton, S. I.

Booming Bronx Real Estate.

The North Side Board of Trade is arranging to hold what will be known as Manufacturers' Day on or about Oct. 8. The object is to invite manufacturers to the Borough of the Bronx who may be interested, now or prospectively, and manufacturers who may think of buying or leasing factory sites elsewhere, and show to them the advantages afforded in the borough.

For this purpose a trip by boat along the water front of the Bronx and by motor cars through the industrial section of the borough is proposed.

Dwellings Leased.

Samuel H. Martin has leased for James McLaughlin for a term of years the dwelling 207 West Sixty-ninth Street to Mary Karpy.

Elsie De Wolfe has leased the house she owns at 131 East Seventy-first Street, furnished, to Cartier, Fifth Avenue jeweler, at a rental said to be between $6,000 and $6,600 annually. The lease is for a term of years.

Unger & Watson, Inc., have leased the dwelling at 251 East Fifty-first Street to Augusta Pusch for a term of years.

Schindler & Liebler leased a three-story private dwelling at 403 West 148th Street to Mrs. Josephine Thorne.

Bert G. Faulhaber & Co. have leased for Edward Payne to William H. Brady for a term of years 861 Riverside Drive, a three-story and basement private dwelling.

Commercial Leases.

Ewing, Bacon & Henry have leased a store at 49 West Thirty-ninth Street for Franclyn Paris to Miss Parker and Miss Wright for a tea room.

Schindler & Liebler leased a large corner store at 3,921 Broadway to the Wilton Victrola Company.

Bert G. Faulhaber & Co. have leased for the Donald Robertson Company stores in the new ten-story building, Donald Court, at the southwest corner of Broadway and 179th Street, to Robert B. Braeley, Elizabeth Moore and Felix Campagnolo.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for Horace S. Ely & Co. the store at 2 East Twenty-ninth Street for a term of years to The Little Book Shop Around the Corner.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY ST.
By Joseph P. Day.

84th St, 353 West, n s, 112 ft e of Riverside Drive, 18x102.2, five-story American basement dwelling; voluntary sale; knocked down at $21,000.

74th St, 303 West, n s, 100 ft w of West End Av, 30x83.7x irregular, four-story dwelling; executors' sale, estate of Ewen McIntyre, deceased; knocked down at $30,000.

87th St, 14 West, s s, 190 ft w of Central Park West, 20x100.8, four-story dwelling; executors' sale, estate of John F. Doyle, deceased; knocked down at $31,000.

67th St, 39 to 41 West, n s, 150 ft e of Columbus Av, 50x100.5, Columbus Studios; lease of apartment and part ownership; executor's sale, estate of Constance K. Snapp, deceased; knocked down to David Lawson for $11,000.

56th St, 34 West, s s, 420 ft e of 6th Av, 25x100.5, four-story dwelling; trustees' sale, estate of Edwin Hawley, deceased; knocked down at $80,750.

Madison Av, 1,060, w s, 22.2 ft n of 80th St, 20x70, four-story dwelling; trustee's sale, estate of John J. Jenkins, deceased; knocked down at $30,000.

120th St, 363 West, n s, 183 ft w of Manhattan Av, 17x100.11, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale; knocked down at $13,000.

Yonkers, N. Y.—119 Caryl Av, n w corner of Euclid Av, 78.6x115x irregular, three-story frame dwelling; voluntary sale; to Norman B. Rogers for $13,300.

133d St, 62 East, s s, 95 ft w of Park Av, 20x99.11, three-story dwelling; executor's sale; estate of Marks Moses, deceased; knocked down at $4,000.

144th St, 453 West, n s, 94.5 ft w of Convent Av, 21.5x99.11, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale; knocked down at $14,000.

2d Av, 2,206, e s, 53 ft n of 118th St, 27x80, five-story tenement and stores; Carl Stein against H. D. Greenwald et al.; Uterhart & Graham, attorneys; H. A. Friedman, referee; due, $20,338.05; taxes, &c., $1,987.84; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

AT 3,208 3D AV.
By Henry Brady.

Walker Av, 2,425, n s, 125 ft w of Chauncey Av, 25x90; Lucy E. Elliott against P. H. Krausch et al.; F. A. Southworth, attorney; J. V. Mitchell referee; due, $5,693.93; taxes, &c., $690.36; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

Walker Av, 2,427, n s, 100 ft w of Chauncey, 23x90; S. J. Golden against P. H. Krausch et al.; F. A. Southworth, attorney; J. J. Hynes, referee; due, $5,698.41; taxes, &c., $690.30; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

Walker Av, 2,429, n s, 50 ft w of Chauncey Av, 30x97.7; S. E. Strickland against P. H. Krausch et al.; F. A. Southworth, attorney; W. T. Quinn, referee; due, $5,698.41; taxes, &c., $690.30; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

There were no plans for new buildings in the Bronx yesterday. The following were filed in Manhattan:

66th St, 114 East, for a three-story dwelling and studios, 25x100.5; Ver Moor Realty Co., 116 East 66th St, owner; Butler & Rodman, 16 East 23d St, architects.....$40,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

14th St, 8 to 30 West, and 13th St, 5 to 29 West, to a five and seven story stores and lofts; James A. Hearn, 20 West 14th St, owner; John B. Snook Sons, 261 Broadway, architects.....$15,000

20th St, 325 East to a four-story dwelling; F. Wagner, 323 East 20th St, owner; C. S. Clark, 441 Tremont Av, architect....$9,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 84th St, 40x100; Margaret E. Hughes to Joseph C. Gehegan, 631 East 168th St, Sept. 18, prior mtg $82,000, due as per bond; attorney, W. D. Reich, 141 Broadway.....$10,000

FORT WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of 160th St, 102.2x—; Saranac Const. Co. to Robert L. McGehee, 225 West 88th St, Sept. 18, prior mtg $160,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, N. Y. Title Insurance and Trust Co., 135 Broadway.....$25,000

SUFFOLK ST, 143-145, w s, 40x75; Pincus Rubel to Jacob Rieger, 572 Monroe St, Brooklyn, Sept. 17, due Oct. 17, 1916, 6 p. c.; address 357 Broadway.....$3,395

SULLIVAN ST, 34, w s, 21.7x72.8x20.6x44; Charles Burkelman to Henry C. Tinker, 48 East 57th St, Sept. 17, installs; attorney, Charles Benner, 100 Broadway.....$10,000

117TH ST, n s, 175 ft e of Bleecker, 25x102; Harvey N. Weed to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, Sept. 18, due as per bond; attorneys, Webber & W., 7 Beekman St.....$10,000

23D ST, s s, 200 ft w of 4th Av, 23x98.9; Katherine J. Reichert and another, trustees, to Woman's Hospital and State of New York, 141 West 109th St, prior mtg $28,000, Aug. 8, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$12,000

41ST St, n s, 300 ft west of 7th Av, 100x98.9; Two Twenty Three Two Twenty Nine West Forty First Street Corporation of Old Schol Realty Co. Inc., 1,451 Broadway, (prior mtg $145,000,) Sept. 17, due April 7, 1914; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$50,000

108TH ST, 306-310 East, s s, 78.6x125; Elizabeth A. Moore to Meta Homberg, 110 East 38th St, Sept. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Gardner T. & E., 141 Broadway.....$1,500

118TH ST, n s, 5 and 7 East, 56x100.11; Griffin Realty Co. to Leon Tuchmann, 1,990 7th Av., Sept. 18, (prior mtg $67,500,) 5 years; attorney, L. Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$3,500

187 Av, 125, w s, 21x50; Ludwig Kuebler to Hermine E. Molke, 538 East 147th St, Sept. 15, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, H. Weiss, 76 St. Mark's Place.....$4,500

Bronx.

ALBANY CRESCENT, w s 141.9 ft n of 231st St, 446x50 ft; Martin Passannanti to Jos. Maffia, 2896 Bailey Av, Sept. 18, 1 year, 6%.....$2,000

BAINBRIDGE AV, w s, 172.10 ft n of Fordham Road, 50x80; Bainbridge Realty Co. to Edward W. Dufft, 789 Carroll St, Brooklyn, (prior mortgage $28,000,) Sept. 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$6,000

BATHGATE AV, 2404, e s, 20x89.11; Katherine Aichele to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Sept. 6, due as per bond.....$5,000

BRUNER AV, w s, 125 ft s of Edenwald Av, 50x100; Margaret T. Sullivan to Pilade Bertieri, London, England, Sept. 18, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,000

CLAY Av, e s, 375 ft n of 163th St, 27x80; Lester J. Klauber to Douglas Best, 1297 Webster Av, Sept. 17, due Feb. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. A. Newman, 203 Broadway.....$300

GARDEN AV, s s, 400 ft e of Orchard Terrace, 25x100; Gertrude Boecher to Willard M. Smith, executor, White Plains, N. Y., Sept. 17, due as per bond; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$3,000

JEROME AV, s w cor Burnside Av, 227.9x—; Julia M. Broderick to Julia Ruvane, Jersey City, N. J., prior mtg $40,800, due as per bond, Sept. 18; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av. and 148th St.....$2,820

LIVINGSTON AV, w s, 508.1 ft s of 240th St, 81x—; Florence R. Pegram to Parkway Heights Co., 27 Cedar St., Sept. 15, due as per bond; attorney, J. R. Delafield, 27 Cedar St.....$1,000

LOTS 168 to 170, map of Sloma estate; Francesca Sivigilia to Antonio Guido, 2,282 8th Av, Sept. 15, 3 years.....$4,000

LOTS 123 to 127, map of Mary J. Radway estate; Philipp Freudenmacher to Warren B. Sammis, Huntington, Sept. 17, 3 years, 6%, Atty, W. E. Sammis, 1 Liberty St.$2,500

LOTS 47 and 48, map of E. G. Citchner estate; Omero Caste to Guido Cassanigo, 152 W 15th St, July 1, 4 years, 6%.....$1,000

WALTON AV n e cor Hawkstone St, 42.9x—; Harold Swain to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Aug. 21, due as per bond.....$1,800

WEBSTER AV, e s, 95.1 ft n of 173d St, 14.2x—; Martin Baumann to Johanna Hellmer, Glendale, L. I., Sept. 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,800

WRIGHT AV, w s, 300 ft n of Nelson Av, 50x100; Seton Av. w s, 300 ft n of Nelson Av, 50x100, Wright Av, e s, 300 ft s of Randall Av, 25x105; Thomas Banks to Southern Nut and Fruit Co., 233 Broadway, Aug. 23, 6 p. c.....$2,000

TINTON AV, 623-629, w s, 75x100; One Hundren and Sixty Broadway Holding Corporation to Estates Mortgage Securities Co., 160 Broadway, Sept. 18, (prior mortgage $63,000,) due March 18, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. H. W. Schutt, 30 Church St.....$5,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROAD ST, 41; H. Krantz Manufacturing Co. against Broad Exchange Co., owner; Potts & Anderson, contractors.....$308

BROADWAY, w s, whole front between 51st and 52d Sts., 201x108.2x201x108.11; Metropolitan Mirror Works against Albany Apartments Corporation, owner and contractor.....$1,353

LEXINGTON AV, 577; Albert L. Adams against Mary Schleffer, owner and contractor.....$200

MONROE ST, 171; Gowanus Wrecking Co. against Miles Realty Co., owner and contractor; Samuel Reuben, contractor....$611

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 112; Aaron Gold against Grace D. Litchfield, owner; Louis Muller, contractor.....$36

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 1,804 to 1,870; Wolf Rabinowitz and others against Rosie Levy, owner; H. Tennenbaum, contractor....$98

WHITE ST, 123; Herrmann Horenburger against Kuenkenopf & Co., owner; Manhattan Iron Works, contractor.....$50

WILLIAM ST, n s, whole front between Crescent Av and Belmont Av, 25.4x irregular; Eller Manufacturing Co. against Jamascela Realty Corporation, owner; Jamascela Realty Co., contractor.....$100

18TH ST, 317 East; Pasquale Cardile and others against Leopold Harris, owner; P. Zimmerman, contractor, (renewal).....$75

26TH ST, 11 West; Clairmont Iron Works against 11 West 26th Street Co., owner and contractor.....$478

32D ST, 22 to 29 West; M. J. Callahan Co. against Midwest Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$3,050

60TH ST, 128 East; Carl Sotscheck & Co. against 128 East 60th Street Co., owner and contractor.....$284

106TH ST, 209 East; Jacob Solomon against Dina Hurwich, owner; Berman & Berman, contractors.....$65

188TH ST, w s, whole front between Webb and Sedgwick Aves, 200.7x irregular; Hastings Pavement Co. against Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, owner; Brighton Heights Development Co., contractor..$3,007

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

241ST ST, n e corner of Katonah Av; Auletta Construction Co. against New York City Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church and others, Sept. 8, 1913, (by bond).....$207

3D AV, 2,952; Klock Contracting Co. against Starrett Construction Co. and others, Aug. 7, 1913.....$279

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

241ST ST, n s, 350 ft w of Broadway, 188x102.6x irreg.; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. loans Newmark & Davis, Inc., $675,000.

"PARK VERSAILLES"
AT
PUBLIC AUCTION
569-CHOICE LOTS-569
AND
3-DWELLINGS-3
in the
Borough of the Bronx
New York City
Saturday, September 27, 1913
At 1 o'Clock
On the Grounds
Rain or Shine, Under Mammoth Tent

The lots are situated on Walker, Leland, Thieriot, Taylor and Beach Avenues; Unionport and White Plains Roads; Archer and Guerlain Streets; adjoining Van Nest Station; near 177th Street Subway Station.

TO REACH THE PROPERTY:
Take Subway (West Farms train) to 177th Street, then Westchester trolley to Park Versailles; or Second or Third Avenue "L" to 177th Street and Third Avenue, then Westchester trolley to Park Versailles; or you can transfer from any crosstown trolley to Westchester trolley.

TITLES GUARANTEED FREE
For Maps Apply to
JOHN S. MAPES, AUCTIONEER
Office, 1,469 Williamsbridge Road
Westchester, New York City

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JERE. JOHNSON JR. COMPANY
POSITIVE AUCTION Without Reserve
TO-MORROW
SATURDAY, SEPT. 20.
at 2 P. M., on the premises, rain or shine,
223 Rockaway Coast Lots
NEW SECTION OF
Belle Harbor
DIRECTLY ON
JAMAICA BAY.
VERY SIMPLE RESTRICTIONS.
EASIEST OF TERMS.
TAKE THESE TRAINS
from FLATBUSH AVE. STATION,
Long Island Railroad,
(Terminus Brooklyn Subway,)
12:24, 12:50, 1:10 P. M.
TO ROCKAWAY PARK.
Complimentary Passes furnished by our representatives at Flatbush Ave. Depot, Brooklyn, (upstairs at train gates only!)
JERE JOHNSON JR. CO.
187 Broadway, Manhattan.
193 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Joseph P. Day
REAL ESTATE
31 Nassau Street.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PORT WASHINGTON HOME
8 ROOMS AND BATH.
Cost $7,500—Sacrifice $6,250
FOR SALE, $500 Cash; $50 Monthly.
FOR RENT, $50 Monthly; Option of Buying.
Oak parquet floors, tiled bathroom, open brick fireplace, superior, hotwater heat, gas, electricity, tile roof, stucco construction; 30 min. to Herald Sq.; 5 min. to station, bathing beach, yacht clubs; have photograph. Investigate this. OWNER, Room 433, 1,328 Broadway. Tel. 2060 Greeley.

DUTCH COLONIAL HOUSE
A cosey ten-room cottage, just completed on large plot in one of the best improved sections on the North Shore of Long Island. Right of way to water and excellent beach. Splendid living room opening on terraced veranda; large bedrooms, ample servants' quarters, 3 bathrooms, every modern convenience, artistic fixtures, fireplaces, etc. Grounds carefully planted; surroundings delightful; 40 minutes from Manhattan. Price and terms reasonable. PAUL SHIELDS, 286 Fifth Ave., New York.

MODERN HOUSE
Thirty minutes out; 7 rooms and bath; needs small repairs; $150 cash; balance $18 per month. Address Quick Sale, Box C 296 Times Downtown

COVERT PARK.
34 minutes. Electric and steam trains. Plots and attractive substantial houses for desirable people. Sale or rent. All improvements. Just outside city.
F. W. MEYSENBURG, 200 5th Av.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kinko Duplex-Houses
Ingeniously arranged for two families. Duplex apartments, each practically a separate house, of seven rooms and bath, with spacious closets. Construction, equipment and finish to satisfy the most fastidious. As an investment they are unusually interesting; the income from one apartment pays all the fixed charges. Newly finished houses for sale in the Colonial Group, 3d St. and 8th Av., The Gathaway Group, Brooklyn Ave., at St. John's Place. Attractive terms. Inspection invited.
Kings & Westchester Land Co.
350 Fulton St., Brooklyn-New York.

Kinko Private-Houses
At Brooklyn Ave. & St. John's Pl., one block from the proposed Kingston Ave. Subway Station.
Homes of unusual artistic merit; nine large rooms, one or two bath and an abundance of closet space With or without private garage.
Price $10,500 to $11,500.
Inspection invited.
KINGS & WESTCHESTER LAND CO.,
350 Fulton St., Brooklyn
N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

BARGAIN for Sale | or furnished or for Rent, unfurnished,
Beautiful residence, finest appointments, 12 large rooms, 8 baths, hot-water heat, gas, electricity, parquet floors, open fireplaces, 2 sun parlors, sleeping porch. Garage. Very choice location; handsome shade trees; large corner plot. Advise immediate inspection.
O'CONNOR & McCANN,
221 Huguenot St., Tel. 594, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Attractive suburban homes, large and small for rent and sale.
Gramatan Realty & Construction Company,
Gramatan Bank Bldg., Bronxville, N. Y.

Lyncroft, New Rochelle, N. Y.
In an exclusive residential section, easily accessible. Attractive interiors. Stationary vacuum cleaners. Houses to rent or for sale.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 E. 42d St. New York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES
FOR SALE OR RENT
Westchester County—Hudson River to Sound.
KENNETH IVES & CO.,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
7 E. 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 6037.

BRONXVILLE, LAWRENCE PARK, SCARSDALE, HARTSDALE, WHITE PLAINS, and other desirable sections of WESTCHESTER COUNTY for sale or rent.
Fish & Marvin 527 Fifth Ave., N. Y., and Bronxville.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

WEST SUMMIT, N. J. Commuter's Modern Home.
45 minutes on Lackawanna; all improvements; garage, spacious grounds; want city income; will add free and clear lots or cash to meet good equity. P. S. BROWER, Essex Bldg., Newark, N. J.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

COME OUT TO-DAY
AND SEE THESE
MODERN TWO-FAMILY HOUSES
IN BEAUTIFUL JAMAICA,
Hillside Ave., Cor. Kaplan Ave.
Semi-detached, 11 rooms, 2 baths, separate steam heat, electric lights, parquet floors, tiled bathrooms and vestibules; 5 minutes to Main station L. I. R. R.; 17 minutes to New York; 6 blocks from Jamaica Ave. trolley. One block to New Hoffman Boulevard trolley, which goes direct to 59th St. & 3d Ave., New York, 5-cent fare.
LOUIS SCHWAB, Owner and Builder.
Office, Fulton St., corner Vanderbilt, Jamaica.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SACRIFICE, SELL OR RENT
$35 and up Monthly, Queens.
Every house to be sacrificed; inspect them and make your offer; best bargain in any restricted American neighborhood; houses guaranteed by the Company; best materials and workmanship; running from 7 rooms and bath to 10 rooms and two baths on large corner plot; distinctive designs, large living rooms, open fireplaces and every improvement; easy terms to suit; thirty minutes out on main line L. I. R. R.; three minutes to station; tennis courts, stores, schools, churches; refined community. P. P. EDSON, 1 West 34th St. Telephone Greeley 480.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

In August Over
3,000 People Visited
"MANVILLE," N. J.
HOUSES BEING ERECTED AND LOTS SELLING FAST IN THE NEW TOWN BUILDING.
$75 PER LOT AND UP $3 PER MONTH
AT HILLSBORO, MANVILLE, N. J., WHERE THE H. W. JOHNS-MANVILLE NEW FIVE-MILLION-DOLLAR FACTORIES AND PLANT ARE NOW BUILDING AND OVER 3,000 PEOPLE WILL BE EMPLOYED.
HOMES NOW BUILDING AND HUNDREDS MORE SOON IN DEMAND—CHANCE FOR BUILDERS, BAKERS, GROCERS, BUTCHERS, BIG BUSINESS AHEAD FOR ALL WHEN THE FACTORIES ARE COMPLETED AND WORKING FULL TIME. FREE GUEST TRAIN DAILY AND SUNDAY; WRITE, CALL OR PHONE FOR TICKETS. THE BROOKS & BROOKS CORPORATION, 45 W. 34TH ST., N. Y. PHONE, GREELEY 186.

BARGAIN CHANCE $5,000
EASY TERMS TO SUIT
COZY COUNTRY HOME
READY TO LIVE IN NOW.
Has seven rooms, tiled bath; floors are parqueted; electric light; beamed ceilings; steam heat; open fireplaces; panelled walls; laundry in cellar; grounds 100x175 feet, with fine shade trees; 600 feet above sea level; high and healthy neighborhood; beautiful environment; superb views of lakes, mountains, and surrounding country, cultured neighbors; 55 min. to Broadway by D., L. & W. R. R., 5 min. to station; markets, churches conveniently near. Has large private garage, finely appointed grounds. Address H. M. BURNS, 170 Broadway, N. Y. Tele. 1521 Cort.

FANWOOD
25 ACRES, HOUSE, FRUIT, ROLLING LAND; WORTH INVESTIGATING; $18,000. N 376 TIMES, DOWNTOWN.

AT MADISON, N. J.
Gentleman's country estate, suitable for sanitarium, gentleman's club, or high-class boarding house. Beautiful grounds; large modern house. Lackawanna Road. Owner, Room 703, 141 Broadway.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

A New Departure
In Private Dwellings
The distinctive feature of our block of houses on 138th and 139th Sts., between 7th and 8th Avs., is their
Clean,
Healthful Appearance
Exteriors
The architectural colorings are harmonious, and the designs tasteful and original; the streets are asphalted, insuring quiet; shade trees line the sidewalks; roadways ornamented by flower beds intersect the block, providing rear entrances for tradesmen and the removal of garbage.
Interiors
are triumphs of skill in decorative art and highly suggestive of comfort and refinement. We will rent them at
Very Reasonable Figures
For full particulars apply to
JOHN J. HALLERON
Real Estate
252 WEST 138th ST.
Telephone, Audubon 1008.

CLARK ESTATES
Dwelling Houses For Rent
to private families only on West 72d, 73d, 74th and 85th Streets, convenient to Elevated and Subway stations. Rents ranging from $1,700 to $6,000 per annum.
CLARK ESTATES
Singer Bldg., 149 Broadway.
Telephone 7430 Cortlandt.
Janitor at 67 West 73d St.

Private Dwelling
$550 10 rooms and bath. Between Madison and Park Aves., near 125th St. Subway Station.
Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co
14 Wall Street

BROOKLYN.

Beautiful Brick Houses
For Rent $25.00 and $30.00 in Brooklyn
Semi-detached brick and stone; 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors, hardwood trim, elegantly decorated; electric lights; sewer and gas; in park section of Brooklyn; on lines of present "L" and new subway; 8 minutes to ocean; 30 minutes to New York; 5c fare; send for booklet. Special Manager, 60 A, Liberty St., New York. Phone Cortlandt 5628.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

BIG LOFTS
in the direct current of business,
121-123
East 24th Street
NEAR 4TH AVENUE.
Building is just completed. Everything is brand new; 12 stories high, 50-foot front, fireproof, with fire tower, and complete sprinkler system; 3 elevators.
RENTAL $2,500.
Special rates to Feb. 1, 1914.
Apply to your own broker or
A. L. MORDECAI & SON,
30 East 42d St., New York.

33-35-37 E. 17th St.
Top (7th FLOOR)
containing 2,600 sq. ft.
North & South Windows
Particularly desirable for any business requiring
Exceptional Light
Apply to JOSEPH T. CASE
30 Broad St.
or Brokers

FOR RENT.
830 BROADWAY.
Large store and basement, also a very light loft.
840 BROADWAY, S. E. Cor. 13th St.
Extremely light corner lofts, 50x100.
Only a block from the present express Subway at 14th St., and from the new station at Union Square.
Full commission to brokers.
Apply to
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
114 Liberty St. and 41 E. 41st St.

FLOOR
25x100
MODERATE RENT
N. W. cor. 47th St. &
5th AVENUE,
Over the
Empire Trust Co.
LONG LEASE
McVickar, Gaillard Realty Co., 489 Fifth Avenue. 'Phone Murray Hill 2000.

DESIRABLE STORES
for rent at
416 MADISON AVENUE,
between 48th and 49th Streets,
and
76 WEST 48TH STREET.
JAMES A. FARLEY,
Windsor Arcade. 'Phone 7151 Murray Hill. Brokers protected.

The Broadway & 39th St. Building
1,416 Broadway—131 W. 39th St.
4,000 square feet of magnificent outside offices; also few other offices, $20, $30, $40. A modern building in the new high-class office district; most reasonable rents consistent with liberal, efficient management. Unusual concessions. Milton Natkins, Agent, on premises. Bryant 7712.

FOR RENT.
126-128 5th Ave., S. W. Cor. 18th St.
60x115, modern corner building; splendid north light; no manufacturing; rents very reasonable.
Full commission to brokers.
Apply to
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
114 Liberty St. and 41 E. 41st St.

ATTRACTIVE STORES
For rent; business section of Mount Vernon, (population, 35,000) in new Proctor Theatre Building; choice location for drugs, confectionery, cigars, clothing, dry goods, shoes, millinery; get particulars. McClellan & Co., Rental Agents, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

6 STORY BUILDING
44x100.
148-150 WEST 20TH STREET.
In centre of retail shopping district.
Will lease.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 East 42d Street.

Physical Culture Gymnasium,
54 East 59th St., near Madison Av.
75 foot deep floor above store; shower bath; hot and cold water; steam heat; all night elevator; telephone and hall service; $800; used for last six years as physical culture gymnasium.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

Spencer Arms
S. E. CORNER OF
Broadway & 69th Street
Unusually attractive housekeeping apartments of 7 to 12 rooms, with 2 and 3 baths. Heat, light and refrigeration included, at prices unobtainable in any other apartment house of its class.
UNDER DIRECT SUPERVISION OF THE OWNER, ASSURING FIRST CLASS SERVICE.
Superintendent on premises.
Telephone 3996 Columbus.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

High Class Elevator Apartments
CAN BE SEEN EVENINGS.
.375 West End Av.
S. W. Corner 78th St.
ONE APARTMENT,
9 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS.
Lease from October 1.
Rent $3,250.
The Netherlands
340 West 86th St.
DESIRABLE 9 ROOM APARTMENTS
AND 3 BATHS.
Rents $2,000 and $2,200.
777 West End Av.
The Strafford—S. W. Corner 98th St.
ONE 7 ROOM APARTMENT,
ONE 8 ROOM APARTMENT,
ONE 10 ROOM APARTMENT,
THREE BATHS.
Rent $1,500 to $3,000.
The Britannia
527 West 110th St.,
Between Broadway and Amsterdam Av.
Suites of 6 and 7 Rooms, 2 Baths.
Rent $900 to $1,400.
Haddon Hall
596 Riverside Drive,
Southeast Corner 137th St.
Suites of 6 to 9 Large Rooms.
Rent $900 to $1,440.
Mark Rafalsky & Company
527 Fifth Avenue at 44th St. Broadway at 89th St.
Tel., 5220 Murray Hill. Tel., 4930 Riverside.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
CAN BE HAD
The Halsworth
S. W. Cor. West End Av. and 92d St.
New 12-Story Fireproof Apartment House.
Large Rooms and Closets.
Every Modern Improvement
5 Rooms and 2 Baths.....$1,100 to $1,400
6 Rooms and 2 and 3 Baths $1,400 to $1,700
7 Rooms and 3 Baths } .....$1,900 to $2,100
8 Rooms and 3 Baths }
Renting Agent, on Premises, or
Slawson & Hobbs,
Agents, 162 West 72d St., Near Broadway.

The Luxonia
305 West 72nd Street
Adjacent to West End Av.
New 12-Story Fireproof Building.
Ready for Immediate Occupancy.
EXCLUSIVENESS,
ELEGANCE AND
CHARACTER
are the predominating features of the apartments in the Luxonia.
The unique floor plan, extra large rooms, large and numerous clothes and linen closets cannot be duplicated elsewhere, and the location is right in the heart of New York's Smart Set.
4, 5 & 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
Rents $1,100 upward
Also small suite on ground floor suitable for Doctor.
PATERNO BROS., INC., Managers.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES, 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Telephone 1590 Columbus.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents, 162 West 72d St.

251 & 255 West 98th St.
West of Broadway.
Without exception the cheapest Apartments offered in the city, considering quality and location.
Two Blocks from Subway Express Station.
5 and 6 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$1,000 to $1,500
Renting Agent, on Premises, or
Fred'k Zittel & Sons, B'way and 79th St.

MANHATTAN—West Side.
DO NOT RENT
UNTIL YOU LOOK

SELECT ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

3 to 10 Rooms—Select Elevator Apartments—$360 to $2,500 per annum.

McVICKAR, GAILLARD REALTY CO.

Southeast Corner 98th Street and Broadway. Telephone 5570 Riverside.

The following apartments are offered to reputable, responsible people who desire efficient management, a competent superintendent, experienced and uniformed attendants and courteous and prompt service day and night.

Each property is inspected daily by a representative of the agent.

The prices quoted are subject to negotiation, and the superintendents are authorized to accept deposits subject to the approval of references and terms by this office.

Stadium View and Shore View,

445-448 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (near 116th Street.)

One apartment to rent out of 48, of 8 rooms and 3 baths, $1,650.

Two modern twelve-story fireproof apartment houses with only two apartments to a floor. Designed to appeal to those who desire the conveniences of an apartment and the spaciousness and privacy of a separate house. Four electric elevators. Foyer hall. Large, light rooms.

Gainsborough,

112 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near 83d Street.

Can be extended into an apartment of 15 rooms and 3 baths.

A modern apartment house, with only two families to a floor. All light, outside rooms. Convenient to Elevated and Subway.

Cherbourg,

1 WEST 91D STREET, (North Cor. Central Park West.)

9 and 10 rooms and 2 baths, $1,500 to $2,100 per annum.

One corner apartment. A modern apartment house, one block from elevated and short distance from Subway.

The Braender,

S. W. Cor. Central Park West & 102d Street.

6 rooms, $1,100; 7 rooms, $1,300; 8 rooms, $1,500; 11 rooms & 3 baths, $2,200.

A ten-story fireproof building, conveniently located to the Elevated and Subway Stations.

Concord Hall,

468 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Cor. 119th Street.)

7 rooms and 2 baths, $1,300. 8 rooms and 2 baths, $1,500.

A nine-story fireproof building, two electric elevators, one elegant corner apartment, with unobstructed view of the Hudson River.

Evelyn,

101 WEST 78TH STREET, (Opposite Manhattan Square Park.)

Non-Housekeeping Apartments, 2, 3, 4, and 5 rooms, $660 to $1,500.

Seven-story fireproof building, including hall service, room attendance, electric light, restaurant, etc. Conveniently located to the Subway and Elevated Stations.

Heathcote Hall, 609 W. 114th St. B'way & Riverside Drive.

5 rooms, kitchenette, $600 per annum. 4 and 5 room housekeeping apartments, $900 to $1,000 per annum — A 9-story fireproof apartment house, with every modern improvement. A short distance from the Subway Station at 116th Street, from Columbia and Barnard Colleges and Horace Mann School.

Barney and Jeanette Court. 240 and 248 Audubon Av.

6 rooms, $45-$60. 4 rooms, $36-$35. 5 rooms, $40-$47.50. — Modern houses, with every improvement. Best value for the money in Washington Heights.

Adeline Court, 695 W. 142nd Street. (between Broadway and Riverside Drive.)

6 rooms, $40. 2 rooms, $25. — Modern seven-story apartment house within short distance of 145th Street Subway Station and convenient to Third Avenue, Amsterdam and Broadway surface lines. The southern exposure and large exterior courts give perfect light and ventilation to every room.

The Regent, 3,100 Broadway, N. E. cor. 125d St.

6 rooms, $60. 7 rooms, $70. — Modern apartment house, short distance from Columbia University, Barnard College, Subway Station at 127th Street.

Hazelton Court, 3,099 Broadway, cor. of 123rd St.

3 rooms and bath and kitchenette, $360. 4 & 5 rooms, housekeeping apartments, $420 to $540. — Modern apartment house, conveniently located. The rooms are large, light, and well adapted for small families.

St. Francis Court, 583 Riverside Drive North cor. 135th St.

5, 6, and 7 rooms. Rents $600 to $960. — A modern building, convenient to Subway. One elegant corner apartment of 8 rooms, with southern exposure.

Montana, 55 Mt. Morris Park West. 124th St., one-half block east Lenox Av.

6-7 rooms, $900. — A fireproof building directly opposite Mt. Morris Park. Largest rooms in New York City. Any reasonable improvement will be made for a desirable tenant.

Blennerhasset, 807 W. 111th St. Bet. B'way & Amsterdam Av.

6 rooms, $65. 7 rooms, $70. — A modern apartment house, one block from Subway and short distance from Elevated Station; extra large rooms, southern exposure.

Larchmont, 448 Central Park West. South cor. 105th Street.

7 rooms and bath, $540 to $1,100. — Directly opposite Central Park and but two blocks from Elevated Station and short distance from Subway Station at 103d Street. One corner apartment. Large, light rooms.

Benmore 449 West 125d St., East of Amsterdam Av.

4 and 5 rooms, $35 to $50 per month. — Located opposite Morningside Park. Especially adapted to small families.

Carolyn Court, 563 W. 162d St., northeast corner of Broadway.

5, 6, 7 and 8 rooms, $45 to $75 per month. — Modern building. One corner apartment of 8 outside rooms.

Halcyon Hall 408 West 150th St., bet. Convent & St. Nicholas Avenues.

5 and 6 rooms. Rent, $450 to $540 per annum. — Conveniently located to Subway and Elevated. Quiet location.

Saranac 470 Convent Av., (Corner 151st St.) One block east of Amsterdam Av.

5 rooms, $50. 6 rooms, $60. — A modern building in a select, quiet location. Large, light rooms.

Irving Arms, 222 Riverside Drive, cor. 94th Street.

8 rooms, $1,300. 9 rooms and 3 baths, $1,600 — A seven-story fireproof building. Large, light rooms, steam dryers, vacuum cleaners, etc. One corner apartment with southern exposure.

Springfield, 180 Claremont Ave, Cor. 125th St., ½ block west of Broadway.

5, 6 and 7 rooms, $540 to $900 — A modern apartment house, with every improvement, short distance from the Subway Station at 127th St. One corner apartment, seven rooms, southern exposure, $900 per annum.

Yorktown Court, 615 W. 162d Street.

Cor. Fort Washington Av., one Block west of Broadway.

3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 rooms, $30-$65 per month. — A modern building with elegant, large, light rooms, shower attachment, mail chute and every improvement. Convenient to Subway Station at 157th St.

St. Ermins 549 West 163d St., East of Broadway.

4, 5 and 6 rooms. Rent, $420 to $660 per annum. Also, one 9 room apartment, 2 bath-rooms. Rent, $1,000 per annum. — A modern building, a short distance from the Subway station and the Third and Amsterdam Ave. surface lines.

The Douglas, 201 West 121st Street, AND **The Desmond,** 2026 Seventh Avenue.

7 & 8 rooms. Rent $660 to $900. — The Douglas and Desmond are very attractively located on new Parkway of Seventh Avenue. Rooms are very large. The property is convenient to the Subway and Elevated Stations at 125th Street, and to Eighth Avenue and Lenox Avenue surface lines and 125th Street crosstown.

Sylvia Hall, 560 West 144th St. East of B'way.

2, 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7 rooms & bath. Rent, $360-$720 per annum. — Modern apartment house, one block from the Subway Station. Large, light rooms. Near College of the City of New York and Public School at 145th Street.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

202 WEST 78TH ST.

7 and 8 rooms and bath; steam heat, hot water, hall service, 'phone; $45-$60.

MARION

2,612 B'way (98th;) 6 rooms, bath, $72.50 to $85; fireproof house; all night elevators, all improvements; express Subway station 96th St.

IRVINGTON

497 Central Park West, facing Park, (106th St.)—8 large rooms and bath, 2 toilets, all improvements. Elevator, telephone; $71.50 to $85.

CARROLLTON

601 W. 168th St., opposite subway station; 5, 6, 7 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; light rooms, large closets, elevator, phone; resident agent; southern exposure; corner apartments; $570-$1,050.

COURTWOOD

600 West 189th St., cor. B'way—Modern elevator house, all improvements, 5-6-7 rooms, 1 and 2 baths, 24-hour service. $600-$1,020.

Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

PHONE 1300 RIVERSIDE.

530 West End Ave.

COR. 86TH ST.

TO SUBLET

A Luxurious

CORNER APARTMENT

11 Extra Large Rooms, 4 Baths.

From October 1st.

Balance September Rent Free.

A. B. SQUIRE,

95 William St. Tel. John 1215

8 Large Rooms

3 Baths.

DORLEXA

318 West 100th St.

Fireproof Building—new and up-to-date in all appointments. Magnificent view up the Hudson River.

Only 2 apartments to each floor.

Rents $1,800-$2,000.

Apply on premises, or to

SLAWSON & HOBBS,

162 West 72nd St.

31 WEST 11TH ST.

NEAR 5TH AV.

Eight story, highest type fireproof elevator housekeeping apartment, for rent October 1. Four-room-and-bath suite, $67.50. Five-room-and-bath suite, $85.

45 WEST 11TH ST.

Eight story fireproof housekeeping apartments; mail chute; elevator. Four-room bath suites, $55 and $70.

J. IRVING WALSH,

73 West 11th St.

THE OAKDALE

36-38 West 35th Street.

Non-Housekeeping Apartments

2 & 3 ROOMS & BATH

HOTEL SERVICE

MEALS IF DESIRED

RENTALS $600 TO $1,000

Superintendent on premises.

"West End Avenue's Finest Dwelling House"

525 West End Avenue

N. W. Cor. 85th Street

JUST COMPLETED

Patterned after the private house ideal, rather than the usual apartment model,—consequently free from that air of questionable and oftentimes offensive ostentatiousness frequently complained of by persons of cultivated tastes and habits.

37 Apartments leased from plans.

A few remain to be let.

WHITE ATTENDANTS.

6 to 10 Rooms, Rentals from $2,400 to $4,500

MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY

Broadway at 89th St. Telephone 4930 Riverside.

527 Fifth Ave., at 44th St. Telephone 5220 Murray Hill.

RENTAL AGENTS ON PREMISES

Wellsmore

S. E. Cor. B'way & 77th St.

To Sublet

Greatly Reduced Rent

9 Rooms, 3 Baths.

Corner Apartment, all Light Rooms.

See Superintendent on Premises.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

West 94th Street

NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

High-class elevator apts.; all improvements.

All Large, Light Rooms

No. 314

6 & 7 rooms & bath; also separate maid's toilet ..... $600 to $1050

No. 315

Front 5 & 6 rooms & bath..$46 to $55.00
Rear 5 rooms and bath...$42.50 to $45.00

No. 321

Front 6 rooms & bath.....$62.50 to $65
Rear 4 rooms & bath (extra foyer)..$45 to $50

YORK,

611 West 141st St., near Riverside Drive. Modern Elevator Apartment. Six rooms, $45-$50; seven, $60 to $70.

THE HARRIET,

617 West 143d St., between Riverside Drive and Broadway. Seven large rooms, $55 to $70. Servants' accommodations; modern elevator apartm't.

NONPAREIL,

97 St. Nicholas Place, near 155th St. Five rooms, $40; six rooms, $50-$55; modern, elevator; select; convenient "L."

The Garnell

55 West 95th St.

New 9 Story

Fireproof Apartment House.

3 Rooms and Bath.....$55— $65
4 Rooms and Bath.....$65— $85
5 Rooms and Bath.....$85—$100
6 Rooms and Bath.....$95—$110

OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK, NEAR 93D "L" STATION AND SUBWAY 96TH

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Chatham Court,

71 CENTRAL PARK WEST,

N. W. Corner 67th St.

A Very Desirable

10 Room Corner Apartment.

Overlooking Central Park. Large outside rooms; southern exposure; modern plumbing; possessing every possible convenience that goes to make up a strictly high-class residence; the location is perfectly ideal.

RENT ON APPLICATION.

Resident Manager on Premises.

THE GOVERNOR

67 West 12th St., Bet. 5th & 6th Avs.

FIRST APARTMENT.

9 Rooms, tile bath, etc. Rent $70. Also one 7-room. Apply to Janitor.

Skylight Studios

5 West 16th St.

Private bath; telephone; hall attendance. $30 to $45. Phone 3106 Chelsea.

BAVARIA

40 St. Nicholas Place, near 153d. Exclusive neighborhood. Convenient "L" Subway. High-class Modern Elevator Apartments, 4-5-6 Rooms and Bath. Rents $35-$40-$45. Apply Supt.

Modern Elevator Apartments

At Moderate Rentals

Every house is under our exclusive management and inspected daily by a competent representative. A call at our office before starting on a tour of inspection will save you much time and annoyance.

2 ROOMS

EDMUND FRANCIS CT., N. E. Cor. Ams. & 120th, $50
SENIOR ARMS, 535 West 113th St.....$40 to $50

3 ROOMS

ED. FRANCIS CT., N. E. Cor. Ams. & 120th, $50 to $58
HERODIAN COURT, 414 W. 120th St. $40 to $42.50

4 ROOMS

ALVERNIE, 502 West 122d St.....$40
ED. FRANCIS CT., N. E. Cor. Ams. & 120th, $60 to $75
SENIOR ARMS, 535 West 113th St.....$50 to $70

5 ROOMS

THE ALVERNIE, 502 West 122d St.....$40 to $50
THE ANNISTON, 281 Edgecombe Av.....$45 to $50
THE BEVERLY, 245 West 116th St.....$30 to $35
THE CRAGSMOOR, 419 West 115th St...$40 to $45
THE DELAWARE, 520 West 122d St.....$45
ED. FRANCIS CT., N. E. Cor. Ams. & 120th, $70 to $80
THE GARFIELD, 200 Claremont Av.....$50
PONCHARTRAIN, 312 W. 109th St., $66.67, to $70
SENIOR ARMS, 535 West 113th St....$72.50 to $80

6 ROOMS

THE ALVERNIE, 502 West 122d St.....$45 to $55
BELVEDERE COURT, 536 West 112th St., $55 to $60
BELLE HAVEN, 515 West 124th St.....$40 to $50
THE CLARENCE, 312 West 93d St.....$70 to $75
THE CRAGSMOOR, 419 West 115th St...$65 to $70
EDMUND FRANCIS COURT, N. E. Cor. Amsterdam Av. and 120th St.....$100 to $105
THE GARFIELD, 200 Claremont Av.....$55 to $65
HERODIAN COURT, 414 West 120th St..$60 to $75
THE OPELIKA, 523 West 143d St.....$45 to $60
PARK COURT, 403 West 115th St.....$60
THE PORTLAND, 612 West 115th St.....$65 to $75
THE PONCHARTRAIN, 312 West 109th St.....$75
THE TEVIOT, 2,469 Broadway.....$60 to $70

7 ROOMS

THE ANNISTON, 281 Edgecombe Av.....$70
BELVEDERE COURT, 536 West 112th St..$70 to $75
THE CLARENCE, 312 West 93d St...$91.67 to $100
THE DELAWARE, 520 West 122d St.....$70 to $75
PARK COURT, 403 West 115th St.....$70 to $75
PONCHARTRAIN, 312 W. 109th St., $91.67 to $100
THE TINTERN, 2,465 Broadway.....$75
THE UMATILLA, 237 West 74th St....$150 to $160

Positive assurance is given that particular attention will be paid to the comfort of all tenants, as well as a most rigid scrutiny of all references. If these apartments do not interest you, kindly write to this office stating fully what you want, and we will send you particulars of other apartments under our management.

BRAISTED, GOODMAN & HERSHFIELD

2,901 BROADWAY, NORTHWEST CORNER 113TH STREET

ESTABLISHED 1866. TELEPHONE 7920—MORNINGSIDE.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Only **Few Suites Left** In this High Class House Inspect them to-day

OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK

200 W. 58th St.

Southwest Cor. 7th Av. JUST COMPLETED.

AN apartment house de luxe, containing every modern improvement, including open fireplaces, refrigeration, and many other new and exclusive features. Suites of

3-4-5 and 6 Rooms or larger to suit.

Rentals, $1,100 to $2,800. Open Evenings until 10 P. M. Superintendent on premises, or

PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents, 340 Madison Av. Telephone, 6200—Murray Hill.

MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTMENTS

40 Morningside Park East
North Corner West 118th St.
Overlooking Park

5 Rooms	6 Rooms	7 Rooms
$50 to $60	$65 to $75	$80 to $85

H. C. Coleman on Premises

39 W. 55TH

Housekeeping Apartments, 3, 4, 5 rooms, 2 baths. Cuisine service if desired. Extra servants' quarters. Rental $1,400 to $2,500. Also Physician's Office. New building.

THE AYLSMERE,

60 West 76th St.

7 and 8 large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry, 2 elevators, night and day, passenger and service; steam dryers; convenient to all traction lines; $1,000-$1,200. Superintendent on premises.

36 CENTRAL PARK SOUTH

New 14-story high class fireproof apartment house; finest location on the Park; a few remaining attractive apartments, $1,200 up; concessions for immediate occupancy.

The Sevillia

Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St. Unfurnished apartment of 8 rooms and bath; also one of 2 rooms and bath, from Oct. 1.

Gainsborough Studios

222 West 59th St.

STUDIOS TO LEASE

With North Light;

Also Apartments of 3 Rooms and Bath.

J. E. BALL, MGR.

THE ADRIAN,

58 West 72nd St.

Eight large, light rooms; bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors; electric light; elevator service, day and night; convenient Subway, elevated stations, and all surface lines; $1,100-$1,800. Inquire Superintendent on premises.

The Adlon | The Aljomor

7th Ave. & 54th St.

Two High Class Fireproof Apartment Houses

Suites of 3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms & Bath

WITH LARGE FOYER AND RECEPTION ROOM

At Very Moderate Rental.

Every known appointment can be found in these spacious apartments.

MAID AND VALET SERVICE.

References Absolutely Indispensable.

Houses Open for Inspection Evenings.

APPLY SUPT. ON PREMISES.

490 WEST END AVENUE

NORTHEAST CORNER 83RD ST.

12-STORY NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE.

FINEST LOCATION ON WEST SIDE.

8 Rooms & 3 Baths (Corner)..$2400 to $2500
7 Rooms & 3 Baths.....$1900 to $2000

UNUSUALLY LARGE FOYER HALLS.

All rooms outside and very light.

60 APARTMENTS IN BLDG., ONLY 3 NOW FOR RENT.

MOST MODERN AND COMPLETE HOUSE.

NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

Renting representative on premises.

GIBBS & KIRBY, Agents, Broadway & 103d St.

West Side. Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

Bargains

IN

Elevator Apartments

LOCATED ON WASHINGTON HEIGHTS AND COLUMBIA COLLEGE DISTRICTS.

Two 4-room Apts., former rent $50, **Reduced to $35**

Three 5-room Apts., former rent $60, **Reduced to $40**

One 6-room Apt., former rent $80, **Reduced to $60**

One 6-room Apt., former rent $70, **Reduced to $55**

One 6-room Apt., former rent $65, **Reduced to $50**

One 7-room Apt., former rent $75, **Reduced to $60**

One 8-room Apt., former rent $90, **Reduced to $70**

All outside, sunny rooms, high grade houses. Best of locations. Reduction is made to have houses fully rented. Address Owner, N 372 Times Downtown.

The Hillcrest

430 West 116th St.

Facing Columbia University Grounds.

Modern Elevator Apartments

8-9 Large Sunny Rooms & Baths

RENTS $1,500 to $1,800. Direct Sunlight in All Rooms

Parlors 18x28
Dining Rooms..14x19
Bedrooms. 12x16

STRICTLY MILANO FIREPROOF.

123-127 West 58th.—Seven large, light rooms and bath, extra maid's room and bath; continuous hall and elevator service; all improvements; completely renovated, and immediate possession; $1,800. Broadway REMCO 58th Street

West Side. Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

New Elevator Apartments of the highest type.

Now Ready for Inspection.

MANFRIED COURT

58-64 Fort Washington Ave.

N. E. Corner 161st Street.

Exclusive residential section, overlooking the Hudson and Riverside Drive. Four short blocks from Broadway Subway station and two blocks from Amsterdam Av. surface cars.

Suites of 4, 5, 6, 7 unusually large rooms with 1 or 2 baths and spacious foyer hall, ample closet space, every homelike convenience and comfort.

Rents $40 to $85.

Friedman Construction Co., Owners and Builders, on Premises.

COLONIAL and EDGECOMBE

375-377 Edgecombe Ave.

Near 153d St. and 8th & 9th Ave. "L."

Splendidly Kept Houses

Most beautiful location on Washington Heights. All latest improvements—Hall Service—Electricity—Showers—Exceptionally Large Closets—Pine Woodwork.

4 and 6 Light, Airy Rooms, $28 to $38.

ST. REGIS COURT,

N. W. Cor. 153d St., Broadway.

3 Rooms, all facing st., So. exposure..$21.67
5 Rooms, facing B'way, suitable Dr. $0.00
5 Large Rooms..... 45.00
5 Rooms, beautiful river view..... 55.50

Resident Agent.

AN INNOVATION

The conveniences of an apartment hotel, together with accommodations for housekeeping.

106 West 69th Street, bet. B'way & Col. Ave.

PRIVATE HOUSE BLOCK—NEW—FIREPROOF.

Convenient to "L," Subway and all surface lines.

Apartments of 3 & 4 Large, Light Rooms, Containing Spacious Kitchen and Attractive Bath.

Ample Closets—Good Service—References Indispensable.

$840 to $1,400 per Annum, Including Maid Service.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

"Mont Cenis"

54 Morningside Drive West, Corner 116th St.

2 blocks from Broadway Subway station. Magnificent view overlooking Morningside Park. Modern elevator Apartment; large, light rooms.

6 Rooms and Bath..$840 to $900
7 Rooms and Bath.....$1,100
8 Rooms & Bath (Cor. Apt.) $1,400

"The Raleigh"

7 WEST 92D ST.

Private House Block.

Convenient to 93d St. Elevated and 91st St. Subway Stations.

Elevator and all modern improvements.

5, 6 and 7 Large, Light Rooms.

Exceptionally well kept apartment house.

$50 to $75 Per Month.

Apartment list sent on request.

Sharp & Company

231 West 99th Street, at Broadway

Telephone, Riverside 4546-4547.

The Van Dyck & Severn

72d St.—Broadway—73d St.

Subway Station at 72d St.

Unusually attractive apartments of

6 to 11 Rooms, with 2 & 3 Baths.

Rentals $1,800 to $3,800.

Desirable Doctor's Apartment in the Van Dyck.

The houses are modern fireproof construction; all rooms are large and light; spacious closets. Refrigeration. Solid porcelain bathtubs, with shower appliances.

There are no dumbwaiters—each apartment having a rear entrance and service elevator.

Under the direct supervision of the owners, assuring careful selection of tenants and first-class service.

MANAGER ON PREMISES. TELEPHONE 3547 COLUMBUS.

MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY, 71 Broadway.

ADMASTON

N. W. Corner Broadway at 89th St.

Apartments of

5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms; 2 and 3 Baths.

Rentals $1,200 to $2,200.

EVANSTON

West End Ave. and 90th St.

Doctor's Apartments, private entrance.

These apartments are under the direct supervision of the owners, assuring careful selection of tenants and first-class service.

MANAGER ON PREMISES. TELEPHONE RIVERSIDE 7793.

MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY, 71 Broadway.

NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY

4-5-6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths

All Rooms Face Street and Are Flooded with Sunlight.

New Fire and Sound Proof Apartment House, with Every Convenience.

4 Rooms and 1 Bath.....$1,100 to $1,200
5 Rooms and 2 Baths..... 1,200 to 1,500
6 Rooms and 2 Baths..... 1,500 to 1,600

Northeast Corner West End Av. and 98th St.

Renting agent on premises.

Telephone 6208 Riverside.

MORRIS HALL

N. W. Cor. Cathedral Parkway (110th St.) and Amsterdam Ave.

10-story fireproof apartment house.

Absolutely Up to Date in Every Respect

Apartments of

6-7-8 Rooms and 2 Baths

STRATHMORE

S. E. Cor. 113th Street and Riverside Drive

Apartments of

10 LARGE ROOMS

Foyer, Pantry and

THREE BATHS

One Delightful Duplex of

11 LARGE ROOMS

Most Attractive and Best Located Houses on West Side

Managed as permanent investments. Renting Agents on premises, or

HAWKES & MORRIS

Telephone 5567 John 32 Nassau Street

West Side. Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

610 WEST 136TH ST.

6-Room Apartments.....$45 to $50
7-Room Apartment.....$48

615 WEST 136TH ST.

7-Room Apartment.....$55

619 WEST 136TH ST.

4-Room Apartments.....$32 and $33
5-Room Apartment.....$35
6-Room Apartment.....$45
7-Room Apartments.....$48 and $50

Ranald H. Macdonald & Co.

39 WEST 34TH ST.

New Elevator Apartments.

123D STREET, MANHATTAN AV.,

near 125th St. Subway.

1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Rooms

$25 to $60

Large rooms, extraordinary closet space.

Kitchen and Kitchenettes.

West Side. Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

Rivercrest Elevator Apartment

Southwest Corner of 160th St. and Fort Washington Avenue

a block and a half from 157th Street Subway station. Elegant five, six, and seven room apartments.

Heber C. Kopp, agent, on premises, 5:30 to 8 P. M. daily, or telephone 4845 Bread. Inspection can be made at any time.

THE WASHINGTON HEIGHTS,

575 West 159th St.

UNUSUAL APARTMENTS.

Corner Broadway, near Subway.
2 Rooms and Bath.....$35
5 Rooms.....$38 to $50
6 Rooms.....$60
7 Rooms.....$60 to $70

Grand 7 Room Apart's

2 Baths.....$50 to $54

Two Apartments on a Floor.

611-615 West 176th St.

Near St. Nicholas Av. (181st Subway.)

Select West Side Apartments

Fairholm
503 West 121st St. Near Amsterdam Avenue
Facing Columbia College Grounds.
6 Rooms and Bath
Rents $50 to $55

West Point Court
S. E. Cor. Riverside Drive and 135th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms
each having a view of the River; plenty of air and sunshine; all modern improvements.
Rents $65 to $90

The Quidnet
526 W. 113th St., near Broadway.
8-story fireproof Apartment House.
6 Rooms and Bath
Rent $87.50

530 W. 113th St.
Near Broadway.
Eight-story Fireproof.
Every modern convenience.
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath,
$75-$85

Barryholm
S. E. Cor. B'way & 164th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
5, 6, 7 Rooms and 2 Baths
Rents $55 to $70

The Phaeton
537 West 112th St., near Broadway.
Modern Fireproof Building.
Exceptionally Desirable Apartments.
6-7 Rooms and 2 Baths
Rents $100 to $125

Galanthea
510 WEST 113TH ST.
Between Broadway & Amsterdam Av.
5 Rooms and Bath
Rents $45 to $52.50
All improvements, electric lights, telephone, &c.; hall service.

7-9 W. 108th St.
near Central Park West; convenient to "L," Subway and all surface lines.
4 and 5 Rooms
Rents $35 to $48
A high class house, having elevator, telephone, electric light, and all modern improvements.

THOS. J. O'REILLY
Broadway and 109th Street Telephone 9700 River.

JUST COMPLETED
Only Four Apartments Left Out of Fifty
Two 6-Room Apartments
Two 9-Room Apartments
in the
DALLIEU
S. E. Cor. West End Ave. & 101st St.
This illustrates the desirability of these apartments. They have unequalled arrangements, such as filtered water throughout the building; steam driers on the roof; two passenger and two service elevators, thus assuring privacy on each floor by elimination of public halls; tiled kitchens; vacuum cleaner; inclosed radiators; extra servants' rooms; private storage rooms.
Fred'k Zittel & Sons B'way & 79th St. B'way & 140th St.
BUILDING OPEN FOR INSPECTION DAILY & SUNDAY.

3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms and Bath
Extra Maids' Rooms.
THE OREGON
162 W. 54th St., Cor. 7th Ave.
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING.
RENT $900 TO $1,700 PER ANNUM.
RENTING AGENTS ON PREMISES, OR
Slawson & Hobbs, Agents, 162 W. 72d St.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.
Great Rent Reduction.
Liberal Concessions.
In order to rent up completely we will accept any reasonable offer.
NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
with view of the Hudson for miles.
THE NORTHERN,
N. W. Cor. 181st St. and Northern Av.
8 blocks west of B'way Station at 181st St.
8 rooms, 2 baths, $75-$85, formerly $110.
7 rooms, 2 baths, $60-$70, formerly $85.
6 rooms, 1 bath, $52, formerly $65.
5 rooms, 1 bath, $50, formerly $60.
Large rooms. Positively double the size of other apartments. Size 18x20.
Southern exposure: very large butler's pantry.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.
Only
Few Suites Left
In this High Class House
Inspect them to-day
THE PATERNO
440 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
North Corner 116th St.
A few apartments of
4-6 & 8 Rooms.
to rent and sublet.
Rentals $660 to $2,000.
Special!
Corner Apartment of
8 Rooms & 3 Baths
To Sublet.
All rooms outside
Large and sunny overlooking
Drive and Hudson.
Rent Very Reasonable.
OPEN EVENINGS.

Attractive Apartments.
THE MARKENFIELD,
605-611 West 111th St.
4-5-6 rooms and bath.
Rents $600 to $1,020.
THE ANNEMERE,
609 West 115th St.
7 and 8 rooms, $840 to $1,200.
THE LUCETINE,
35 West 96th St.
7 rooms and bath.
Rent $900 to $1,200.
Leroy Coventry, Agent,
156 W. 72d St. Tel. 4939—Col.

The Columbus
10-story Fireproof Apartment
AT SUBWAY
Cor. 157th St. & B'way
2 Elevators
All Night Service
Fireproof protection for the same rent as non-fireproof Apartments

3	4	6	7 Rooms
$40	$45	$65	$75 Rents

L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.
3787 Broadway, near 157th St.

LIBERAL CONCESSIONS
To secure desirable tenants on three-year leases, owner is willing to make a very attractive proposition on apartments in
The Riverside Dwellings,
619 West 114th St.
Apartments consist of eight large rooms and two baths, parquet floors, French doors and every improvement. Rents—$1,200 to $1,500.
LEROY COVENTRY,
156 West 72d St.

THE BILTMORE.
261-263 WEST 129TH ST.
5 and 6 large, light rooms and bath. Elevator, night and day service. Hall boy, telephone. Rental $480 to $690. Apply Superintendent on premises.

---

159 St., 465 W.
HIGH CLASS APARTMENT,
7 Rooms; Subway, "L."
$45 to $53.

PRINCE'S COURT
N.E. CORNER
164th ST. & BROADWAY.
New high-class elevator Apartment,
4, 6, 7 AND 8 ROOMS.
Desirable Doctor's Apartment.
RENTS VERY REASONABLE
SUPT., ON PREMISES, OR 'PHONE 3709—GREELEY.

GOYA
611 West 156th St.
NEW HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT, BETWEEN BROADWAY AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE, ONE BLOCK FROM SUBWAY STATION, DIRECTLY OPPOSITE GROUNDS OF SPANISH MUSEUM.
7-8 Room Apts., 2 Baths.
RENTS VERY REASONABLE

ROYAL COURT,
160th St., Cor. St. Nicholas Ave.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
Day and Night Elevator, Telephone Service. 5 and 6 large, light rooms, abundant closets; convenient to Subway and elevated.
RENTS $40-$45-$50
which is 35% lower than any other elevator apartment in Greater New York.

VERSAILLES PALACE
605-607 WEST 113TH ST
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.
6 ROOMS AND BATH, $1,000.
7 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, $1,450.
8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, $1,550.
All rooms large and light, elevator and all modern improvements; unexcelled service.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

The Mentone
Southwest Corner
104th St. & West End Av.
New 12-Story Fireproof Building
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
Unusually Large Rooms, with unobstructed sunlight on all sides; exceptionally attractive floor plan.
7 Rooms & 3 Baths
Rents $1,900-$2,400.
Open for Inspection 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Renting Agent on Premises. Tel. 8214 River.

---

6 Rooms
2 Baths
Now open for inspection. Absolutely fireproof. New Building. Ready for occupancy.
RENTAL $1,800 to $2,400.
565 PARK AVE.
Between 62d & 63d Sts.
An Apartment Furnished by Messrs. Huber & Co. is open for inspection.
DOCTORS' SUITES, 3 Rooms, $1,500.
Superintendent on premises,
or BING & BING, 505 Fifth Ave.

BING & BING
505 5th Av. Tel., Murray Hill 5600

Raymore Central Park West, Cor. 68th St.	7 Rooms & Bath.	ONE APARTMENT $1,400.
Amherst 204 W. 110th St.	Apartments of 7 & 8 Rooms, 3 Baths.	LARGE ROOMS, AMPLE CLOSETS. $1,800 to $2,000.

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES AT EACH HOUSE.

---

555 Park Ave.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 62D ST.
NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE
Now Ready for Occupancy
10 to 13 Rooms 3 & 4 Baths
$3,750 to $6,000
An apartment furnished by Huber & Co. open for inspection.
Pease & Elliman, Agents, 340 Madison Av. Tel., 6200—Murray Hill.

TEL. MURRAY HILL—6960. **EDGAR A. LEVY,** 505 FIFTH AV.

THE CLARK 2,211 Madison Av. High Class Apartments of 9 Rooms & 2 Baths Rents $1,800	**THE METEOR** 77 East 89th St. Apartments of 9 Rooms & 2 Baths Rental $1,600
BEACONSFIELD S. E. Cor. Riverside Drive & 136th St. Magnificent View of Hudson River. 5 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths $780	**HUDSON-FULTON** S. E. Cor. Broadway and 136th St. One Block from Subway Station. 6, 7 & 8 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths $840 to $1,080

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.
You are very fortunate if you live in a building with such a perfect service as is provided by
THE HAMPTONS
117TH STREET, ST. NICHOLAS AND SEVENTH AVENUES.
The best managed Apartment House in Harlem. A few 7 and 8 room apartments are for rent from October 1st. This great house has been completely and newly renovated, and, where deemed necessary, new conveniences have been added. The equipment and arrangement are strictly 1914. Inquire to-day.
RENTALS, $840 to $1,100.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

"THE COLLINSON,"
225 West End Ave.,
Corner 70th St.
CHOICE ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
6 Rooms and Bath. Rental $720 Per Annum.

2023 7th Ave., Near 121st.
HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS
7 ROOMS AND BATH, ALL IMPROVEMENTS; FINE NEIGHBORHOOD. RENT $40.00 UP. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Michigan, Illinois, Louisiana.
507-517 WEST 113TH ST.
Absolutely Fireproof High-Class Building.
2-4-5-6 Rooms, $450 to $900.

FINLEY MANOR
St. Nicholas Ave., Edgecombe Ave., and 139th St.
Just completed, Highest Type Elevator House.
2-3-4-5 Rooms, $250 to $750.

MANHATTAN—East Side.
Bachelor Apartments,
142 East 22d St.
Newly constructed, high class, Apartments of two rooms and bath, four rooms and two baths. Decorated to suit.
Very desirable studio, northern exposure.
Moderate rents.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

PROSPECT HILL,
1,370 Madison Av. (91st).—7-8 large, sunny rooms; elevator; immediate possession; $65-$75.
Broadway REMCO 94th Street

THE LEXINGTON
144-46-48 East 22d Street.
Attractive large apartments, 4 and 5 rooms and bath. All night elevator service. Electric light, telephone. Moderate rent. Superintendent on premises.

MANHATTAN—East Side.
5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.
100 feet east of 5th Ave.
THE MASON,
6-12 East 58th St.
ATTRACTIVE APARMENTS, 8 ROOMS AND BATH, MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, ELEVATOR SERVICE FOR MAIDS.
VERY LOW RENTS FOR CHOICE LOCATION.
$1,600 and $1,650.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE KING
56 to 60 East 87th St.
A high-class elevator apartment; night service; up-to-date improvements; one suitable for physician.
6 beautiful large light rooms, $750 to $900

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Chambermaid service.
RENTALS $45, $55, and $65.
See Superintendent on Premises.

---

512 Fifth Ave
Southwest Corner 43d St.
APARTMENTS
The Carlton
157 EAST 81ST ST.
New fireproof elevator apartments, (two only,) six extra large rooms, spacious bathroom, showers, separate maids' conveniences; $900-$1,100; also one apartment, three extra large rooms, spacious bath; $600. Supt.

---

27 East 62d St.
Exceptionally choice neighborhood. New 9-story fireproof apartments. Ready for occupancy October 1st. 4-6 Rooms and Bath. Rents $1,000-$2,100.
Pease & Elliman,
340 Madison Av., near 43d St.

---

103 East 75th St.
Near Park Av.
New Fireproof Building in an exceptionally choice location. 7 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths. $1,800-$2,900.
Pease & Elliman,
340 Madison Av., near 43d St.

---

11 East 68th St.
N. W. Cor. Madison Av.
New Fireproof Building. Situated in the choicest residential section of the city. 6, 7, 8, 12, 13 Rooms and Baths. Rentals, $1,600-$7,000.
Pease & Elliman,
340 Madison Av., near 43d St.

---

375 PARK Ave
Fifty-second to Fifty-third Streets
Apartments Now Being Leased to Approved Tenants.
OPEN fireplaces in your living rooms that burn wood or coal will be one of the conveniences of your home here. Beautiful woodwork, perfect heating, lighting and plumbing. Private storerooms and laundries. Refrigeration furnished. These and a multitude of other conveniences have been provided for the tenants of New York's best located apartment house.

8 to 12 Rooms, 3 to 4 Baths.
Rentals $2,300 to $6,000.
Restaurant "Voysin" on the premises will open October 1st.

---

43 Fifth Av.,
N. E. Corner 11th St.
One 9 Room Apartment and 3 Baths
One 10 Room Apartment and 3 Baths
Mark Rafalsky & Company
527 Fifth Avenue at 44th Street

In the Heart of the City
43 to 51 East 58th Street
Housekeeping Apartments of
7 Rooms & 2 Baths
$1260 to $1650
Modern Steel Fireproof Buildings
8 Stories; Standard Service
REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT CO.
Broadway at 98th Street
or Agent on premises

MANHATTAN—East Side.
The Berkshire
500 Madison Ave.
Corner 52nd Street
8, 9, 10 Rooms & 3 Baths
$3,000—$4,500
For further information inquire on premises or at our office
10 East 45th St.
Douglas Robinson
Charles S. Brown Co

---

120 EAST 31st ST.
HIGHEST CLASS FIREPROOF APARTMENT, 8 ROOMS, BATH, ETC.; CONTINUOUS ELEVATOR SERVICE; CENTRAL LOCATION; CONVENIENT TO ALL RAILROAD STATIONS, SUBWAY AND TRANSIT LINES. RENT $1,500. APPLY ON PREMISES, OR McVICKAR GAILLARD REALTY CO., 489 FIFTH AV., AT 42D ST.

MANHATTAN—East Side.
HOHENZOLLERN,
73 East 90th St., Cor. Park Av.
Modern, high-class building; every up-to-date improvement; continuous day and night elevator and telephone service.
All Large, Outside Rooms.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths.
Rent Very Reasonable.
Superintendent on premises.

BACHELORS
1 and 2 Rooms and Bath.
47 EAST 30TH ST.
Very Exclusive. References Required.
Carstein & Linnekin,
221 FOURTH AV. 'Phone 2293 Gramercy

---

19 East 57th Street.
2 and 3 rooms and bath.....$1,000 to $1,300
4 rooms, kitchenette and bath.....$2,500
Doctor's office, 2 rooms & bath, ground floor..$1,100.
Elevator service, all improvements. Apply on premises or Alvan W. Perry, 20 Nassau St. 'Phone John 800.

Sublet Unfurnished, 6 Rooms
all outside, modern elevator house; regular rent $65; will sublet for $55; my lease expires Sept. 30, 1914. Gleitz, 110 Morningside Drive, near 121st.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
BRONX.

THE
MORRIS AND BURNSIDE ARMS
179th St. and Morris Ave.
block from 180th Crosstown Cars.
Quiet residential section.
3, 4 and 5 Rooms
New Modern
Elevator Apartments
Rentals $288 to $552
Unsurpassed Day and Night Hall and Elevator Service.
Under direct management of thee owners.

The Hunts Point
163rd and Simpson St.
Southern Boulevard
3 Elevators
All Night Service
Private Park for Tenants

3	4	5	6	7	8 Rooms
$30	$40	$50	$55	$60	$75 Rents

Plenty of Closet Space
Take Bronx Subway to Simpson Street Station
A. ARENT CO.,
1010 East 163rd Street

Watson A-RE-CO Apartments
5 Rooms—$26-$30.
Take Bronx Park Subway to Simpson Street Station and then walk or ride (three minutes) on Westchester Avenue to Boynton, Elder, Wheeler, or Evergreen Avenues.

BROOKLYN.
VERNON
708 OCEAN AVENUE,
Bet. Beverley and Albemarle Roads.
4--5--6 ROOMS
EVERY CONCEIVABLE IMPROVEMENT
FINEST LOCATION
BEST TRANSIT
Rents from $40 to $75
Apply on premises. Tel. 9147 Flatbush.
JUDSON H. PAIGE, Rental Agent,
1031 Cortelyou Rd. Tel. 903 Flatbush.
Apartments Open Evenings Until 10

"The Rosemuir"
New Buildings Ready October 1st
Caton Av., East 17th to E. 18th St.
Finest of All Modern Apartments, in Beautiful Flatbush, near Prospect Park.
5 TO 6 ROOMS and BATH
RENTS $27 TO $55
Brighton Beach "L" Church Av. Station at Corner. 20 Minutes to Manhattan.
Apply on premises every day, including Sunday, or
ARLES REALTY CO., Inc., Owners
ARTHUR PINOVER, President.
16 Court St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 395.

THE CHATSWORTH
140 E. 19th St., near Beverley Road.
4 & 5 ROOM APARTMENTS
Just being completed, containing every known improvement, 2 minutes' walk to Beverley Road station, Brighton Beach open-air Subway.
RENTS, $33 TO $50
Apply on premises or WILLIAM SCOTT, Owner, 44 Court St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 6318.

GRANDVIEW COURT,
Parkside Ave., West of St. Paul's Pl.
Suites of 4 and 5 Rooms
Rents $38 to $50
Facing Prospect Park and containing every known innovation and improvement. Apply on premises, or BROOKLYN UNION BLDG. CORP., 44 Court St., Brooklyn. 'Phone Main 6318.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
Furnished or Unfurnished
Hotel Service
HOLWORTHY CHAMBERS
152-6 Madison Av., cor. 32d St.
1-2-3 Rooms and Bath
$240 to $1,200
Inquire on premises or
G. M. Simonson, 100 William St.

ATTENTION!
COZILY FURNISHED 6 LARGE ROOMS, SECOND FLOOR FRONT, NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE, WITHIN 2 BLOCKS BROADWAY SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION AND ALL SURFACE CARS; ELEVATOR; BATH; STEAM HEAT; HOT WATER; TELEPHONE; ELECTRICITY; HALL SERVICE; PLAYER-PIANO; CHINA, GLASSWARE, &c.; $125 MONTHLY. MR. TOWNSEND, SUPERINTENDENT, 310 WEST 97TH, OR TELEPHONE J. RAE, 4595 MURRAY HILL.

The Strafford
S. W. Cor. West End Av. & 98th St.
One ten-room Apartment, completely furnished, to sublet at $3,600.
MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY,
Broadway, at 89th Street.

Real Estate
City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

211 & 213 WEST 122D ST., NEAR 7TH AV. 3-story and basement dwellings; 8 rooms, 2 baths, large hall living room, newly renovated, in perfect order; $840 each. Caretaker on premises. Remco, Broadway and 98th St. Telephone 1300 Riverside.

48th St., 20 West.—Private family only; four-story and basement house; 18 rooms, 4 baths; three-story extension; electric light; hardwood floors; immediate possession. Caretaker, or Charles C. Bull, 27 William St. 'Phone 587 Broad.

55th St., 127 East.—For sale or rent, furnished or unfurnished, 19-foot modern house, 13 rooms, 5 baths, back parlor extension; fine private street; free rent to Oct. 1. Herbert A. Sherman, 114 Liberty St.

309 West 139th St.—Fine order; $1,000; 10 rooms, 2 baths; near "L" station. Address Alberti, Carnegie Hall.

WEST 70TH ST.,
near Broadway; elegant private dwelling; handsomely decorated; $1,600; immediate possession. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

Real Estate
Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

Acre plots at Manor Heights, Briarcliff; high in elevation; reasonable in price; restricted enough for protection. Particulars from Angell & Co., 507 5th Av., New York City, or W. H. Oliver, Ossining, N. Y.

A Bargain in Acreage.—High, well treed tract of 90 acres in good location; excellent view; $250 per acre. Angell & Co., 507 5th Av.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

Will sell or rent cosy brick and stucco house; large plot, eight rooms, big closets, hardwood trim, steam heat, open fireplace, gas, electric light, broad piazza; living room, 21x14; three minutes from electric station, 25 minutes to Manhattan; nice neighbors; club house; tennis courts. H. Anton, 50 Church St. Tel. 7500 Cortland.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

STATEN ISLAND.
Thirty acres; highest property on the island, adjacent to the new Government Beacon; nearly a mile road frontage on two main thoroughfares; adjoining property in every direction held at $1,000 per acre; has been platted, monuments are all in place, streets ready for grading; cuts up into over five hundred lots, which should sell at from $100 to $200 per lot in any market. WILL CONSIDER OFFER OF $700 AN ACRE FOR A FEW DAYS.
Address Smith, Room 711, 140 Broadway.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

A.—Will sacrifice on convenient terms my attractive country residence on generous plot near water; house is of old English architecture; large living room has beamed ceiling and fireplace, dining room has built-in sideboard and fireplace; 4 master's bedrooms, ample servants' quarters, 3 bathrooms; grounds terraced and landscaped; surroundings completely improved. M 64 Times.

FIVE-ROOM HOUSE ON PLOT 50x150, NEAR WATERFRONT; 10 MINUTES' WALK FROM EXPRESS STATION AND LARGE VILLAGE; JUST THE PLACE FOR ALL YEAR HOME; PRICE VERY LOW; TERMS CAN BE ARRANGED. M 100 TIMES.

Commuter's home; less than one hour on express train; plenty of space for garden and chicken run; you can pay for it with what you raise; short walk from station and large village; your own terms; price very low. M 101 Times.

NEW house; six rooms and bath; piazzas front and side; 50x150 ft. of ground; less than one hour from Penn'a. L. I. depot, 83d St. and 7th Av.; price, $2,500; easy terms. M 75 Times.

House for sale or rent at Garden City Estates; seven large rooms with all improvements, including steam heat. J. H. Gehrken, 25 Broad St., New York City.

Fine house, seven rooms, steam heat, parquet floors, two or more lots, 35 minutes out. C. Hollberg, Hawthorne Av., Floral Park, L. I.

Large stucco house in Westbury, 8 rooms and bath, all improvements on plot, 100x100. Price $6,000. Easy terms. M. 77 Times.

New house in Freeport near the water; 9 rooms, bath, steam heat, &c. Rent $400. Price $4,200. Easy terms. M. 78, Times.

Would you invest $6,000 or $75,000 in Long Island City real estate if it paid 12%? T. M. Galbreath, Bridge Plaza, Long Isl. City.

HOUSE.—Five rooms and bath; 50x150 ft. of ground; 55 minutes out; price for whole, $900. M 74 Times.

Plot for commuter, 105x300; new house adjoining. Price of plot only $675; terms. M. 76 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

HILLSDALE HOUSES, $2,000 UP.
In hills Northern Jersey, charming new 7 and 8 room houses and 6-room bungalows; all improvements; 4 minutes to station; 42 minutes Hudson Tubes; exceptional terms; would rent to prospective buyers. Hillsdale Estates, 302 Singer Building.

$4,000 Fanwood, N. J., house, semi-bungalow style; hardwood finish, all city improvements; large plot, beautiful shade; near station. Will sell on very easy terms. Write us for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

At Westfield, N. J., little chicken farm, 10,000 square feet, new seven-room semi-bungalow, chicken runs, &c.; $20 per month will pay for it. Write for particulars and free railroad tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Widow will sacrifice to quick buyer six-room house; all improvements; $3,000; also corner property, six-room new house; all modern improvements; restricted section; $4,200; $300 cash and $25 monthly, including interest. Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

AT Englewood, N. J., for the Winter, furnished house of 12 rooms with all improvements; seven minutes from train or trolley; moderate rent. Apply 87 Tenafly Road, Englewood, N. J.; phone 228 J Englewood.

Summit—35 minutes from New York; modern private dwelling, 12 rooms, 2 bathrooms; $85, electricity throughout; parquet floors; open plumbing; six minutes railroad, trolley station; large grounds; sacrifice. Z 289 Times.

$100 to $400 cash, balance $12 to $30 monthly, (prin. & int.), buys one of our lovely new homes in hills N. J., costing $1,200 to $3,000; 30 min. from B'way; fare 7c; every imp. Write for tickets. G. R. & D. Co., 35 W. 32d, N. Y.

Bungalows, 6 and 7 rooms; every improvement; five minutes station and country club; magnificent view; $4,500; easy terms; would rent to intending buyer. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

SUMMIT, N. J.—Exceptionally fine old country home, with modern improvements; large grounds, barn, garden, fruit; fine neighborhood. Young, 674 Springfield Av.

$500 buys a large plot near depot at Fanwood, N. J.; $5 per month pays for it; big bargain. Send for free railroad tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

For Sale—The entire or the controlling interest in a partially developed residence park, in one of the best of the up-State cities, entirely within the two-mile circle from the centre of the city and bordered by high-grade property; an opportunity for large profit. Address Z 299 Times.

Connecticut—For Sale or to Let.

Water-front Southfield Point—50 minutes Grand Central; semi-bungalow, 9 rooms, 3 baths; hot water heat; oak floors throughout; gas, electricity, sewerage; exceptional opportunity; $14,000. Badgley, Jones & Good, 505 Fifth Av. 710 Murray Hill.

Fruit and poultry farm of 18 acres; adjoins pretty lake; two miles from Danbury; fine 10-room house; shady lawn; price $4,500; a real "homey" place. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Will exchange good income property for free and clear private house, with grounds, Manhattan or suburbs. M 106 Times.

Real Estate Wanted.

Property in Manhattan or Bronx for cash buyer, improved or unimproved, wanted. F. Oppenheimer, 540 Bergen, corner 149th.

Will exchange whole or part number good paintings for real estate or other property. H 146 Times.

Mortgage Loans.

Wanted on first mortgages, in sums ranging from $1,200 to $5,000, on lots in the Bronx. Address Chas. Galewski Co., 941 Intervale Av.

To Let for Business Purposes.

DESIRABLE SITES.
WATER FRONT LOTS ON EAST RIVER.
VACANT LOTS WELL LOCATED:
LARGE LOFTS—FACING EAST RIVER.
APPLY BROKMAN ESTATE, 52 EXCHANGE PLACE.

3-STORY BUILDING,
25.6x102,
at Third Ave., near 81st St.; will lease for term of years. J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO., 20 East 42d St.

NEW STORE AND BASEMENT,
41 East 41st St.
Near Subway and in Terminal Zone.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN, 114 Liberty St.

5 WEST 16TH STREET.
Store, 20x70. $80; Parlor Story, $60.
Phone 3106 Chelsea.
Brokers full commission.

40th St., 66 West.—Small front parlor, suitable studio, office; private house; references.

17-19-21-23 WEST 31ST ST.
Several large stores at rentals from $720 and up.
WM. HARVEY, Superintendent.

FOR RENT.
STORE AND FLOOR,
14 EAST 39TH.

TOP FLOOR.
Suitable for studio or business purposes.
59 West 46th St.

FOR RENT.
Store and floor.
61 West 46th St.

822 Lexington Av.—Parlor floor, suitable doctor's office; all conveniences; telephone.

31st St., 129 West.—Front part loft, suitable offices, light manufacturing; elevator.

Country Property
To Let—Furnished.

Attractively furnished 8-room house; improvements; cheap yearly. L. Armstrong, Great Neck, L. I.

Apartments to Let
Furnished.
West Side.

FURNISHED APARTMENT OVERLOOKING MORNINGSIDE PARK; SEVEN ROOMS, ALL SOUTHERN AND EASTERN EXPOSURE; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE; COMPLETELY FURNISHED IN GENUINE MAHOGANY, WITH LINEN, DISHES, SILVER, ETC.; WILL SUB-LET FOR NINE OR TWELVE MONTHS. HARMAN, 106 MORNINGSIDE DRIVE. PHONE, 8118 MORNINGSIDE.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2 AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette; furnished, $20, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, at 72d St.

6, 8, 9 rooms and two baths, newly decorated and furnished; possession immediately. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 5547.

121st St., 509 West.—Columbia grounds opposite; near Subway; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; beautifully furnished; complete housekeeping; elegant, modern, fireproof building; restaurant. See Mrs. Yetman.

Five rooms, newly furnished; silverware and linen; improvements; elevator; 4,200 Broadway; block from Subway; reasonable. Leach, 4040 Audubon.

419 West 110th.—Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, light, airy, attractively furnished, in new high-grade building; every convenience. Apt. 4A.

Very desirable single rooms, with bath; also choice 2 and 3 room suites at most attractive rates. Hotel Wallick, 43d St. and Broadway

Completely furnished 7 rooms and bath; central location; moderate rent; very desirable and attractive. G. Gresham, 316 Hudson St.

Handsomely furnished apartment 7 rooms and 3 baths, 5 months or longer; Broadway, near 110th St. H 102 Times.

HIGH CLASS, $55 TO $75.
Four or six rooms, completely furnished; elevator, telephone; fine location. 5 W. 104th.

Artist's studio, north light, antique furniture; room optional; bath; reference. 65 West 56th St.

52 West 39th.—Two large rooms, bath, electric light, telephone extension; furnished or unfurnished.

Two-room apartment, near Columbia University; newly furnished; $65. Answer, Z 290 Times.

100th, 253 West.—Furnished apartment in modern private house; charming and exclusive.

Eight-room apartment, on Riverside Drive; elegantly furnished; $225. Z 293 Times.

Six rooms; player piano; silver, linen. 49 Claremont Av., (cor. 116th St., West.)

Five-room apartment; nicely furnished; near Columbia University. Z 292 Times.

Three-room apartment, near Columbia University; newly furnished; $85. Z 291 Times.

Six front modern rooms facing south; two closets; $90. 509 West 122d St.

East Side.

19th St., 113 East.—For rent to single woman, large, sunny room, with bath; furnished or unfurnished; in private house, adjacent to Gramercy Park; all improvements.

An elegantly furnished 7-8 room apartment, Park Av. corner. 75 East 81st St.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Literary man requires apartment eight or more rooms, three baths, Oct. 1 to June 1; neighborhood West End Avenue in seventies or eighties preferred; can refer to former landlord in case given the possession of others. Not over $275 per month. Address Box 234 Times, 2 Rector St.

Wanted.—Furnished apartment for four adults, for six months, from Oct. 1, location between Washington Square and 80th Street; state price per month. M 111 Times.

WANTED.—For the Winter months, a fully furnished apartment by a lady with no children; must be on Fifth Av., below 59th St. Answer to M B Times office.

Living room with fireplace, 2 or 3 bedrooms, kitchen, bath; references given and required; reasonable; East side or downtown. H 154 Times

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished.
West Side.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON,
318-328 West 51st St.
Attractive apartments of seven, eight large, light rooms, bath, elevator; all improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

44 West 93d St.—Quiet, well managed house; one apartment to each floor; eight rooms with private hall and tiled bath; beautifully decorated; perfect light; excellent rear; rent $60.

83D ST., 71 WEST.
Seven large, light rooms and bath; all modern improvements; suitable for doctor or dentist; rent reasonable. Apply premises or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

NEAR BROADWAY.
109th St., 204 West; five rooms and bath; beautiful apartment; electricity, telephone, hall service; hardwood floors, &c.; beautiful entrance; management owner; rent $33 to $45.

AT SACRIFICE.—TO SUBLET, ELEGANT 8-ROOM APARTMENT; EXTRA LARGE ROOMS; $70. 854 WEST 181ST ST. Apt. 2B.

THE HAWTHORNE,
128 Central Park, South.
Nine rooms & 2 baths; facing the Park; 87 feet front. Apply to owner, on premises.

Apartment. — Large Broadway corner, 11 rooms, 2 baths, suitable for dentist, very reasonable. Inquire 2,296 Broadway-83d St.

118th St., 226 West.—"The Kensington." Elevator Apartments; 6-7 large, light rooms; select neighborhood, near Central Park; low rentals; don't fail to see these.

Doctor's complete office suite, with surgery, in physician's house; suitable for specialists or two physicians. 64 West 56th St. Tel. 442.

To sublet for year, from Oct. 1, corner ground floor; equipped for physician. Hatton Court, Broadway and 153d St. Mrs. Nathan.

Apartments of 1-2-3 rooms and bath; 26 West 49d St. and others. Apply D. R. Jamieson, Supt., 500 5th Av.

Elevator apartment, 6 rooms, bath, front; southern exposure; $55. 547 West 123d St., (Broadway.)

11th, 27 West.—"Larchmont," high-class elevator apartments; 7-8 large, light rooms; moderate rental; Washington Square section.

ELEVATOR APTS., $40 TO $45.
Five or six rooms; high class; fine location. 40 West 127th, 30 East 128th St.

HIGH CLASS, $40 TO $60.
4 or 5 rooms; elevator, telephone; fine location near park. 6 West 104th.

47th, 16 West.—Very desirable kitchenette apartment; every convenience; heat, hot water.

5 W. 16th St.—Bachelor apartments and skylight studios; rent $30-$45. Tel. 3106 Chel.

Washington Place, 88.—Seven large rooms; steam, hot water, parquet floors, electricity.

Elevator apartment, six outside rooms; $750 yearly. Green, 201 West 106th St.

East Side.

APARTMENTS.
UNFURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
1 Room, bath and Kitchenette..... $20
2 Rooms, bath and Kitchenette..... $30
3 Rooms, bath and Kitchenette..... $50
4 Rooms, bath and Kitchenette..... $60
Parlor Floor for Business..... $125
Also 3 and 4 Rooms and bath in Apartment Hotel, from $1,400 per year up. Apply Renting Agency,
32 East 68th St., Cor. Madison Ave.

28 EAST 56TH STREET.
Southwest cor. Madison Av., new apartments; 4 and 5 rooms & bath, $660 to $1,020. Apply on premises or Alvan W. Ferry, 20 Nassau St.; phone John 809.

301TH ST., 48 EAST.—Southeast corner Madison Av.; apartment of eight large rooms, 3 baths; also inside apartment of seven rooms, $60; modern improvements.

30th, 146 East.—Apartments of two rooms and bath, $660 per year; one floor of 4 rooms and 2 baths, $1,320 per year; all improvements.

106th St., 10 East—Elevator apartment; eight large outside rooms; superior service; $70.

83D ST., 135 EAST, near 4th Av.—Six rooms, bath, modern improvements; $45.

Brooklyn.

PARK SLOPE APARTMENTS.
Six elegant, light rooms, bath; separate toilet; hot water, electric light, telephone; rent, $35-$37. 509 6th St., one block from Prospect Park.

Just finished, elegant six and seven room apartments, all improvements; best section of Eastern Parkway. 709 Eastern Parkway.

Bronx.

780 TINTON AV.,
Two blocks from Jackson Av. or Prospect Av. Subway station; 7 rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water supply; $27. Inquire in bakery.

Four and five rooms; finest in the Bronx. 1,120 Boston Road.

Apartments Wanted—Unfurnished

Apartment.—Elevator; two ladies, or would share; references. Keith, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Storage.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, or moving, or shipping, or packing and shipping at moderate charges; send for booklet. American Storage Co., 314-316 West 48th. Telephone 7207 Bryant.

Business Opportunities.

$10,000 OR $5,000 MAY BE INVESTED FOR 5 YEARS AT 10%, SECURED BY FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS ON A PLANT WITH A FORCED SALE VALUATION OF $25,000. FULLEST OPPORTUNITY GIVEN FOR MOST RIGID INVESTIGATION. APPLY Z 285 TIMES.

AN A1 RESTAURANT
To rent on most satisfactory terms to responsible, experienced party; 60 large bright rooms, some with baths; best location, only roof garden in the city; fully equipped; handsomest cafe in the State; small investment; nothing for good will; circumstances can be learned; inquire immediately; quick action is necessary. FEIST & FEIST, 788 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Have exceptional facilities, experience, connections, and supposedly the qualifications for securing import agencies and placing export business in Great Britain; with the change in the tariff, now is the time to connect up; will act only for parties now in business; leaving for London next week. H 142 Times.

Wanted—Partner with $5,000 to $10,000 to go into automobile business; this proposition is worth consideration. H 159 Times.

Wanted, men to conduct restaurant (dining room and kitchen) in new hotel about to be opened; owners are furnishing equipment; only those who have run high-class establishments will be considered. Address, stating age and past experience, Box A 50 Times.

We want a capitalist to become interested in us; are confronted with enormous staple demand for our goods; have plant, equipment, orders, men; doing business now, but with additional $5,000 or $10,000 could quickly do far more at great profit. H 126 Times.

Wanted—A good business man with money to invest in a good going manufacturing company, to take active part in management. H 160 Times.

For Sale or Partner.—An embroidery mail order business, well advertised, desires to connect with party willing to invest; will stand thorough investigation. Write, Catalogue, 104 East 14th St.

Fancy baking and high-class confectionery; Park & Tilford distributors; beautifully equipped; city 40,000 near New York; other business; $8,500; terms; no agents. Sweets, 275 Times Downtown.

We need a man or business woman of capability and good address; commercial manufacturing business; salary, expenses, and share of profits; limited investment required as evidence of good faith. Box H 161 Times.

Man earning $2,500 per annum may participate in a most worthy saving and profit sharing offer. Secretary, Room 209, 347 5th Av.

School.—Correspondence, voice culture; advertised extensively; big profits; partner with $1,000; experience unnecessary; reference. N 301 Times Downtown.

Firm rated doing business 25 million per annum wants to increase; desires financier for banking sales at reasonable terms. Address P 216 Times Downtown.

Business Abroad.—Young man going to Europe will undertake any business or personal commission. Address Europe, H 147 Times.

Corporation controlling process unlimited possibilities, vast demand, needs additional capital; increase business; strictly bona fide; investigate. H 126 Times.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR CHEF. Basement of furnished room house to rent; references. 23 Brevoort Place, Brooklyn.

HAVE $1,500 and services to invest in legitimate business; particulars. H 156 Times.

Exclusive agency wanted for staple specialties and novelties. Agent, H 150 Times.

Business Notices.

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT.
DIAMONDS, PEARLS, GOLD, SILVER, PLATINUM. Bank references. Open evenings. Private Office. Estates appraised and purchased. BENJAMIN FEINGOLD, 469 6th Av., between 28th and 29th Sts. Established 15 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Square.

Dependable multigraph typewritten letters 500, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10; address-ing, filling in, mailing, called for, delivered; very large capacity; deliveries when promised. Telephone 1,832 Cortlandt. William Gray, 93 Nassau.

Service and quality, plus new equipment and experienced help, enable us to produce facsimile letters becoming the dignity of your business; no orders too small or none too large. Cutler Circular Co., Rooms 1,003-4, 277 Broadway.

QUICK SERVICE MULTIGRAPH LETTER CO.—100, 65c.; 300, 95c.; 500, $1.25; reduction on short letters. Addressing, $2.50 per 1,000. 150 Nassau. 'Phone 5300 Beekman. Efficient work.

MULTIGRAPH LETTERS.—300, $1.20; 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8; called for; delivered; representative calls. Telephone Greeley 689. Gotham Multigraph Company, Room 1,304, 45 West 34th St.

HIGH-GRADE multigraph letters, exact reproductions; 500, $1.50; 1,000, $2.00; 10,000, $10.00; prompt, dependable service. The Orange Press, 132 Nassau St. Beekman 2356.

INVENTIONS developed; models, experimental work and light manufacturing. PAUL HOENACK, 109 Park Row.

Expert dictowrap operators, female detectives, furnished. McLellan's Detective Agency, 265 West 23d St.

Multigraphed letters, 300 $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. 'Phone Beekman 5350. G. H. Weatherford, 115 Nassau, Room 1,018.

Company ready to finance business people on account; interested parties or other security. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway.

Authorized bonded detectives; highest recommendations. H. H. Morton, 110 West 90th St.; telephone.

Detective Agency, 114 W. 125th St. Est. 86 years; strictly confidential. Frank Hook.

Public Notices.

THE UNITED STATES CIGAR COMPANY, formerly 32 Union Square, has acquired the business and property of the business known as the People's Cigar Company and will conduct same at 118 East 28th St. as the United States Cigar Company.

Schools.

LANSING-WALSH SEASIDE SCHOOLS,
Asbury Park, N. J.
Girls, young ladies, small boys. Regular academic and college preparatory courses. Special two years finishing course. Rowing, tennis, skating, ice-boating, &c. Address Mr. and Mrs. Lansing-Walsh, Principals.

CATHEDRAL SCHOOL OF SAINT MARY.
Garden City, Long Island, N. Y.
A school for girls; 19 miles from New York. Healthful location; spacious buildings. Excellent advantages in music and art. General and college preparatory courses.
MISS MIRIAM A. BYTELL, Principal.

FRENCH by correspondence, also evening course and private French and vocal lessons to ladies and gentlemen. Write for full information. Osso, 448 St. Nicholas Av., New York City.

Silliman Kindergarten—Normal class opens in connection with Morningside School Oct. 1. Apply Mrs. Elliman Sayre, 326 West 56th St., or school, 438 West 110th St.

PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT by experts will increase your chest 3 inches; upper arm 1 inch, in 25 lessons. Gymnasium. 7 East 40th St. Robert Schinzing.

English instruction for foreigners, lady (teacher, 11 years' experience. Timmons, H 151 Times.

PRIVATE tutor, successful record with boys, now open for engagement. Z 298 Times.

Pianos and Organs.

FROM FACTORY TO HOME.
New, slightly used pianos, $100; finest new 88-note players, $250. United Manufacturers, 108 West 34th St. Ask for booklet.

Player piano, standard make, latest improvements; 88 note; sell at sacrifice. 816 W. 424

Purchase and Exchange.

I pay the highest cash price for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 118 University Place. 2294—Stuyvesant.

Horses and Carriages.

WANTED.—Two small donkeys or burros; must look alike; send measurements, weight, also and price. Monahon, Room 801, 1,400 Broadway.

Clothing

MME. NATTAL buys fine evening, street and dinner costumes; diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 49 West 46th. Phone 670 Bryant.

Lost

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN.
$500 REWARD.
$100 FOR RETURN OF CAR. $400 FOR ARREST AND CONVICTION OF THIEF; STOLEN SEPT. 16TH, BETWEEN 11 A. M. AND 4 P. M., WHILE STANDING IN FRONT OF E. H. KLUGE WEAVING MILL, HUDSON AV. WEST NEW YORK, JERSEY CITY HEIGHTS, N. J.; ABBOTT-DETROIT, MODEL C, 1912, DEMI-TONNEAU, CAR NO. 2,106; DARK-BLUE BODY, BLACK WHEELS, SHOWING NEW JERSEY LICENSE NO. 3,871; PROPERTY OF PETER J. RODGERS, PATERSON, N. J. COMMUNICATE WITH E. S. HOPWOOD, ADJUSTER, 55 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK. TELEPHONE, JOHN 3796 AND 5018.

LOST—Union Pacific Railroad Company Common Stock Certificate No. 280,962 for 100 shares in the name of "Charles D. Smith." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Reward offered for return. Charles D. Smith, 85 Cedar St.

LOST—One diamond ring, between 9 and 12, on Broadway surface car, between 30th St. and 290 Broadway, or on Subway local, between Brooklyn Bridge and 33d St. station. Liberal reward if returned to M. H. Beaumont, 38 Warren St.

LOST—Wednesday evening, between Staten Island-New York, circular diamond brooch, diamond centre, six or seven surrounding; liberal reward. Townsend, 17 St. Mark's Place, New Brighton, S. I.

LOST—Small gilt traveling clock in red leather case, on 42d St. or 10th Av. car, on Monday, Sept. 15; suitable reward given. Room 811, 30 East 42d St.

LOST—Gold ring, set with three diamonds, in ladies' dressing room Waldorf-Astoria, Sept. 3; $200 reward for return. Address G 26 Times.

LOST.—On steamship Imperator, arriving Wednesday, handsome diamond brooch; liberal reward; no questions. Room 826, 1,133 Broadway.

LOST—Pass Book No. 20,834 of The Security Bank of New York, 903 Third Avenue, New York City. Payment stopped. Please return book to bank.

LOST—GOLD BAND BRACELET, SIX DIAMONDS, ONE SAPPHIRE; REWARD. ALTMAN, 145 WEST 111TH.

LOST.—A DIAMOND RING, ¾ carat, in a jewel case. Reward to finder, 124 West 114th St.

Found.

FOUND—Bay horse, white on forehead, front, and hind foot. C. Martin, Spuyten Duyvil Parkway and 234th, Bronx.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

LOST—An all-white fluffy spitz dog, about 2 years old, answers to the name of Jou-Jou. Liberal reward if returned to 131 West 77th St.

Automobile Exchange

Buicks—All late models touring and runabout, at the lowest prices in New York City.

Cadillac—1909 model, 4-pass.; in perfect order; $300.

Chalmers—Recent models; touring and runabout.

Fords—Several late models, near new, at bargain prices.

E. M. F. and Flanders—Late models touring and runabout; economical and cheap.

Little—1913 runabout, equal to new, at a bargain price.

Mercedes—Bargains in racers and roadsters; in excellent condition and at low cost.

Martini—Racer in fine shape, and a decided bargain.

Overland—Late models touring and toy tonneaus, with full equipment and at knock-out values.

Packard—Touring and limousine cars; sacrifices, owners must realize.

Pearless—1910 limousine, will be sold to first reasonable offer.

Regal—Touring cars at rock bottom prices.

Maxwell—Runabouts, in perfect order and tempting prices.

Stutz—Racer roadster; speedy, classy, up-to-date; perfect condition; a genuine sacrifice.

All these cars are in superb condition, and will be demonstrated fully and sold with guarantee.

AUTO STORAGE MART
32 W. 63d St., (near Bway.) Phone 1242 Col.

Will sacrifice Winton 6, late 1913, 7-passenger touring; fully equipped; 3 extra shoes, 7 tubes, clock, horn, speedometer; run 5,000 miles; must be seen to be appreciated. Antaens, 211 W. 87th St.

Packard 6-cylinder 48 touring, at enormous sacrifice; perfect condition; used five months; lot extras; electric lights, &c.; private party; price $2,200. Room 86, 258 West 58th St. Columbus 9439.

Cole 1913 demonstrator; electrical starter; in first-class condition; guaranteed. Colt-Stratton Co., Used Car Dept., 1,876 Broadway and 62d St. 'Phone 6000 Columbus.

Oakland, 1912-40; 35x4½ tires; electric lights; power air-pumps, Klaxonet, &c.; run 7,000 miles; cost $1,800; price $1,000. Dr. Perkins, 40 East 41st St.

Pope-Hartford, 1912, for $675; Garford 1911, for $425; good condition; fully equipped; sacrifice to make immediate sale. Walters, 2 West 90th. Phone 500 River.

1908 five-passenger White steamer; good running order. Inquire office Major Cement, 461 Pearl St., New York, or at garage, 790 Sterling Pl., Brooklyn.

PACKARD, 1910, "30," PHAETON; five-passenger; just repainted. Inquire Mr. Manning, 1,861 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Exchange three lots at Woodbridge, N. J., for five or seven passenger automobile. A. Meister, 8,798 Bay 21st St., Bath Beach.

Packard "30" runabout in good condition for any trip or service. Stable, 57 Irving Place.

White 1912, 5 passenger; every equipment. Percy, 490 Riverside Drive. Morningside 4261.

STEVENS-DURYEA, 1913, LIMOUSINE; practically new. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 Broadway, N. Y. City.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 1913, TOURING CAR; practically new. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Packard, 1914 model, 48, touring; must have money at once; bargain for quick buyer. M 99 Times.

Automobiles for Hire.

Will rent my 1911, five-passenger Packard car, also limousine, to responsible people for term of months reasonable; must be seen to be appreciated. 9029 J Morningside.

NEW $9,000 RENAULT BREWSTER LIMOUSINE, BY THE WEEK OR MONTH; OWNER DRIVES. MURPHY. PHONE 6148 AUDUBON.

BEAUTIFUL PACKARD
Touring Car; hour, week, or month; shown by appointment. Murray Hill 8976.

Packard limousine; private car; rent by month to responsible party; reasonable. Apply M. Beickert, 1,876 Broadway. 'Phone Columbus 1957.

Cadillac touring car for rent, day, week or month; special rates for shopping; owner drives. Murray Hill 9656.

For hire, Peerless 7-passenger touring car; hour, day, week; very reasonable. Christy, 7080 Columbus.

Beautiful 7-passenger Packard touring car, $3 per hour. Phone Murray Hill 8973.

PACKARDS; LARGE AND SMALL CARS, $3 UP. 'PHONE MURRAY HILL 91.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.
Spot cash for your automobile; any make, or will accept same on sale at 5% commission. Green's Agency, Broadway and 48th St.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE ACADEMY, 238 W. 54th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced.

Boarders Wanted
East Side.

NO. 7 FIFTH AVENUE.
Exceedingly attractive; excellent cuisine; refined service.

9TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms, private bath, steam; references.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with board.

40TH, 19 EAST.—Desirable large rooms and suite for the Winter; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Beautiful connecting large and small rooms, single. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

MADISON AV., 1,097, (at 76th.)—Attractive furnished rooms, single, en suite; private bath; parlor dining; excellent cuisine; table guests; phone.

MADISON AV., 910.—With board; desirable rooms; private baths; appointments first-class; references.

MADISON AV., 910.—Large and single rooms; baths; house, table superior; references.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,058, 123d.—Attractively furnished rooms; steam, hot water; best board.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 24 WEST.—Rooms, newly decorated; successful hosts; telephone.

Boarders Wanted
West Side.

218T, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Rooms with bath; steam; excellent table; references.

55D ST., 57 WEST.—Large, small rooms; baths; superior home table; telephone; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable large and small room; excellent board; references.

57TH ST., 319 WEST.
Suites; private baths; steam heat; telephone; large, new dining room; good table.

57TH, 361 WEST.—Large front rooms; conveniences; excellent table; moderate; telephone; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; electricity; excellent home cooking; references.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; 'phone; near Subway.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Elegant rooms, connected private bath; electricity; excellent cuisine; moderate.

70TH ST. AND BROADWAY, (Nevada.)—Private family will rent handsome room, private bath, suitable for two; board optional. Apt. 1C.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Gentlemen's boarding house; large room for two; excellent table.

73D ST., 181 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, southern exposure; excellent table; American family.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; Subway express; conveniences; references.

73D, 155 WEST.—Parlor suite; other rooms; every convenience; excellent table; 'phone; moderate.

78D, 142 WEST.—Desirable large rooms; also handsome suite; all improvements; references

74TH, 102 WEST.—Hotel accommodations; rooms with bath, electricity, private 'phone.

76TH ST., 127-129 WEST.—Single, double rooms; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests.

76TH ST., 127-129 WEST.—Single, double rooms; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large and small, well-furnished rooms; choice table.

76TH, 237-239.—Large and small rooms; refined location; excellent table; table guests.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large second-story rooms; parlor dining; references.

76TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; conveniences, bath each floor; private house.

76TH, 155 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; excellent board; private bath; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board, single or double; private bath or public; high grade.

79TH ST., 133-135 WEST.—Rooms, with or without private bath; absolutely first-class.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with or without private bath.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike; Southern cooking; white maid service; room telephones; out-of-town guests accommodated; write for booklet.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Attractive rooms; generous table; home environment; electricity, telephone; reference.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; also back parlor, suitable for doctor or dentist, with the use of an elegantly furnished drawing room; excellent table; best service; reference.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with, without private bath; convenient "L," Subway; moderate; board optional. 3698 Schuyler.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, private baths; electricity. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Handsome large, southern exposure; private bath; desirable home; small family.

82D, 117 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining room; table guests.

83D, 11 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; every convenience; excellent home cooking; references.

84TH, 56 WEST.—Desirable double, singe rooms; newly decorated; excellent table; references.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable room; two gentlemen; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

84TH, 59 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private baths; excellent service; references exchanged. Gans.

86TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive single rooms; near Riverside Drive; table a specialty.

93D, 21 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; homelike; L; French cuisine; table guests.

94TH, 14 WEST.—Large room; second floor; parlor dining. Telephone 8371 Riverside.

94TH, 16-18 WEST.—Newly furnished houses; excellent cuisine. Telephone 7442 Riverside.

94TH, 136-138 WEST, (Lagrand.)—Large single room; business people; excellent board.

94TH, 148 WEST.—Second floor front; water; next bath; Southern cooking. Moses.

94TH, 73-75 WEST, (Melrose.)—Large and small rooms; view Central Park.

94TH, 86 WEST.—Can accommodate couple, or two gentlemen; refined Jewish house.

103D, (Corner West End—879.) near Riverside Drive; Subway.—Delightful rooms; conveniences. Splendid meals and service. Moderate rates.

103D, 139 WEST.—Elegantly furnished back parlor; good table; reasonable; telephone; Subway.

104TH, 61 WEST.—Comfortable, homelike surroundings; established 17 years; special reduction; $6 upward; all transportations convenient.

106TH ST., 309 WEST.—This house would appeal to those who seek refined private home; finished in finest taste; parquet floors, electricity, gas, six baths; accommodate ten; single, en suite; good home cooking; $25, two, up; references.

118TH, 560 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with, without private bath; excellent cuisine.

118TH, 625 WEST, near Columbia.—Unsurpassed table board; appointments of the best.

122D, 156 WEST.—Large, small, well-furnished rooms; excellent table; references; table guests.

122D, 520 WEST.—Large and small rooms; good table; all conveniences. Kerker.

134TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; private bath; beautiful view; exceptional table.

138D ST., 111 WEST.

A house for particular people; exceptional accommodations for table boarders; inspection invited.

182D, 258 WEST.—Large room; also small one; absolute cleanliness; private house.

186TH ST., 627 WEST.—A few young men to share bachelor apartment. Parker.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; electricity; exceptional board. Audubon 7217.

144TH ST., 561 WEST.—Nice furnished room; excellent board; gentleman; private family. Spitz.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, (near Broadway Subway,) the Audubon.—Washington Heights' oldest and best recommended private family hotel, located in the healthiest section New York; few vacancies now; several vacancies to permanent guests by Oct. 1. Large, bright rooms, electricity, private 'phone, bath adjoining; $15 to $20 weekly, with excellent board and service for two. Tel. 2797—Audubon.

Charming Permanent Home.
Away from city dust and noise, yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan; grand location, overlooking city, country, sea; cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
THE EVELYN LODGE"
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent cuisine and service; separate tables. Quiet; everything sweet and clean; very attractive Single, from $8 to, from $17, with meals.
71 Central Ave., Tompkinsville, S. I.

COMFORTABLE ROOM, every convenience; private house; good food; references. Phone 8262 Riverside.

CONVENT AV., 806.—Couple to share elegant rooms; ideal location; excellent board.

THE WOODBURY.
Riverside Drive, 853.—Two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds.

Brooklyn.

WILLOUGHBY AV., 826A.—Boarders wanted; German cooking; newly furnished rooms; all improvements.

Board Wanted

Young lady pianist desires room and board in refined family or high-class boarding house, near Park Av., between 40th and 70th Sts. Address W. 138 West 81st; immediate.

Young lady attending business, wants large airy room with board in first-class boarding house; location, 70th to 125th. West references. Addr-ss H 165 Times.

Two young Germans desire detached and large room with board; about $6-7 for each; Harlem preferred. P 209 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN wants room and board; two meals; private Italian family; good locality. H 162 Times.

Country Board.
Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL,
PARK HILL, YONKERS, N. Y.
Elevation 400 ft.; 45 minutes Times Square; open all year; 1st Hill Yonkers. W. Hughes. Engagements now made for Fall and Winter.

Furnished Rooms
East Side.

10 EAST 11TH ST.
Large and small rooms; very desirable.

17TH, 150 East.—Pleasant, well furnished rooms; large, small; private house; reasonable.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; modern conveniences; private house.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms, with or without private bath; gentlemen; references.

55TH, 33 EAST.—Excellent rooms; running water; southern exposure; bath; 'phone; references.

60TH, 110 EAST.—Two large rooms, with bath; also smaller room; references.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Desirable rooms; suitable two; excellent table; private house; physician's office.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 628.—Scrupulously clean house, handsomely furnished; double, single; all modern conveniences; those who appreciate refined surroundings; moderate.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large, sunny rooms, adjoining bath; also small rooms; conveniences.

West Side.

57TH AV., 23.—Refined surroundings; nice small room; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private residence; two charming rooms; gentlemen; conveniences; electricity; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 31 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Large, handsomely furnished room for permanent tenants.

13TH ST., 128 WEST, (West of 6th Av.)—High-class apartments two or three rooms; kitchen or kitchenette.

44TH, 25 WEST.—First class; gentlemen; let parlor and bedroom; apartment; bath.

46TH, 151 WEST.—Two large rooms, one with private bath; telephone.

47TH ST., 1 WEST.—Large elegantly furnished floor front room; electricity, steam heat.

47TH ST., 31 WEST.—Splendid 2-room apartment; shower bath, electricity, steam heat, elevator.

47TH, 56 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; steam, electricity, telephone; all conveniences; moderate.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Large and small rooms; all conveniences.

49TH ST., 235 WEST.—Large, small, well furnished; half block Broadway; $2 up.

52D ST., 248 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Beautiful parlor; other desirable rooms; all conveniences.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Large room, with bath; also small room; quiet home.

55TH, 103 WEST.—Attractive rooms, furnished, unfurnished; all conveniences; refined surroundings. Tappan.

56TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large furnished room; private bath; small rooms; gentlemen; references.

55TH, 15 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Two large, attractive, separate rooms, one with bath; conveniences.

66TH ST., 147 WEST.—Large front and back parlor bedrooms, adjoining bath; steam heat, telephone service. Jennings.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Bachelor apartment or couple; handsome second floor; perfectly appointed house; exquisitely kept; tiled bathroom.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 262 WEST.—Large front room; small rooms; telephone; every convenience.

71ST ST., 165 WEST, (Off Broadway.)—Two richly furnished rooms; southern exposure; suitable for two or otherwise; immaculately clean house; continuous hot water; room for refined business people; telephone.

71ST ST., 282 WEST.—Few modern rooms, new, private, and connecting baths; half block Subway express; private house; reference.

71ST, 850 WEST.—Good home, one or two gentlemen; newly-furnished room; bath.

72D ST., 123 WEST.—Strictly private family will rent room, select bachelors only; furnished rooms to suit; "L," Subway.

78D ST., 179 WEST.
Physician's office; exceptional location; also other large, elegantly appointed, sunny rooms. Telephone 8760 Columbus.

78D ST., 103 WEST.—Beautiful, large, median rooms; gentlemen; telephone; reference.

74D ST., 160 WEST.—Large front room; homelike; suitable for two; gentlemen only.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive, clean rooms, suitable one, two; private bath; references.

76TH ST., 102 WEST, Del Monte.—Light, airy, comfortably furnished communicating rooms; single or together; high-class elevator apartment; telephone. Apartment 2E.

75TH, 58 WEST.—Boston lady's residence; attractive room; private bath; moderate; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms in refined neighborhood; breakfasts optional; references.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.
Single, double rooms; elevator; references.

77TH, 150 WEST.—Large and small rooms; also suite, with shower; references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large room, suitable two; also medium; bath; private house.

77TH, 218 WEST.—Delightful front room; running water; Subway; small room; references.

79TH ST., 225 WEST.—Handsome double front room, 8 windows, electricity; also small room.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors' superior accommodations; choice rooms, all modern conveniences, quiet surroundings, private home. Phone 7784 Schuyler.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, beautiful room, next bath; all conveniences; very reasonable.

80TH, 158 WEST.—Light rooms; nicely furnished; water, electricity, telephone; references. Whitehead.

80TH, 159 WEST.—Parlor suite; piano; single room; running water; references. Baker.

81ST ST., 169 WEST.—Well-furnished, light room, second floor; private family; telephone. Horton.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, suitable couple; private bath; excellent table.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Large, small outside rooms; electricity; breakfast optional; telephone. Haskins.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large and small; reasonable; telephone; references.

82D, 27 WEST.—Comfortable, furnished, large and small sunny rooms; references.

89D, 20 WEST.—Refined home for business people; large, small rooms; telephone.

89D ST., 65 WEST.—Newly decorated, elegantly furnished three rooms and bath; bachelors or couple; also large front room, suitable one or two; telephone; references.

96TH, 180 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; private house; "L." Subway; telephone.

86TH ST., 841 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large second floor room with private bath

LEAGUES PLAN FIGHT TO HELP MITCHEL

Young Men Will Figure in Campaign Rather Than "Old Political War Horses."

STILL SEEKING A LEADER

Expect Lack to Destine and Bannard Also Does Not Desire to Conduct the Fusion Fight.

John Purroy Mitchel, Fusionist candidate for Mayor, called yesterday on Mayor Gaynor at the City Hall. He was asked:

"And you talk politics?" he was asked.

"I did not," replied Mr. Mitchel with a smile. "We talked of the weather, and I congratulated him on his health."

Although nothing is being done openly by the Fusion campaign committee, which has opened headquarters in the Hotel Belmont, on the east side of Vanderbilt avenue, between 46th and 47th streets, to begin a redhot personal campaign.

There was considerable pressure of organization leaders upon Mayor Gaynor on the subject of the Fusion campaign. On the one hand it was urged that the election of a candidate of the Republican, Democratic, Progressive and Independence League, Charles Evans Hughes, Jr., Secretary of State, by certain Democratic leaders, would be considered as evidence of a Democratic-Republican alliance, which would be in harmony with Democratic development in a Mitchel campaign, which has been turned among the machine and Hero makers of the city. It is meant to provide excuse for the Mitchel leaders, but to induce those who work at trades connected with the manufacture of musical instruments to support Mitchel with their vote, color is likely to be added to the campaign by the Mitchel Marchers. They will be composed of students to be organized by Albert B. Nixon of New York University. It is hoped by means of this organization to attract to Mr. Mitchel's support a number of young men.

The executive committee of the Fusion Committee was appointed yesterday to consider the advisability of placing the Fusion nominees on a separate column on the ballot for Mr. Mitchel himself is believed to be in favor of the idea.

KOENIG IS RE-ELECTED.

Republicans Will Let Him Take Responsibility for the Campaign.

The Republican County Committee went on record last night as indorsing the entire Fusion ticket. Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the committee unanimously was re-elected, and Job E. Hedges, who refused to manage the campaign of John Purroy Mitchel made a speech in which he asked the members of the County Committee to support the Fusion ticket.

There was plenty of evidence that the members of the committee were not in favor of Mitchel, but they decided that in view of the primary vote there was nothing left for them to do but to support the Fusion cause. Chairman Koenig espoused the Mitchel candidacy from the beginning, and the committee enthusiastically indorsed his selection as Chairman on the principle that he would be held responsible for the result at the election this Fall. If the Fusion ticket should lose Mr. Koenig will have much explaining to do.

The Temporary Chairman was ex-Appraiser George Wanmaker. He introduced Martin Saxe who placed Mr. Koenig in nomination. George H. Bell of the 23d district and Mr. Hedges seconded the nomination.

Chairman Koenig after the formal vote had been taken said:

"There is but one clear issue in this campaign. The supreme issue is and will be the defeat of Tammany Hall. No good citizen can fail to appreciate how important this is in view of the Tammany performances in this State, its scandalous management of our State departments, and its vindictive pursuit of the Governor who failed to bow his neck in submission."

The committee wanted to re-elect Carl John Boyle Secretary, but he has moved to the Bronx and is now a candidate for Surrogate on the Republican ticket. It was decided to defer the selection of a secretary until the next meeting in October.

Memorial resolutions on the death of Mayor Gaynor were passed and the committee adjourned.

FIGHT FOR KLINE'S PLACE.

Republican Organization Faces a Revolt by Brooklyn Aldermen.

The Republican organization of this city faces a bolt among its own members in the Board of Aldermen over the election of a Vice Chairman to succeed Ardolph L. Kline, who became Mayor a few days ago. It was learned yesterday that several Brooklyn Aldermen who were rejected for renomination by the Republican organization, have determined to strike back at the party leadership of Jacob A. Livingston in Kings and prevent the election of a Republican to take Mr. Kline's place.

The meeting of the Board of Aldermen for the selection of Mayor Kline's successor will take place on Tuesday. The Republicans elected Hon. P. Dalbert Wynn who was selected by his district to succeed Mayor Kline as Alderman, have forty members on the board. The Democrats have thirty-seven. As forty votes are necessary to elect the Republican will need all the members on the board to support their candidate.

In view of the attitude of the disaffected Republican Aldermen in Brooklyn, the place may go to a Democrat over the failure of the Republicans to unite on a candidate. It will be the first time in the history of the city that the Democrats will control both the Mayoralty and the Vice Chairmanship of the Board of Aldermen. The Republicans in Brooklyn are split wide open, and it is said that two candidates for Vice Chairman will be put forward among the Brooklyn Aldermen.

O'Dwyer Boerum is the choice for Vice Chairman of those Aldermen who were not renominated because they refused to support Mayor Kline. Another Democratic Alderman, Joseph P. Bowles, favors Freeman's election, but unanimous support is behind O'Dwyer. Bowles is also mentioned as a candidate for the Vice Chairmanship.

The question among the leading Aldermen now is whether they will continue to fight in order to win on the election on the Vice Chairmanship, or whether they will make concessions to defeat the election of Democrat. After the election of Vice Chairman, the Democratic Aldermen will be in control of the Board and will elect the Democratic candidate, to enable him to win.

WHITMAN HELPING KLINE.

District Attorney Offers His Aid to the New City Administration.

District Attorney Charles S. Whitman called yesterday at the City Hall to pay his respects to Mayor Kline. It was the District Attorney's first visit to the City Hall since Mayor Kline succeeded Mayor Gaynor.

Mr. Whitman came here merely to offer his services to Mayor Kline, and a personal call was the result of a telephone conversation between the Mayor and the District Attorney from New York.

Mayor Kline said that all heads of departments had agreed to help in every way possible to make the administration a success, and that all that was required with Mr. Whitman was that the latter should work and would not play politics.

District Attorney Whitman had the same message to make upon his visit to Mayor Kline.

"I went to pay my respects to Mayor Kline whom I have known for some time, and to tell him that as District Attorney I would help the city government in every way possible," Mr. Whitman said. "Mayor Kline assured me that the Mayor's office would always be in harmony with the District Attorney's office. Commissioner Waldo, Mayor Kline and Yesterday Commissioner Waldo will remain at the head of the Police Department unless some absolutely unforeseen and unheard of circumstances renders a change necessary."

THIS COMET IS PECULIAR.

Newly Discovered Body, Says Prof. Barnard, Will Interest All.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Another new comet, the second to be discovered this month, has been located in the constellation Pisces, west of the star Omega, according to an announcement made today by Prof. E. E. Barnard of the Yerkes Observatory, at Williams Bay, Wis.

Prof. Barnard terms the new comet "a remarkable celestial body," and says it is likely to prove of absorbing interest, because it exhibits peculiarities not heretofore observed in comets. It was discovered Sept. 6 by Neuimin, a European astronomer. The first comet was found by the late Prof. Joel Metcalf on Sept. 1.

The new heavenly body will not become visible to the naked eye, but can be seen through a five-inch telescope, according to Barnard. It is said to differ from the Metcalf comet by being periodic.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMS BAY, Wis., Sept. 18.—The new comet discovered in Russia recently by Neujmin, is one of the most remarkable ever seen, and will be of great interest to astronomers, according to a statement made by Prof. E. E. Barnard, head of the astronomers at the Great Yerkes Observatory, to-day. Prof. Barnard has been studying the new comet since it was reported.

"Its chief point of interest," he said, "is that it combines the characteristics of a comet and an asteroid and, though unquestionably placed by recent investigations in the classification of comets, at first it was supposed to be an asteroid. The double resemblance to the asteroids and comets is its notable distinction from other comets.

"This new comet was discovered in Russia by photography. It was found on a photographic plate, among the asteroids, of which there are many between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter. The discovery of asteroids are not reported to this country by cable, so we knew nothing of it until a Hamburg astronomer by photography proved it to be a comet. Since then, photographs have known that it is a sturdike body resembling an asteroid. It differed, however, from asteroids in having nebulosity.

"The discovery of a comet among the asteroids was a surprise. Still, it does not resemble the other comets, and appears more like an asteroid with a tail than a comet. It is finally classified, however, as a comet."

LAUNDRESS NEEDS AID.

Brooklyn Bureau of Charities Appeals for Money for Her.

After working as a laundress for three years in an effort to make some sort of home for her four children and herself, a Brooklyn woman has become so exhausted that her earnings have dwindled to $2 a week. The Brooklyn Bureau of Charities has stepped in to provide medical care and clothing and wants to supply $4.50 a week while the woman's church pays the rent—all this until such time as the oldest boy is old enough to go to work and take some of the burden on his own shoulders.

Those who want to help can send their contributions to 0145 Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street.

CONDUCTOR TELLS OF 5-ENGINE TRAINS

One Admits Demand Is for Triple Pay on 3-Engine Trains, but Idea Is to Cut Off Engines.

MEN BEFORE ARBITRATORS

Companies Say Complain Have Increased Train Tonnage Without Increase of Crews.

Three freight conductors testified yesterday before the Arbitration Board, which is considering the demands of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen for increased pay, that they had been told by their superiors that they would be required to handle longer trains with the same crews. Their testimony was given at the hearing in the office of Commissioner of Labor Neill, in the Bible House.

The witnesses complained that with the present practice of making up trains of 50 or 100 cars by the use of several engines they were made responsible for things that no one had power to control. Frequently, they said, a conductor had to send a man ahead of the long train to open a switch, and another back from the rear while he was engaged elsewhere on the train. Sometimes, they said, they had to uncouple and recouple cars, and in all cases, Mr. Garretson called the attention of one of the conductors to the fact that New Haven crews are showing the railroad would be responsible for the safety of such a train. The conductor replied that he would rather operate the hand brakes on a freight car than use air brakes, as in Winter the valves were frequently frozen, and had to climb about in dangerous positions to unfreeze them.

Garretson said that when he went to work for the B. & O. the standard tonnage of a train was 1,000 tons. It was 2,500 tons. Some of the trains had as many as five engines, three in front and two behind. In the case of a long one, the train crew on such a train the men contend that the roads are economizing at their expense, and they should get more for the added work.

"How many cars do you carry on your train?" the witness was asked.

"Ninety-nine cars going West," he replied, "and everything that is loose going East."

He said his average pay was about $31 a week.

Greer said he had often been fined and arrested when the train blocked a street crossing. The fines were not refunded by the roads. He said that employment was refused to experienced trainmen over 32 years old, and Allison Lee read a letter saying that the rule on the Baltimore & Ohio was that 35 was the age limit in hiring new men. Greer said this was news to him, and asked for a copy of the rule to begin getting positions for men more than 32.

The hearings will go on to-day, when more of the employes will be called.

HELD ON 7-YEAR-OLD CHARGE

Post Office Inspectors Arrest W. G. Fernald as He Comes from Europe.

On the arrival of the White Star steamship Majestic at Quarantine, from Southampton, yesterday morning, Detective Lieut. Moody of the Central Office, accompanied by Chief Post Office Inspector J. T. Cortelyou of Philadelphia, arrested Walter G. Fernald, who was traveling under the name of James Schrader. He is under a seven-year-old indictment at Trenton, N. J., for using the mails to defraud.

This charge arose from the activities of the Capital Security and Purchasing Company and the Imperial Trustee Company, which the is alleged to have founded and operated in New Jersey. They advertised that they would float the bonds and furnish capital to struggling young corporations for fees varying from $500 to $7,000, but it is charged did little more than collect these fees.

When complaints were made to the Post Office and the Inspectors went to look for him, Fernald fled to England and founded a matrimonial agency in London under the name of Musgrave & Mather. Then, the Post Office Inspectors say, he had to flee from that city to Paris, as the police were after him.

It is seven years since his indictment was found at Trenton, and Fernald decided to return to the land of his birth, confident that the postal authorities had forgotten him.

According to the postal authorities, Fernald was convicted of receiving stolen goods on June 23, 1894, at San Francisco, Cal., and sentenced to four years in San Quentin Prison. He was again arrested in New York in 1902 for grand larceny and sentenced to a term in Sing Sing Prison.

In the afternoon Fernald was arraigned before United States Commissioner Hitchcock in the Federal Building in removal proceedings, and was held for examination.

Left $150,000 to Nuns.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18.—The will of Cornelius D. Lane, which was probated to-day contained a bequest of $150,000 to Archbishop Prendergast to build a chapel for the Carmelite nuns. Other bequests ranging from $500 to $5,000 are made to various Catholic charities.

GAVE TIPS OF $10

And Schildknecht Paid $5 a Day for Dog Washer at Hotel.

Nicholas Vacarelli, the brother of "Paul Kelly," was the first witness called yesterday in the bankruptcy proceedings before Commissioner Archbald to discover the real object of which is to discover how John C. Schildknecht disposed of the money which he is alleged to have stolen from the Fourth National Bank of Brooklyn, of which he was President. At the hearing on Wednesday it was testified that Rose Mesmin, who was known as Mrs. Taylor or Mrs. Schildknecht, according to her place of abode, had sold an automobile for her. Vacarelli was then called to the stand and the first questions addressed by William Dexter, attorney for the receiver, sought to identify this man.

Vacarelli said that he had known Weimer for four or five years and that he was a frequent visitor at the house. He was questioned concerning Tom the dog now Weimer has come to the place of business ten days ago and said that Miss McMinn had told him she wanted to sell the dog. Vacarelli said that Weimer had paid $30 for it and he returned the money over Miss Mesmin's protest. "Did you get any of Miss Mesmin's money?" asked counsel. "Why, I was getting $10 a week. Now every day I used to sell in the daytime. Why should I take money or did she give me any?" Vacarelli denied that he had known Schildknecht under the name of Taylor, but admitted that he knew him as Mr. Mesmin. "Did you know that Miss McMinn was known as Mrs. Schildknecht?" he was asked. "Why, no, she told me she knew Mr. Schildknecht and was going to marry him."

George E. Daniels, assistant manager of the Cafe de la Paix, testified that on one occasion Schildknecht had given him $10 and had said that he was going to Europe and must not be followed. Schildknecht gave as much as $10 a day for dog washing and had given Daniels $5 for that purpose. Daniels said that